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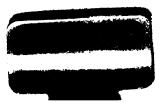
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MATERIALS

FOR

GERMAN PROSE COMPOSITION

WITH NOTES AND VOCABULARY

Vol. IL

Marrative and Descriptive

BY

MAX POLL, PH.D.

Professor of Germanic Languages in the University of Cincinnati

SECOND EDITION, REVISED



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PREFACE.

THE present composition book is an alternative collection to that made by Professor von Jagemann and follows the same general lines, that is, it is intended for students who have had some training in turning simple English sentences into German, it makes use of the vocabulary prepared by Professor von Jagemann for his "Materials for German Prose Composition," and it refers in the notes to his "Elements of German Syntax."

In selecting the material it has been the editor's aim, first, to secure variety of style and vocabulary; secondly, to eliminate such difficulties as would retard unnecessarily the progress of the student. A beginner in composition ought to translate a large amount of easy English rather than spend much time over a few difficult passages.

The effort has been made to arrange the selections in the order of difficulty. It is believed they afford sufficient material for two successive years.

The editor is indebted to his colleagues Mr. W. G. Howard and Mr. A. B. Nichols for many useful suggestions and for great kindness in reading the proof-sheets.

M. P.

CAMBRIDGE, MASS., October, 1899.

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NOTE.

The references in the Notes are to paragraphs of von Jagemann's 'Elements of German Syntax.'

In general, no references are given to the principal rules for the order of words (212-246); the student should familiarize himself with these at the outset.

The English adverbs, prepositions, and conjunctions are more fully treated in the Alphabetical List of these words (142-211) than in the Vocabulary.



Some Fables and Anecdotes.

1. THE BENEFACTORS.

"Have you, among all the beasts, a greater benefactor than us?" said a bee to a man.

"Yes; a much greater," answered he.

"And who is it?"

"The sheep; for his wool is necessary to me, and your honey is only pleasant. And do you want to know to another reason why I consider the sheep a greater benefactor than you, O bee? The sheep gives me his wool without reluctance; but when you give me your honey I have always to fear your sting."

Lessing.

2. THE HARE AND THE HOUND.

A hound once chased a hare, but could not * catch him, because the hare ran so fast.

"Aha!" said the master of the dog, "the little fellow ran faster than you! did!"

"Yes," said the hound; "I ran only for my dinner, but 20 he ran for his life."

Adapted from "Stepping Stones to Literature."
SILVER, BURDETT & Co.

¹ In a fable always use the second pers. sing. in the address; 27, 2.

³ gu; 68. The adjective must be preceded by its qualifier; 231, 3.

⁴ Dative. 5 muffen; 103, 3. 6 Omit; \$5. 7 um.

^{*} fonnte ibn aber nicht.

2 SOME PABLIS AND ANECDOTES.

3. THE FARMER AND HIS SONS.

Once upon a time there was a farmer ⁸ who lived ⁹ on a large farm. He worked early and late. He ploughed his fields, and planted corn and wheat. When the grain was ripe he put it into his barn. The farmer was very rich, ⁵ because he had worked so hard.* But his sons did not like to ¹⁰ work. They were lazy and careless. So they asked their father for ¹¹ his money.

"Father, you are very rich," said they; "show us where your treasure is hidden."

"All 12 my treasure lies in the cornfield," said the father.

Then the sons took spades and dug in the field day after ¹³ day. They hoped to find gold in the earth. They never found it. But the field which they had spaded ¹⁴ bore a fine crop. That was better than gold.

Adapted from "Stepping Stones to Literature."
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4. THE NIGHTINGALE AND THE PEACOCK.

A nightingale found among the singers of the wood many who envied her, but not a single friend. "Perhaps I shall find one among some 15 other species," thought she, and flew down to the peacock.

"Beautiful peacock, I admire you."

"And I, too, admire you, melodious nightingale."

"Then let us be friends," said the nightingale; "we shall not need to envy each other. You are as † agreeable³ to the eye as I am ¹⁶ to the ear."

And the nightingale and the peacock became friends.

Lessing.

25

Bor vielen Jahren lebte einmal ein Bauer.
 live = dwell, wohnen.
 mögen, 102, 2, or simply the adverb gern; 186, 1 a.
 my whole.
 für.
 um-graben.
 tin; 52, 2.
 Omit; 86.

^{*} fleißig. † as . . . as, fo . . . ale; 152, 2.

5. THE CUCKOO.

The cuckoo addressed a starling,¹⁷ who had come from ¹⁸ town, as follows:

"What do they say in town of our melodies? What do 5 they say of the nightingale?"

"The whole town praises her song."

"And of the lark?" cried he again.

"Half the 19 town praises her sweet voice."

"And of the blackbird?" continued he.

"Her too they praise now and then."

"I must ask one more question: what do they say of me?"

"That," said the starling, "I do not know; for I have not heard a single person speak of you."

"Then," proceeded to he, "I will avenge myself on those ungrateful men, and will continually speak of myself."

Gellert.

6. A FRIEND IN NEED.21

In one night Aretas lost his whole property in a dreadful fire; and thereupon relative, friend, acquaintance —yes, even his own dog—forsook him. Only a cat remained faithful to him, who shared his distress and by her pitiable cries increased still more the sufferer's ** grief.

"How," said Aretas, "art thou then † my only friend in time so of need? Ah! why am I so poor! But no--25 I still have a morsel of so bread; come, faithful friend, share it with me; it is moist with my tears."

"I had smelt it," cried the cat, devoured it, and ran away.

Pfeffel.

^{*} Infinitive without su; 98 a and 119, 3. | benn.



¹⁷ Staar, m. 18 aus and the definite article. 19 bit halbt. 20 meiter fort-fahren. 21 Def. art.; 4, 1. 22 Leibenber, a. s.; 17, 2. 23 Leiten. 24 The adverb must not stand between subject and verb; 214. 25 Omit; 59, 6. 28 non.

7. THE YOUNG STAG AND THE OLD.*

A stag, whom kind nature "had permitted sto live as hundred years, once said to his grandson: "I can remember the time very well when men had not yet invented the awful gun."

"What a happy time must that have been for our race!" sighed his descendant.

"You come to that conclusion too hastily," said the old stag. "Those times were different, but no better; for men had, instead of guns, bows and arrows, and we were ic just as a badly off then as we are a now."

Lessing.

8. THE MAN AND THE LION.

A man and a lion once travelled together. Each boasted of his strength, as if he were greater than the other. As they were disputing, they saw a stone that had been killed by a man.

"See," said the man, "how strong we men are. Even the king of 36 beasts must yield to us. 36"

"That sounds very well," replied the lion. "Was it a 20 lion who made the statue, or a man? Perhaps we should have told a different story."

Adapted from "Stepping Stones to Literature."
SILVER, BURDETT & Co.

²⁷ Def. art. ²⁸ Iaffen, followed by the infinitive without 311; 98, a and 119, 3. The finite verb must precede the two infinitives; 237. ²⁹ Omit. ²⁰ anders. ³¹ as...as, even [a...als]; 152, 2. ²² Omit; 86. ²³ Finite verb; 124, 3 b. ³⁴ adj. ³⁵ Gen. and the def. art. ³⁶ Dative.

^{*} The young and the old stag.

9. THE WARLIKE WOLF.

"My father of glorious memory," said a young wolf to a fox, "was a true here! With what awe did he inspire the whole surrounding country! He triumphed in his 5 day so over more than two hundred enemies, and sent their black souls to the realm of perdition. The only wonder is that he was at last vanquished himself."

"You, as an "o orator, represent things in this way," replied the fox, "but the historian would say: The two o hundred enemies over whom he triumphed were sheep and asses; and the one enemy by whom he was vanquished was the first bull he "had ever the courage to attack."

Lessing.

10. THE DONKEY AND THE GRASSHOPPER.

Once upon a time a donkey heard a grasshopper chirping 45 in the grass. The beautiful song pleased him very much.45

"Ah!" thought he to "himself, "if I could "sing like that, "how happy I should be "!"

So he stooped down 47 to the grasshopper and said, "Dear friend, what food do you eat that your voice is so sweet?"

"I drink the evening dew,48" replied the grasshopper.

The silly donkey tried to live on 49 the same food, and died of hunger.

Foolish fellow 50! he was not born to sing. 51

Adapted from "Stepping Stones to Literature."

Silver, Burdert & Co.



⁷⁷ Genitive. 38 seiner Beit. 39 in. 40 Omit; 9, 1. 41 Do not omit the relative pronoun; 34, 5. 42 sirpen; infinitive without su; 119, 3. 43 very much, sehr; 176. 44 bei. 45 Subjunctive; 118, 1. 46 Interrogative order. 47 hinab; 133. 48 Compound. 49 von. 50 Def. art 51 sum Singen; 128, 2 b.

^{*} like that, so.

11. THE LION'S SHARE.

One day a lion, a fox, and an ass went hunting together, and agreed 55 to divide the spoils. In 54 the evening all the game was placed in 55 a heap, and the lion asked the ass to divide it. The honest fellow divided it very 5 carefully into three equal parts, and asked each one to choose his share. This did not please the lion; it made him so angry that he flew at 56 the ass and killed him.

"Now," said he to the fox, "there are only two of us."
See if you can divide this game properly."

The fox did as he was bidden, and put all the game, except ⁵⁸ a mere mouthful, into ⁵⁵ one pile for the lion. "This is your share," he said.

"You are very kind," said the lion, greatly pleased.
"Who showed you be how to do such things so well?"

"The dead ass who lies there," answered the fox.

Adapted from Baldwin's Fairy Stories.

THE AMERICAN BOOK COMPANY.

12. KING MIDAS.

Midas was a king who loved 61 gold better than anything else.62 One day 63 a fairy said to him: "You 1 may 64 wish for 65 something, and you shall have your wish ful-20 filled!"

"Hurrah!" cried Midas. "I wish that everything "I touch may turn " to gold. How happy I shall be!"

Poor Midas 68! He wanted to be rich.

He touched a flower; it changed 69 to gold. He touched 25

⁵² Infinitive; 121. 53 überein-fommen. 54 an; 172, II. 2. 55 auf. 56 sid stürzen auf. 57 now we are only two and insert noch before two. 58 bis auf, with acc. 59 Dat. 60 how one can do. 61 love better, lieber haben. 62 alles andre. 63 Genitive; 60. 64 dürsen; 100, 2. 65 wish for, sid (dat.) münschen (acc.). 66 alles was; 39, 34, 5 and 3 a. 67 Subjunctive; 113, 1. 68 Dest. art.; 3 a. 69 sid verwandeln in.

an apple; it changed to gold. He tried to drink some water; it changed to gold. He wished to eat some meat, and that also he became gold.

At last the saddest change* came.⁷⁸ He laid his hand on 5 his little girl's head. She changed to gold.

Poor King Midas! No flowers, no food, no little daughter! Nothing but gold! He sat down and wept. He hated gold. He cared 5 only to have his dear little girl again.

Now came the fairy. "Well, Midas, have you gold enough?" she asked.

The poor king begged her to take from him the power of gold-making,⁷⁶ and to give him back his child.

His tears fell like rain. They fell on his daughter's z5 golden head and she became his own happy little girl once more. Midas was cured of his thirst for z8 gold.

Adapted from "Stepping Stones to Literature."
SILVER, BURDETT & Co.

13. THE BOY AND THE WOLF.

A boy was sent by his father to watch some sheep, which were ⁷⁹ grazing in ⁸⁰ a lonely place, and keep ⁸¹ them from ²⁰ harm. While the father was working in a distant field with his men, he heard his boy crying, ⁸² "A wolf!"

The men left their work and ran as ⁸³ fast as they could to the pasture, but no wolf was there. The sheep were



⁷⁰ Omit. 71 und auch bas. 72 become = be changed into, werden zu; 56, 2 a and 76, 1. 75 geschehen. 74 Des. art.; 4, 1. 75 wollen, followed by infinitive without zu; 105, 3. 76 power to make gold; 128, 4. 77 once more, wieder. 78 nach. 79 Finite verb; 124, 3 b. 80 an. 81 Repeat zu; 119, 2 c. 82 Infinitive without zu; 119, 3. 82 as... as, so... wie; 152, 6.

^{*} Bermanblung, f.

quietly nibbling the grass, and the boy was lying under a tree.

The next day, as the boy was watching the sheep, he cried again, "A wolf! a wolf!"

Again the men ran, so fearing so that the cruel wolf had so killed some little lamb. But no wolf was to be seen. The sheep were quietly nibbling the tufts of grass so before and the boy lay under a tree.

The next day a fierce wolf sprang upon the sheep. The frightened boy cried, "A wolf! a wolf!" but nobody came, to and the helpless lambs were torn in pieces.

Who can believe a boy who lies?

Adapted from "Stepping Stones to Literature."

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14. GOOD ADVICE.

The Hungarian poet Petöfi once wanted to cross a river, but he had no money to pay the ferryman.

"Dear friend," he said to him, "please row me over to the other side." I am very sorry that I cannot pay you, but I can give you a piece of of advice which will be as valuable to you as money."

The man hesitated, but after a while he decided to do as 20 the poet wished.

When they had reached the other side of the river Petöfi turned to the ferryman and whispered into his 100 ear,

^{**} rupfen. ** Insert hin. ** Adverbial clause, introduced by ba; 125, 1. ** Subjunctive; 113, 1. ** Active infinitive; 120, 4. ** Begin the clause with as before. ** Here unter. ** fein or werden? 92. ** High sehen lassen über, with acc. ** Hährmann, m. ** Use Sie; 27, 4. ** hinüber; 133. ** User, n. ** Omit, but insert the adj. gut. ** as... as.eben so... wie; 152, 2. ** Dat. 100 Dative, instead of the possessive; 71.

"Don't treat others as well as you have treated me, or you won't get rich."

Then he hurried away before the ferryman could recover from his surprise.

From the German.

15. THE JEWELS.

5

A rich man in the East was very proud because he had a garment which was ornamented with jewels. Once, when he wore it in ¹⁰¹ the street, he met a poorly dressed man, who first gazed at him with astonishment, then bowed low ¹⁰² 10 and said, "I thank you, sir, for your beautiful jewels."

"My friend," the rich man replied, "I never gave you any.105"

"Certainly not," said the other, "but you gave me an 104 opportunity to see them and that is all 105 you can do with 15 them. The only difference between us is that you have the trouble of wearing 105 and keeping them, while I am free from that care."

From the German.

16. THE STAG.

A stag once came to a pond, where he stopped to ¹⁰⁷ drink. so The pond was so still that it seemed like a mirror. In it ¹⁰⁸ the stag saw his own picture. "How beautiful my horns are!" he said; "but I am ashamed of my thin legs."

While he was looking at himself, a hungry lion came out of the woods. The lion was about 100 to spring upon the stag



¹⁰¹ auf. 102 tief. 108 weld; 37, 1 b. 104 Omit. 105 Do not omit the relative pronoun; 34, 5. Is it bas, weld; 8 or was? 34, 3 a. 106 Infinitive with zu, 128, 4, and repeat zu before the second infinitive; 119, 2 c. 107 to = in order to. um... zu; 119, 2 a. 108 Compound of ba; 28, 1. 100 be about, im Begriff sein.

and eat him up; but the slender legs which the stag had despised bore him away in safety. He ran swiftly over the plain and was almost out of reach 110 of the lion, when he came to a wood. Then his horns which had been his pride caught 111 in the branches of a tree, and before he 5 could escape the lion seized and killed him.

When the poor beast saw death near 118 he cried, "Woe is me¹¹⁸! I scorned the legs which would have saved me, and took pride 114 in the horns which have been 115 the cause of my misfortune."

Adapted from "Stepping Stones to Literature."
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IO

¹¹⁰ außer bem Bereich, with gen. 111 std versangen in, with dat. 112 ben Tob vor Augen. 112 weh mir! 114 stolz sein aus, with acc. 115 Present tense; 106, 1.

II.

The **B**onest Woodcutter.

Once upon a time an honest man lived with his wife and children ¹ in a little house in the woods.

5 Early in 2 the morning he went out with his axe to fell trees in the forest. All day 3 he worked until it was so dark that he could see no longer. Then he went home to his wife and children. They too worked hard,4 but still the whole family was very poor.

of a river that ran through the woods, his axe slipped from his hands and fell into the water.

"Ah me,8" said the woodcutter sadly, "it was hard enough to earn my living with the axe, but without it we shall starve." And the poor man hid his face in his hands and groaned aloud.

Then a soft light fell upon his bowed ¹⁰ head; he heard a slight ¹¹ noise, and a sweet voice said to him, "Look up, ¹² my friend; why do you complain so bitterly ¹³?"

20 "Alas!" said the woodcutter, "I have lost my axe in the water. My axe was my whole possession. Where can I get another?"

¹ Repeat the possessive; 13. ² Genitive; 60. ³ Accusative; 80, 2. ⁴ fleißig. ⁵ μιτ Mittagejeit ˚ liftr, n. ¹ aue; dative, instead of the possessive; 71. ⁵ meh mir. ⁰ Lebensunterhalt, m. ¹⁰ gebeugt. ¹¹ leife. ¹² Use the second pers. sing. in the address throughout the whole story. ¹³ bitterlich. ¹⁴ all I possessed. Do not omit the relative pronoun; 34, 5 and 3 a.

Now you must know that it was the water-fairy 15 who spoke to the woodman.

In a moment she had disappeared, but the next instant he saw her again, lifting ¹⁶ her face out of the water, and bearing in her hand an axe of ¹⁷ gold.

"Is this your axe?" she asked. But the woodcutter shook his head.

"No indeed; 18 my axe was not half so fine as that. It is not mine unfortunately, it is not mine."

Then the fairy sank again beneath 19 the water. In a 10 moment she came up again with a silver axe.

"Is this your axe?" she asked.

"No, that is not mine either," replied the woodcutter; "that one is worth much more than mine."

Then the fairy sank again in the water. When she came 15 up for 20 the third time, she brought the woodcutter's axe in her arms.

"Ah, that is my axe, that is my axe!" he cried joyfully.

"Yes," said the fairy, "this is the axe with which you earn the bread that feeds your hungry children. Because 20 you would 21 not lie, the silver axe and the gold one 22 shall both be yours also."

The happy woodcutter thanked the good fairy, and carried his precious burden to the little hut.

On the way he met a neighbor, a man who never liked 25 to work,²³ and who had long ago spent all that he had ²⁴ owned.

"Oho! 25" said the neighbor, "where did you get 26 those fine axes?"



¹⁵ Rire, f. ¹⁶ Adv. clause, introduced by wie; 125, 1. ¹⁷ von or aus; 59, 4. ¹⁸ Ad, nein! ¹⁹ in... hinab. ²⁰ iu. ²¹ wollen; 105, 3. ²² Omit; 48, 2. ²⁸ I like to work, ich arbeite gern; 186, 1 a. ²⁴ The auxiliary may be omitted; 240. ²⁵ ci, ci! ²⁶ where did you get, woher hast bu...?

Then the woodcutter told him the whole affair. The lazy man hurried away to try his luck at the river. He threw his axe into the water, and then cried aloud.²⁷

The water-fairy came at 28 the sound, and asked him why 5 he mourned.29

"I have lost my axe! I have lost my axe!" he cried, weeping bitterly. 30

The fairy sank beneath 19 the water. Soon she brought up an axe of gold.

- o "Is this your axe?" she asked.
 - "Yes," cried he greedily, "that is my axe."
 - "No," said the fairy, "this is my axe, and you shall not have it. Dive for 31 yours, yourself."

Adapted from "Stepping Stones to Literature."

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²⁷ and cried (weints) then aloud; 218. ²⁸ bei. ²⁹ Subjunctive; 114. 1; 116, 1 and 2. ²⁰ The participle must be preceded by its adjunct; 231, 4. ²¹ nacc.

III.

The Prince and the Spider.

Many years ago, a prince, who had suffered a total defeat on the battlefield, fled with one faithful servant, to hide himself from his enemies.

He was faint with hunger, yet he dared not enter a house. They came at last to a cave in the woods. "This is a good hiding-place," said the servant. "Perhaps if we hide here we shall escape from our enemies."

"All right," said the prince, "and yet I have no hope, to for hate will sharpen their eyes."

"Do not fear, my master," said the faithful servant. God will send his angels to watch over you."

Early in the morning,⁸ the fugitives heard steps approaching ⁹ the cave.¹⁰ Two men came near,¹¹ who were 15 indeed seeking for the prince.

"Here is a cave," cried one, "he may be hiding "here."

"Oh, no!" cried the other. "Have you no eyes? Do you not see that spider's web stretched "a across the mouth of" the cave? It is unbroken," and shows us that no one 20 has entered."

¹ erleiben. 2 Compound. 3 to = in order to, um . . . 3u; 119, 2 a. 4 vor. 5 Infinitive with 3u; 119, 4. 6 fear nothing. Use the second pers. plural in the address; 27, 3. 7 Omit. 8 Genitive; 60. 9 Infinitive without 3u; 119, 3. 10 Dative. 11 nate heran. 12 be hiding, stop berstedt halten. 13 stretch, spannen. 14 mouth of, Eingang (m.) 3u. 15 unverlest

The men went on their way, 16 and the prince was safe. For a little spider had spun its web during the night, and stretched the thin curtain across the mouth of the cave.

"See, my master," said the servant, "the spider was sent to deliver us out of the hands of our enemies."

Adapted from "Stepping Stones to Literature."
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16 on their way, ihrer Bege.



IV.

The Talisman.1

A European who has been in the Orient tells the following story:

"During my stay in Teheran the cholera² broke out pand a great many remedies for it were offered everywhere. One day I went to a man who sold charms⁴ against this disease, and out of curiosity I bought one. It consisted of a piece of paper which he had covered with senseless words. He told me to swallow it in case I should fall so sick. I paid the price he asked and went away.

"The same evening the man called on me and brought me several presents. I was astonished, and begged him to explain this unexpected kindness. Laughing, he replied: 'When the people saw that even a European bought my 15 talisman they were so convinced of its great value that everybody wanted to buy one, and consequently I sold my pieces of paper as fast as I could write the words on them. I am much obliged to you for my success, and hope you will accept these presents as a token 11 of my profound 20 gratitude."

From the German.

¹ Talisman, m. I b. ² Cholera, f. ⁸ gegen. ⁴ Baubermittel, n. I a. ⁵ Omit, **59**, 6. ⁶ that I should (present subj. of follen; **116**, 1) swallow (himunter-schluden) it; **132**. ⁷ werben. ⁸ ask = demand, forbern. ⁹ Accusative or an with the dative; **80**, 1. ¹⁰ Compound of da; **28**, 1. ¹¹ 3um Beichen.

The Children of the Clouds.

The Clouds have four children; we know them well. Rain is the eldest child.

5 Sometimes he is naughty and rude. He fills the rivers so full that they overflow their banks, and devastate the fields. He beats against the window-panes and patters down on the roofs. Sometimes he is mild and gentle. Then he gives water to the thirsty flowers, and washes the dusty to streets.

The second child is Snow. He spreads a soft, warm blanket over the bare, brown woods and fields, and keeps the little seeds warm all⁴ winter. He loves boys⁵ and girls, and they like to play with him.

Hail is another brother of Rain. He is a spoiled child. He comes with a whirl of wind, and breaks windows for fun.

Dew is the youngest, the darling. He sprinkles diamonds on the flowers and grass every night. In winter he becomes 20 mischievous; he pinches our fingers and toes and paints pictures on our window-panes. Then we call him Frost.

Rain, Snow, Hail, and Dew are the children of the Clouds. Their grandfather is Old Ocean.¹⁰ They often go

¹ treten über, with acc. 2 Compound. 3 Omit. 4 the whole; acc. 5 Def. art. 6 Birbelwind, m. 7 and. 8 strength acc. 9 Repeat the def. art.; 13. 10 Def. art.; 3 a.

^{*} une in bie, 71.

to 11 visit him. Then they either run through dark and hidden channels in the ground, 12 or lose themselves with their mates in the rivers.

When they have stayed long enough with 13 their grandfather Ocean, they ride merrily home upon a sunbeam. 14 Adapted from "Stepping Stones to Literature."

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¹¹ Omit. 19 unter ber Erbe. 12 with = in the house of. bei ; 209, 2. 14 Somnenstrahl, m. I.

VI.

The fisherman and his Wife.

1.

A fisherman and his wife lived in a hut close by the sea.

5 They were very poor. The man used to go out in his boat all day to catch fish; and he would fish, and fish, and fish. Some days he caught all that he and his wife could eat; some days he caught more, and then they had fish to sell; and some days he caught none at all.

- One day as he sat in his boat, with his fishing-rod in his hand, and gazed at the sea, he felt his line pulled. He drew it up, and behold! he had caught a fine large turbot.
 - "Please put 10 me back into the water! Please put me back!" said the fish.
- "Why so"?" said the fisherman.
 - "I am not a 12 real turbot," said the fish. "I may look like one, but I am a prince that has been bewitched. 13 Please put me back into the water and let me swim away."
- "Of course I'll put you back," said the man. "I don't 20 want to eat a fish that can talk. I would rather have no dinner at all.14"

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¹ all = whole, ganz; acc.; 80, 2. 2 fished; 105, 2. 3 an; 180, 11 b; some, mand. 4 all that, so viel wie . . . nur. 5 Angelrute, f.; acc.; 81.

angelschnur, f. 7 felt that something pulled at (an with dat.). 8 heraus.

⁹ Strinbutte, f. ¹⁰ Use the second pers. sing. in the address, throughout the whole story. ¹¹ Omit so. ¹² not a, sein; 47, 2. ¹³ verheren. ¹⁴ have no dinner at all, gar nichts zu Mittag essen.

Then he took the fish off ¹⁵ the hook and threw it back into the sea. But the turbot left a long streak of blood ¹⁶ in the water behind it as it dived down to the bottom. ¹⁷ The fisherman gazed into the sea awhile, and then went* home in his boat.

"Did 18 you catch any 19 fish to-day?" said his wife.

"Only one," he said. "I caught a fine large one, but it said that it was a prince, and so I threw it back into the water."

"Did you ask it for anything?" said the woman.

"No," said the man. "What should I have asked for "?"

"You might have asked it for a nice little cottage," she said. "It is almost past endurance to have to live all our lives in a wretched hut like this."

"Ask a fish for a cottage †? said he. "Do you think it 15 would give us one?"

"Certainly," said she. "Have you never heard the song,

"' 'Ask anything of 24 a talking fish, And he will give you what you wish'?

Now get 25 into your boat and go 26 and call him; say that 20 we want a neat little cottage with a yard and a garden."

The man did not like to 27 go back at all; but his wife kept talking and talking 28 till at last he got 25 into his boat and rowed away.

When he came to the place where he had caught the fish, 25 the sea was green and dark, and not bright and clear as it had been before. He stood up in his boat and sang:

^{*} and went then; 218. † Put infinitive at end.



¹⁵ take off, ab-nehmen von.

16 Compound.

17 in die Tiefe.

18 Perfect tense.

19 Omit; 37, 1 b.

20 Omit; 48, 2.

21 Pluperfect subjunctive of sollen; 99.

22 müssen; 103, 3.

23 Singular; 54.

24 bitten um, with acc. of person.

25 steigen.

26 Insert auf die See.

27 gern; 186, 1 a.

28 talked continually (unaushörlich); 128, 3.

"Once a prince, but now a fish, Come and listen to my wish. Come! for my wife, Nancy Bell, Wishes what I fear 29 to tell."

5 All at once the fish stuck his head up 30 out of the water and said, "Well, what is it 31 you want?"

"I don't want anything," said the man. "But my wife wants a neat cottage with a yard and a garden."

"Go home," said the fish. "She shall have it."

The man turned his boat and rowed back home; and there was his wife sitting ³² on a bench in front of a neat little cottage. She took him by the hand and said, "Come in, come in. See how much better this is than the dirty hut which we had." They went in and looked at the pretty 15 sitting-room and the cosy bedroom, and the kitchen with everything in it that ³³ anybody could want. And outside was a yard with chickens and ducks, and a little garden with all sorts of vegetables.

"Isn't this nice?" said the wife.

20 "Yes," said the man, "and we will live here and be happy all our lives.25"

"We'll think about it,34" said his wife.

2.

All went very well 1 for three or four weeks.2 Then the 25 woman began to get dissatisfied 3 and to grumble. Nothing seemed to please her. Finally she said one day to her hus-

²⁹ Refl. pron. ³⁰ Omit. ³¹ what do you want? 195 a. ³² Finite verb; 124, 3 b. ³³ was; 34, 3 a. ³⁴ Das wollen wir und noch überlegen.

^{2.}

¹ gut. 2 Acc. and the adv. lang; 80, 2 a. 3 ungufrieben merben.

band, "This cottage is too small for me; the yard and the garden are too small. How I should like to be a fine lady, and live in a great stone castle!"

"This cottage is good enough for me," said the man.

"It may be good enough for you," said she, "but it is not 5 good enough for me. Go back to the fish and tell⁵ him to give us a great stone castle with high walls and towers."

"I don't like to go," said he. "The fish gave us the cottage, and he might 6 not like it if we asked 1 him for something else.8"

"He won't care," said the wife. "Go and ask him at once. I cannot bear to live in this little house another day. Go!"

The man got ¹⁰ into his boat and rowed slowly away. When he came to the place where he had caught the fish, 15 he stood up and sang as before.

"Well, what does she want now?" asked the fish.

"I like " the cottage best," said the man; "but she wants to live in a great stone castle."

"She shall have a great stone castle," said the fish. "Go 20 home. She is standing at the door, waiting 13 for you."

So the fisherman turned his boat and rowed back home; and there, close by the sea, was a great stone castle; and a finely dressed lady who looked like his wife was standing at the door. She took him by the hand, and they went in; 25 and there ¹⁴ was a broad hall with a marble floor ¹⁵; and up stairs and down, there ¹⁶ were fine rooms with tables and chairs all covered with gold; and many servants stood around



10

⁴ Wie gern möchte ich . . . sein; 102, 2 a. 5 tell = order, besehlen, with dat. 6 Preterit subjunctive of bürsen; 100, 4. 7 Subjunctive; 117 and 171, 3. 8 etwas anderes. 9 Insert es; 29, 1 d. 10 See Note I, 25. 11 I like, mir gefällt. 12 am and the inflected superlative; 22, 2. 18 and waits; 124, 4 c. 14 ba. 15 Compound. 16 Omit; 192, 8 a.

to wait upon them; and the big table in the dining-hall was loaded with the most delicious food and drink.¹⁷ After dinner ¹⁸ the man and woman ¹⁹ walked out to inspect their stables, and fine gardens, and the great park in which were 5 stags and does and hares.

"Isn't this grand?" said the wife.

"Yes," said the man, "and we will live here and be happy all our lives."

"We'll think about it,21" said his wife.

10

All went well till the next morning. The wife woke up first and looked out of the window at the fine country which lay around the castle.

3.

"Husband, get up!" she said. "Get up, and look out of 15 the window. I wish I was 1 the king of all this land."

"Why so?" said her husband. "I think we have reason enough to be satisfied with our lot. I don't want to be king."

"Well, but I want to be king," said the wife. "Go back to the fish and tell him so.""

The fisherman did not like to go. "It is not right! It is not right!" he said.

But his wife said, "Go at once!"

So he got into his boat and rowed away. When he came 25 to the place where he had caught the fish, he stood up and sang as before.

"Well, what does she want now?" said the fish.

8

¹⁷ Use the plural of Sprift, f., and Getränf, n. I b. ¹⁸ Def. art. ¹⁹ Repeat the def. art.; 13. ²⁰ See Note 1, 23. ²¹ See Note 1, 34.

¹ Subjunctive; 112. ² bas; 29, 1 c.

"I am ashamed to tell you," said the man; "but she wants to be king."

"Go home," said the turbot 4; "her wish is fulfilled."

The fisherman turned his boat and rowed back home. When he reached the shore he saw that the castle was much 5 larger than before; sentinels were standing at 5 the gates, and many soldiers were marching back and forth, and the noise which they made with their drums and trumpets was awful. Inside of * the castle everything was of silver and gold; and in the great hall was his wife sitting on a throne 10 of ivory and pearl. 5 She had a crown of gold on her head, and many fine ladies and gentlemen stood around her.

"Isn't this glorious?" said she.

"Yes," said the man. "Now we have nothing else to wish for."

"I don't know about that," said his wife.

"But you will be satisfied now, won't you, wife?" he said.

"No, indeed, I will not,10" she said, and retired to rest.11

4.

20 A

11

That night she lay in bed,¹ thinking and thinking, and wishing² that there was something else⁴ she could have.⁵ The fishermen slept well and soundly, for he had done a great deal of work that day. But his wife turned† from one side to the other the whole night through, and did not sleep ...

^{*} Insert es. 4 See Note 1, 9. 5 an. 6 Perlmutter, f. 7 nichts mehr Sch bin bessen nicht sicher. 9 won't you? nicht wahr? 10 oh, nein, bas werbich nicht. 11 sich zur Rube begeben.

^{*} innerhald, with gen.

^{4.}

¹ Def. art. ² thought and thought, and wished; 124, 4 c. ³ there is, c6 gibt; 193, 2; subj. 112. ⁴ not etwas. Do not omit the relative pronoun; 34, 5 and 3 a. ⁵ Subj.

[†] fich mälzen.

a wink. At last the sun began to rise, and when she saw the red light come in at ⁷ her window, she thought: "Ha! how I should like to be master of the sun!"

Then she shook her husband and said, "Get up! Get up! 5 Go out to the fish and tell him that I want to be master of the sun."

The fisherman was so frightened that he fell out of the bed. Then he rubbed his eyes and said: "What did you say, wife?"

"I want to be the master of the sun," she said. "I want to make it rise and set and stand still when I choose."

"Oh, wife," said the man, all in a tremble, "do you want to be a god?"

"That's just what I want to be," she said. "Go out to 15 the fish and tell him so."

"But it would be wrong to ask any more favors of him," said the man. "You are king now; let us be contented!"

This made the woman very angry. She pushed him with her foot, and screamed: "I will not be contented! I will 20 not be contented! Go, and do as I bid you!"

So the man hurried away to his boat. He tried to row out to his fishing place, but a great storm came up, and the waves were as high as mountains. It thundered and lightened and the winds blew and howled terribly. So he shouted as loud as he could:

"Once a prince, but now a fish, Come and listen to wife's wish." Come! for King Nancy Bell Wishes what I fear to tell."



fein Auge zu-thun. ⁷ zu. ⁸ lassen. ⁹ I choose, ed beliebt mir. ¹⁰ all in a tremble, am ganzen Leibe zitternb. ¹¹ Angelplah, m. ¹² herauf-ziehen.
 to the wish of my wife.

^{*} unter-geben.

- "Well, what does she want now?" said the fish.
- "She wants—she wants to be the master of the sun," said the man, in a whisper.
 - "She wants to be a god, does she 14?" said the fish.
 - "Ah, yes! That is 15 what she wants to be," said the man. 5
- "Go home, then,16" said the fish. "You will find her in the poor little dirty hut by the sea."

And there the fisherman and his wife are living to ¹⁷ this day.

Adapted from Baldwin's Fairy Stories.
THE AMERICAN BOOK COMPANY.

¹⁴ does she? also, to be placed after the verb. 15 bas ift es grabe. 16 mur. 17 bis auf.

VII.

The Stone in' the Road.

There was once a very rich man who lived in a beautiful castle near a village. He loved the people who lived in the s village and tried to help them. He planted beautiful trees near their houses, and entertained their children in his palace, and every Christmas he gave them a Christmas tree.²

Now the people of that village were shiftless and idle, and to were unhappy because they were not rich like their friend in the castle.

One day this man got up very early in the morning, and placed a large stone in the road that led past his home. Then he hid himself behind the hedge, and waited to see to what would happen.

By and by a poor man came along, driving ⁵ a cow. He grumbled because the stone lay in his path, ⁶ but he walked around it and went on his way. ⁷

Then a farmer came, on his way to the mill. He com-20 plained because the stone was there, but he too drove around it and did not try to remove it.

So the day passed. Every one who came by scolded because the stone lay in the road, but nobody touched it.

auf. 2 Compound. 3 mm aber. 4 Genitive; 60. 5 who drove; 124,

⁴ b. Gihm im Bege; 71. 7 weiter-ziehen.

^{*} wait to see, ab-warten.

At last, towards evening, the miller's boy came that way.⁸ He was an industrious fellow, and was very tired, because he had been busy since early morning at 10 the mill.

But he said to himself, "It is almost dark. Somebody might " fall over this stone in the night, and perhaps hurt 5 himself. I will move " it out of the way."

So he went to work.¹³ It was a hard task, but he pulled, and pushed, and lifted until at last he moved it away.¹⁴ To his surprise he found that a bag had been hidden beneath it. He lifted the bag. It was heavy, for it was filled with 10 gold. Upon it was written, "This gold belongs to him who 15 removes the stone."

The miller's boy went home with a happy heart, and the rich man went back to his castle. He was glad indeed that he had found some one who was not afraid of hard swork.

Adapted from "Stepping Stones to Literature."
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^{*} bes Wegs. * Def. art. 10 in. 11 Preterit subjunctive of können; 101, 3 a; 117, 1. 12 schaffen. 13 go to work, sich an die Arbeit machen. 14 away, von der Stelle. 15 he who, derjenige welcher; 34, 1. 16 fröhlichen Herzens. 17 sehr frob.

VIII.

The Shepherd-Boy.1

I.

One bright morning² in spring,³ many years ago, a poor 5 boy sat under an oak, near a village in Germany, and tended⁴ his sheep. Suddenly he saw before him a handsome lad in a⁵ rich dress. He was about ten years old and was the young prince. The shepherd-boy supposed that he was ⁶ the son of the forester,⁷ who sometimes came to the 10 neighboring hunting-castle.¹

"Good morning, sir," said the boy; "can I do anything for you ??" "Tell me," replied the prince, "are there any birds' nests in this wood?" "That is a strange question for a young forester. Of course there are nests. Every bird has its nest." "Then you must know where there is one!" said the prince.

"O, yes; a beautiful nest—the most beautiful I ever saw"! It is neatly woven with 12 yellow straw, and lined with

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¹ Compound. ² an with the dative; 60 a. ³ Def. art.; 2. ⁴ hüten. ⁵ Omit; 8. ⁶ Indirect discourse; 114, 1; 116, 1. ⁷ Förster, m. 1 a. ⁸ The boy in speaking to the prince and the tutor uses Sic, whereas he himself is addressed by bu; 27, 2 and 4. ⁹ there is, co gicht; 193, 2 and 194, 3. ¹⁰ Bogetnest, n. I c.; 37, 1 b. ¹¹ Do not omit the relative pronoun, 34, 5. Use the perfect. ¹² woven with, gemacht and.

the softest moss. And there are ¹³ five little eggs inside, almost as blue as the sky." "That is charming! Come and show me this nest. I should immensely like ¹⁴ to see it." "That I can well believe; but I must ¹⁵ not show it to you, ¹⁶" and the shepherd-boy shook his head gravely.

Then the prince's tutor, who at* that moment came forward, 17 said reprovingly, "Do not be uncivil, my lad; this young gentleman has never in his life seen a bird's nest, and has long wished to see one. Take 18 him to it and give him this pleasure. He will not touch it, he will only look 10 at it."

The boy stood up, and answered, respectfully but firmly,¹⁹ "I am sorry; but I must ¹⁵ not show the nest." "That is unkind," said the tutor; "you ought to ²⁰ be glad to give pleasure to ¹⁶ another, and, above all, to our young prince." 15

"Is this young gentleman the prince?" cried the boy, taking off 21 his hat. "I am delighted to see the prince; but I cannot show the nest, not even to the king himself."

"Tell me why," replied the tutor. "If you really have a good reason, it would be better to give 23 it."

"Indeed I have a good reason; my friend Michael, who pastures goats on the mountain, showed me the nest; and made 23 me promise not to show it to any one.24"

"That is quite another thing," 25 said the tutor. But wishing 25 to test still further the honesty of the boy, he took 25 out his purse, and said, "Do you see these pieces of gold 1?



¹³ Es sind or es giebt ? 194, 2. 14 I should like, ich möchte gern; 102, 2 a 15 dürsen; 100, 3. 16 Dat. 17 heran. 18 take = lead, sühren. 19 bestimmt. 20 sollen; 104, 3. 21 Subordinate clause, introduced by indem; 125, 1. 22 an-geben. 23 make = cause, lassen, followed by an infinitive without zu; 119, 3. 24 not any . . . one, niemand. 25 etwas ganz anderes; 17, 2 a. 26 Subordinate clause, introduced by da; 125, 1. * in.

They shall be yours 27 if you will show us the nest, and you need 28 not say anything 29 about it to Michael."

"No," said the boy, "that would be dishonest; and that I will never be, whether Michael knows it or not."

⁵ "Perhaps you do not know how much the gold is worth, and how many things you could buy with of it?" said the tutor.

"Yes, I do, "1" answered the boy; "and certainly my poor old father would be very glad if I took "2 home so to much money." He thought a little while, then cried out hastily, "No! go away from me! Do not tempt me! I promised Michael that I would not show the nest to any one, 24 and I will keep my word."

"That is enough," said the tutor. "You are a good 15 boy, and have kept your word faithfully. Now go and ask your friend whether you may show us the nest. You may share the reward with him, if you wish to do so.85"

"That I will!" said the boy. "This afternoon I will bring back 34 the answer."

The tutor and the prince then returned to the hunting-castle, where they were lodging.²⁵ They inquired about the boy and learned ³⁶ that his name was George, and that he was the son of a poor laborer. In the afternoon, the prince went again to the wood. The shepherd-boy sprang joy-25 fully to meet him.³⁷ "Michael consents," said he: "I can now show you the nest, if you will come with me."

He ran ahead 38 to the wood, while the prince and his



²⁷ bein, without ending. 28 Use zu besore the infinitive; 119, 4. 29 not ... anything, nichts; 37, 1. 30 für; compound of ba; 28, 1. 31 I know it; 85. 32 Preterit subjunctive of bringen; 117, 2 and 171, 3. 33 cs; 29, 1 c. 34 Omit. 35 Finite verb; 124, 3 b. 36 learn = hear, ersayren. 37 spring to meet, entgegen-springen, with dative of person. 38 poran.

tutor followed. "Do you see that little yellow bird singing so upon the oak-tree?" said he to the prince. "The nest belongs to him, so we must go gently." They soon came to a thorn-bush, on and George, pointing to it, whispered, "Look in set there, prince,—the mother-bird is is sitting upon the eggs"; but as he spoke, she flew away, and the prince was delighted with the beautiful nest and the pretty little eggs. The tutor gave the boy the promised reward, which he shared with Michael but his own part he carried home to his father.

2.

The prince came every day¹ to the wood to look at the bird's nest, and often met the shepherd-boy. The tutor was pleased to see that George always had his book with him, and read diligently. "You make good use of your time, 15 my boy," he remarked. "Where did you go to school?"

"Ah," said George, "I never went to school. I have so much work to do that father could not spare me; but Michael taught me to ' read, and lent me this book."

A few days afterwards, the prince met the shepherd-boy, 20 and showed him a new book. "I will lend this to you," said he, "and, as soon as you can read a page without any mistake, I will give it to you." The boy was delighted, and handled 5 the volume with the tips of his fingers, as carefully as if it had been made of glass. The next day 25

³⁹ Relative clause; 124, 4b. ⁴⁰ Dornenfraud, m. ⁴¹ The present participle should stand at the end of the clause; 231, 4. ⁴² hintin or herein? 133. ⁴³ Beibden, n.

^{2.}

¹ Accusative; 80, 2. ² bti. ³ ju and the def. art.; 199, 6. ⁴ Omit; 119, 3. ⁵ an-fassen. ⁶ Compound. ¹ Subjunctive; 118, 2. ⁸ aue; 59, 4.

he said to the prince, "I can read all of the first six pages." The prince pointed to a page; George read it correctly, and, to his great delight, received the book as a 10 present.

- One morning, the king came to the hunting-castle attended by a single servant. He wished to see his son, and to learn what progress 11 he was making in his studies. At 12 dinner the prince told his father the story of the bird's nest and the shepherd-boy. The king listened with 10 great interest, and after dinner he took the tutor aside, and talked with him for some time. 13 Then he sent for the shepherd-boy, who came at once, and was very much surprised to see the noble-looking man, with a star on his breast. The tutor told the lad who the gentleman was, 15 and George bowed almost to the ground. 14
 - "Come here, 15 little boy," said the king kindly. "I hear you are fond of reading. Would you like to go to school?"
 - "Yes, indeed," 16 answered George; "but my father is too poor to send me.*"
- Never mind that," replied the king. "I think that we can make a scholar of "you. The prince's tutor has a friend, a clergyman, twho takes industrious boys into his house and educates them. I will recommend you to him, and pay all expenses. Does this proposal please you?"
- The king had thought that the boy would accept this offer with great delight. But the expression of joy 19 that appeared 1 on the frank, handsome face was in a moment changed 20 to one of 21 sadness, and George was silent.



⁹ Omit; 36, 3. Put alle after the noun. 10 zu and the def. art. 11 Use the plur. 12 bei and the def. art.; 153, 8. 13 cine Heir lang; 80, 2 a. 14 bis zur Erbe. 15 hierher; 133. 16 Oh gewiß. 17 aus. 18 Dative. 19 Def. art.; 4, 1. 20 be changed to, sich verwandeln in, with accusative.

²¹ Omit "one of"

^{*} Insert basin. † who is a clergyman and who. ‡ showed itself.

"What is it?" asked the king; "you look as if you were more ready to cry than to laugh ": what is the matter?"

"Ah!" said George, "my father is very poor, and he needs all that "I can earn for him."

"You are a good boy," was the king's earnest reply; 5 "and whatever "your father loses I will make up to him; "will that satisfy you?"

The boy was almost beside ** himself with ** delight. He kissed the king's ** hand, and thanked him with tears of joy; then he hastened away to tell the good news to his 10 father. Soon the father and the son came back, but they could not find words to express their gratitude to the king.

George was very industrious in his studies, and, after some years, the king took him into his service. He performed ²⁹ his duties faithfully, and at length became so rich ¹⁵ that he was able to buy the same estate upon which he had once been a poor shepherd-boy.

Adapted from Monroe's New Fourth Reader.

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²² as if you were... laugh, als ob bir bas Weinen näher mare als bas Lachen. ²² was; 34, 3 a. ²⁴ was auch; 165, 3. ²⁵ ich will es ihm ersehen; 220. ²⁶ außer. ²⁷ vor. ²⁸ Dative, instead of the genitive; 71. ²⁵ erstüllen.

IX.

Grandfather's Bear.

"When I was a little boy," grandfather said,—and then we all ran to him to 1 listen. We knew he was beginning 5 a true story.

"When I was a little boy, I lived in a little house near the edge of a forest. I liked to play in the forest. I gathered nuts in the fall, and found the first flowers in the spring. I knew where the birds built their nests, where to the rabbits dug their holes, and where the squirrels hid their young.

"But there was one fellow in the woods whom I feared. That was the bear. I never went far into the woods alone, because I was afraid I should meet one.

5 "One day my father and mother went out, and left me at home with my little brother. They told me to take good care of the baby, and to boil water for supper.

"I played with my brother until it grew dark, then I made a blazing fire, and hung the kettle over it to boil 20 water for tea. It was soon singing merrily, while my brother slept.

"'Now,' thought I, 'I can read the new book father gave me.' So I sat down to read by the light of the fire.

¹ to = in order to, um . . . zu; 119, 2 a. 2 Conditional; 90, 1.
2 gut Acht geben auf, with acc. 4 zu and the def. art.; 199, 6.

I do not know how long I sat*there, but suddenly I heard a noise. I looked up⁵ from my book, and saw a bear standing ⁶ in the open door.

"What could I do? I had no gun, no club; nobody was near to help me. In a moment the bear would take 5 my sleeping brother in his huge paws.

"He came into the room and went toward the cradle. I seized the kettle of water, and rushed upon him. He turned his head angrily toward me as I moved, and received a shower of boiling water in his eyes, nose, ears, to and open mouth.

"This caused the furious beast intense pain. But, blinded by the hot water, he turned back and almost fell out of 10 the door. I hastened to close it, bolted it, and then dropped, weak and fainting, to the floor.11

"When my parents came home they called me a brave boy, a hero. I shall never forget how proud I was."

Adapted from "Stepping Stones to Literature."

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⁵ cuf-scauen. ⁶ Infinitive without zu; 119, 3. ⁷ mit. ⁸ Guß, m. ⁹ Use the definite article, and repeat it before a noun of different gender or number; 13. ¹⁰ zu... hinaus. ¹¹ zu Boben.

^{*} Pluperfect tense.

Quinn and Thomson.

The English poet Thomson, the author of "The Seasons," was very poor when he came to London, and often did not 5 know how he should pay for his dinner. Very soon he got into debt. His "Seasons" had been published, but the poem did not sell well. One of his creditors finally had him put in prison. But Thomson had a friend without knowing it. It was Quinn, the famous actor. No sooner odd the latter hear of the poet's arrest than he hurried to the judge and asked for permission to visit Thomson. His request was granted, and he soon entered the prison. He introduced himself to the prisoner, and said that he wished to make his acquaintance.

Thomson was greatly surprised, and asked how it happened that such a famous man as Quinn took so much interest 10 in him.

The actor replied: "I owe you more than you can imagine. I had been suffering for a long time from melan-20 choly, and my physician tried in vain to cure me. One

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¹ in Schulben geraten. 2 Insert the reflexive pronoun. 3 werfen; 120, 1 a. 4 Infinitive with 3u; 128, 5 a. 5 no sooner...than, taum... [v; 187. 6 asked for (um) permission to be allowed to (burfen) visit. 7 Dative. 8 Subjunctive; 114, 1; 116, 1. 9 Here fommen; subj. 10 take interest in, sich interesser für; much, sehr. 87

day I happened to find ¹¹ your poem in a bookstore. I began to read it, and the pleasure ¹⁸ your "Seasons" gave me made me well again. ¹³ I felt ¹⁴ so grateful that I have left you a ¹⁵ hundred pounds ¹⁶ in my testament. When I was told ¹⁷ that you had been cast into prison, I 5 thought that you would probably need my money more just now than after my death, and so I have come to pay you this debt immediately."

Putting 18 the hundred pounds on the table, he embraced Thomson and went away.

This incident soon became known. "The Seasons" was 19 much read, and in a 15 short time two editions of the poem were published. These yielded our poet henceforth a handsome income; but he never forgot how he had found in Quinn a friend in need. "

From the German.

15

¹¹ fant ich jufällig.
12 The relative should not be omitted; 34, 5.
13 mieter her=stellen.
14 was. 15 Omit. 16 Sing; 55. 17 I was told, c6 wurde mir gesagt; 64.
18 Subordinate clause, introduced by nachbem; 125, 1.
19 Plural. Occurrence or condition? 92.
20 Def. art.

XI.

The Old Man and His Donkey.

An old man and his son were going to market, and drove before them a donkey which they wanted to sell.

After a while, they met some women. "What foolish fellows," they cried, "to wade through the dust, when they might ride on their donkey!"

The old man heard what they said, and made his son mount the donkey. So they went on toward the market.

o Soon they came to a group of old men. "It is a shame!" cried the old men. "See that lazy boy riding, while his father walks in the dust. Dismount, youngster, and let your father ride!"

Thereupon the old man helped the boy to the ground,⁶
15 and mounted the donkey himself. So they went on ⁴
toward the market.

Soon they came to a group of women and children. "It is a shame, old man!" they cried; "how can you ride, while that poor little fellow goes afoot?"

Then the old man was troubled, and let the boy get up behind him.

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¹ ju Marke zichen. ² Preterit subjunctive of können; 101, 3. ² make = cause, lassen, followed by the infinitive without zu; 119, 3. ⁴ weiterziehen. ⁵ Infinitive without zu; 119, 3. ⁶ to the ground, herunter † this troubled the old man and he; omit then. ⁵ auf-sihen.

So they rode on together toward the market.

Soon they saw a man, who called to 'them, "Oho *! are you the owners of that donkey?"

"Certainly!" said the old man.

"Are you not ashamed to load him so heavily? See 5 how tired he is! You are better able 10 to carry him than he is 11 to carry 11 you."

"Just 18 as you say," said the old man. So both † father and son dismounted, and tying 18 the legs of the donkey together, they carried him, by means of a pole, toward the 10 town.

As they came to a bridge, they met a crowd of people. "Ha! ha!" they laughed. "Here come two fools." The donkey, hearing the noise, "tried to free himself, and fell into the river.

Having lost 15 their donkey, the old man and the boy turned back 16 and started for home. They had tried to please everybody, and this was their reward.

Adapted from "Stepping Stones to Literature."
SILVER, BURDETT & CO.

⁹ zu-rusen, with dat. of the person. ¹⁰ be better able, bester im Stande sein or leichter sönnen. ¹¹ Omit. ¹² ganz. ¹³ Coordinate clauses, dismounted, tied and c. ¹⁴ When the donkey heard...he tried; 125, 1 a. ¹⁵ Sub. clause, introduced by ba. ¹⁶ um.

^{*} oho! + sowohl . . . als auch.

XII.

The Discovery.

Two Spanish students were once on the way to Salamanca. Suddenly they saw a stone by the wayside, with an 5 inscription on it which aroused their curiosity. After having cleaned the surface of the stone, they read the following words: "Here rests the soul of Peter Garcias, the priest." "Oh," cried one of them, "I can readily believe that the priest had a soul, but I doubt very much that he so possessed common sense. How can any man say, that his soul rests in a grave?"

"This is a very mysterious affair," replied the other student.

"Mysterious or not, it does not concern me.""

"But I am deeply 10 interested in it; let us try to raise the stone. There is perhaps something beneath it."

"You may do so " if you like. I have no time for such a foolish undertaking. I shall continue my journey, and will wait for you at " the next tavern. If you find to the soul, please give me a piece of it."

¹ Compound of ba. 2 erregen. 3 Subordinate clause, introduced by nachbem; 128, 5. 4 Use definite article in order to indicate the genit.; 3 b. 5 Which case? 14. 6 von; 59, 9. 7 Indicative; 114, 2. 5 ein or irgend ein; 37. 1 b. 9 se soft mich nichts an. 10 sehr. 11 es; 29 c. 12 ju. 13 in.

When the first student had ¹⁴ gone, the other set to work ¹⁵ and soon succeeded ¹⁶ in raising the stone. Under it he discovered, to his great joy, a purse filled with gold ¹⁷ and a piece of ¹⁸ paper, on which the following words were written: "This money belongs to the person who ¹⁹ is 5 wise enough not to take inscriptions literally. May ²⁰ he make, however, a better use of the treasure than I did, ²¹ and not hide it."

The good priest would certainly have thought 22 this admonition superfluous if he could 23 have known that a 10 student would become his heir.

From the German.



¹⁴ Auxiliary? 87, 2. 15 sich an die Arbeit machen. 16 Construction of gelingen? 128, 3 b. 17 Use the participle attributively, before the noun, preceded by its own qualifiers; 124, 4 b. 18 Omit; 59, 6. 19 to him who; 34, 1. 20 Present subjunctive of mögen; 112, 2. 21 Omit; 85. 22 halten sür. 23 Pluperfect subjunctive of modal auxiliary; 99 and 237.

XIII.

H Moble Trait.

A young Arab¹ owned a fine white horse whose beauty every one admired. Many of the wealthy chiefs of the 5 tribe wanted to buy it, but he refused every offer; he loved his horse more than money.

Then a chief by the name of 2 Yussuf determined to get 3 it by a 4 ruse.

One night,⁵ when the young Arab was taking a ride,⁶ a to poor pilgrim, who was sitting by ⁷ the roadside and seemed to be exhausted, begged him for assistance.

The young man stopped, and asked what he could do for him.

The pilgrim replied: "In the name of the Prophet, I 15 beseech you 8 to help me to reach the next village; I am too weak to walk, and shall die here in the wilderness, if you have not mercy on 10 me."

Immediately the young man dismounted, lifted the beggar into the saddle and bade 11 him ride to the nearest in20 habited place.

He had scarcely stepped back when 12 the pilgrim, throw-

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¹ Araber, m. I a. ⁹ by the name of, Namene; 59. 2. ³ get, sich (dat.) verschaffen. ⁴ Omit. ⁵ Eines Abends. ⁶ spazieren reiten; sinite verb; 124, 3 b. ⁷ an. ⁸ Use second person plural in the address; 27, 3. ⁹ Neuter verbal noun in -en; 128, 2 b. ¹⁰ Mitleib haben mit. ¹¹ heißen; infinitive without zu; 119, 3. ¹² so; 187.

ing off ¹⁸ his disguise, cried, "I am Yussuf," and, with these words, galloped away.

But the young man called after ¹⁴ him: "I will let you have ¹⁵ my horse and shall not try to get it back. I make, ¹⁶ however, one condition: never tell any one how you got 5 possession of it. ¹⁷ If such a trick should become known, it might make people ¹⁸ suspicious of ¹⁹ pilgrims, and prevent them from helping ²⁰ the poor."

On hearing 21 this, Yussuf turned back, dismounted and returned the horse to its master.

The young Arab who spoke these noble words was Abdel-Kadir, who in later years, at the head of an army of his countrymen, offered such a ²² brave resistance to the French troops ²³ in Algeria. ²⁴ His true friend and comrade in all these wars was Yussuf.

From the German.

¹³ threw off (ab) and; 124, 4 c. 14 nad-rusen, with dat. 15 tet have, übersassen. 16 stellen. 17 how it got (sam) into your possession. 18 Def. art. 19 mistravisch auf, with acc. 20 Infinitive with zu; 128, 6. 21 Subordinate clause, introduced by als; 128, 5 and 125, 1 a. 22 such a, so. 23 Truppe f. 24 Martien.

XIV.

Rothschild and the Citizens of Frankfort.

In the month of 1 March, 1848, the revolutionary spirit so carried away 2 the masses in Germany that they committed all kinds of 8 excesses.4

In the old city of ⁵ Frankfort the lower ⁶ classes, who envied the rich people their money, began to break into the houses of the wealthy and to plunder them.

One morning a throng of men entered by force 7 the so house of Rothschild, the well-known millionaire,8 and demanded to see 9 him.

Rothschild appeared, and one of the men made a speech in which he expressed the wishes of the crowd. His chief demand ¹⁰ was that the rich people should divide their romany with the poor, otherwise, he said, the latter would be compelled to resort to violent measures. ¹¹

Rothschild replied calmly, "We will immediately divide," and calling 12 his cashier, he told him to take 18 receipts for 14 the money he was going 15 to distribute.

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¹ Omit; 59, 8. ² mit sich fort-reisen ² all kinds of, allerhand, or allerlei, indeclinable adjectives. ⁴ Ausschreitung, f. ⁵ Omit; 59, 2. ° lower, nieder. ¹ enter by force, ein-bringen in. ˚ Genitive in apposition: 14. ² sprechen. ¹¹ hauptsorderung, f. ¹¹ resort to violent measures, iu Gewaltmaßregeln greisen. ¹² called . . . and told. ¹³ sich (dat.) geben lassen ¹⁴ über, with acc. ¹⁵ I am going to, ich werde; indirect discourse; 116, 1. Do not omit the relative pronoun; 34, 5

Then he asked the men, "How rich do you suppose I am 16?"

The leader replied, "We think that your fortune amounts to ten million florins."

"Let us triple that sum," said Rothschild, "though it 5 may be that ¹⁷ I do not possess quite so much. How many Germans are there ¹⁸?"

"About thirty millions," said one of the men.

"Very well; that makes just one florin for every German. Please, gentlemen, give my cashier your receipts 19 10 for one florin and he will pay 20 this sum to each of you and to all the Germans that may come after you.21

The men looked stupidly ²² at one another for a while; but after they had recovered from their surprise at ²³ this solution of the difficulty, they took their florins ¹⁹ and went ¹⁵ contentedly away.

Rothschild paid out many florins that day. In the evening the mob of Frankfort ²⁴ assembled before his house and loudly cheered ²⁵ the shrewd banker.

From the German.

¹⁶ that I am? Use the indicative. 17 it may be that, vielleicht. 18 Use e6 giebt; 194, 3; 193, 2. 19 Sing.; 54. See note 14. 20 pay to, au6-jahlen an, with acc. 21 may come after you, vielleicht noch fommen. 22 verbuht. 23 über, with acc. 24 Either genitive or von with the dative; 59, 3 and 4. 25 cheer loudly, hoch leben laffen.

XV.

The Friend.

- "Good afternoon, my friend! How do you do? Don't suppose that I have come to borrow money of you as I sused to do. I am rich now, for I have inherited a considerable fortune."
 - "I am very glad to hear it, and I congratulate you heartily. Pray sit down."
- "Now tell me, what have you been doing a lately a? I no have not seen you for such a long time. Have you been out of town ?"
 - "No, I have been here all the time."
- "Well, then it is strange that we have not met before. Don't you go into society* any more, and why did you move 15 to such a remote quarter of the town? What has become of 8 all the fine pictures and the beautiful furniture that used to adorn your rooms, and why do I find you living 9 here in a garret-chamber?"
- "My dear friend, I can answer all your questions very 20 briefly; the fact is I have lost all my property. I have

* auf Gefellichaften.



¹ here, Tag. ² Use the second pers. sing. in the address. ³ Finite verb; 124, 3 b. ⁴ in her lehten Beit. ⁵ for such a long time, so lange. ⁵ out of town, verreist. ¹ Stabtwiertel, n. ³ aus. ° Omit living.

tried in vain to get a position, and my present situation is a desperate one.10"

"Oh, that is very sad. But such is life." Fortune does not always smile on * us. I should like to hear more about your misfortune, and see whether I cannot help you; but 5 you must excuse me now, for I have an engagement this evening. Good-bye; I shall try to see you again."

"Stay 12 one moment! Is Ovid still your favorite poet 13? I remember when you were poor it was your habit to quote him on every occasion."

"What a strange question! What do you mean by that "?"

"I wish to quote to you two lines 15 from the Roman poet which you may translate into 16 German as you are driving into a more elegant part of the town:

Donec eris felix, multos numerabis amicos, Tempora si fuerint nubila, solus eris.¹⁷"

From the German.

¹⁰ Omit; **48**, 2. 11 so gest es im Leben. 12 Add noch. 13 Compound. 14 bamit; **28**, 1. 15 Beile, f. 18 in, with acc. and def. art. 17 Free translation:

As long as you are prosperous, you will have many friends, But in time of trouble (in Seiten ber Rot), you will be alone.

^{*} lächeln, with dat.

XVI.

The Letter of Introduction.

- "Is Mr. A. at home?"
- "He is, but I do not know whether he can receive you, he is always busy. Whom shall I have the honor to announce?"
 - "Here is my card. Tell your master that I have a letter for him, which one of his friends in England entrusted to me."
- "Very well, sir. Will you please step into the parlor and wait a few minutes? I will announce your visit to my master."...
- "Good morning! I am very sorry that I could not come down immediately. You must pardon me. What 15 can I do for you?"
 - "It is for me⁵ to beg pardon. I know how much your time is occupied⁶; but it was of the greatest importance for me to make your acquaintance, and to deliver into your own hands⁷ this letter from our common friend S."
- 20 "Will you allow me to open it?"
 - "Certainly; you'll render me a great service by doing so.8"
 - "You are very intimate with my friend S., I suppose ??"
 - "Oh, yes. We live in the same town and meet very

¹ ja. ² Indicative. ³ Use Sit in the address, throughout the whole story. ⁴ Present tense; 108. ⁵ an mir ift es. ⁶ occupy, in Aniprud, nehmen; ift or wird? 92. ⁷ into your own hands, Ihnen perfordid. ⁸ by doing so, bamit. ⁹ I suppose? nicht wahr?

frequently. When my friend heard that I intended to spend the winter in Paris he immediately gave me this letter of introduction, and I am greatly indebted ¹⁰ to him for it."

"Do you think so 11? Are you sure you are not mis- 5 taken 12? But I do not like to speak in riddles; I prefer frankness. May I therefore frankly discuss this matter with you?"

"I wish you would.18 You know that we Englishmen have the reputation of being 14 outspoken."

"In that case, 15 allow me to read 16 you my friend's letter—who, as you say, is your friend also:

"' LONDON, 8 Frederick St., 17 February 25, 18 1899. "' DEAR 19 MR. A. :

"'The person who will deliver this letter to you 20 is 15 quite unknown to me. A gentleman with whom I am not intimate, 21 but whom I meet occasionally in society, 22 asked me for a letter of introduction for one of his friends. He said that the latter intended 23 to spend several months in Paris, and as he had 23 read your works and 20 admired 23 your genius, would 25 be delighted to make your acquaintance. In vain did I tell him that you were a very busy man, that you led the life of a hermit, that you did not live in Paris but 24 in one of its suburbs, that, in short, 25 you were little suited 26 to introduce a foreigner 25 into Paris 27 society.

¹⁰ verpflichtet, with dat. of pers. 11 Omit so. 12 Irren Sie sich auch nicht? 14 Ich wünschte, Sie würden es thun. 14 Infinitive with zu; 128, 4. 15 Wenn das der Fall ist. 16 vor-lesen, with dat. of pers. 17 Friedrichstraße 8. 18 Accusative; 80, i. 19 geehrt. 20 The person who will deliver this letter to you, der überbringer dieses Briefes. 21 intim. 22 auf Gesellschaften. 23 Indirect discourse: 114, 1; 116, 1. 24 aber or sondern? 161, II. 25 um es turz zu sagen. 26 geeignet. 27 Pariser; indeclinable adj. Insert the des. art.

"" In spite of all these remonstrances he was so urgent in his request that I finally could not decline it without seeming rude. Several days later the young traveller, himself called on me. I found him 29 a very ordinary man who bored 30 me with silly and trivial talk 31 about your works.

"" When I finally saw no other way 32 of getting rid 38 of

"'When I finally saw no other way 32 of getting rid 38 of him I gave him this letter. Pray forgive me.

"'As soon as I have more leisure I shall write you a letter in which I hope to treat matters of real importance of and interest, 34 and not bother 35 you about a countryman of mine. 36

"'Yours very faithfully,87

From the German.



²⁸ ohne, followed by an infinitive with zu; 128, 5 a. ²⁹ I found that he was. ²⁰ Iangweilen. ³¹ with his...talk (Gefchwäh, n.). ³² Ausweg, m. ³⁸ Use infinitive with zu; 128, 4. ²⁴ Repeat the adjective; 13. ²⁵ plagen mit. ³⁶ one of my countrymen; 59, 18. ³⁷ In aufrichtiger Freundschaft, Ihr.

XVII.

The King Who Believed Everything.

There was once a king who believed everything that he heard. He declared that whoever should tell him something he could not believe, should have his daughter's hand and his throne. Then there came people from all quarters of the world, and told all kinds of stories; and he believed them all. A workingman was travelling through the land over which the king ruled, and heard that he who should tell the king something which he could not believe, was to to have the king's daughter. Hans thought to himself, "I will try my luck." So he went to the king, and said, "I will tell your Majesty something that your Majesty will not believe." "Good," said the king; "but if I believe all you say, you lose your head."

Hans agreed, and began his story:

"Once I went out into the field and sowed hemp, and lo! it sprang up " under my feet and grew as high as a steeple."

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¹ mas or weldes? 34, 3 a. 2 Indirect discourse; 114, 1. 3 Omit; 192, 3 a. 4 Beliggend, f. II. 5 allerhand or allerlei, indeclinable adjectives. 6 Determinative; 34, 1. 7 follen; 104, 4; indirect discourse; 114, 1; 116, 1; have, beformmen. 8 bei. 9 Eure. 10 With titles the verb must be third pers. plur. 11 auf-gehen.

"Yes, I believe it," said the king.

"Then I tried to clamber up 12 the hemp," Hans went on, "and I succeeded, 13 for the hemp was thick and strong, and grew straight as a pine 14 up into the air. 15 When I reached 16 the top, I looked over towns and villages, meadows and forests, mountains and valleys, brooks and rivers. Having surveyed 17 all to my heart's content, 18 I wanted to slide down, but, alas! I happened to let go of 16 the hemp, and fell twenty feet 20 deep into the earth. I 16 was very much frightened, and ran as fast as I could to my house, fetched a spade, dug myself out of the ground, and then went home tired out."

"I believe that too," said the king.

Hans went on: "When next day "I came to the field, I so noticed to my great surprise, that the hemp was so tall that it reached to "the clouds. I had once intended to visit heaven," and now it occurred to me that perhaps this would be the easiest way; but the hemp did not yet seem to me high enough. After a few days I went again to the confield, supposing the hemp must so now have reached heaven," and though the trip took me a year, I succeeded in clambering up."

"I believe it," said the king.

Hans continued: "There everything was so beautiful 25 and so splendid that it filled me with wonder. Angels



¹³ hinauf-flettern an, with dative.

14 ferzengerade.

15 in die Höhe.

16 reach, with acc., erreichen; reach to, reichen bis an, in, zu.

17 sich (dat.) an-sehen. Subordinate clause, introduced by als; 125, 1.

18 to my heart's content, nach Perzenslust.

19 ich ließ ben H. zufällig los.

20 Singular; 55.

21 Accusative and insert def. art; 80, 2.

22 bis in, with accusative; 199, 4 a.

23 Def. art.

24 Subordinate clause, introduced by da; 125, 1.

25 Indirect discourse; 114, 1; 116, 1.

26 bis zu and def. art. Use the present infin.

21 the trip took me, ich brauchte zu der Reise.

flew about in the air, and sung lovely songs in praise of ³⁸ the Creator. I saw many old acquaintances, all of them dressed ³⁹ in the finest clothes and riding ³⁹ in silver coaches. And to my joy I saw my beloved parents sitting ³⁰ in a golden chariot and taking ³⁰ a drive. Then I went on farther ⁵ and saw your Majesty's father and mother,—covered ³¹ with rags tending ³² a herd of swine ³³!"

"That is not true," cried the king angrily. "You did not see it."

"O yes, I really did "," replied Hans, laughing; "so to your Majesty must not forget your promise, and give me the princess to "s wife."

The king had to do it, because he would not believe what Hans had said.

Vernaleken: Märchen aus Östreich.

²⁸ Ju Ehren, with genitive. 29 all of whom (no genitive; 36, 3) had put on . . . and rode. 30 Infinitive without 3u; 119, 8. 31 The participle should follow its qualifier; 231, 3. 35 tend, hiten. Use the infinitive; 119, 3. 35 Eine Perbe Schweine; 59, 6. 34 saw it; 35. 35 Ju and def. art.

XVIII.

Through the Woods.

1.

- 5 Carl's master said to him one day, "You' have been my faithful swineherd' these three years, and as yet I have given you nothing; go and sell half' of my herd in the town that lies on the other side of the forest, and the money shall be yours. "
- "Mine! my own !!" said Carl to himself, as he drove the swine before him into the woods.

"Your own, Carl," said a voice, close to his ear.

Carl turned, and saw an old man walking s beside him, with a book in his hand. Carl peeped over the old man's shoulder, and tried to read what was written in the book, but he could not make out much, for the letters were very curiously shaped.

"I see you are trying to peep into my book; are you not "?" said the old man.

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¹ Use the second pers. sing. in the address, throughout the story.

Schweinehirt, m. II. fitt... [chon, present tense; 106, 1. 4 Die hälfte. Use bein uninflected. smein eigen. Schwein, n. I b. Infinitive without ju; 119, 3. was written, stand. mentjissen. 11 Insert bavon. 12 are you not? nicht wahr?

"I beg pardon!" said Carl.

"Never mind," answered the other; "sit down by 18 me, and you shall read as much as you like. 14"

Carl's pigs were busy picking up chestnuts just then,¹⁵ so Carl sat down by the old man, and looked into his book. 5

"It is queer, but not interesting," said Carl, for it was only a list of names.

"Do you see nothing that 16 interests you?" asked his companion.

"I see," said Carl, "that one of the names is written in 10 gilt 17 letters; what is that for? 18"

"That name is the name of a king," answered the old man, shutting his book.

"And what is a king, pray?" asked Carl. "I have never seen one, though I have been a swineherd these 15 three years, and have seen a great deal of the world.19

"You may see one this evening," answered the old man, "for the inhabitants of the city to which you are going hope to find a king to-day; they have been looking about for 20 one a long time. The throne is standing ready 20 in 21 the market-place, the crown lies before it on a crimson cushion, and all the people are waiting to bow down to their new ruler. They are sure that the kirg will come to-day, and this time, I believe, they will not be disappointed."

"I will walk on, then," said Carl, "for indeed I should like 22 to see him." So Carl walked along after 28 his pigs, and left 24 the old man sitting there.

¹³ zu. 14 wollen; 105, 3. 15 Iasen gerade eifrig . . . auf. 16 was; 34, 3 a. 17 golden. 13 what . . . for, wozu; 28, 2. 19 sehr viel von. 20 sich um-sehen nach. 21 auf. 22 Preterit subjunctive of mögen; 102, 2 a. 23 hinter . . . ber. 24 lassen, with infinitive; 119, 8.

Soon Carl overtook a miserable-looking donkey, who was trying in vain to pull a cartload of ** wood after him.**

"Good Master Carl," said the donkey, "will you not take pity on "an unfortunate creature, and help me on a 5 little way with this load? I am so tired that I shall never reach my master's cabin."

"Never a despair, my good friend," said Carl to the donkey, as he placed himself behind the cart, and began vigorously to push it along. But this was very hard work, and Carl was not fond of hard work, so by and by he said to the donkey, "That will do now, I think; you can go your way, and I will go mine."

"But I can't go on," said the donkey, stopping, and beginning to bray."

"Now I really think you are a little unreasonable," said Carl to the donkey. "See how far I have pushed your cart for you, and I must run after my pigs now, for they are quite a distance ahead of me.34"

But the donkey went on so braying; there is no doubt he 20 was very unreasonable.

"But that does not so signify," said Carl to himself, "he can't help so being an ass, and he is probably very tired"; so Carl continued to push the donkey's cart for him, until they came to his master's cabin.

"Many thanks, many thanks, good Master Carl," said the donkey, with tears in his eyes.

"Good-bye," said Carl, running after his pigs. They had now found some acorns, and were having a capital dinner."



²⁵ Omit; 59, 6. 26 hinter sich her. 27 sich erbarmen, with gen. 28 nicht. 29 ju; 68. 20 weiter. 31 bas genügt. 32 Accusative; 79, 2. 33 schreien. 24 they are . . . ahead of me, sie sind mir eine ziemliche Strede voraus. 25 continued to bray; 128, 3. 36 Aber bas thut nichts zur Sache. 37 Er kann nichts bafür, bag. 38 ließen sich bieselben vortresslich schmeden.

Carl wanted something to eat, too, so he sat down, and took some bread and cheese out of his pocket.

"Master Carl," said a thin voice at his elbow, so and Carl saw a small rabbit sitting beside him.

"Well, little rabbit," said Carl, "I do hope you're not going to say, 'Carl, give me some bread and cheese,' for indeed I am very hungry, and there's not enough for us both."

"Then I shall have to fast," cried the little rabbit. __

"That's too ridiculous," answered Carl; "don't you see 10 how many flowers and herbs are growing under the trees?"

"But I cannot eat them; they make me sick, I assure you, and the physician has advised me to eat bread and cheese."

"Very well, then,†" answered Carl, "you shall eat bread 15 and cheese," and he fed the little rabbit out of his hand, and only kept a few small pieces for himself.

"I am so much obliged to you," said the rabbit, when he

got up to go away.

"Well, I really think you ought a to be," answered Carl, 20 "for I am very hungry yet." But the pigs were moving again, and Carl had to follow them.

2.

It was a delightful afternoon, just the day when 1 it is worth while 3 to be a swineherd, for the sake of walking 3 in a wood. The sun's rays danced upon the leaves of the 25

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 $^{^{39}}$ at his elbow, neven ihm. 40 Omit, but insert bod for emphasis. , 41 Insert et. 42 weiter-ziehen.

^{*} there is, es ift . . . ba. + Very well, then, Run aut.

beech-trees, and glistened on their white, smooth trunks. The birds were not singing; only a little rustling of the leaves, a lazy hum from the insects and beetles, and now and then a grashopper's chirp, were to be heard; these were the only sounds—except the grunting of Carl's pigs: I had almost forgotten that. On they went, grunting, through the wood, and Carl after them. But suddenly Carl stopped; he saw some one sitting under a tree; it was a beggar, all in rags, looking so miserable, it would to have made your heart ache to see him.

Carl went up 13 to the beggar, and said, "I am very sorry for you; can I do anything for you?"

"God bless you, my dear little master!" answered the beggar. "Look how sore my feet are from walking so 15 long "upon the stony ground without shoes or stockings."

"You shall have mine," said Carl, sitting down 15 directly and pulling off 15 his shoes and stockings.

"And because I have had no hat on," continued the beggar, "the sun has almost made me blind."

"Yes, yes," answered Carl, "and my eyes will soon be weak if I give you my hat, but I will do it nevertheless."

And Carl put his hat on the beggar's head and ran on himself without one.

"Now I must really keep my eye on 17 these pigs," said 25 Carl, "for here we are near the enchanted 18 cave, and the goblins will be stealing them away from me, unless I am very cautious."



^{*} Icis. * Use infinitive as a noun; 128, 2. * träge. † Zirpen, n.
* Active infinitive; 120, 4. * Subjunctive. 10 hinter . . . her. 11 Infinitive; 119, 3. 12 looking . . . , it, welder . . . haß es; make ache, weh thun, with dat. 18 yu . . . hin; 134, 3. 14 nom langen Gehen; 128, 2.
15 sat down and pulled off; 124, 4 c. 16 become. 17 keep an eyo on, im Auge behalten, with acc. 18 verzaubert.

- "Carl! oh, Carl!" said a voice from the ground.
- "Where are you?" asked Carl.
- "Here, under this stone, under the-"
- "Speak a little louder, will you "?" said Carl. "I can't hear what you say, and I don't like to turn round, for I smust look at my pigs."
- "Here I am, then," said the voice, "almost crushed beneath this stone just under your right foot; will you not stoop down and lift up the stone and save me?"
- "Can't you wait till I have passed the cavern? I'll come back to you then," said Carl, still looking at his pigs.
- "And in the mean time I shall be crushed to death," "
 answered the worm.
- "Good-bye, then," my pigs," shouted Carl, as he stooped down and lifted the stone from the back of the half-dead 15 worm.
- "I thank you, Carl," said the worm, feebly "; "now go and look after your pigs."
- "But they're all gone," said Carl. And that was really the case. The little goblins had enticed * them all into the 20 enchanted cave, in that very * moment when Carl was lifting up the stone. "And if they have once run in * there, it's not at all likely they'll ever come out * again," said Carl; "but I'll go to the town at any rate, and see whether the king has come."
- "What do you want here, Carl?" asked the porter at the gate of the city.
 - "I have come to sell my pigs," answered Carl.
 - "Where are they?" said the porter.

¹⁹ will you? bitte. 20 also. 21 Omit to death. 22 benn. 28 mit schwacher Stimme. 24 that very, berselbe. 25 in, hinein, out, heraus; 133. 26 auf jeben Fall.

^{*} Ioden.

"I've lost them all," answered Carl.

"Then come with me to the market-place," said the porter; and he led Carl to the market-place, where the throne was standing still empty—the crown before it on 5 the crimson cushion, and the people waiting all around." But in front of the throne stood the old man who had spoken to Carl in 25 the morning, and besides him Carl saw the donkey, the rabbit, the beggar, the worm, and a whole army of soldiers who had been Carl's pigs.

"Carl," asked the old man, "where have you been today?"

"In the woods," answered Carl.

"What have you been doing there?"

"Indeed, I hardly know," answered Carl.

"Carl helped me with so my load of wood," said the donkey.

"Carl fed me with his own dinner," said the rabbit.

"Carl gave me his cap and shoes," said the beggar.

"Carl saved my life," said the worm.

"Citizens," said the old man, "what do you think of Carl?"

Then all the people shouted: "Carl is the king! Carl is the king!"

"And I had no idea " of it," said Carl to the old man.

Adapted from Macmillan's Globe Reader.

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³⁷ ringê herum; 143, II, 1. ²⁸ an; 60, a. ²⁹ Insert ce. ³⁰ bei. ³¹ Ahnung (f.) bavon.

XIX.

The Water of 1 Life."

1.

There was once a king who was so ill that no one believed s that he could 3 recover. He had three sons, who were much distressed at i his illness, and went down into the palace-garden 5 and wept. There they met an old man who inquired the cause of their grief. They told him that . their father was ill and must surely die, for nothing seemed re to help him. Then the old man said: "I know of one more 6 remedy, and that is the Water of Life; if he drinks of it, he will get well again; but it is hard to find." The eldest said: "I will soon find it;" and going' to the sick king, he begged permission to go in search of 8 the Water of Life, 15 for that alone could save him. "No," said the king, "the danger is too great. I will rather die." But he begged so long, that the king at last consented. The prince thought in his heart: "If I bring my father this water, he will make me his sole heir.9"

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¹ Genitive; 59, 3. 2 Def. art.; 4, 1. 3 Indirect discourse; 114, 1. 4 fiber. 5 Compound. 6 Accusative; one more = another, noch ein; 45, 2. 7 Subordinate clause, introduced by inhem; 125, 1. 8 begged him for (um) permission to be allowed to (bürfen) go (aus-ziehen) in order to search for. 9 Factitive predicate; 76, 1.

So he set out, and when he had ridden for some time, so a dwarf who stood in 11 the road called to 18 him and said: "Prince, whither so fast?" "You 13 ugly imp," said the prince haughtily, "you need not trouble yourself, 14" and 5 rode on. But the little dwarf got angry, and wished 15 an evil wish. Soon after this the prince came to a ravine, and the 16 farther he rode the 16 closer the mountains drew together, 17 until at last the road became so narrow that he could not advance 18 another 19 step; moreover, he could 10 neither turn his horse nor dismount, and was as if con fined in 20 prison.

The sick king waited for him a long time, but he did not come. Then the second son said: "Father, let me go forth to seek the water," and thought to "himself: "If my brother is dead, then the kingdom will fall to me."

The king at first would not allow him to go either, but at last he yielded, and the prince set out. He too met the dwarf, who stopped *him at the same spot in the mountains, saying sa before: "Prince, whither so fast?" "" Mind your own affairs, you ugly imp," said the prince scornfully, and rode on. But the dwarf bewitched him, and he, like the other, got into a ravine, and could go "" neither forward nor back.

2.

95 When the second son also did not return, the youngest asked that he might go to fetch the water, and at last the

¹⁰ Accusative; 80, 2. 11 auf. 12 an-rufen, with acc. 18 Use the second pers. sing. in the address, throughout the story. 14 Use zu before infinitive after brauchen; 119, 4. 15 thun. 16 the... the, je... beft; 191. 2. 17 ftc zusammen-thun. 18 Omit infinitive; 135. 19 not... another step, feinen Schritt weiter. 20 Use indefinite article. 21 bet. 22 zu-fallen, with dat. 23 and said; 124, 4 c.

^{*} an-balten.

king was obliged to give his consent. When he met the dwarf, and the latter asked him, whither he was going in such haste, he stopped, explained the matter to him, and said: "I am seeking the Water of Life, for my father is dangerously ill." "Do you know where it is to be found ?" 5 "No," said the prince. "As you have spoken to me kindly, and not haughtily like your proud brothers, I will tell you how you may a obtain it. It springs from a fountain in the courtyard of an enchanted a castle; but you will not be able to find it unless I give you this magic wand and these 10 two small loaves 5 of 6 bread. Strike three times with the wand on the iron gate of the castle, and it will open; two hungry lions will be lying inside gaping for 7 their 8 prey; but if you throw a loaf to each of them, they will be quiet. Then hasten to fetch some of the Water of Life before the 15 clock strikes twelve, else the gate will shut 10 again, and you will be a prisoner for ever."

The prince thanked him, took the wand and the bread, and set out on his journey. When he arrived, everything was as the dwarf had said. The gate opened at 11 the third 20 stroke of 12 the wand, and when he had appeased the lions with the bread, he went into the castle, and came to a large and splendid hall, wherein sat three enchanted princes. He pulled off their 13 rings and put them on his own fingers. In another room he saw a sword and a loaf of bread on a 25 table, and these he also took.

After this 14 he entered a chamber, in which there was a



¹ Active infinitive; 120, 4. ² können; 101, 3 a. ⁸ quellen aus. ⁴ verzaubert. ⁵ Singular; 55. ⁶ Omit; 59, 6. ⁷ and gape for, ben Rachen aufperren nach. ⁸ Omit. ⁹ hin-wersen, with dat. ¹⁰ Reslexive pronoun. ¹¹ bei. ¹² mit. ¹⁸ Dative, instead of possessive; 71. ¹⁴ Compound of ba.

beautiful maiden who was delighted to see him, kissed him, and told him that he had saved her, and should have her whole kingdom, and that if he would return in a year she would marry him. Likewise 15 she told him where the 5 spring of the Water of Life was, and bade him hasten and get some of it before the clock strike twelve. Then he went on, and at last entered a room in which stood a couch. As he was very tired and wanted to rest a little, he lay down and fell asleep. When he awoke, it was striking a roquarter to 16 twelve. He sprang up in a fright, 17 ran to the spring, filled a cup which stood near, and hastened away. But just as he was going out of 18 the iron gate, the clock struck twelve, and the gate shut 19 with such violence that it took off a piece of his 13 heel.

Since, however, he had got the Water of Life, he went homewards rejoicing, and again met the dwarf. When the latter saw the sword and the loaf, he said: "In these you have won great treasures; with the sword you can slay whole armies, and the bread can never be eaten up." But the prince would not go home to his father without his brothers, and said: "Dear dwarf, can you not tell me where my two brothers are? They went out before I did, in search of the Water of Life, and have never returned." "They are shut up in the mountains," said the they were so proud." But the prince begged until the dwarf released them. He warned him, however, saying: "Beware of them, for they have wicked hearts."



¹⁵ auch. 16 brei Biertel auf. 17 in a fright, erschroden. 18 ju . . . hinans; 134, 3. 19 ju-fallen. 20 frob. 21 hiermit. 22 fle zogen vor mir aus . . . ju s. 23 Auxiliary? 87, 2; never, nicht. 24 wieber los-lassen.

3.

When his brothers came, he was very glad, and told them all that had happened to him: how he had 1 found the Water of Life, and brought a cupful away with him; how he had freed a beautiful princess, who had agreed to 5 wait a year for him, when their wedding was to be celebrated. Then they rode on together, and on their way home came to a country where war and famine reigned, and whose king feared he must perish, so great was the distress. The prince went to him and gave him the loaf 10 of bread, wherewith he fed all his kingdom; and then the sword also, wherewith he slew the hosts of his enemies. Henceforth the king could live in peace and quiet. prince then took his loaf and his sword, and the three brothers rode on. But after this they came to two other 15 countries where war and famine reigned; and in each the prince gave his loaf of bread and his sword to the king. He had now delivered three kingdoms. After that the brothers went on board a ship and sailed over the sea.

During the passage, the two eldest conversed apart ¹⁰ and ²⁰ said: "Our brother has found the Water of Life and not we; for that our father will give him the kingdom,—the kingdom which belongs to us, and he will rob us of everything." So they were full of envy and spite, and resolved to ruin him. They waited until he was fast asleep, and ²⁵ poured the water out of the cup, and kept it for themselves, filling the cup again ¹¹ with sea-water.

and treat mit as a sep. prefix. 4 follen; 104, 4. 5 Subjunctive; 113, 1. Compound of we; 28, 2. Compound of ba. 8 noth zwei; 45, 2. Accusative; why? 137, 4. 10 heimlich. 11 filled however; 124, 4 c.

When now they arrived at home, the young prince took 18 his cup to the sick king, that he might drink 18 of it, and be cured. Scarcely, however, had he tasted the bitter sea-water, when 14 he grew worse than before. And as he 5 was lamenting over this, the two eldest brothers came, and accused the youngest of having intended 15 to poison him. They said that they had brought their father the true Water of Life, and handed it to him. He had scarcely tasted it, when 14 he felt his sickness depart, and became so strong and well, as in the days of his youth. The elder brothers went to the youngest, mocked him, and said: "It was you 16 who found the Water of Life, but we shall have the reward; you should 17 have been wiser, and kept your eyes open. We took it from * you while you were asleep at 18 45 sea; and when a year is over, one of us will go 19 and marry the beautiful princess. But take care that you do not say anything 20 about this to our father; he does not trust + you as it is, and if you say a word, you shall lose your life into the bargain 22; but if you keep silent, we will let you 20 alone."

The old king was angry with shis youngest son, and thought he had plotted against his life. So he assembled the court, and asked what should be done, and all agreed that he must be secretly slain. The prince knew nothing of what was going on; but one day, when the king's huntsman went a-hunting with him, and they were alone in the



¹² bringen. 18 Subjunctive; 113, 1. 14 so, introducing a coordinate clause; 187. 15 Form a subordinate clause introduced by bas and use the subjunctive in indirect discourse; 128, 6 a. 16 bu warst ce; 29, 1 b. 17 Pluperfect subj. of solien; 99. 18 auf and def. art. 19 go, hin-gehen. 20 not... anything, nichte; 37, 1. 21 so wie so. 22 into the bargain, noce obenbrein. 23 über, acc. 24 trachten nach; subj. in indirect discourse. 25 Dative, instead of the possessive; 71. 26 von bem, wae; 34, 4.

^{*} take from, meg-nehmen, with dat. + trauen, with dat.

forest together, the huntsman looked so sorrowful that the prince said: "My good huntsman, what ails you?" The huntsman said: "I cannot tell you, and yet I ought." Then the prince said: "Tell me what it is, and do not think I shall be angry, for I will forgive you." "Alas!" said the huntsman, "the king has ordered me to kill you." Then the prince was terror-struck, and said: "Dear huntsman, let me live; here, I will give you my royal garments; give me your common ones in their stead." The huntsman said: "I will willingly do that; indeed, I could ro not have i killed you." Then they exchanged clothes, and the huntsman returned home; the prince, however, went farther into the forest.

4.

After some time three wagons laden with gold and pre-15 cious stones came to the king's court. The three kings who had slain their enemies with the prince's sword, and fed their people with his bread, had sent them to the king's youngest son, as a token' of their gratitude. The old king then thought: "Can my son have been innocent?" and 20 said to his courtiers: "Oh, that my son were still alive! how sorry I am that I had him killed!" "He is still alive," said the huntsman, "and I am glad that I took pity on him, and spared his life; for when the time came, I could not kill him, but let him go in peace, and brought 25 home his coat, as if I had killed him." Then a load

²⁷ Infinitive without 3u; 121. ²⁸ lieb. ²⁹ Insert c6. ³⁰ Omit; 48, 2. ³¹ Pluperfect subjunctive of fönnen; 99.

^{4.}

¹ gum Brichen. 2 Use lasten and the active infinitive; 120, 2. 8 std er-barmen, with gen. 4 Subjunctive; 118, 2.

fell from the king's heart, and he had it proclaimed in every land, that if his son would come back to court he would atone for the wrong he had done him.

The princess, however, had a golden road made up to 5 her castle, and told her servants that whoever came riding 7 straight up the middle of it 5 was to be admitted; but whoever rode by the side of it 9 should not be.10

The time soon came when 11 the eldest brother thought he would 12 betake himself 15 to the king's daughter, 10 pretend to be her deliverer, and thus win her for 14 his bride, and the kingdom to boot. 15 Away he rode, and when he arrived in front of the palace and saw the splendid golden road, he thought it would be a shame if he were to ride over that, and so, turning to the right, 15 he rode alongside it, 16 up to the castle. But when he came to the door, the servants told him that he must go away again.

Soon after this the second prince set out, and when he came to the golden road, and his horse had put one foot so on it, he thought it would be a pity to mar 17 it, and so he turned to the left and rode likewise alongside it up to the castle. But when he reached the door, the attendants told him also that he must go away again.

When at last the year had expired, the third son like25 wise wished to leave the forest and go to his bride. So
he set out, and thought of her so constantly, and wished
so fervently to be with her, that he never 18 noticed
the golden road at all. So his horse trotted up the



^{*} Dative, instead of the genitive; 71. 6 up to, zu...hinauf. 7 Past participle; 125, 6. 8 up the middle of it, mitten barüber hin. 9 Compound of ba. 10 Insert admitted. 11 ba. 12 wolle. 13 sich auf-machen. 14 zu and def. art.; 5. 15 to boot. noch bazu. 16 nebenber. 17 beschäbigen. 18 nicht.

middle of it, and when he came to the door, it opened to and the princess received him with great joy, calling him her deliverer, and lord of the kingdom; and their wedding was celebrated with great rejoicing. When it was over, she told him that his father had invited him to come home, and had forgiven him. So he rode thither, and told his father everything; how his brothers had betrayed him, and how he had nevertheless kept silence. The old king wished to punish them, but they had made their escape to and had sailed away over the wide sea, and never to came back as long as they lived.

Brüder Grimm: Kinder- und Hausmärchen.

¹⁹ Reflexive pronoun. 20 sid flüchten.

XX.

What the Goodman Does is Sure to be Right.

Of course you have been in the country, and have seen a very old farm-house, with a thatched roof, and moss and 5 grass growing 3 wild upon it. There is a stork's nest 4 on the gable, for we cannot do without the stork. The walls of the house are aslant, the windows low-in fact, only one of them can be shut. An elm-tree hangs over the fence; and beneath its branches, at 7 the foot of the fence, io is a pool of water,4 in which a few ducks are swimming about. There is a dog too, who barks at 8 every passer-by. Just such a poor little cottage as this was the one? in my story, and in it dwelt an old couple, a peasant and his wife. Few as 10 their possessions were, they could do with-15 out one of them,11 and that was a horse which used to graze in the ditch beside the high-road. The old peasant rode to town upon this horse, and he lent it to his neighbors, who in return 19 rendered slight services to the old couple. After a 18 time they thought it would be more profitable to 20 sell the horse, or exchange it for something which might

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¹ Bie's ber Alte macht, ist's immer recht. ² auf. ³ Relative clause; 124, 4 b. ⁴ Compound. ⁵ schief. ⁶ von; 59, 9 ⁷ an. ⁸ an-bellen, with acc. ⁹ ber or berjenige; 33, 1. ¹⁰ wie gering auch: 159, 2 b. ¹¹ Word-order? **230.** ¹² in return, basür. ¹³ einig.

be more useful to them. But what might this something be?

"Oh," you will find out what is best, goodman," said the wife. "Isn't this "fair-day? Ride to town and sell the horse, or make a good exchange; whatever you do is 5 sure to be right, so ride to the fair."

So she tied on ¹⁶ his ¹⁷ neckerchief—for that was a matter she understood better than he,—dusted his hat, and gave him a kiss. Then he rode away upon the horse that was to be sold, or exchanged for something else. Of 1d course, the old man knew what he had to do.

It was extremely hot, and there was not a cloud in 18 the sky. The road was dusty, for a number of 19 people, all on their way to the fair, were driving, riding, or walking upon it. A fierce 20 sun and no shade all the way. 21

A man came along driving a pretty cow. "She gives good milk, I am certain, so" said the peasant to himself. "That would be a very good exchange, the cow for the horse. Hello there, so you fellow with the cow," he said, "I'll tell you what so; a horse, I believe, costs more than a cow; but I don't care for that, a cow will be more useful to me; so, if you like, we'll exchange. "To be sure I will,"" said the man.

Accordingly the exchange was made; and as the matter was settled, the peasant might have 28 turned back, for he 25 had finished his business. But, having made up 29 his

¹⁴ ci. 15 heute. 16 mm-fnüpfen. 17 Dative, instead of the possessive; 71. 18 an. 19 Omit; 59, 6. 20 brennenb. 21 Accusative; 79. 22 I am cortain, siderlich. Position? 224. 23 heba. 24 Use the second pers. sing. in the address, throughout the story. 25 Idiom: weißt bu was? 25 tauschen. 27 Insert cs. 28 Pluperfect subjunctive of sonnen; 99 and 98. 28 Subordinate clause, introduced by ba; 125, 1.

mind to go to the fair, he was determined so to carry out his plan; so on he went to the town with his cow. Leading the animal, he strode on sturdily, and, after a short time, overtook a man who was driving a sheep. It was a good 5 fat sheep, with plenty of wool on its back.

"I should like to have that!" thought the peasant.

"There is plenty of grass for him by our roadside, and in the winter we could keep him in the room with so us. Perhaps it would be more sensible to have a sheep than a cow.

To Shall we exchange so?"

Yes, the man who owned the sheep was quite willing; so the exchange was made, and the peasant now went on with his sheep. Soon after this he overtook another man, who came into 33 the road from a field, and was carrying a 15 large goose under his arm.

"What a heavy fellow you have there," said the peasant; "feathers and fat in plenty! How glad my wife would be to get it! She has often said, 'If we only had a goose!' Now here is an opportunity, and, if possible, I will get it for her. Shall we exchange? I will give you my sheep for your goose, and say 'thank you' is besides."

The other man offered no objection to set his proposition, so the peasant had his will and got his goose. He was now close to the town. To his right there set extended the toll-zeper's set potato-field, and in this field the toll-keeper's only hen was strutting about. As soon as our peasant saw it, he thought, "That is the prettiest hen I ever have seen—much prettier than any of our parson's chickens;



³⁰ mollte er auch.

31 Present participles are always preceded by their qualifiers;

231, 4.

32 bei; 209, 2.

33 auf.

34 verschaffen, with dative of person.

35 schönen Danf.

36 gegen.

37 Omit; 192, 3 α.

38 Bellstimehmer, m. I α.

upon my word, I should like to have that fowl. Fowls can always pick up ⁴⁰ a few grains that lie about, and almost keep themselves.⁴¹ I think it would ⁴² be a good exchange if I could ⁴² get it for my goose." "Shall we exchange ²⁰?" he asked the toll-keeper.

"Exchange?" repeated the man; "not a bad idea!" So the exchange was made; the toll-keeper got the goose, the peasant the hen. Now he had really accomplished a great deal on his way to the fair, and he felt hot and tired. He wanted is something to eat, and a glass of beer to re-rofresh himself; so he turned his steps to an inn. He was just about to enter, when the hostler came out, and they met at the door. The hostler was carrying a sack. "What have you in that sack?" asked the peasant.

"Rotten apples," answered the hostler, "a whole sack-15 ful for our pigs."

"Why,* that would be terrible waste," he replied; "I should like to take them home to my wife. Last year we had only one single apple on the whole tree at home, and we kept it in the cupboard till it was quite withered 20 and rotten. 'It was at any rate 45 a piece of 19 property,' my wife said; and here she would see a great deal of property—a whole sackful; I should like to show them to her."

"What will you give me for the sackful?" said the 23 hostler.

"What will "I give you? Well, I will give you my fowl."

So he gave the fowl, and received the apples, which he

⁴⁰ auf-lesen. 41 sich selbst ernähren. 42 Potential subjunctive; 117, 2.

5 I want, ich will haben. 44 sack full. 45 immerhin. 44 Position? 241

6 ct.

carried into the inn. He leaned the sack carefully against the stove, and then went to one of the tables in the room.

2.

Now the stove was hot, and the old man had not thought of that. Many guests were present—peasants, artisans, soldiers, and two Englishmen. The Englishmen had their pockets full of money and were very fond of betting, as you shall hear. "Hiss-s-s, hiss-s-s²!" What could that be by the stove? The apples were beginning to bake. o "What is that?" asked one.

"I'll tell you,*" said our peasant. And then he told them the whole story of the horse which he had exchanged for the cow, and so on until he had got a sack of rotten apples.

"Well, your wife will give it to you when you get home," said one of the Englishmen.

"What? give me what ?" said the peasant. "Why, she will kiss me, and say, 'What the goodman does is always right.'"

"Let us lay a wager on it," said the Englishmen.
"We'll wager you a cartload of coined gold.""

"No; a bushel will be enough," replied the peasant.

"I can only put up a bushel of apples, together with myself and my wife, against it; but that will be more than to full measure, I fancy."

"Done! taken 11!" and so the bet was made. Then the landlord's coach came to the door, 12 and the two Eng-



¹ mm aber. ² Susss! Susss! ⁸ braten. ⁴ and so on, und so weiter. ⁵ stdentlich Prügel geben, with dative. ⁶ The infinitive must stand at the end. ⁷ eine Wette machen auf. ⁸ Genitive; 59, 6 a. ⁹ seben. ¹⁰ nebst. ¹¹ Topp! Angenommen! ¹² come to the door, vor fabren.

^{*} Supply &.

lishmen and the peasant got in,¹³ and away they drove, and soon arrived at the peasant's cottage.

- "Good evening, wife."
- "Good evening, goodman."
- "I have made the exchange."
- "Ah, well, you know what you are about," said the woman. Then she embraced him, and paid no attention to the strangers, nor did she notice the sack.
 - "I got a cow for the horse."
- "Thank heaven 15!" said she. "Now we shall have 10 plenty of milk and butter and cheese on the table. That was an excellent idea."
 - "Yes, but I exchanged the cow for a sheep."
- "Ah, so much the 16 better!" cried the wife. "You always think of everything; we have just enough pasture 15 for a sheep. But now we shall have ewe's 17 milk, and ewe's cheese, and woollen stockings—nay, woollen jackets too; and a cow would not give us those; she loses all her hair. But you were always such a clever fellow!"
 - "But the ewe I exchanged again for a goose."
- "Then we shall have roast goose 18 to eat this year. You dear old man, you are always thinking of what 19 will please me! That was a happy thought!"
 - "But I gave away the goose for a fowl."
- "A fowl! Well, that was a good exchange," replied the 25 woman. "The fowl will lay eggs and hatch them, and we shall have chickens; we shall soon have a poultry-yard." Oh, this is just what I was wishing for."

¹³ ein-steigen. 14 you know what you are about, bu verstehst schon beine Sache. 15 bem himmel sei Dans. 16 so much the, um so; 189. I 1. 17 Schas, n. I b. 18 Gänsebraten, n. 19 Express the antecedent; 34, 4. 20 hühner-bok, m. I b...

"Yes, but I exchanged the fowl for a sack of rotten apples."

"What! I must really give you a kiss for that!" exclaimed the wife. "My dear good husband, now I'll tell 5 you something. When you were gone I began thinking of what I could give you for supper this evening, and I thought of eggs and bacon with fresh herbs; so I went over to our neighbors—I knew they had plenty of herbs that the woman there is very mean, although she can smile to so sweetly. I begged her to lend me a handful of herbs. Lend! she exclaimed; 'I have nothing to lend—nothing at all grows in our garden, not even a rotten apple; I could not even lend you a withered apple, my dear woman.' But now I can lend her ten, or a whole sackful, if I want to." That is delightful; the mere thought of it makes me laugh;" and she gave him a hearty kiss.

"Well, I like this,24" said the two Englishmen; "always going down hill,25 and yet always merry; it's worth the money to see it."

So they paid the bushelful of gold pieces to the peasant, who, whatever he did, was not scolded, but kissed.

Andersen's Märchen.

²¹ barüber nachzubensen was. 22 zu and the des. art. 23 Supply es; 29, 1 c. 24 bies gefällt mir. 25 going down hill, bergab.

^{*} plenty of herbs, Rrauter bie Menge + Subjunctive.

XXI.

Kannitverstan.

A poor laborer, not being satisfied with his lot and his quiet uneventful* life, determined to leave his native village and try his luck in a large city. Following the 5 advice of one of his neighbors, he turned his steps towards Amsterdam, the capital of Holland, where he had a queer experience which made him a wise and contented man for the rest of his life.

As he was walking through the streets of this rich metopolis his attention was attracted by a magnificent house. He stopped in front of it, casting admiring glances at the huge building with its many windows, doors, towers and chimneys, the like of which he had never seen before. At last he could not refrain from asking a passer-by who the rowner was. Unfortunately the man whom he addressed knew no more German than our poor laborer knew. Dutch, and accordingly he answered sullenly, "Kannitverstan," and left him standing there. Now, this is "I cannot understand you" in 15 Dutch; but the German traveller 20

¹ Relative clause; 125, 2. 2 Position? 231, 4. 8 Apposition; 14. 4 The factitive predicate to be expressed by 31; 76, 1. 5 auf sichen; use the active voice, making house the subject. 6 and cast; 124, 4 c. 7 bergleichen, relat. 8 Infinitive with 31; 128, 3. 9 fönnen; 101, 5. 10 Omit. 11 Infinitive without 31; 121. 12 bics heißt. 13 auf; 172, 3. 4 ereignisiss.

thought it was ¹⁴ the answer to ¹⁵ his question, and saying to himself, "This Mr. Kannitverstan must surely be a very rich man to live ¹⁶ in such a large palace," he went on, meditating on the unequal distribution of wealth ¹⁷ in this 5 world.

His way led him finally down to the harbor, which he found crowded 18 with merchant-ships 19 of all sizes. As he had seen so far only the small boats on the river at home, his astonishment was extremely great. From one large 10 ship especially, which apparently had just returned from a trip to India and from the hold 20 of which 21 large bales 2 and barrels were being unloaded, he could not turn away his eyes. After he had stood there for a long time watching the landing 22 of the goods, he asked one of the sailors the 15 name of the happy man to whom the Orient was sending 14 all these riches.

"Kannitverstan," was the answer.

"Well, if that is the case," thought our German friend,
"I don't wonder that the man lives in a palace which is
so as large as the church in my native village. What a shame
that this merchant should own so much property, while I,
poor devil, have hardly money enough to pay for my supper! How happy I should so be if fortune would smile on
me too and make me as rich as Mr. Kannitverstan!"

5 These contemplations were interrupted by a long funeral procession. Four black horses were harnessed to²⁴ a hearse on which a black coffin rested. A great many people



¹⁴ Subjunctive; 114, 1; 116, 1. 15 auf, with accusative. 16 that he is able to live. 11 Genitive and the def. art 18 angefüllt. 19 Compound. 20 Raum, n. 21 The relative in the genitive should precede the governing noun; 34, 2 a. 22 Löschen, n. 22 Conditional. 24 au. 25 Ballen, m. I a.

dressed in black silently followed the bier. The procession moved on slowly and solemnly. The whole scene and the plaintive sounds of a distant bell filled our traveller with pity and sympathy, and taking off his hat as a sign of respect he let the procession pass by. When he inquired 5 about the name of the deceased the same answer was given him: "Kannitverstan." Then tears came into his eyes, and he felt sad and at the same time relieved.

"Poor Kannitverstan," he exclaimed, "of what use is all thy wealth to thee now! Thou art obliged to leave it here, to and in the grave thou art just as poor as I am." 27

With such thoughts he joined the procession and accompanied it to the cemetery, where he devoutly listened to a Dutch sermon, of ⁸⁸ which he did not understand a single word. After the ceremony was over he went back to his 15 tavern and ate contentedly his scanty supper.

From this time on, whenever anything like envy of the rich crept ²⁹ into his heart, he had ³⁰ but ³¹ to think of Mr. Kannitverstan in Amsterdam, his beautiful house, his large ship, and his narrow grave, and he complained no more of ²⁰ his lot.

J. P. Hebel.

²⁶ schwarz gesleibet; used attributivoly. ⁵⁸ as a sign of respect, um seine Ehrerbietung zu bezeugen. ²⁷ Omit. ²⁸ von. ²⁹ schleichen. ³⁰ haben, 103, 3. or brauchen, 119, 4. ³¹ mur; 161, I 2.

XXII.

What bappened to an English General.

At one time 1 Great Britain claimed the greater part of North America, from the Atlantic 2 to the Pacific. But as 5 all the English settlements lay along the eastern coast,—not extending 3 into the interior—the French said to 4 themselves: "The English really own only what they occupy; we will explore the western country for ourselves."

La Salle, a bold and daring Frenchman, sailed down the ro Mississippi 5 to 6 its mouth, and, in the name of the king of France, took possession of all the country watered 7 by that great river and its tributaries.

One of the English governors sent word home that if the French were allowed to go on the with their aggressive 15 policy the kings of England would not have lands anywhere to a hundred miles from the sea."

At first England did not heed this warning; and the French went on planning and working,¹⁴ till they had built a chain of ¹⁵ forts, reaching ¹⁶ from Quebec to ¹⁷ New

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¹ cinft. 2 ber atlantische Ocean (I b). 3 and did not extend; 124, 4 c. 4 Omit. 5 masc. 6 bis zu; 199, 4 a. 7 water, bewässen; zuse a relative clause; 124, 4 b. 8 berichten. 9 if one allowed the French (dat.); 66; indirect discourse. 10 fort-sahren. 11 Angrisspolitis, f. 12 Use the singular. 15 not... anywhere, nirgenbs; 37. 14 went on = continued to plan (Plane machen) and to work; 128, 3. 15 Omit; 59, 6. 16 Relat. clause; 124, 4 b. 17 bis or bis nach; 199, 4 b.

Orleans. This was to show that all the interior of the country belonged 18 to them.

In 1749,¹⁹ a number of men in Virginia²⁰ and Maryland obtained, by ²¹ the aid of a wealthy London²² merchant, a large grant of land²³ from King George II.²⁴ This land 5 was situated in the Ohio valley; and these men called themselves the Ohio Company. Their purpose was to form²⁵ settlements at once, and to start up a²⁶ fur trade²⁵ with the Indians.

This Company sent out surveyors to survey the land, to and thus make it possible for the English 27 to gain a footing 28 west of the Alleghanies. 99 But the French in the Ohio valley said that Englishmen had no right there.

Upon this,³⁰ the governor of Virginia sent George Washington, then a young man of twenty-one, to inform the ¹⁵ French commander that George II. had given the Ohio Company the right to settle that land. The message was disregarded; the surveyors were driven away, and some of the English traders were made prisoners.³¹

As the troubles were, at this time, confined to the Ohio 20 valley, the English government thought that with two thousand soldiers they 32 could easily defeat the French, and, in 1755, England sent over 33 General Braddock with two regiments.

General Braddock marched to Fort Cumberland, where 25 he waited to collect wagons for carrying his military

¹⁸ Subjunctive; 113, 2. 19 im Sahre 1749. 20 Birginien. 21 mit. 22 Londoner, indeclinable adj. 23 Compound. 24 bem Sweiten; 14. 25 gründen. 26 Omit. 27 Dative. 28 festen Fuß sassen. 29 westlich vom A.-Gebirge. 30 Compound of ba; 28, 1. 21 Factitive predicate; 76, 1. 22 Notice that they refers to government; 26, 1. 25 hinüber or herüber? 133.

stores.²⁴ Franklin was sent to him to say that Pennsylvania³⁵ was ready to help him in case of need.³⁶ Just then Braddock learned³⁷ that he could get only twenty-five wagons, some of them very poor.³⁸

5 "Twenty-five wagons!" exclaimed Braddock; "we need a hundred and fifty, at least. What miserable business it was to send us over to this country, that is too poor to furnish us even a few wagons!"

"You should have sent to Pennsylvania," said Franktolin, quietly; "there nearly every farmer has a wagon."

"You are known all through the "colony," said Braddock; "why can you not procure us the wagons?"

"Very well," said Franklin; "write down shat you need, and what you are willing to pay, and I will try to 15 serve you."

In a few days, one hundred and fifty wagons and twentyone hundred horses arrived at the English camp. Besides these a came a large quantity of supplies—a present from the government of Pennsylvania. Afterwards, a number 20 of soldiers from the colonies joined Braddock, and George Washington was made his aid.

One would think that with so much help General Braddock should have been successful. But the English general had too much confidence in himself.

25 One day, when talking of his plans to Franklin, he said:



^{**} vagons which were to (solen) transport (transportieren) his military stores (Rriegsvortate). 35 Pennsylvanien. 36 Genitive and the def. art. 37 learn = hear, ersahren, hören. 38 some of which were . . . Position of relative? 59, 7 b and 34, 2 a. 39 Use Sie in the address. 40 Pluperfect subjunctive of solen; 99. 41 through the whole. 42 nieber. 43 baneben. 44 Omit; 59, 6. 45 Abjutant, m. II. 46 Pluperfect subjunctive of solen; the finite verb must precede the two infinitives; 237.

"The taking of Fort du Quesne will cost us only three or four days; then I shall march to Niagara, and, after taking that, to Frontenac."

To this Franklin modestly replied: "To be sure, sir, if you arrive at Fort du Quesne with all these fine troops! 5 In "my opinion, your chief danger will be "my opinion, your chief danger will be to from the Indians, who never fight openly. If large numbers to f them hide behind the trees, I am afraid they will surprise your long line of soldiers, and separate them from one another."

Braddock smiled confidently, and said: "These savages 10 may indeed be terrible to ⁵² your American militia; but it is impossible they ⁵³ should do ⁵⁴ any harm to the king's well-trained ⁵⁵ soldiers." How could the proud British officer take the advice or the warning of an inexperienced colonist?

The English were soon on the march; but before they even saw the enemy, they were fired upon ⁵⁶ from the forests. Seven hundred British soldiers soon lay dead on the field; and Braddock, after three horses had been shot under him, was mortally wounded.

The English troops were so surprised by the yells and the manner of fighting ⁵⁷ of the Indians that they fled in dismay and confusion. But young Colonel Washington ⁵⁸ came to the ⁵⁹ rescue. He rallied the raw ⁶⁰ militia, and saved the army from total destruction.

An Indian chief singled him out to kill him, and ordered his warriors to do the same. Two horses were shot under

25

⁴⁷ Einnahme, f. ⁴⁸ Subordinate clause introduced by nachem; 146, II 4; take, crobern. ⁴⁹ nach, after the noun. ⁵⁰ the greatest danger will threaten you from. ⁵¹ a large number. ⁵² Dative. ⁵³ Begin the clause with baß. ⁵⁴ zu=fügen. ⁵⁵ gut geschult. ⁵⁶ one (man) fired at (aus, with acc.). ⁵¹ Rampsart, f. II. ⁵⁸ Def. art.; 8 a. ⁵⁹ ihnen zu Hülft. ⁶⁰ ungeschult.

him,⁶¹ and four bullets pierced his coat, but he was ⁶² unharmed. He showed such bravery that an English officer afterwards said of him, "He acted as if he really loved ⁶³ the whistling bullets."

5 Braddock was silent all day, after being carried from the battlefield; and at night he said, "Who would have thought it?" The next day he said, "Experience has taught us a serious lesson 64; another time we shall be more successful!"—and died. Upon 65 his death, Colonel Dunbar took command of 66 the army. He had been left a few miles back with the provisions, and a large number of soldiers in 67 reserve.

When the fugitives from the battle reached the camp, they so frightened Colonel Dunbar and his men that they so likewise fled, making 58 no halt until 59 they were safe within the walls of Fort Cumberland. Soon afterwards, Colonel Dunbar, leaving some troops at 70 the fort, retired with the rest of his army to Philadelphia.

Franklin afterwards said that this defeat taught the 20 colonists a good lesson,⁶⁴ which was, that they must not think too highly ⁷¹ of the bravery of the English troops.

Adapted from Monroe's New Fourth Reader.
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^{**} ihm unter bem Leibe. ** blieb. ** gern haben; subjunctive; 118, 2. ** eine Lebre geben. ** bei. ** ben Oberbefehl übernehmen über (acc.). ** als. ** and made. ** not . . . until, crft als. ** in. ** 1 zu hoch an-schlagen, with acc.

XXIII.

Derseverance Wins.

About thirty years ago, I stepped into a bookstore in Cincinnati in order to buy some books. While I was there, a ragged little boy, not over twelve years of age,1 came in to 5 ask whether they had geographies 2 to sell.

"Certainly," was the clerk's reply.

"How much do they cost?"

"One dollar, my lad."

"I did not know that they were* so dear."

10 He turned to go out, and even opened the door, but closed it again and came back. "I have only sixty-two cents,4" said he; "will you let me have the book, and wait a while for the rest of the money?"

How eagerly the lad waited for an answer; and how dis-15 appointed he seemed when the man refused his frequest. The poor little fellow looked up at me with a sad smile. and left the store. I followed and overtook him.

"And what now?" I asked.

"I shall try my luck in another store, sir."

20

¹ of age, alt. 2 Atlas, m. I b. 3 jum Geben; 128; 2 b. 4 Cent, m. I, pl. -6. Use the sing.; 55. 5 let have, lasen, with dat. 6 Dative, instead of the possessive; 71. 7 auf-schauen zu. 8 Insert the personal pronoun because the two verbs govern different cases.

[&]quot; finb.

- "Shall I go with you, and see if you succeed?"
- "O, yes, if you like," said he, in surprise.9

Four different stores I entered with him, and four times I saw the childish face cloud ¹⁰ at ¹¹ a harsh refusal.

- "Will you try 18 again?" I asked.
- "Yes, sir; I shall go to 18 all the stores, else I should not know whether I could 14 get the book or not."

We entered the fifth store, and the little fellow told the bookseller what he wanted and how much money he to had.

- "Do you want the book very much 15?" asked the proprietor.
 - "Yes, sir; very much."
 - "Why do you want it so much?"
- "To study," sir. I cannot go to school, but, when I have time, I study at home. All the boys have such books, and they will be ahead of me 17 if I do not get one. Besides, my father was a sailor, and I want to know something about the ports that he used to visit."
- 20 "Does he visit them still?"
 - "He is dead," replied the boy, softly. Then he added, after a while, "I am going to be 18 a 19 sailor, too."
 - "Really?" asked the gentleman curiously.
 - "Yes, sir; if I live."
- "Well, my lad, I'll tell you what I will do; I will sell you a new geography, and you may pay the remainder of the money when you can; or, I will sell you one that is not new for fifty cents."

^{**}surprised. 10 std verbüstern. 11 bei. 12 Insert es. 18 in. 14 Subjunctive. 15 Möchtest bu . . . sehr gerne haben? 102, 2 and a. 16 llm zu lernen; 119, 2 a. 17 ahead of, voraus, with dat. 18 Use the future of werden. 19 Omit; 9, 1.

"Are the pages all in it, and is it just like the others, only not new?"

"Yes; it is as good as the new ones."

"It will do just as well,²⁰ then. I am glad I did not get one at any of the other stores."

The bookseller looked up inquiringly, and I told him what I had seen of the little fellow. He was much pleased with my story, and when he brought the book, I saw a nice new pencil and some clean white paper in it.

"A present, my lad, for your perseverance. Always have to courage like that, "and you will be successful in life," said the bookseller.

"Thank you, sir; you are very good."

"What is your name?"

"William Haverley, sir."

"Do you want any more 25 books?" I now asked, looking 26 earnestly at 25 the handsome little face.

"More than I can ever get," he replied, glancing at the volumes that filled the store.

I gave him two dollars. "With this you can buy some," 20 I said.

Tears of 27 joy came into his 6 eyes.

"May I buy what I want with 26 it?"

"Yes, my lad; whatever you want."

"Then I will buy a book for my mother," said he. "I 25 thank you very much, and some day* I hope I can repay28 you."

He asked † my name, and I gave ** it to him. Then I left him in the bookstore, so happy that I almost envied him. Many years passed before I saw him again.

^{*} eines Tages. | He asked me about (nach) my n.



²⁰ er wird mir dieselben Dienste leisten. 21 such courage. 22 Def. art. 22 any more, noch mehr. 24 Subordinate clause, introduced by indem; 125, 1. 25 in. 26 für. 27 Genitive, and use the definite article. 28 das Geld justüd-erstatten. 29 sagen.

Last year I went to Europe on one of the finest vessels that ever crossed ³⁰ the Atlantic. ³¹ We had pleasant weather the greater part of the voyage; but, toward the end, there ³² came a terrible storm, and the ship would have sunk, with 5 all on board, had it not been for the captain. ³³

All the masts were shattered, the rudder was almost useless, and a great leak was filling the ship with water. The crew consisted of strong and willing ³⁴ men, and the mates were practical seamen of the first class. ³⁵

But, after pumping so for one whole night, without so being able to keep the water down, the sailors began to despair, and talked of abandoning so the ship.

The captain, who had been below examining 40 his charts, now came on 41 deck. He saw how matters 42 stood, and, 25 with a voice that I heard distinctly above 43 the roar of the tempest, he ordered every man 80 44 his post.

It was surprising to see 45 those men submit to his strong will, and hurry back to the pumps. The captain then went below to look for the leak. As he passed 45 me, I asked him whether there was any 47 hope of saving 45 the vessel.

He looked at me, and then at the other passengers,—who had crowded around ** to hear the reply,—and said, rebukingly: "Yes, sir; so long as one inch of this deck re-



w burchtreugen. 31 ber atlantische Ocean. 22 Omit; 192, 8 a. 23 if the captain had not been. 24 willig. 25 of the first class, ersten Ranges. 25 Subordinate clause, introduced by nachbem. Make sailors the subject of this subordinate clause, and use the pronoun they as the subject of the principal clause; 125, 1 a and 244. 37 ohne, followed by an infinitive with zu; 128, 5 a. 25 keep the water down, bas Wasser am Steigen verhindern. 35 bavon, followed by the infinitive with zu; 128, 6; abandon, verlassen. 40 and had examined (zu Rate ziehen); 124, 4 c. 41 an. 42 Insert the def. art. 43 burch. 44 to go to (an). 45 to see how ... submitted ... and hurried back. 46 vorüber-gehen an, with dative. 47 irgend welch; 37, 1 b. 42 Infinitive with zu; 128, 4. 46 she beran-brängen.

mains above water, there is ⁵⁰ hope. When that hope fails, ⁵¹ we shall abandon the vessel, but not before. Everything shall be done to save the ship, and, if we fail, ⁵² it will not be our fault. ⁵³ Now, every one of you must help pump."

Thrice during the day did we despair; but the captain's 5 dauntless courage, perseverance, and powerful will impelled all of us to go back to cur work. "I will land you safe in Liverpool," said he, "if you will be men."

And he did * land us safe, but the vessel sank soon after she had anchored. The captain stood on the deck of the ro sinking ship, receiving the thanks and blessings to of the passengers as they hurried to the shore. I was the last to leave to the vessel. As I passed, he grasped my hand, and said: "Judge Preston, to you not recognize me?"

"No," I said, for I was not aware 57 that I had ever seen 15 him before I got on board liss ship.

"Do you remember the boy who had so much difficulty in getting a geography, about thirty years ago, in Cincinnati? He owes you is a debt of † gratitude for your encouragement and kindness."

"I remember him very well, sir. His name was William Haverley."

"I am he,59" said the captain. "God bless you!"

"And may God bless you, too, Captain Haverley," I said.
"The perseverance that, thirty years ago, helped you to get 25 that geography has to-day saved our 6 lives. ""

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* Omit, but insert wirllich for emphasis. | Gen. and det. art.



⁵⁰ there is, ist vorhanden. 51 sehl-schlagen. 52 fail = not succeed, mißlingen. 53 Schulb, f. 54 Segenswünsche, p.l. 55 who left. 55 Insert Derr and omit the proper name. 57 I am not aware, ich bin mir nicht bewußt. 58 he owes you, er hat Ihnen... abzutragen. 59 es. 60 Singular; 54.

XXIV

Iceland.

Iceland is a very cold country except in the short summers. There are valleys which are cultivated, but the sgreater part of the island is either too mountainous or too rocky. The most singular fact about the country is that, though it is covered with ice, there is fire beneath.* Very long ago it was not uncommon for this fire to hurl forth lava from craters at the top of the mountains. There is but one of these volcanoes now, and it has been quiet for a long time. The fire, however, has not died out. People tell us that if they put their ears close to the ground, they can distinctly hear the hissing of steam and a rumbling sound. Fire and water are meeting together, and when this heated water finds a place where it can escape, it spouts up like a fountain.

It is sometimes so hot that the water in a kettle would boil over it. Travellers always visit these hot springs. They are called geysers,¹⁴ which † is a good name for them, 20 since it means to ¹⁵ spout or rage. The people make use



¹ es giebt or es sind? 194, 3. 2 hinsichtlich, with gen. 3 was not uncommon that this sire hurled forth (empor-schleubern); 122. 4 Lava, f. 5 Krater, m. I a. 6 auf. 7 Present tense; 106, 1. 8 erloschen. 9 au. 10 bumpf rollend. 11 erhist. 12 hervor-schiehen. 12 Springbrunnen, m. I a. 14 Geiser, m. I a. 15 Omit.

^{*} baf fic unter feiner Oberflache Feuer befindet, obgleich biefelbe mit Eis bebechtft. † weltsch, und bas. 91

of the smaller hot springs, if the water is pure, and wash their clothes in them; but many of them contain sulphur, which leaves stains and a disagreeable smell.

The Icelanders live mostly by 16 the seashore in order to gain their livelihood by catching fish. 17 They have wooden 5 houses with bright painted doors and green shutters. Those who are rich have larger and better houses with windows, but the materials have to be brought from other countries, as there are no forests in Iceland now, and very few shops where work can be done.

Garden vegetables ¹⁸ are raised ¹⁹ in the valleys, but no corn grows. Herds of sheep ¹⁸ graze on the hillsides, and the women spend the long winter evenings ¹⁸ in ²⁰ spinning the wool and weaving it for ²¹ their clothes, or in knitting gloves or stockings.

Another source of income ²² to ²³ the Icelander is ²⁴ the down from the eider duck. ²⁵ It is of great value for warm, light quilts. The Iceland woman ²⁶ has only to gather the down, for the mother-bird ²⁷ pulls ²⁸ it herself from her breast to line her nest and make a bed for her young duck-20 lings. ²⁹ The nests are very close together, and when the bird is away, the people come and get the down. The bird comes back and, finding it gone, ³⁰ sets herself at work ³¹ to pull some more. Fortunately she ³² has so thick a plumage that she does not suffer greatly from the loss. As soon as ²⁵ the little ducks can swim, they all go away, ³⁸ and do not return till the next year.



¹⁶ an. 17 Fischfang, m.; 128, 1. Use the def. art.; 4. 18 Compound.
19 ziehen. 20 damit, daß; 128, 6. 21 for, zu Zeug sür. 22 Einnahmequelle, f.
23 sür. 24 sind. Notice that Dannen is plural. 25 Eiderente, f. Use genitive. 26 Söländerin, f. 27 Weibchen (n. I a) des Bogels. 28 sich aus-reißen.
29 Diminutive in -chen. 30 and when he finds that they are gone. 31 sich an die Arbeit machen; and pulls some more (noch einige). 33 The mother-dird. 33 weg-ziehen.

There are but few schools in Iceland, yet the people are very intelligent.* Even in the poorest cottages the children are taught to are read, and charming stories are told to them. These stories treat of things that are said to have happened in the ancient times, when nobles first came from Norway to settle the country. They worshipped the gods that they supposed were in the sun, the wind, the storm, the volcano, and the earthquake, and told of the mighty things they did.

Adapted from " The World by the Fireside."

²⁴ Omit; 119, 3. ²⁵ folicn; 104, 5. ³⁶ of whom they supposed that they were (indirect disc.).

^{*} intelligent.

XXV.

budson Bay Territory.1

One of the boldest and most successful of early navigators was the celebrated Henry Hudson, the discoverer of that vast inland sea now known by the name of Hudson Bay.

When he was still quite young he made three attempts to reach China by sailing through the White Sea north of Europe; but on each occasion the ice arrested his progress, and at last he was convinced that a north-eastern to passage did not exist. But Hudson was not easily daunted, and he resolved to continue his explorations in another part of the world. He crossed the Atlantic to America, where his skill and daring were destined to achieve the greatest results.

He sailed along the North American coast and at length was rewarded for his toils by the discovery of the bay on which now New York is situated, and of the magnificent river which, as he was the first to explore it, 17 has since borne his name—the Hudson. 18

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¹ the territory of the Hudson Bay (Dubsonbai, f.). 2 erst and the def. art. 3 Binnenmeer, n. I b. 4 unter. 5 Omit. 6 Subordinate clause, introduced by indem; 128, 6 a. 7 Here, Meer. 8 nördlich von. 9 bei. 10 verbinderte ihn . . . am Meitervordringen.

¹⁸ fahren über. 14 ber atlantische Ocean. 15 be destined, sollen. 16 bie größten Erfolge erzielen. 17 who explored it. 16 Masc. Use the present tense; 106, 1.

Soon afterwards he returned to England, and obtained the command of ¹⁹ a vessel of fifty-five tons burden, ²⁰ manned by ²¹ twenty-three sailors, and victualled ²² for ²³ six months. In this small ship he once more set sail for ²⁴ 5 America in 1610. ²⁵ It was to be his last voyage. After touching at ²⁶ the Orkney Islands, and at Iceland,—where he saw Mount Hecla ²⁷ in violent eruption in the midst of eternal snows, ²⁵ — Hudson passed the south end of Greenland and came to the strait which now bears his name. ²⁶ Here, in addition to ²⁶ the ordinary difficulties and dangers of ³⁰ navigation in the ice, he had to suppress a mutiny among his crew; but, notwithstanding, this dauntless man sailed on till he reached the great inland sea ³ now known as Hudson Bay.

15 He did not know for a long time that it was a bay, but indulged st the hope that he had so discovered what he had so long sought—the north-western passage, another way to China. Indeed the extent of its surface st fully justified this expectation, since, with the sex exception of the Medizoterranean, it is the largest inland sea in the world.

Here he was obliged to pass the winter. It is impossible to describe the hardships which the men endured. Notwithstanding all the birds, fishes, and animals serviceable for ³⁵ food ³⁶ which they succeeded in ³⁷ catching, they were ²⁵ always in dread of starvation. ³⁸ When the ice began to

¹⁹ über, with a c. 20 Gehalt, m. 21 bemannt mit. 22 verproviantiert. 23 auf; 166. I 6 B. 24 unter Segel gehen nach. 25 in the year 1610. 26 Transl. after Hudson had touched at (an-laufen, with acc.)... he passed, 244. 21 hefia, m. Do not translate mount, but use the def. art. before the proper name. 28 Sing. 29 in addition to, nehen. 30 für and the def. art. 31 sich hin-gehen, with dat. 32 Subj.; 113, 1. 33 extent of its surface, ihr Umsang, m. 34 Omit. 35 geeignet zu, used attributively. 35 Use the def. art. 37 Construction of gelingen? 128, 3 b. 38 they feared to starve.

melt Hudson prepared for the homeward voyage.³⁹ The last ration of ⁴⁰ bread was dealt out ⁴¹ to the crew on the day of their setting sail.⁴² A report that their commander had ⁴³ concealed a quantity of bread for his own use was readily believed by ⁴⁴ his famishing men, and a mutiny 5 broke out. Having put their captain, together with the sick, into a boat, the crew cast it adrift ⁴⁵ with its unhappy freight, ⁴⁶ and sailed away. Doubtless, Hudson and his miserable companions found a ⁴⁷ grave in the great inland sea which he had discovered; for the boat was never seen ¹⁰ or heard of more. ⁴⁸

Two days after the mutineers started,⁴⁹ a violent storm arose, and for fourteen days they were in the greatest danger of being crushed ⁵⁰ by enormous icebergs. That storm was probably fatal to ⁵¹ their unfortunate captain and his ¹⁵ sick companions, who may thus have escaped a still more terrible death from want and exposure.⁵² Just retribution ⁵³ overtook ⁵⁴ the guilty mutineers. All the ringleaders lost their lives within a ⁵⁵ short time, and the rest reached the land only after the most terrible sufferings.⁵⁶

Sixty years after the death of Hudson, a company was formed ⁵⁷ in London, under the direction of Prince Rupert, ⁵⁸ for the purpose of ⁵⁹ carrying on the fur trade ⁵⁰ in the regions surrounding ⁵¹ Hudson Bay. The first fort built by

²⁹ Peimreise, f. ⁴⁰ Omit; 59, 6. ⁴¹ deal out to, verteilen unter, with acc. ⁴² day on which they; see Note 24. ⁴³ Indirect disc.; 114, 1. ⁴⁴ sand leicht Glauben bei. ⁴⁵ cast adrift, ben Wellen überlassen. ⁴⁶ Labung, f. ⁴⁷ ihr. ⁴⁸ one has seen or heard never more anything of. ⁴⁹ ab-sahren; plupersect tense. ⁵⁰ Infinitive with ju; 128, 6. ⁵¹ für. ⁵² welche auf biese Weise vielleicht... burch Entbehrung und burch Erfrieren entgingen (with dat.). ⁵² Weiservergeltung, f. ⁵⁴ ereilen. ⁵⁵ Omit a. ⁵⁶ Leiden, n. I a. ⁵⁷ gründen. ⁵⁸ Ruprecht. ⁵⁹ for the purpose of, um... ju. ⁶⁰ carry on the fur trade, Pelihandel treiben. ⁶¹ Relative clause; 125, 2.

the Company was situated on ⁶² James Bay. Soon afterwards several others were built, in different parts of the country; and before long, ⁶³ the Company spread and grew wealthy, and eventually ⁶⁴ extended its trade far beyond its 5 original boundaries.

Imagine 65 an immense tract of land, many hundred miles broad and many hundred miles long, covered 66 with dense forests, large lakes, broad rivers, wide prairies, dreary 67 swamps, and mighty mountains; and this whole country 10 inhabited solely by roving hordes 68 of savage Indians and myriads 69 of wild animals. Imagine amid this wilderness a number of small fortified places, each containing 70 half a dozen wooden houses and about a dozen men, and between each of these settlements a space of forests 71 vary-15 ing 72 from fifty to three hundred miles in length, and you will have a pretty correct idea of the Hudson Bay territory, and of the number of its forts, and the distance between them. If Great Britain were converted into a wilderness and placed in the middle of Rupert's Land, three 20 forts would be built in it—one at the 78 Land's End, one in Wales, and one in the Highlands,74 so that in Britain there would be but three villages, with a population 75 of some thirty men, half a dozen women, and a few children! The Company's posts extended from the Atlantic 14 to the Pa-25 cific Ocean, and from the Arctic Circle 76 to the northern boundaries of the United States.

R. M. Ballantyne.



es an and def. art. 4 before long, in furzem. 4 schließlich. 45 Man skelle sich... vor. 4 Position? 231, 3. 4 trostlos. 4 Sorbe, f. 4 Mariabe, f. 10 of which each contains. 11 space of forests, Walbsidich, f. 12 variieren. 2 bei; omit the art., and quote the English. 14 im schottschen Sochland. 15 Einwohnerzahl, f. 16 ber nördliche Volarkeis.

XXVL

Scotland and England.

1.

England is the southern and Scotland is the northern part of the celebrated island called ¹ Great Britain. ² Eng- ⁵ land is far larger than Scotland, and the land is much richer, and produces better crops. The towns, also, are much more numerous and more populous. ³

Scotland, on the contrary, is full of hills, and huge heaths and wildernesses, which are barren, and afford but to little food for flocks of sheep or herds of cattle.* But the level ground that lies along the great rivers is more fertile, and produces good crops. The towns are fewer and smaller than in England. But as Scotland possesses great quarries of stone, the houses are commonly built of 15 that material, which is more lasting, and has a grander effect to the eye, than the bricks used in England.

Now, as these two nations live in * the different ends of the same island, and are * separated by large and stormy

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¹ Relative clause; 124, 4 b. ² Großbritannien. ³ bevölfert. ⁴ bas flache Land. ⁵ there are fewer towns and they are. ⁶ Einbruck (m.) machen auf, with acc. ⁷ Use the participle attributively, before the noun; 124, 4 b; it must be preceded by its qualifiers; 231, 2. ⁸ an. ⁹ fein or werben? 92.

^{*} Schaf- ober Rinberherben; use the dative.

seas from all other parts of the world, it seems natural that they should be if friendly to each other, and that they should live if as one people under the same government. Accordingly, above two hundred years ago, the King of Scotland becoming if King of England, the two nations have ever since then been joined if in if one great kingdom, which is called Great Britain.

But, before this happy union of England and Scotland, there were many long, cruel, and bloody wars between the to two nations; and, far from 15 helping or assisting each other, as became 16 good neighbors and friends, they did each other all possible harm 17 by 18 invading each other's 19 territories, killing their subjects, burning their towns, and taking their wives and children prisoners. 20 This lasted 15 for many many hundred years 21; and I will now tell you the reason why the land was so divided.

Eighteen hundred years and more ago,²⁸ there was a brave and warlike people called the Romans, who undertook to conquer the whole world, and subdue all countries, 20 in order to make their own city of Rome the head ²⁸ of all the nations of the earth. After ²⁴ conquering far and near,²⁵ they came at last to Britain, and made war upon ²⁶ the inhabitants, called the Britons,²⁷ whom they found living ²⁸ there. The Romans, who were a very brave people,



¹⁰ Introduce the clause by so. 11 that they were friends and lived . . . 12 Subordinate clause, introduced by als; 125, 1. 13 Present tense; 106, 1; sein or werben? 92. 14 ju. 15 weit bavon entsernt, followed by the infinitive with ju; 128, 6. 16 side spice, so side side spice, with dat. 18 baburch bas; 128, 6 a. 19 Dative, instead of the genitive; 71; use einander; 30, 5 a. 20 take prisoners, ju Gesangenen machen; 76, 1. 21 Acc.; 166, 6. 22 Before more than. 23 Factitive predicate; 76 1. 24 nachbem and the plupersect; 146, II 4. 25 Insert alles. 26 Krieg sühren gegen. 27 Brite, m. 28 Infinitive without ju; 119, 8.

and well armed, beat the Britons, and took possession of almost all the flat part of the island, which is now called England, and also of a part of the South of Scotland. But they could not penetrate into the high northern mountains of Scotland, where they could hardly get provisions for 5 their soldiers, and where they met with ²⁹ much opposition from ³⁰ the inhabitants. The Romans therefore gave up all attempts to subdue this impenetrable country, and resolved to be satisfied with that level ground, 4 of which they had already possessed themselves. ³¹

2.

Then the wild tribes of Scotland, whom the Romans had not been able to subdue, began to come down from their mountains and make 1 inroads upon 2 that part of the country which had been conquered by the Romans.

These tribes of ³ the northern parts of Scotland were not one nation, but two, called the Scots ⁴ and the Picts; they often fought against each other, but they always joined together against the Romans, and the Britons who had been subdued by them. ⁵ At length, the Romans de-20 termined that they would prevent ⁶ these Picts and Scots from ⁷ coming into the southern part of Britain, and laying it waste. ⁸ For ⁹ this purpose they built a long wall between the one side ¹⁰ of the island and the other, so that none of the Scots or Picts should come into the country on the ²⁵

³⁹ stoken auf, with acc. 30 seitens, with gon. 31 sto bemächtigen, with gon.

^{2.}

^{*}Repeat zu bezore the infinitive; 119, 2 c. * Streifzug (m. I b*) in.
*aus. 4 Scott, m. 5 these. * determined (use beschließen) to prevent.
*baran, followed by the infinitive with zu; 128, 6. * verwüsten. Repeat zu besore the infinitive; 119, 2 c. * zu bissem & wede. 10 Rüste, f.

south side of the wall; and they erected towers on the wall, and garrisoned them with soldiers, so that, at ¹¹ the least alarm, the soldiers might hasten ¹² to defend the part of the wall which was attacked. This first Roman wall was 5 built between the two great friths ¹⁵ of the Clyde and the Forth, ¹⁴ just where the island of ¹⁵ Britain is at the narrowest, ¹⁶ and some parts of it are to be seen ¹⁷ to this day. ¹⁸

This wall protected the Britons for a time, and the Picts and Scots were shut out from the rich land, and resostricted to their own mountains. But they were very much displeased with this, 19 and assembled 20 in great numbers, 21 and climbed over the wall, in spite of all possible resistance on the part of the Romans. A man named 22 Grahame is said to have been the first soldier who got over; and the common 15 people still call the remains 25 of the wall Grahame's dike.

Now the Romans, finding 24 that this first wall could not keep out 25 the barbarians (for so they termed 26 the Picts and the Scots), resolved to give up a large portion of the country to them, thinking 27 that this might 28 make them 20 quiet. So they built a new wall, and a much stronger one than the first, sixty miles farther back 29 from the Picts and Scots. Yet the barbarians made as many furious attempts to get over this second wall as they had ever made to break through the former. But the Roman soldiers defended the 25 second wall so well that the Scots and Picts could not break through it, though they often came round 30 the end of the

¹¹ bet. 12 hin-eilen; 133. 13 Münbung, f. 14 Both rivers are masculines. 15 Omit; 59, 2. 16 am and the inflected superlative; 22, 2. 17 Active infinitive; 120, 4. 18 bis auf ben heutigen Tag. 19 this displeased them (dat.). 20 and they assembled. 21 Angahl, f. sing. 22 Namens. 22 liberreft, m. I b. 24 when the Romans found that . . ., they resolved; 125, 1. 25 fern-halten. 26 bezeichnen. 27 Subordinate clause, introduced by tubem; 125, 1. 28 would perhaps, 29 entfernt. 30 um . . . herum; 134, 3.

wall by sea,³¹ landed on the other side, and did very much mischief. In the mean time, the poor Britons led a very unhappy life; for after the Romans had subdued their country and taken away all their ³² arms, they ceased to defend themselves and trusted entirely to the protection of 5 their conquerors.

But at this time great quarrels, and confusions, and civil wars took place at Rome. So the Roman Emperor ordered the soldiers whom he maintained in Britain to return immediately to their own country, and leave it to the Britons 16 to defend their wall as well as they could against their unruly and warlike neighbors, the Picts and Scots. The Roman soldiers were sorry for the poor Britons, but they could do no more 35 for them than help them to repair the wall of defence. They therefore built it all 35 up again, 15 and made it very strong. Then they took to 36 their ships, and left the island.

3.

After the departure ¹ of the Romans, the Britons were quite unable to protect the wall against the barbarians; for, 20 since their conquest ² by the Romans, they had become a weak and cowardly people. So the Picts and Scots broke through the wall at several points, wasted and destroyed the country, and carried off the boys and girls to be ³ slaves, took away the sheep and the cattle, and burnt the houses, 25 and did the inhabitants all sorts of mischief. Thus at last the Britons, finding themselves no longer able ⁴ to resist

³¹ ju Basser; 162, 9. ³² Dative, instead of the possessive; 71. ³⁵ weiter nichts. ³⁴ Compound. ³⁵ gänzlich. ³⁶ auf.

^{3.}

¹ Abjug, m. 2 Beffegung, f. 3 to be, ale. 4 Ale bager bie Briten faben, bag. . . , riefen fie gulett . . . herbei.

these barbarous people, invited into ⁵ Britain to their assistance a number of men from the north of Germany, who were called Anglo-Saxons. ⁶ Now these were a very brave and warlike people, and they came in their ships from Germany, and landed in the southern part of Britain, and helped the Britons in their fight with the Scots and Picts, and drove these nations again into the hills and wildernesses of their own country, to the morth of ⁷ the wall which the Romans built ⁸; and they were never afterwards ⁹ to so troublesome to their neighbors. ¹⁰

But the Britons were not much 11 the better for 12 the defeat of their northern enemies; for the Saxons, when they had come into 18 Britain, and saw what a beautiful rich country it was, and that the people were not able to defend 15 it, resolved to take possession of the land, and to make the Britons their slaves and servants.14 The Britons were very unwilling 15 to have their country taken from them 16 by the people they had called in 17 to their aid, and so strove 18 to oppose 19 them; but the Saxons were stronger 20 and more warlike than they, and defeated them so often. that they at last were in possession of all the level and flat land in the southern part of Britain. However, the bravest part 20 of the Britons fled into a very hilly part of the country, which is called Wales,21 and there they defended *5 themselves against the Saxons for a great many years; and their descendants still speak the ancient British language. called Welsh.22 In the mean time, the Anglo-Saxons spread

^{*} nach. * Angelsachse, m. * nörblich von. * Plupersect. * nie mieber.

10 Dative. 11 viel; 176. 12 be the better for, besser baran sein trop. 13 nach.

14 Factitive predicate; 76, 1. 15 be very unwilling, burchaus nicht wollen;

105, 3. 16 have... taken from them, sich weg-nehmen lassen. 17 herbei.

18 sich bemühen. 19 Wiberstand leisten, with dat: 20 bie Tapsersten. 21 Wales or Wallis. 22 bas Ballisse.

themselves throughout so the south a part of Britain, and the name of the country was changed, and it was no longer called Britain, but England; and this means the land of the Anglo-Saxons who had conquered it.

While the Saxons and Britons were thus fighting together, 5 the Scots and the Picts, after they had been driven back behind the Roman wall, also quarrelled and fought between the Boots got completely the better of the Picts. The common people say that the Scots destroyed them entirely; 10 but I think it is not likely that they could kill such great numbers of people. Yet it is certain they must have slain many, and driven others out of the country, and made the rest their servants and slaves; at least the Picts were never heard of in history after these great defeats, and the 15 Scots gave their own name to the north part of Britain, as the Angles, of Anglo-Saxons, did to the south part; and so came the land of the Angles.

4.

The two kingdoms were divided from each other on the east by the river Tweed; then, as you proceed westward, by a great range of hills, and at length by a branch of the sea called the Frith of Solway. The boundary is not very far from the old Roman wall. The wall itself has been 25

 ²³ über.
 24 Use the adj.
 25 mit.
 26 cinanber;
 30, 5 a.
 27 Use the sing.
 28 one has never heard of the Picts;
 34.
 39 Def. art.;
 4, 1.
 30 Dative.
 31 Angeln, pl.
 32 Omit;
 33 cm-ftehen.

in. Put Fluf after the proper name and form a compound. Spügellette, f. Ann, m. I b. Solwaybujen, m.

long suffered to go to ruins ; but, as I have already said, there 7 are 8 some parts of it still standing, 8 and it is curious to see how it runs as straight as an arrow * over high hills and through great swamps.

- 5 You see, therefore, that Britain was divided between three different nations, who were hostile to each other. There was England, which was the richest and best part of the island, and which was inhabited by the English. Then there was Scotland, full of hills and great lakes, and difficult and dangerous precipices, wild heaths, and great morasses. This country was inhabited by the Scots. And there was Wales, also a very wild and mountainous country, whither the remains of the ancient Britons had fled, to be safe from the there was the saxons.
- The Welsh 14 defended their country for a long time, and lived under their own government and laws 15; yet the English got possession of it 16 at last. But they were not able to become masters 17 of Scotland, 18 though they tried it frequently. The two countries were under † different kings, 20 who fought against each other very often and very desperately; and thus you see the reason why England and Scotland, though making 19 parts of the same island, were for a long time great enemies to each other. 20

The English are very fond of their fine country; they call 25 it "Old England," and "Merry England," and think it the finest land that the sun shines upon. And the Scots

as straight as an arrow, fenurgerabe. † ftanben unter ber berricaft, with gen.



the wall itself (selbst; 30, 6) one has long ago allowed (lassen) to go to ruins (versallen). 7 cs; 192, 3 and 8a. 8 Finite verb; 124, 3 b. cinander (dat.); 30, 5 a. Position? 231, 3. 10 ba. 11 Morast, m. I b *. 12 überreste, pl. 13 vor, with dat. 14 Balliser, m. 15 Repeat pronoun and adj.; 13. 16 gst possession of it, cs in ihren Besth bringen. 17 Use the singular. 16 Genitive, to be placed before herr. 19 bilben. 20 Omis to each other. 21 Quote the English.

are also very proud of their own country; and, in the old language of the country, they call it: "The land of the lakes and mountains, and of the brave men." But both England and Scotland are now parts of the same kingdom, and there is no use in asking which is the best country, or 5 has the bravest men.

Scott's Tales of a Grandfather.

²² there is no use in, to hat kinen 3 med, followed by the infinitive with in; 128, 6. 22 Repeat the rel. pron.

XXVII.

A Sorcerer of the Eighteenth Century.

A short time ago I read a story which seems interesting enough to be repeated here, although the truth of it can 5 hardly be vouched for.

Towards the end of the last century a traveller, modest in his appearance and with but very little baggage, alighted at 1 the largest tavern of a small German town, the name of which 2 does not concern us. 3 This traveller soon aroused to the curiosity of all the inhabitants of the place, on account of his looks and his strange conduct. He was very simply dressed, and yet there was something about him 4 that betrayed a man of prominence. 5 Although not a youth, he wore his hair long like a university student, and his pale 15 face had, even when he smiled, a melancholy expression.

Instead of following 6 the custom of travellers and inquiring where the curiosities and antiquities were to be seen, he had gone out, the day after his arrival, without saying a word to anybody. He did not return until evening, and, 20 as his dusty clothes testified, he had been walking all day. The following day he did the same. A.shepherd said that

¹ ab-strigen in. ² The relative pronoun should precede the noun; 34, 2 a. ² it does not c. ms, es geht mich nichts an; 34, 4 a. ⁴ there was something about him, er hatte etwas an sich. ⁵ hervorragende Stellung, 1. ⁶ Infinitive with 31; 128, 5 a.

he had seen him walking rapidly along the Rhine and stopping often and gesticulating. Young girls related that they had passed close to him without his paying any attention to them.

All these things, it must be confessed, were more than 5 enough to awaken conjectures 10 as to 11 the stranger. that the hostess could say of him was that he was a very quiet man, always satisfied with what 18 was set before 18 him. The longer the unknown man stayed among them, the greater became the curiosity of the people. It was re- 10 marked that he retired immediately to 14 his chamber after supper, but did not go to bed; and some members of the family, who happened to wake up in the middle of the night, saw a light in his room. One evening one of the maids came running 15 downstairs, terribly 16 frightened, 15 and rushed into the hall where her mistress and two or three neighbors were sitting. She solemnly maintained that the stranger was talking earnestly with some one in his chamber—"although no one but he had entered—by the door at least," she added. This made the hearers 20 tremble. The timid girl was scolded soundly 17 by her mistress for 18 having listened at the guest's door, but the next evening the good lady herself was at the place where the servant had been, listening at the key-hole,19 where she heard—what she heard we do not know. The truth is, she 25 came down in the greatest excitement, wrapped herself up

⁷ Use the infinitive of seven; 98, a, and the infinitive without zer of spatieren geven, anyalten and gestisusieren; 119, 3. Put the finite verb before the infinitives; 237. * owne das er auf sie irgendowie Acht gegeben habe.

⁹ one must confess. 10 Bermutung, f. 11 hinsichtlich, with gen. 12 Express the antecedent of the relative pronoun; 34, 4. 12 vor-seven, with dative of person. 14 auf. 15 Past participle; 125, 6. 16 surchtbar. 17 tüchtig18 because she had. 19 Compound.

in her cloak and hastened, without saying a word, to the burgomaster's.**

The following morning, when the stranger was going out, the landlady placed herself before him, made the sign of 5 the cross, and said: "Do you understand me?"

The stranger did not seem to hear her, bowed, and passed on.

"Ah, he is a shameless sinner," cried she. "And yet what a handsome man he is! Who would have suspected to him of being such a monster?"

In the evening the traveller calmly returned to his chamber. Soon several policemen and some of the more courageous citizens of the town posted themselves in front of his door, while the stairs, the hall, and even the street were to crowded with a curious women.

It seemed as if the stranger was talking with somebody in the room, and those who were near the door heard him utter the following words: "Thou demon! Thou offspring of some infernal power! Rise not to the ceiling! Lie cown at thy master's feet! Thou seest I threaten not in vain. I will scorch thee with holy fire. Wait not for the threefold glowing light. Wait not for the strongest of my arts!"

Then a sharp, shrill voice, which seemed to come up out 25 of the lower regions, 23 answered with an 24 ironical humility: "Master, why such a noise? What dost thou desire of thy servant?"

At once all the women who heard the awful voice fled with screams of terror.* The men burst open ** the door 30 and seized the traveller, whom they found sitting in an

^{20 3}u, with the simple dative. 21 gebrängt voll sein von. 22 ein; 52, 2.
22 Unterwelt, f. sing. 24 Omit; 8. 25 auf-brechen.

^{*} Schredensgeschrei, n.

arm-chair at the table. As for ** the demon, he had disappeared; but a strong smell of sulphur 19 was noticeable, as many witnesses testified.**

The stranger was dragged before the burgomaster and charged with using sorcery and with having intercourse 5 with the devil. The following was his only response: "I had begun a tragedy, but as my friends constantly disturbed me in Weimar, where I live, I came here to finish it. The hero of my tragedy is a man who invokes the devil and to whom the devil appears. I confess that I have the 16 unfortunate habit, for which I ask pardon of the citizens of this town, of reading aloud what I compose. As to my invoking the devil, I am too good a Christian to do that, and you, Mr. Burgomaster, are too enlightened a person to believe it."

The sorcerer was Goethe, and he was at that time working on ³³ his *Faust*.

Adapted from Arvine's Cyclopedia.

²⁶ mas... anbetrifft, so, with acc. ²⁷ aus-sagen. ²⁸ Infinitive with 3u; 128, 3; use sorcery, Bauberei (f.) treiben. ²⁹ hierher; 133. ²⁰ Dative. ²¹ Annufung (f.), with gen. ²³ The article must precede 3u. ²³ an.

XXVIII.

Beetboven's Moonlight Sonata.1

It happened at Bonn. One winter's evening,² when the moon was shining brightly, I called upon Beethoven, for I 5 wished to take a walk with him. In passing 3 through a dark, narrow street, he paused 4 suddenly. "Hush! what melody is that? It is from * my sonata in F!" he said eagerly. "Hark! how well it is played!"

We paused in front of a miserable-looking † little dwell10 ing, and listened. The person in the house went on playing 5; but in the midst of the finale 6 the music suddenly
ceased. Then some one said: "I cannot play any more.
The piece is so beautiful, it is utterly beyond 7my power to
do it justice. Oh, what would I not give to be able to go to
15 the concerts at Cologne?!" "Ah, my sister," said her companion, "you know yourself that that is out of the question.
We can scarcely pay our rent." "You are right; and yet I
wish that just 10 once in my life I could 11 hear some 12 really
good music. But it is useless to wish that."

20 Beethoven looked at me. "Let us go in," he said.
"Go in!" I exclaimed. "What can we do for her?" "I

¹ Mondictin-Sonate, f. ² Compound. ³ Subordinate clause, introduced by wie; 128. 5. ⁴ an-halten. ⁵ fort-fahren, followed by the infinitive with zu; 128, 3. ⁶ Finale, n. ⁷ außer. ⁸ gerecht werden, with dat. ⁹ Köln. ¹⁰ mur. ¹¹ Subjunctive; 113, 1. ¹² Omit.

^{*} aus. + armfelig

will play 13 to her," he said, in an 14 excited tone. "Here is feeling—genius—understanding. I will play to her, and she will comprehend 16 me." And before I could prevent him he had opened the door.

A pale young man was sitting by the table, making ¹⁷ 5 shoes; and near him, before an old-fashioned harpsichord, ¹⁸ sat a young girl, with a profusion of blonde hair falling over her face, as she bent over the instrument. Both were neatly but poorly dressed. Both started and turned toward us as we entered.

"Pardon me," said Beethoven, "but I heard music, and that tempted me to enter. I am a musician." The girl blushed, and the young man looked grave—somewhat vexed. "I—I also overheard "something of what you said," continued my friend. "You wish to hear—that is, is, you would like—that is. Shall I play something to you?"

There was 22 something so odd 23 in the whole affair, and something so comic and pleasant in the manner 24 of the speaker, that the spell 25 was broken in a moment, and all 20 smiled involuntarily. 26

"Thank you!" said the shoemaker; "but our harpsichord is so wretched, and we have no music." "No music!" repeated my friend. "How, then, can the Fräulein—" He paused and blushed, for the girl looked 25 straight at him, and he saw that she was blind.

¹³ vor-spielen, with dat.

14 Omit.

15 Berständnis, n.

16 understand.

17 and made; 124, 4 c.

18 Clavicymbel, n.

19 jufälligerweise hören.

20 Express the antecedent; 34, 4.

21 das heißt.

22 es war; 193, 1 and 194, 2.

23 Treat the adjective like a substantive in apposition; 17 a.

24 Art und Beise, s.

25 Bann, m.

26 unwillsürlich.

27 Rote, s.

Use the plural.

"I—I beg your pardon!" he stammered. "But I had not perceived before. Then you play by ear "?"

"Entirely."

"And where do you hear the music, since you do not go

"I used often to hear so a lady who lived near us practising. In During the summer evenings her windows were open, and I walked to and fro so outside to listen to her."

She seemed shy; so Beethoven said no more, but seated to himself quietly at the piano and began to play. He had no sooner struck so the first chord than I knew what would follow—how beautifully he would play And I was not mistaken. Never, since I knew him, had I heard so him play as he played to so that blind girl and her brother. He was inspired; and no sooner had his fingers begun to wander along the keys, than the very so tone of the instrument began to grow sweeter and more equal. The brother and sister were silent with wonder and rapture. The former laid aside his work; the latter, with her head to bent forward a little, and her hands pressed tightly over her breast, crouched down so near the end of the harpsichord, so if fearful that even the beating of her heart might interrupt the flow of those magical sounds.

Suddenly the flame of the single candle flickered,† sank, 25 and went out. Beethoven paused, and I opened the shutters, admitting 48 a flood of bright moonlight. The room

²⁸ Insert cs. 29 also nach bem Gehör. 30 Iused often to hear, ich hörte früher oft. 31 Infinitive without zu; 119, 3. 32 auf und ab. 33 an-schlagen. 34 Accord, m. I b. 35 Infinitive; 98 and a. 36 sür. 37 gleiten über, with acc. 38 Taste, f. 39 sogar, to be placed before the article. 40 gleichmäßig. 41 yor. 42 Accusative; 81. 43 sich nieder-sauern. 44 Seite, f. 45 as if she frared. 44 Form a neuter verbal noun in -en; 128, 2. 47 Strom, m. 44 and admitted (herein-lassen); 124, 4 c.

^{*} vorgebeugt. + auf-fladern

was almost as light as before, and the light fell strongest upon the piano and the player. But the chain of his ideas seemed to have been broken by the incident. His head dropped upon his breast; his hands rested upon his knees; he seemed absorbed in meditation. This lasted for some time. At length the young shoemaker rose, and approached him eagerly, yet reverently. "Wonderful man!" he said, in a low tone, "who and what are you?"

The composer smiled as only he could smile. "Listen!" he said; and he played the opening 51 bars 52 of the sonata to in F.

A cry of delight ⁵³ and recognition ⁵⁴ came from the lips of the enchanted listeners, and exclaiming: ⁵⁵ "Then you are Beethoven!" they covered his hands with kisses. He rose to go, but we held him back with entreaties.

"Play to us 56 once more—only once more!"

He suffered ⁵⁷ himself to be led back ⁵⁸ to the instrument. The moon shone brightly in through the window, and lit up ⁵⁹ his fine, interesting features. "I will improvise ⁶⁰ a sonata to ⁶¹ the moonlight," said he, looking up softly to ²⁰ the sky and stars. Then his hands dropped on the keys, ⁵⁸ and began playing a sad and infinitely lovely melody, which crept ⁶² gently over the instrument like the peaceful flow ⁴⁷ of moonlight over the dark earth. This was followed ⁶³ by a number of other passages, ⁶⁴ one more beautiful than ²⁵ the other, which filled us with admiration.

"Farewell " said Beethoven finally, pushing back his chair and turning toward the door; "farewell to you"!"



⁴⁹ break, zerreißen. 50 mit leiser Stimme. 51 erft. 52 Takt, m. I b. 53 Defiaite article and the genitive; 4, 1. 54 Erkennen, n. 55 mit bem Ausruf. 50 Omit to us. 57 lassen. 58 Active infinitive; 120, 2. 59 beleuchten. 16 improvisieren. 61 an. 62 gleiten. 63 barauf folgte; 64. 64 Passage, f. 18 Leben Sie wohl.

"You will come again?" asked they, in one breath."

He paused, and looked compassionately, almost tenderly, at the face of the blind girl. "Yes, yes," he said hurriedly; "I will come again and give the Fräulein some lessons. 5 Farewell!"

They followed us in silence 67 more eloquent than words, and stood at their door till we were out of sight and hearing.68

"Let us hasten home," said Beethoven, "that I may no write down 69 that sonata while I can yet remember it."

We did so, and he sat over it till long past daybreak. And this was the origin of that Moonlight Sonata, which with its strange melody stirs and entrances the whole musical world.

Adapted from Monroe's New Fourth Reader.

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15



^{**} wie aus einem Munde. ** in a silence which was. ** außer Gesichtsund Geborweite. ** nieber.

XXIX.

Domestic Art.

We went to the Cheap Furniture 1 Exhibition 1 last week, and as the prices were astonishingly low for things of such sterling quality, 2 we bought a wardrobe, 3 in order to 5 get rid at last of the old one we had standing in our hall. Its lower 4 drawers never opened if any one was in a 5 particular hurry to take something out, 6 and the wood was worm-eaten 7 too. My Carl was willing enough; for the new wardrobe is divided in the middle, so that he hence-to forth can have his realm all to 8 himself, and no longer need grumble 2 that his things are always hanging on the hindmost hooks, and that what he gets hold of 10 is sure to be the very thing 11 he does not want.

When we set up the new piece of ¹² furniture, however, it 15 appeared ¹³ that it was smaller than the old one, so that the wall-space ¹⁴ was left ¹⁵ partially uncovered. You see, ¹⁶ this place had not been papered like the rest; ¹⁷ for, as I remember very well, we took a remnant ¹⁸ which the dealer let us

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¹ Compound. 2 sterling quality, Gebiegenheit, f. 3 Spind, n. I b. 4 unterst. 5 Omit; 8. 6 heraus or hinaus? 133. 7 warmstichig. 8 sür. Infinitive with zu; 119, 4. 10 get hold of, erwischen, with acc. 11 gerabe bas was; 34, 5 and 3 a. 12 Omit; 59, 6. 13 sich ergeben. 14 Simply say Wand, f. 15 be left, bleiben. 16 nämlich, to be placed after the inflected part of the verb. 17 Translate like the rest by the separable prefix mit. 18 Rest, m.

have ¹⁹ cheap, and which did not quite go round.²⁰ Since we were unable to get anything to match,²¹ the wall remained in its original state, tinted light blue.²² Not a bit of it had been seen,²³ so what difference did it make?

5 "Now the hall will have to 24 be repapered because of the new piece of furniture," said my Carl. "Where is 25 the advantage in all this, 26 Wilhelmina 27?"

"Don't trouble yourself about that," I replied. "You shall soon see how we can manage.23"

He went off, shaking ** his head, but did not venture to oppose ** my plan.

This "we" did not refer to me alone, but to my youngest daughter Betty and me; for without her help I was not able to carry out my idea.

The fact is, Betty has taken to ³¹ painting. ³⁸ She always did have a ³³ sense of ³⁴ the artistic. Even as a ³³ child she used to cut figures out of the illustrated weekly newspapers and paint* them neatly. Furthermore, painting ³⁵ is now so much in vogue among ³⁶ ladies that even the most celebrated artists give them lessons. And what enormous prices are paid for pictures nowadays! Only a short time ago Menzel received 90,000 marks ³⁷ for a single picture, and Betty says he did not even use the most expensive colors. We, of course, do not make such pretenza sions.



¹⁹ let have, ab-lassen, with dative of person. 20 go round, reichen. 21 anything to match, etwas Passenbes. 22 Compound. 23 war zu sehen gewesen. 24 neu tapezieren; 103, 3. 25 bleiben. 26 in all this, ba. 27 Wilhelmine. 28 de able to manage, sich (dat.) zu helsen wissen. 29 Position? 231, 4. 30 sich widersehen, with dat. 31 sich wersen auf, with acc. 22 Neuter verbal noun in -en; 128, 2. 23 Omit. 24 sür. 25 Des. art.; 4. 1. 36 in vogue among, in Ausnahme bei. 37 Sing.; 55. 26 colorieren.

To be sure, Betty is still at ³⁸ the first stages, ³⁹ on ³⁸ wooden articles ⁴⁰; but I can only say she is very industrious. She has already painted three clothes-brushes, ⁴¹ one for me, one for her papa, and one for her sister; all three different, with flowers on them. They look so artistically 5 perfect that one would really think they had been bought ⁴² in a store.

I therefore said to Betty: "My child, now you can display your talent. We will for once thoroughly surprise your father. Where the paper is wanting by the new to wardrobe you shall paint very accurately the same pattern as the rest. E will wonder indeed when he cannot distinguish the copy from the original, unless he examines the wall with a magnifying-glass."

Betty, I must confess, thought that it would probably be 15 too difficult, for she has not yet had any wall-painting, 45 you know, 46 and is not going to study under Gussow till she is through with the wooden articles, and after that with landscapes; 47 but she was willing to try.

We now took a couple of old jugs and went to get the 20 paint. It was not easy to find the right tints, so I ran back and tore off a piece of paper that was hanging at the bottom, 48 behind the wardrobe, and carried it to the young man in the paint-shop. 49 From this he was able to make out 50 at once what was wanted, and mixed his colors quite 25 true to nature. 51 When Betty saw these, she felt 52 just 53 like painting—which shows she was really gifted that



³⁸ bei. 39 first stages, Anfangsgründe, pl. 40 Polisaden, pl. 41 Compound. 42 Indirect discourse; 114, 1. 43 for once, bieses Mal. 44 be wanting, sehlen. 45 Wandmalerei, f. 44 you know, ja. 47 Landschaftmalerei, f. 48 unten. 49 Farbengeschäft, n. 50 ersehen. 51 naturgetreus feel like. Lust besommen zu. 53 ordentich.

way.⁵⁴ The necessary brushes were also selected for us by the young man, so that we were well prepared for ⁵⁵ the undertaking.

We returned home, and Betty went to work without 5 delay. The ground was soon painted. As there still remained a little paint on the brush I tried it on 56 the woodbox in the kitchen to see how it would go. It was by no means difficult. "Betty," I cried delighted, "we shall never need another painter in the house; we will do all so the painting ourselves and save a nice sum of money, I hope."

When my Carl came home to dinner the paint was not yet dry, and naturally could not escape his notice.⁵⁷ He looked at it, shook his head, and remarked: "Wilhelmina, 15 I am afraid people will notice the difference in spite of all you can do. Don't meddle with painting, and have 56 the hall papered."

"Throw so money out of the window?" I replied. "No, Carl. Besides, that isn't the way to so encourage art, to so criticise so precipitately so when we have only just begun. Wait a while, and then pass judgment. To-morrow you will see so a very different sight."

2.

What the reason was I do not know, but when, next 25 day, Betty painted the pattern, the wall began to look more and more remarkable. "Betty," I said cautiously.



⁵⁶ in bieser Hinside. 55 aus. 56 aus. 57 escape his notice, verborgen bleiben. with dat. of person. 58 lassen, with the infinitive; 120, 1 a. 59 The infinitive must stand at the end of the clause. 60 That isn't the way to, bas heißt nicht, followed by the infinitive without ju; 119, 3. 61 wenn man fritisert. 69 übereilt. 68 genießen.

"I fear you have not quite got the hang of it 1 yet. What do you say? Suppose 2 we paint all the walls one solid color 3? Though papa is more in favor of 4 paper, because he has little confidence in 5 us, he will be quite satisfied when the hall looks prettier than ever."

We sent our maid Doris to the paint-shop 6 with a pot that would hold about enough paint for four walls, and had another big brush brought for me. Influenced by the old place on 7 the wall, and by the fact that the antique has become the fashion again, we had decided on 8 sky-blue.

We were not a little 'industrious. Betty, standing on the step-ladder, took the upper regions, while I, kneeling to the floor, painted the lower parts. When the paint was all gone, Doris ran for the more.

"Now," said Betty, jokingly, for the painting was as 15 much fun for 15 her as for me, "callers 16 ought to come."

"They would indeed come very opportunely at this time," I cried. "Child, we must hurry so as not to be disturbed 17 in our work, and finish it up 18 before papa comes."

Unfortunately Betty, in her zeal, upset the paint-pot on ze the ladder, and the precious blue splashed on the floor. There is 19 nothing more horrible 20 than spilt oil-paint. We wiped it up, but it kept coming again 21—it was not to be got rid of.22 I consoled Betty by saying 23 that under



5

¹ Say, bu hast ben rechten Schwung noch nicht heraus. 2 wenn and the preterit subj. 3 one solid color, gleichmäßig. 4 in favor of, sür. 5 zu. 6 See Note I, 49. 7 an. 6 sich entschieden sür. 9 a l., wenig. 10 Rüchentritt, m. 11 Region, f. II. 12 Position of the participle? 231, 4. 13 all gone, alle. 14 nach. 15 be fun for, Spaß machen, with dative. 16 Besuch, m.; use the singular. 17 in order that we are not disturbed; the present tense instead of the suture; 108. 18 Omit. 19 es giebt; 194, 1. 20 Treat the comparative like a substantive in apposition; 17, 2 a and 20. 21 it came again and again. 22 Active infinitive; 120, 4. 28 Subordinate clause, introduced by indem; 128, 5.

any circumstances the floor would have had to be painted.²⁴ Doris would soon have to run to the paint-shop again; she could just as well get some brown paint.

"And a pretty red for a border state the top and bot-5 tom, so" added Betty.

Betty was right. It wanted ²⁷ the border to give an artistic rounding off ²⁸ to the whole. She hoped, as I did, ²⁹ that when the red stripes ³⁰ were ³¹ once drawn, it would hardly be noticed that the painting * was a little uneven to here and there. When the paint came, I said: "Betty, you go ahead ³² with the border, I will take care of ³³ the walls. When papa comes the work must be ³⁴ finished."

Up went the child on the step-ladder again. But as Betty was holding the ruler in one hand and the brush in 15 the other, the maid had to stand below and reach the paint-pot up to her. After a while Doris said: "You must not splash around so, Miss Betty. My whole waist and my face are covered with paint." And that was indeed the case. "This is 35 only the second time I have had 36 the waist on," the maid continued, grumbling.

"Oh, well," I answered, "if the paint does not come out 38 in the wash, you shall have a new one."

I applied myself to the task once more. A few vigorous strokes and I could say, "Done. But before I had got to so far, Betty cried complainingly: "Mamma, the border



²⁴ Pluperfect subjunctive; 90, 2 a. have to, müssen; 103, 3 and 98
25 Borte, st. II. 26 oben und unten. 27 The verb sehsen must agree in number with its logical subject; 192, 3 and a. 28 Abrundung, st. 29 Omit;
85. 30 Streisen, m. I a. 31 Subjunctive; 113, 1. 32 an-sangen. 33 besorgen, with accusative. 34 sein or werden? 92. 35 bies ist das zweite Mal das or omit "this is" and render "the second time" by zum zweiten Male;
215 a. 26 Present tense; 106, 1. 27 mm ja. 28 and-gehen. 39 sertig.
40 have got, sein.

^{*} Malerei, f.

won't work at all.41 It keeps running down on the other. It is enough to drive one to despair."

I must say, I never had hoped ⁴² any too much ⁴³ from the border, but I have never been so basely deceived in my life. The red paint had in fact trickled down ⁴⁴ in long streaks on the blue. We tried to drive the red streaks up again with the blue brush, but only made matters ⁴⁵ worse.

"To-morrow we shall have to begin all over again," said Betty.

"We shall have to do it over again?" I cried in "horror. 10 "Child, only see how dirty you are, how I look, and how Doris here looks!"

I put all the remaining blue on the wall. Doris removed the paint and the brushes, and Betty and I went to dress ourselves.

3.

We had hardly completed our toilet when my Carl and Uncle Fritz came. I could tell by their voices how they were admiring the work of our hands. "We won't go out," I whispered to Betty; "let them quietly get over the first of impression; that is generally the strongest."

They entered the room—my Carl, as I immediately perceived, not in the best of ³ humor; but Uncle Fritz's eyes fairly ⁴ gleamed with ⁵ delight, and I saw sarcastic remarks literally ⁶ dancing ⁷ on his lips.

"Wilhelmina, did I not tell you"—my Carl was about to begin his reproof; but Uncle Fritz interrupted him

⁴¹ won't work at all, (Idiom:) will garnicht. 42 erhoffen. 45 allzuviel44 herunter-sidern. 45 Sache, f.; use the singular. 46 ganz von vorne. 47 vor.

¹ ersennen an. 2 überwinden, with accusative. 8 Owit. 4 ordentsch. 5 vor. 6 förmlich. 7 Infinitive without zu; 119, &:

laughing, "Nay, Carl, old boy, don't scold her. Such a fine hall as yours is not to be found in the whole wide world. Send it to the exhibition and they will give you a gold medal."

5 "Pray don't make fun of me," I said and was really hurt; "when we do what we can, we don't need to be ridiculed besides."

"I suppose the blue grotto of Capri sat as 9 your 10 model?" asked Uncle Fritz, without paying 11 the least 12 atto tention to my rebuke. "If you only make a boat fast to 13 the new wardrobe, it will be complete."

"Please observe, the main thing is the saving, of which you as a bachelor of course have no idea."

"Saving?" repeated my Carl. "What, I should like to 15 know, has this—this—"(he was trying to find a mild expression, my good husband)—"this pleasantry cost?"

"The labor does not count, so for that 14 there is not a penny to pay. The rest I have had charged, for the present."

My Carl told Doris to get the bill from the paint-dealer.

Doris came at once, as he had spoken somewhat harshly.

When she stepped in Uncle Fritz roared ¹⁵ aloud with ¹⁶ glee, for she had not yet had time to remove the red paint altogether and looked awfully. Even my Carl said: "Doris, you cannot possibly go into ¹⁷ the street in that state; people would think you had been murdering somebody."

I was extraordinarily glad that she did not go directly, and that, by giving the conversation another turn, I was able to get Carl away 18 from the thought of the bill. For



 ^{*} verspotten.
 * ale; 9, 2.
 10 Dative, instead of the possessive; 71.
 11 Infinitive with zu; 128. 5 a.
 12 im geringsten.
 13 an.
 14 bafür alse.
 15 auf-schreien.
 16 vor.
 17 auf.
 18 ab-bringen von.

when we paid the bill, we found that we had used up quite a considerable deal of paint; for which we might easily have repapered, without even taking a rather cheap grade be which now simply had to be done. Of the ruined clothes, and the new waist, which Doris firmly insisted pupon, I told Carl only when the affair was almost forgotten, and I had solemnly promised him never again to extend domestic art to doors and walls, but to employ experienced workmen.

I never should have thought that, under certain circum- 10 stances, economy could be so expensive.

Betty is back ²² again at ²³ the wooden articles, though Uncle Fritz declares she possesses ²⁴ colossal talent for ²⁵ painting ²⁶ human beings—he saw ²⁷ that in ²⁸ Doris. Naturally we have only cold contempt for such mockery; and who ¹⁵ knows but what ²⁹ the hall might have come out ⁵⁰ fine in spite of all, if we had only been able to carry out what we intended. The old masters needed centuries to reach the heights ³¹ of their art, and we had scarcely two days at ³² our disposal; but of this Uncle Fritz has not the vestige of ²⁰ an idea.

Stinde: Familie Buchholz.



¹⁹ Sorte, f. 20 be done, geschehen.
21 auf. 22 Omit. 23 bei. 24 Indirect discourse; 114, 1; 116, 2. 25 zu. 26 Neuter verbal noun in - en ; 128, 2. 27 Pluperfect subjunctive. 28 an. 29 but what, ob nicht. 20 werden. 31 Höhepunkt, m.; use the singular. 32 zu.

XXX.

Boethe's Boybood.

1.

Johann Wolfgang Goethe was born at Frankfort-on-the Main on the 28th of August, 1749. His grandfather, who was a tailor, came toward the latter part of the seventeenth century from Artern to Frankfort. Here he settled, and, at the beginning of the eighteenth century took as his second wife a handsome widow of thirty-seven, Cornelia Schelhorn, the owner of the inn "Zum Weidenhof." Frederick George is said to have been a man of pleasant manners and a skilful musician. His second wife was an energetic and kindly woman, and in every way worthy of him. They had three children, of whom Johann Kaspar, Goethe's father, born on the 27th of July, 1710, was the youngest.

Johann Kaspar Goethe was sent to school at Coburg,7 and while he was there his father and his only brother died. Afterwards he studied law at Leipzig and Giessen and took the degree of 8 Doctor of Jurisprudence. He practised for some time at the Supreme Court of the Empire 9 at Wetzlar and then travelled in Italy. Finally he settled in Frank-

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¹ gegen Ende. ² şu. ³ Dative, instead of the possessive; 71. ⁴ Insert years. ⁵ sollen; 104, 5. ⁴ Genitive; 61. ⁻ nach Coburg zur Schule; 199, 6. ⁵ bromovieren als. ⁵ Then called Reichsfammergericht, now Reichsgericht and untuated at Leipzig.

fort, where he lived with his mother in a street called ¹⁰ the Hirschgraben. His mother's fortune ¹¹ made it unnecessary for him to devote himself to any fixed calling, and during the reign of the Emperor Charles ¹² the Seventh he obtained the title of Imperial Councillor. ¹³ He was somewhat pedantic,* easily angered, but honest to the core; and he combined with a thorough knowledge of law, a real love for ¹⁴ literature and art. He had given ¹⁵ much attention to ¹⁶ Italian, and Tasso was his favorite author.

On the 20th of July, 1748, in his thirty-eighth year, 10 he married Catharine Elisabeth, the daughter of Johann Wolfgang Textor, burgomaster of Frankfort and grandson of an eminent jurist of the same name. Catharine Elisabeth was only seventeen years old at the time of her marriage. She was bright and pretty, fond of music and poetry, and 15 remarkable 17 for her power of inventing 18 the kind of tales that please children. Her new home was in the house of her mother-in-law, with whom she succeeded in living on the most friendly terms. Her husband loved her warmly, and she responded 19 to his feelings with sincere affection 20 and respect.

Goethe was their first-born child, and after him came his sister Cornelia, who was fifteen months younger than he. Several other children followed, but none of them lived long enough to influence Goethe. To his sister Cornelia 25 he was devoted, and as he grew older there were few things in the world so precious 20 to him as her love and sympathy. She was quiet, loyal and affectionate, and in her

¹⁰ Relative clause; use heißen. 11 as his mother was wealthy it was not necessary that he should. 12 Omit the article; 16, 1. 13 ben Titel Kaiserlicher Rat. 14 zu and the def. art. 15 verwenden. 16 auf and the def. art. 17 possessed a remarkable talent. 18 Infinitive with zu; 128, 4. 19 erwichern, with acc. 20 Relative clause.

^{*} pebantifc.

brother's youth no one a had as much control as she over his restless spirit.

Like 22 his mother, Goethe had brown hair and dark, lustrous eyes, the penetrating glance of which, from his child-5 hood to his old age, never failed to impress those who met He was a vigorous and active child, and at an early age 23 gave evidence of a highly imaginative temperament.24 His grandmother's house consisted of two old houses joined in one,25 and the thought of its dark passages and corners 10 often filled him with dismay in the night, and made sleep impossible.26 From a room in the back part of the house, where the children were allowed to 27 play in the summer, there was 28 a charming view, with wide gardens in the foreground, and, beyond the city walls, a fertile valley stretch-15 ing 29 toward Höchst. Goethe himself has described how he used to sit at the window of this room and watch thunderstorms and sunsets, and how the beautiful landscape. combined with the sight of children playing 29 in the gardens and the sound of balls rolling 30 and ninepins falling,30 20 often filled him with a feeling of si solitude and a vague longing.

The children spent much time with their old grandmother, who loved them dearly. On the last Christmas so before her death she delighted them by giving
25 them a small puppet-theatre, which was a source of amusement and instruction for them so for a long time. Soon
afterwards she died, and Goethe's father now carried out a
plan which he had long ago conceived, that of so rebuilding

²¹ niemand. 22 wie; 175, 2. 23 frühzeitig. 24 of a very active imagination. 25 mit einander. 26 so that he could not sleep. 27 dürfen; 100, 2. 28 one had. 29 Relative clause; 125, 2 30 Use the participle attributively; 124, 4 b. 31 Def. art. 32 Weihnachtsfest, n. 23 Dative. 24 viz. (nämtich) to rebuild; 128. 4.

the house to suit ³⁵ the wants of his family. The building was, under his direction, transformed into a handsome, convenient dwelling, with well-lighted ³⁶ and tastefully decorated rooms. He had an excellent collection of books, ³⁷ and they were now properly arranged in his study. His pictures, most ³⁶ of which were by Frankfort ³⁰ artists, were also brought together in a suitable room, and the walls of the passages were adorned with maps and engravings. He had brought back with him ⁴⁰ from Italy many fine pieces of Venetian glass, ⁴¹ bronzes, ancient weapons, and other ¹⁰ objects of art. ⁴² In the new house these treasures were put ⁴³ in cabinets, and no pains ⁴⁴ were spared to display them effectively. A room on the top floor, looking ⁴⁵ upon the street, was arranged for Wolfgang.

2,

15

While the house was being rebuilt, Goethe and his sister lived for some time with relatives, and it was during this period that he began to have some knowledge of his native city. As the town in which the emperors were elected and crowned, Frankfort held a prominent position among the free imperial cities of Germany. Within its old walls and gates it still retained, in its architecture and customs, many traces of the troubled, pictur-

³⁵ Insert et. 36 well-lighted, hell. 37 Compound; and it; 26, 1. 38 of which the most; 59, 7 b. 39 Franffurter, indeclinable adj. 40 mit surud-bringen; mit is used as an adverb; 209, 1 a. 41 The genitive may be used; 59, 6 a. 42 Compound. 43 auf-stellen. 44 Singular. 45 gehen auf, with acc.

^{2.}

¹ Finite verb; 124, 3 b. 2 Word-order ? 215, a. 3 begin to have some knowledge of, erst fennen lernen. 4 Als Wahl- und Krönungsstadt der deutschen Kaiser. 5 ein-nehmen. 6 unruhig.

esque life of the Middle Ages. Even in his childhood Goethe delighted to walk about? its quaint streets, and afterwards he made himself familiar with every legend and tradition which connected the town with the events of the past. He liked to see the gilt weathercock on the bridge of the Main gleam in the sunshine, and to watch the arrival of boats laden with goods for the market. On market days there was always a bustling lively crowd around St. Bartholomew's Church, and Goethe found to endless amusement in pushing his way through the throng and in observing the faces and manners of buyers and sellers. In later years he had an especially vivid recollection of the spring and autumn fairs, when the town was full of strangers, and serious business was associated with at all sorts of noisy popular entertainments.

The city hall, then as now called the Römer, had a strong fascination for Goethe. He never forgot his first visit to the great hall had in this building, where the emperors dined on the occasion of the coronation-festival. Here he saw the portraits of many of the old emperors, and what he heard of them called up before his imagination vivid pictures of the great events of formany's stirring splendid history. He examined with keen interest the Golden Bull of Charles IV., and this naturally led him to visit the grave of Günther von Schwarzburg, Charles rival, in St. Bartholomew's Church. Growing up among such associations, Goethe naturally acquired a decided taste for the study of history and antiquities.

The elder Goethe devoted 16 much attention and care to



⁷ Insert the preposition in. 8 Compound. 9 Relative clause. 10 Def. art. 11 Plural. 12 Masc. 18 Genitive. 14 bei Gelegenheit ber Krönungsfeierlichkeiten. 15 aus. 14 devote to, verwenden auf.

^{*} in.

the education of his children. He himself taught 17 them, but for special subjects he engaged private tutors, from whom Goethe and his sister received lessons in company with 18 the children of some neighboring families. Goethe's father and tutors were astonished at the ease and rapidity 5 with which he mastered the most difficult tasks. Nothing seemed to be too hard for him. It was often, however, a relief for him to escape from 19 his father's rigid discipline. and enjoy a short hour with his mother, who was ready to feed his imagination with tales of adventure in 20 fairyland. 10 He also read a good many books-among others, German translations of "Robinson Crusoe," and Lord Anson's "Voyage Round the World." Among his father's books were the works of Fleming, Canitz, Haller, Hagedorn, Gellert, and other German poets, and he found much in 15 them to awaken and foster his love of 22 poetry. Klopstock's "Messiah," the first three cantos of which 23 had been published the 24 year before Goethe's birth, was not thought to be 25 good enough for a place 26 in a select library; for Goethe's father, like many another critic of the eighteenth 20 century, held that rhyme was essential to 27 good poetry. Goethe and his sister were delighted to receive secretly the loan of a copy 28 from an old friend of the family, who regularly read it as a 29 devotional exercise once a year, 30 in 31 Passion week. They learned by heart some of the most 25 striking passages, which they often recited 32 to one another.33 One Saturday evening, while their father was be-



¹⁷ unterrichten. 18 in company with, zusammen mit. 19 Dative. 20 aus and the def. art. 21 earth. 22 zu and the def. art. 23 von; 59, 7 b. 24 ein. 25 was thought to be = was considered; 76, 2. 26 to find [a] vlace. 27 notwendig zu. 28 ein Eremplar als Darlehen. 29 Omit. 30 einmal im Sahr. 31 Def. art. 32 vor-beclamieren, with dat. of the person. 23 sich or einander? 30, 5 4.

ing shaved, they sat behind the stove and repeated in whispers a wild dialogue between Satan and Adramelech. Cornelia became more and more excited as the dialogue went on,* and, at last, forgetting her father's presence, tuttered in a loud voice the words: "How am I crushed!" The barber was so startled that he emptied his lather-basin so over the Herr Rat's breast. Strict inquiry was made, and Klopstock's epic was at once ignominiously banished from the house.

of greater influence on Goethe than any of the more finished works of literature he read at this early period, were the badly-printed folk-books, of which he bought and read a great number. Through these he became familiar with many a strange and romantic tale, among them possibly 15 the 35 story of Faust.

3.

About the time of his seventh birthday, the civilized world was stirred to to tis depths by the outbreak of the Seven Years' War. Goethe's maternal grandfather, Textor, so sided with the Austrians. His father, on the contrary, was an enthusiastic adherent of Frederick the Great, and would not listen to a word against his hero. This difference of opinion ted to serious family quarrels, and Goethe, who, of course, took his father's side, was astonished to hear the language used about the great Prussian king by his grandfather, for whose sayings he had always had unbounded reverence: A little more than two years after the begin-

²⁴ mit without the article. 25 Barbierbeden, n. 26 Use the indef. art. 27 make, an-stellen. 38 Repeat the preposition. 26 use the indef. art. 27 make, an-stellen. 38 Repeat the preposition. 26 use the indef. art. 27 make, an-stellen. 38 Repeat the preposition.

¹ erregen. 2 in. 3 Accusative. 4 Compound. 5 Relative clause; use führen. 6 a little more than, ctwas über.

ning of the struggle, the citizens of Frankfort became acquainted with some of the more disagreeable sides of war; for by an act of treachery on the part of the civic authorities, the French, the allies of Austria, were allowed 7 to occupy the city. To the horror of Goethe's father, he was 5 told 8 that he would 9 have to receive into his house a French officer, named 10 Thorane, for whom it was 11 necessary to provide good quarters. In vain the indignant councillor protested against this arrangement. The decision was final. and there was nothing left for him to do but 18 to give up 10 to the intruder the rooms of the second 18 floor, which he ad decorated and furnished with so much care and at 14 so great an expense. Count Thorane was a cultivated gentleman, with all the courtesy of his class, and he desired to cause as little annoyance 18 as possible to his host. He could 15 not, however, prevent the coming and going 16 of many persons who had to see him on 17 military business, 18 and the result was that the most orderly household in Frankfort was thrown into dire confusion. This was aggravated by the fact that Thorane, who was much pleased with some of 20 Herr Rat Goethe's pictures, invited a number of artists to ** the house to execute a large number of commissions for him, and Goethe's room had to be given up to them as a 21 studio. Frau Goethe, whose cheerfulness was not easily troubled, made the best of 22 unpleasant circumstances, 23 and tried to 25 mitigate some of the inconveniences of her position by **

⁷ bürsen; 100, 2. ⁸ mit-teilen, with dat. of the person; construction in the passive? 64. ⁹ Preterit subjunctive; 90, 1 a. ¹⁰ Namens. ¹¹ Indirect discourse. ¹² es blick ihm nichts anderes übrig als. ¹³ first. ¹⁴ mit. ¹⁵ Unbequemlichseit, f. ¹⁶ Neuter verbal noun in -en; 128, 2. ¹⁷ in. ¹⁸ Plu-al. ¹⁹ be thrown, geraten. ²⁰ in. ²¹ Omit. ²² made the best of a thing, etwas von der besten Seite auf-nehmen. ²³ Berhältnis, n. ²⁴ dadurch daß: 128, 6 a.

learning French; but her husband was irreconcilable, and became more and more embittered against the French in general, and against Count Thorane in particular.

Goethe, although sorry 25 for his father, was delighted on 5 his own account by the new turn of affairs. The monotony of life was broken 26 by a great excitement, and every day brought with it some fresh 27 and unexpected pleasure. His frankness, brightness, and geniality won Thorane's heart, and they became excellent friends. Goethe was 10 especially interested in the work of the artists who had taken possession of his room, and with their aid he began to practise 28 drawing, 16 in which he acquired considerable skill. He learned to speak French fluently and well, and was charmed to have an opportunity of hearing French 15 plays, many of which were now acted in Frankfort.

In 1761, after more than two years of almost constant irritation, Goethe's father got rid of his troublesome guests, but the French did not leave Frankfort until the end of the following year, when the Seven Years' War was almost at an end. Goethe's father celebrated the conclusion of the peace of Hubertsburg by presenting his wife with a golden snuffbox, on the lid of which was an allegorical picture of peace, set with diamonds. Goethe had often to go to the goldsmith to urge him to finish the work, and he often had long talks with the craftsman, who had much to tell him that was interesting to him. This was very characteristic of Goethe, who found almost any subject attractive when he could get information about it from some one familiar with its details.

Adapted from Sime's Life of Goethe.

²⁵ hs was sorry. 26 break, unterbrechen. 27 neu. 28 sich üben in. 29 erst cenen. 20 in. 31 seber. 22 Relative clause.

ENGLISH-GERMAN VOCABULARY

DESIGNED FOR ORDINARY PURPOSES OF GERMAN COMPOSITION; PREPARED TO ACCOMPANY "MATERIALS FOR GERMAN PROSE COMPOSITION"

BY

H. C. G. VON JAGEMANN

Professor of German in Harvard University



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EXPLANATIONS.

The references are to paragraphs of the author's 'Elements of German Syntax.' Beside the usual abbreviations, the following are used:

a. s. adjective used as a substantive; see 17, 2.

comps. in composition.

p. s. participle used as a substantive; see 17, 2.

pr. n. proper name.

An asterisk, after an adjective, indicates *Umlaut* in the comparative and superlative: alt*, comp. after, superl. after.

"Separable Compound Verbs" (226) are indicated by a hyphen: an-fangen, ich fing an, angefangen; but unternehmen, ich unternahm, unternommen.

Adverbs in -y are not given when they can be rendered by the uninflected form of the corresponding adjective; see 18, 3.

DECLENSION OF NOUNS.

- First (or strong) declension; genitive singular ends in set (or st); feminines remain unvaried in the singular.
 - a. No ending in the nominative plural; * indicates Umlaut: Bagen m I a; gen. Wagens, pl. Wagen.

Rlofter n I a*; gen. Wagens, pl. Wagen. Rlofter n I a*; gen. Klofters, pl. Rlöfter.

b. Nominative plural ends in =e; * indicates Umlaut: Jahr n I b; gen. Jahres, pl. Jahre.

Sohn m I b*; gen. Sohnes, pl. Söhne.

- c. Nominative plural ends in =er; Umlaut wherever possible:

 Mann m I c; gen. Mannes, pl. Männer.

 U. Second (or week) decleration: except the positive signal.
- II. Second (or weak) declension; except the nominative singular, all the cases end in =en (or =n); to this declension belong all feminines not marked I a or I b; they remain unvaried in the singular:

Anabe m II; gen. Knaben, pl. Knaben. Hoffnung f; gen. Hoffnung, pl. Hoffnungen.

VOCABULARY.

A.

abash v. verlegen machen; -od verlegen.

ability s. Fähigfeit f.

able a. fähig; be a. können (101); fähig fein, im Stanbe sein.

aboard adv. an Bord [a ship, eines Schiffes].

abode s. Wohnort m I b.

abol-ish v. ab-schaffen. -ition s. Abschaffung f.

about (143) adv. herum, umher; = near, in ber Rähe, hier herum, ba herum. — prep. um [... herum]; = in (on) or about, in (auf) ... umher; = of, über [acc.]; = concerning, mit Bezug auf [acc.] = nearly, ungefähr: a. a hundred ungefähr hundert; a. 3 o'clock ungefährum 3 Uhr; a. to go im Begriff zu gehen.

above (144) adv. oben; (direction)
nach oben, hinauf. — prep. über;
beside, außer; a. all things
vor allen Dingen; be above
a thing über etwas erhaben
fein.

abreast adv. in einer Reibe.

abridge v. ab-fürzen.

abroad adv. braußen; = in (into) foreign lands im (ins) Ausland.
 absen-ce s. Abwesenheit f. -t a. abwesenh.

absolute a. absolut; -ly adv. burchaus. -ution s. Absolution f; = forgiveness, Bergebung f -ve v. entbinden [from, von]; = forgive, vergeben [pers. dat.; thing, acc.].

absorb v. ein-saugen; — occupy, beschäftigen; — claim, in Anspruch nehmen; —od in thought in Gedanken vertieft.

absurd a. thöricht. -ity s. Thorheit f.

abyss 8. Abgrund m I b*.

accept v. an-nehmen. -ablo a. annehmbar. -ance s. Annahme f.

accompany v. begleiten.

accomplish v. aus-führen, ausrichten. -ment s. Ausführung f; = knowledge, Kenntnis f. I b.

accord s. Afford, m I b; = agreement, übereinstimmung f; = union, Eintracht, Einigseit f; with one a. einstimmig; of

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one's own a. aus eigenem Antriebe, freiwillig, von felbft. v. überein-ftimmen. Übereinstimmung f; in a. with your wish beinem Buniche gemäß. -ing to prep. nach. a. as conj. je nachdem. -ingly adv. alfo, baher, bemgemäß, folglich. accost v. an reden.

account s. = reckoning, bill, Rednung f; = report, Bericht m I b; on a. of wegen, um . . . (gen.) willen; on my a. meinetwegen, um meinetwillen; on his own a. um feiner felbft millen; on that a. beshalb, baber. -v. for Rechenschaft f. ab-legen [for, für]; = explain, erflaren [for, acc.].

accura-cy 8. Genauigfeit f. -te a. genau.

accus-ation s. Anflage f. -e v. anklagen, beschuldigen [of, gen.]. accustom, v. gewöhnen Ito, an w. acc.

ache s. Schmerz m I pl. II; Weh n I, pl. II; head-a. schmerz, Kopfweh, etc.; I have a head-a. ich habe Ropfichmerzen, ber Ropf thut mir meh. - v. schmerzen [acc.], weh thun [dat.]. achieve v. aus-richten, vollbringen.

-ment s. That f, Werf n I b.

acknowledge v. anertennen. -ment . Aneriennung f.

acorn s. Eichel f.

acquaint v. befannt machen; -ed befannt; be a. with tennen. adage s. Sprichwort n I c.

-ance s. Befanntschaft f; (person) Befannter p. s.

acquire v. erwerben, erlangen, geminnen; (a language, etc.) erlernen. -ment s. Erwerbung f; (ability gained) erworbene Fertigfeit f, Renntnis f.

acquisition s. Erwerbung f; (of a language, etc.) Erlernung f; = conquest, Eroberung f.

acquit v. frei-fprechen, los-fprechen; a. one's self [of] fich entledigen [gen.]; a. one's self well fich aut benehmen: = distinguish one's self, sich auszeichnen.

acre s. Morgen m I a.

across (145) adv. herüber, hinüber. - prep. jenfeit; (direction) über [... herüber, hinüber]; come across one begegnen [dat.], antreffen [acc.].

act s. Handlung, That f; (of a play) Att m I b, Aufzug m I b*; = law, Gefet n I b .- v. hanbeln; (in a play) spielen; (a play) fpielen, auf-führen; a. as if thun als ob. -ion s. Handlung, That f: = effect, Wirfung $f_i = \text{law-suit}$, Rlage $f_i - \text{ive}$ a. thatig; = lively, munter. -ivity s. Thatigfeit f. -or s. 'Schauspieler m I a. -ress 8. Schauspielerin f. -ual a. wirtlich.

acute a. icharf*, ipit; (angle) spit; (mind) scharffinnig. -ness 8. Schärfe f : Scharffinn m L

adapt v. an-paffen [to, dat.] -ed | adorn v. fcmuden. -ment Schmud p. passend [to, zu].

add v. hinzu-fügen [to, zu]; a. up abdieren.

address s. Anrebe f; (on a letter) Abresse f, Aufschrift f. - v. = speak to, an reben; (a letter) adreffieren; a. to richten an [acc.].

adher-e v. hangen, hangen bleiben [to, an]; = remain by, ans hangen [to, dat.]; a. to an opinion bei einer Meinung bleiben. -ent s. Anhänger m I a.

adieu interj. adieu; lebe mohl. - 8. Adieu n I, Lebewohl n I.

adjective 8. Abjeftip n I b., Gigenichaftswort n I c.

adjoin v. an-grenzen [to, an]; -ing room Nebenzimmer n I a.

adjourn v. [fich] bertagen.

administ-er v. verwalten. -ration s. Verwaltung f; = government, Regierung f.

admir-able a. bewundernsmürdig. -ation s. Bewunderung f. -e v. bewundern.

admission s. Bulaffung f; = confession, Zugeständnis n I b.

admit v. zu-lassen; = confess, gefteben. -tance s. Einlaß m I.

admon-ish v. ermahnen. -ition s. Ermahnung f

ado s. Lärm m I; Auffehen n I; without much (more) a. ohne viele (weitere) Umftanbe.

adopt v. aboptieren; -ed son Aboptiviohn m I b*.

adore v. an-beten.

m I, Zierat m I b.

adroit a. gefchickt, gewandt. -ness Geschidlichkeit f.

adult a. erwachsen. - n. Erwachfener p. 8.

advance v. intr. = go on, weitergehen; = press on, vor dringen. vor-ruden; = progress, fortichreiten, Fortichritte machen: = rise, steigen. - tr. = push forward, vor-rücken; = benefit beförbern; = pay in a. vorschießen. — s. = progress, Fortshritt m I b; = approach, Borrücken n I; = payment in a. Vorschuß m I b*; in a. [im] poraus.

advantage s. Borteil m I b. -ous a. vorteilhaft.

adventure s. Abenteuer n I a: tales of a. Märchen n I a. -er s. Abenteurer m I a. -ous a, abenteuerlich.

adverb s. Abverbium n I, plur, -ien; Umftandswort n I c.

advers-ary 8. Gegner m I a. -e a. widrig; = hostile, feindlich. -ity 8. Widerwärtigfeit f.

advertise v. an-zeigen. -ment s. Anzeige f.

advice s. Rat m I.

advis-able a. ratfam. -e v. raten (dat. pers.). -er s. Ratgeber, Berater m I a.

afar adv. fern, in ber Ferne; from a. von fern.

affair s. Angelegenheit, Sache f;

the whole a. fam. die ganze Geschichte.

affect v. = influence, wirken auf [acc.]; (injuriously) an-greifen; = move, bewegen, rühren. -ed p. p. = moved, gerührt; = full of affectation, geziert; = feigned, erheuchelt. -ion Juneigung, Liebe f [for, zu]. -ionate a. herzlich, liebevoll; = devoted, ergeben.

affirm v. = confirm, bestätigen; = assert, behaupten. -ation s. Bejahung, f; = confirmation Bestätigung f. -ative a. bejahenb.

afflict v. betrüben; = torment qualen. -ion s. Trübsal f.

afford v. geben, gewähren; I cannot afford it ich kann es mir nicht leiften.

afoot adv. ju Fuße; = going, im Gange.

afraid a. beforgt, bange; be afraid [of] fürchten [acc.], fich fürchten vor [dat.].

after (146) adv. nachher, barauf, später, hinterher. — prep. nach; — in accordance with nach, gemäß, zusolge; — with a verbal noun in -ing, use a subordinate clause introduced by: — conj. nachbem. —noon s. Nachmittag m I b. —ward[s] adv. nachher, später.

again adv. wieber, wieberum; = once more noch einmai; = back, jurüd; = moreover,

ferner; a. and a. immer wieber; as much a. noch einmal soviel.

-st (147) prep. gegen, wiber, entgegen.

age s. After n I a; old c. After, at an early a. frühzeitig; in the fiftieth year of his age im fünfzigsten Jahre seines Lebens; — time, Zeitalter n I a, Zeit f: the Middle-Ages das Mittelalter.—v. aftern; —d p. p. aft*; aged five fünf Jahre aft*; middle —d in mittleren Jahren.

aggravato v. verichlimmern. aghast *ad*v. erichrocen, entieht.

agil-e a. behend, gewandt. -ity s. Behendigleit, Gewandtheit f.

agitat-o v. bewegen, auf-regen.
-ation s. Aufregung f. -ator s
Agitator m I pl. II; Aufruhrflifter m I a.

ago adv. a year a. vor einem Jahre; it is long a. es ist lange her; I did it long a. ich habe es ichon lange gethan.

agree v. = harmonize, übereinfimmen; = come to an agreement [on], einig werden über [acc.]; (to a proposition) beifimmen [dat.]; (to a request) willsahren [dat.]; = be willing, bereit sein, sich bereit erstären.

-able a. = ready, bereit; = pleasant, angenehm. -ment übereinstimmungf; = contract, Absommen n I a, übereintunst f I b* [make, treffen].

aground adv. auf bem (ben) Grunb. ah interj. ah! ha! adh! — a interj. aha! ahead adv. vorwärts, voraus. aid s. Sulfe f, Beiftand m I; by the a. [of] mit Sülfe [gen.] v. helfen, bei-ftehen [dat. 65; **119**, 3]. aide-de-camp s. Abjutant m II. ail v. unwohl fein; what ails you? mas fehlt bir? aim s. Biel n I b; = purpose, Rived m I b; = intention, Abficht f; take aim at zielen auf [acc.] - v. a. at zielen auf [acc.]; = strive [for], ftreben, trachten [nach]. -less a. ziellos. air s. Suft $f I b^*$; breath of a. Lüftchen n I a; = melody, Melodie f; = mien, Miene f; = appearance, Aussehen n I. ajar adv. halb offen. alarm s. Marm m I b; = fear, Angst $f I b^* ... v = frighten,$ erichreden, in Furcht fegen. alas interj. ach! leiber! alight v. = settle, fich nieberlaffen; = dismount, ab-fteigen; = get out, aus-fleigen. alike adv. gleich. alive adv. lebenbig. all (36) a. and pron. all; = whole, gang; at a. überhaupt; not at a. gar nicht; all right ! gut ! schön ! recht fo! = entirely, ganz.

allegiance 8. Treue f.

Allegorie f.

allegor-ical a. allegorifc.

alley s. Allee f; = walk, Gang m I b*; = small street, Gäßchen n I c. alliance s. Bündnis n I b; Bund m T. allow v. = permit, erlauben [dat. 65]; he was allowed es murbe ihm erlaubt, er durfte (100); = admit, ju-geben; = let, laffen; = not grudge, gonnen. ally v. [fich] verbinden. - s. Berbündeter p. s. almond s. Manbel f. almost adv. fast, beinabe. alms s. Almojen n I a. alone a. and adv. allein; leave (let) alone allein (in Ruhe) laffen. along (149) adv. hin, bahin; her, baher: come along i fomm' mit. -prep. längs: entlang adv. aloud adv. laut. alphabet s. Alphabet n 1 b, Abe n I. Alps 8. Alpen pl. already adv. icon, bereits. also adv. auch, ebenfalls, gleichfalls. altar s. Altar m I b. alter v. [fich] anbern, [fich] veranbern. although (150) conj. obgleich, obicon, wenn auch. altogether adv. zusammen; wholly, ganz und gar. always adv. immer, ftets. amateur 8. Liebhaber m I a ; Dilettant m II. amaz-e v. erstaunen. -ing p. a.

erstaunlich. -ement s. Erftaunen.

ambassador e. Gefandter p. e. amber s. Bernftein m I. ambigu-ity s. 3meibeutigfeit f. -ous a. ameibeutig. ambiti-on s. Chrgeiz m I. -ous a. ebraeizia. ambush 8. Hinterhalt m I. -ed p. im hinterhalt liegenb. v. beffern, verbeffern. -ment s. Berbefferung f. -s s. Erfat m I [make, leiften]. America pr. n. Amerifa. -n a. amerifanisch. — s. Amerifaner m. Ia. amiable a. liebenswürdig. amicable a. freundichaftlich. amid, -st prep. mitten in; = among [mitten] unter. amiss a. and adv. verfehrt; = wrong, fibel, unrecht; take a. übel nehmen. among, -st prep. unter, zwischen; a. other things unter auberem; from a. aus [. . . beraus]. amorous a. verliebt. amount s. Betrag m I b*, Summe f. - v. a. to betragen [acc.], fich belaufen auf [acc.]. ample a. weit; = spacious, geräumig; = abundant, reichlich. amus-e v. unterhalten, bergnügen. -ement 8. Unterhaltung, Bergnugung f, Bergnugen n I a. -ing a. unterhaltend, ergötlich. ancestor s. Ahn, Borfahr m II. anchor s. Anter m I a. -v. antern. ancient a. alt*. and conj. unb.

anecdote s. Anefbote f. anew adv. von Neuem, auf's Rene. wieber. angel s. Engel m I a. ang-er s. Arger m I, Born m I .v. ärgern, zornig machen, ergurnen; easily -ed leicht erreg. bar. -ry a. ärgerlich, zornig. angle 8. Winfel m I a. - v. angeln for nachl. anguish s. Angst f I b*, Qual f. animal s. Tier n I b. ankle s. Anöchel m I a. announce v. an-fünbigen; = report, an-melden. -ment s. Anfündigung, Bekanntmachung f. annual a. jährlich. -ly adv. jebes Jahr, alle Jahre. anoint v. jalben. anonymous a. anonym. another. See other. answer s. Antwort f [make, geben; to, auf w. acc.]. - v. (a person) antworten, erwibern [dat.]; (a question, a letter) beantworten [acc.], antworten auf [acc.]; = correspond, entsprechen [to, dat.]: a. for, = give an account, Rede ftehen für, verantworten; = be responsible for, bürgen für. ant s. Ameife f. antechamber s. Borgimmer n I a. antiqu-e a. altertumlich. -itv Altertum n I c. anvil s. Ambok m I b. anxi-ety s. Angst f I b* [about, um]. -ous a. angfilich, bange.

any (37) a. and pron. ein, irgend | ein, irgend welch; not a. fein; = one as well as another, ir= gend ein [beliebiger], jeder [beliebige]; = every, jeder; a. more, noth mehr; not a. more, nicht mehr. -body, -one pron. irgend einer: = everybody, jebermann: not a. niemand. -thing pron. [irgend] etwas; = everything, alles; not a. nichts. -way adv. irgend wie; = under a. circumstances, auf alle Fälle. -where adv. irgendwo; not a. nirgenbe.

apart adv. bei Geite; für fich. -ment s. Gemach n I c; lodging, Wohnung f.

ape s. Affe m II. - v. nach-affen. apiece adv. [für] bas Stüd; [für] jebe Berfon.

avolog-ise v. fich entichulbigen, um Entschuldigung bitten [to, bei; for, wegen]. -y 8. Entichuldiauna f.

apothecary s. Apothefer m I a; -'s shop Apothete f.

appar-atus s. Apparat m I b. -el s. Rleidung f, Anzug m I b*.

appar-ent a. icheinbar, anicheinend; = visible, ersichtlich; = clear, deutlich, augenscheinlich. -ition 8. Ericheinung f.

appeal v. fich berufen [to, auf]; (law) appellieren [to, an]; = implore, fleben; = resort, greifen [to, zu].

appear v. erscheinen; = seem, April s. April m I.

icheinen, ericheinen: (on the stage, in court) aufetreten. -ance s. Erscheinung; = look, Anschein m I, Ansehen n I; = form, Gestalt f.

appease v. beruhigen; (hunger) ftillen.

appeti-te s. Appetit m I. -zing a. appetitlich.

applau-d v. applaudieren, flatichen; fig. Beifall geben, bei-ftimmen [dat.] -se s. Beifall m I.

apple s. Apfel m I a*.

apply v. tr. = put on, auf-legen; = use, gebrauchen; an-wenden [to, auf]; intr. = turn, sich wenden [to, an w. acc.]

appoint v. = designate, bestimmen, fest-sețen; (to a position) ernennen [au with def. art.; 76]; = equip, aus-rüsten. -ment s. (to a position) Ernennung f: = equipment, Ausrüftung, Einrichtung f; I made an a. with him ich traf eine Berabredung mit ihm.

appreciat-e v. ichaten, murbigen. -ion s. Würdigung f.

apprentice s. Lehrling m I b.

approach n. herannahen n I a ; Annäherung f .- v. [fich] nähern: (time) [heran=]nahen. -ing a. (time) bevorftehend.

appropriate a. zwedmäßig, paffend. approv-al s. Billigung f. -e v. billigen [of, acc.] apricot s. Apritofe f.

apron 8. Schürze f.

apropos adv. gelegen, paffend; a. of mit Bezug [auf w. acc.] — interj. apropos.

apt a. = clever, fähig, geschidt; = suitable, passenb; = inclined to geneigt.

arbor a. Laube f.

arch s. Bogen m I a; — vault, Gewölbe n I a. — v. [fich] wölben.

archbishop s. Erzbischof m I b*.

architect s. Baumeister m I a.

—ure s. Architektur f, Baukunst
f I b*.

area s. [Grund-]fläche f; (measure) Flächeninhalt m I.

argu-e v. disputieren über [acc.]; tr. erörtern; = try to prove, zu beweisen suchen. -ment s. = discussion, Streit, Wortstreit m I a; = reason, Beweisgrund m I a*; = contents, Inhalt m I, Abrihm I b.

aright adv. recht, richtig; place a. jurecht-setzen.

arise v. = get up, auf-stehen, sich erheben; = ascond, auf-steigen; = rebel, sich erheben, sich empören; = bogin, entstehen.

aristocracy s. Aristocratie f, Abel m I.

arm s. Arm m I b. -chair s. Lehnstuhl m I b*.

arm s. = weapon, Waffe f; coat of -s Wappen n I a. -v. be-waffnen. -our s. Rüftung f. -y s. Seer n I b, Armee f.

around (151) adv. [runb] herum.
— prep. um [. . . herum].

arouse v. = waken, [auf-] weden, erweden; = excite, auf-regen, erweden; = cause, verursachen.

arrange v. = put in order, ordnen, in Ordnung bringen; = fix upon, sest-setzen, bestimmen; (books) aus-stellen; = prepare ein-richten; (a seast) veranstalten. -ment s. Anordnung, Einrichtung f; = measure, Borschrung f; = agreement, Bergleich m I b, Übereinstunst f I b*; [make, treffen].

array v. fleiben; = adorn, ichmuden; = arrange, ordnen.

arrest s. Arreft m I, Berhaftung f.
-v. arretieren, verhaften.

arriv-al s. Anfunft f. -e v. anfommen, an-langen; fig. gelangen
[at, 3u.]

arrow s. Pfeil m I b.

art s. Kunst f I b*; work of a. Kunstwert n I b. -ful a. fünstlich; = sly, listig. -isice s. Kunsgriff m I b; = cunning, List f. -isicial a. fünstlich. -isan s. Handwerter m I a. -ist Künstler m I a. -istic[ally] a. fünstlerisch.

article s. Artitel m I a.

as (152) adv. and conj. wie, als; = so, so; as soon as subalb; as if, as though, als ob, als wenn; = when, als; = while, indem; = since, da; according as je nachbem; as yet noch; so as to is baß, with finite verb.

ascend v. hinauf-fteigen; tr. befteigen.

ash s. Eiche f.

ashes s. Aiche f. sing.

ashamed a. beschämt; be a. sich schämen [of, gen.]

ashoie adv. am (an's) Ufer, Land. Asia pr. n. Afien n I.

aside adv. feitmarts, beifeite; turn a. fich ab-wenden.

ask v. = question, fragen [about, nach]; = request bitten [for, um]: a. for a person fragen nach.

asleep adv. im Schlafe; be a. ichlafen; fall a. ein-schlafen.

aspect s. = sight, Anblid m I b; = look, Ansehen, Aussehen n I; = prospect, Aussicht f.

ass s. Efel m I a.

assassin s. Meuchelmörder m I a. -ate v. [meuchlings] ermorben. -ation s. Ermordung f.

assembl-e v. [fich] verfammeln. -y s. Berfammlung f.

assent s. Bustimmung f. - v. beiftimmen [dat.], billigen [acc.]

assert v. behaupten. -ion e. Behauptung f.

assist v. helfen, bei-fteben fin, bei; 119, 3]. -ance s. Sulfe f, Beistand m I. -ant s. Belfer m I a, Behülfe m II.

associat-ev. [fich] zu-gefellen [with, dat.], [fich] verbinden [mit]; = attack v. an-greifen. - s. Angriff have intercourse with, per-

tehren [with, mit]. - s. Genoffe, Rollege m II. -ion s. Berbinbung f, Berein m I b; pl. = surroundings, Umgebung f.

assum-e v. an-nehmen; = take upon one's self übernehmen. auf sich nehmen; = usurp, sich (dat.) an-maßen; = suppose, voraus-fegen. -ption 8. Übernahme f; Anmagung f; Boraussetzung f.

assur-ance s. Berficherung f: = confidence, Zuversicht f. -e v. ver-sichern [of, gen.]

astonish v. in Erftaunen feten, verwundern; be -ed erstaunen fat, über w. acc.] -ing a. erstaun. lich. -ment s. Erstaunen n I, Bermunberung f.

astray adv. irre; vom rechten Bege

asunder adv. auseinanber.

at (158) prep. an, bei, auf; at the house of bei; at Weimar in Weimar; at noon zu Mittag : at four o'clock um vier Uhr: wonder at fid munbern über [acc.]

atlas s. Atlas m I b.

atone v. bugen, fühnen.

attach v. = fasten, befestigen [to. an]; -ed. to, = devoted, ergeben [dat.]; = intimate, befreundet mit. -ment s. Anhanglichfeit f. [for, an w. acc.]; Reigung, Liebe f. [au].

mIb.

attain v. [to] erreichen, erlangen
[acc.] —ment s. Erlangung f;
— knowledge, Kenntnis f I b.
attempt v. versuchen. — s. Bersuch
m I b.

atten-d v.=accompany, begleiten;
= serve, bedienen; = treat,
behandeln; = bo present, beiwohnen [dat.]; (school, theatre) besuchen; = mind, achten
[to, auf w. acc.] -dance s.=
service, Bedienung f; = servants, Dienerschaft f, Gefolge n I
b; = presence, Besuch m I.
-dant s. Diener m I a, Begleiter
m I a. -tion s. Ausmerksamkeit
f. -tive a. ausmerksam.

attic s. Dachstube f.

attire v. kleiden; putzen. — s. Kleidung f; Putz m I.

attract v. an-ziehen. —ion s. Anziehung f; — that which —s, bas Anziehende. —ive a. anziehend.

auction s. Auftion, Bersteigerung f. audi-ble a. hörbar. -ence s. Audienz f; = hearers, Zuhörer pl. m I a.

August s. (month) August'; pr. n. Au'gust m I.

aunt s. Tante f.

Austria pr. n. Östreich n I. –n a. östreichisch. —s. Östreicher m I a. author s. Urheber m I a ; = writer, Berfasser, Schriftsteller, Dichter m I a. –itative a. bestimmt, entschieden. –ity s. Bollmacht f;

= influence, Macht, Gewalt f, Ansehen n I; pl. authorities Behörde f.

autobiography s. Autobiographie f. autumn s. Herbst m I b.

avaric-e s. Geiz m I. -ious a. geizig.

avenge v. rächen, also refl., on an w. dat. –r s. Rächer m I a.

avenue s. Gang m I b*; breite Strafe f.

average s. Durchichnitt [on the, im].

avers-e a. abgeneigt [to, dat.]
-ion s. Abneigung f. [gegen];
Abscheu m I [vor w. acc.]
avoid v. vermeiden.

avow v. gefteben, betennen.

await v. erwarten, warten auf [acc.]

awake a. wach. — v. (also – n) tr. weden, auf-weden; fig. erweden. intr. erwachen, auf-wachen.

award v. juserfennen. - s. Buersfennung f.

aware a. gewahr; be a. wiffen. away adv. weg, fort; = absent, abweiend.

aw-e s. Chrfurcht f, Schen f. -ful a. furchtbar.

awhile adv. eine Beit lang.

awkward a. ungeschickt. -ness s. Ungeschicklichkeit f.

awning s. Schutzdach n; window a. Marquise f.

axe s. Art f I b*.

B.

babbl-e v. schwaten. -ing a. geschwätig.

baby s. fleines Rind n I c; Säug- ling m I b.

bachelor s. Junggefelle m II.

back s. Rüden m I a; comps. Rüd-; b. part of a house Hinterhaus n I c. — adv. zurüd; b. and forth hin und her; the way b. Rüdweg m I b. —wards adv. rüdwärts.

bacon s. Spect m I.

bad a. schlecht, böse ; = unfortunate, übel, schlimm ; -ly off übel baran.

badger s. Dachs m I b.

bag s. (small) Beutel m I a, (large) Sad m I b*.

baggage s. Gepäc n I.

bail s. Bürgichaft f; (person) Bürge m II; give b. einen Bürgen stellen; go b. and — v. Bürgschaft leisten [für]. -iff s. Amtmann m I c.

bait s. Köber m I a, Lodspeise f. bake v. baden. –r s. Bäder m I a. –ry, s. Bäderei f.

balance s. Wage f; = rest, Überschuß m I b*. — v. wägen; = equal, auf-wiegen.

balcony s. Balkon m I, pl. -8. bald a. kahl. -ness s. Kahlheit f.

ball s. Ball m I b*; (of hard material, e. g. a bullet, or for bowling) Rugel f.

ballad 8. Ballade f.

balloon s. Ballon, Luftballon m I, pl. -6.

Baltic [Sea] s. Offfee f.

band s. Band n I c; b. of music Mufikcorps n I; b. of robbers Räuberbande f. –age s. Berband m I b*. — v. verbinden.

banish v. verbannen. -ment s. Berbannung f.

bank s. Ufer, Gestabe n I a; (commerce) Bant f. –er s. Bantier m I, pl. –8.

banner s. Banner n I a, Fahne f. banquet s. Festmahl n I b.

bapt-ism s. Taufe f. -ismal a. b. name Taufname m II. -ize v. taufen.

bar s. Stange f; = obstacle, Sinbernis n I b. — v. hinbern, ab-halten; = blook, sperren, vers sperren.

barbar-ian a. roh, ungesittet. — s. Barbar. —ous a. barbarisch. —y pr. n. die Berberei (3 d).

barber s. Barbier m I b; —shop Barbierstube f.

bare a. nackt, blog. -footed a. barfug.

bargain s. Handel m I; a [good] b. ein guter Kauf; into the b. in den Kauf. — v. handeln.

bark s. (of a tree) Rinde f.

bark v. bellen. — s. Gebell n I.

barley s. Gerfte f.

barn 8. Scheune f.

baron s. Baron m I b, Freiherr m II.

barrel s. Fag n I c.

barren a. unfructbar. barricade s. Barrifade ; Berichanjung f. - v. verbarritabieren, verichanzen. Bartholemew pr. n. Bartholomäus. niebrig, gemein. - 8. base a. Grundlage f. - v.aründen. -ment s. Fundament n I b; (story) Souterrain n I, pl. -8. -ness 8. Riedrigfeit, Gemeinheit f. bashful a. icuchtern, icheu. basin s. Beden n I a. bask v. fich marmen, fich fonnen. basket s. Rorb m I b*. bass s. Baf m I b*; -viol Bafgeige f. bat s. Flebermaus f I b*; (stick) Schlägel m I a. bath s. Bad n I c. -e v. baben. battle s. Schlacht f; -axe Schlacht. beil n I b ; -line Schlachtlinie f. - v. ftreiten, tampfen. bay s. Bucht f. -window Erfer m B. C. (before Christ) v. Chr. (vor Chrifti Geburt). be v. fein; = become, merben; = remain, bleiben; there is (are) es ist (find), es gibt (193 f.); I am to ich foll (104, 4); that is (means) das heißt; how are you? wie geht es bir? beach s. Strand m I, Ufer n I a. bead s. Berle f. beak s. Schnabel m I a*. beam s. Balten m I a = ray. Strahl m I, pl. II.

bean s. Bohne f.

bear s. Bär m II. bear v. tragen; = suffer, ertragen; (a child) gebären; he was born in 1806 er wurde im Jahre 1806 geboren; (a name) führen. -ing s. Haltung f, Benehmen n I. beard s. Bart m I b*. -ed a. bärtia. beast s. Tier n I b. ` beat v. schlagen; b. a thing into one j-m etw. ein-prügeln. beaut-iful a. schön. -y s. Schön. heit f. because (154) conj. weil. - b. of prep. wegen. beckon v. winten. become v. werben; = be changed into au ... werben; = suit, [gut] fteben [dat.] bed s. Bett n I, pl. II. -clothes. -ding s. Bettzeug n I b; (for an animal) Streu f. -room s. Schlafzimmer n I a. -stead s. Bettstelle f. -time s. Schlafenszeit f. bedeck v. schmücken. bee s. Biene f. -hive s. Bienenftod m I b*. beech s. Buche f. beef s. Rinbsleisch n I; roast b. Rinderbraten m I a. beer s. Bier n I b. beetle s. Käfer m I a. befall v. befallen [acc.], begegnen [dat.] before (155) adv. (place) porn; (motion) voran; (time) vorber,

früher, eber, icon. - prep. vor:

with a verbal noun in -ing, below (157) adv. unten; (direcuse a subordinate clause introduced by: - conj. ehe, pordem. bevor.

beg v. erbitten [acc.], bitten [um]; b. one's pardon jemand um Berzeihung bitten: (as a beggar) betteln intr. [um], erbetteln tr. -gar s. Bettler m I a.

begin v. an-fangen, beginnen: [reading, au lesen; 128, 3]. -ner s. Anfänger m I a. -ning s. Anfang m I a*.

beguile v. verloden, verleiten. behalf s. on b. [of] für, zum

Beften [gen.] behav-e v. handeln, fich betragen; well -ed artig, ill -ed unartig. -ior s. Betragen n I.

behead v. fopfen, enthaupten.

behind (156) adv. hinten; (direction) nach hinten. - prep. hinter. behold v. an-feben. - interj. fiebe

[bal! being s. Sein n I; (creature) Wesen n I a.

Belg-ian a. belgifch .- 8. Belgier m I a. -ium s. Belgien n I.

belie-f s. Glanbe m . (gen. -ens, -ve v. glauben [dat. pers.; in, an w. acc.]

Rlingel, Schelle f.

bellow v. bloten.

bellows s. Blasebalg m I b*.

belong v. gehören [to a person, dat.; to a thing, au].

beloved a. geliebt, teuer.

tion) nach unten, hinunter, berunter. - prep. unter.

belt s. Gürtel m I a.

bench s. Bauf f I b*.

bend v. [fich] biegen; = bow down [fich] beugen.

beneath. See below.

bene-factor s. Wohlthater m I a. -faction s. Wohlthat f. -fit s. Borteil m I b. Ruten m I a : be of b. and - v. nuten, helfen. -volence 8. Wohlthätigfeit f. -volent a. wohlthätig.

bent s. Neigung f.

bequeath v. vermachen.

bequest 8. Bermächtnis n I b.

berry 8. Beere f.

borth s. Roje f.

beseech v. tr. an-flehen sone for. einen um]; intr. fleben.

beside[-s] (158) prep. neben: = over and above, auger; with a verbal noun in -ing, use a subordinate clause introduced by außer baß. - adv. überbies. auferbem.

besiege v. belagern.

best a. superl. best; make the b. of it thun was man fann: get the best of, see better.

bestow v. erteilen, ichenten [upon. dat.]

bet s. Wet e. - v. metten.

betake v. refl. fich begeben.

b times adv. bei Beiten, zeitig. betrav v. verraten. -er s. Berrater

mIa.

betroth v. verloben; become -ed fich verloben [to, mit]. -al s. Berlobung f. better a. comp. beffer; get the b. (best) of die Oberhand gewinüber [acc.] - v. beffern, verbeffern. between adv. bazwischen.—prop. zwischen. beverage s. Getrant n I b. beware v. fich hüten [of, vor w.dat.] bewilder v. permirren. bewitch v. bezaubern. beyond (160) adv. barüber, weiter [hinaus]. - prep. jenfeits; (direction) über ... [hinaus]; = except, außer. Bible 8. Bibel f. bid v. = order, befehlen, gebieten [dat. pers. 66]; he was bidden es wurde ihm befohlen; = offer, bieten; = ask, bitten, ein-laden. bier s. Bahre f. big a. groß*. -ness s. Größe f. bile s. Galle f. bill s. (of a bird) Schnabel m I a^* ; = account, Rednung f; = proposed law, Gesetvorschlag m I b^* ; = bank-note, Banknote f, Raffenschein m I b. billow e. Woge, Welle f. bin 8. Raften m I a, Berichlag m I b*. bind v. binden [to, an w. acc.] birch s. Birte f. bird s. Bogel m I a*. birth s. Geburt f. -day s. Geburtstag m I b.

biscuit s. Zwiebad m I b*. bishop s. Bischof m I b*. bit s. Biffen m Ia; = small piece, Stud n I b, Studchen n I a. bite v. beißen; = sting, ftechen. bitter a bitter. -ly adv. bitterlich. -ness s. Bitterfeit f. black a. schwarz*. - v. schwärzen ; (boots) wichfen. -berry s. Brombeere f. -bird s. Amsel f. -board s. Schultafel f. -ing s. Wichfe f. -ness s. Schwärze f. -Sea s. bas Schwarze Dieer. -smith s. Schmied m I b. blade s. (of grass) Haim m I b; (of a knife) Rlinge f. blame s. Tabel m I a. - v. tabeln ; he is to b. for it er ist daran fould, dafür verantwortlich. blank a. weiß ; (paper) unbeschrieben; (verse) reimlos. -et s. Bettbede f. blaze s. Flamme f; Lichtschein m I a. - v. flammen, lobern ; = shine, glänzen. bleach v. bleichen. bleat v. blöfen. bleed v. bluten; b. to death verbluten. blend v. [fich] vermifchen. bless v. fegnen. -ing s. Segen m I a. blind a. blind .- v. blenden. -ness s. Blindheit f. bliss 8. Geligfeit f. blister e. Blafe f. block s. Block m I b*. - v. verfperren.

blonde a. blond.

blood s. Blut n I. -y q. blutig. bloom, blossom s. Blüte f. — v. blühen.

blot s. Fled, Aleds m I b. — v. intr. kecken. tr. beklecken; — blot out, löschen. —ter s. Löschblatt n I c. —ting paper s. Löschpapier n I b.

blow s. Schlag m I b*, Hieb m I b. blow v. blasen, wehen.

blue a. blau. — s. Blau, n I.

blunder s. Fehler, Schnitzer m I a. . . v. Fehler, Schnitzer machen.

blunt a. stumps; = not polite, ungeschliffen; = insensible, unempsinblich.

blush v. erröten. — s. Schamröte f. board s. Brett n I c; — eating, Essen n I; — committee, Ausjchuß m I b*; (of a ship) Bord m I; on b. (aboard) a ship an Bord eines Schisses; get on b. bas Schisses besteigen. v. — feedspeisen; (a ship) besteigen. boast v. sich rühmen [gen.]

boat n. Boot n I b, Rahn m I b*.

Bode (river) Bobe f. -Kessel id.

m. –Valley Bodethal n I.

bod-ily a. förperlich. —y s. Körper m I a, Leib n I c; dead b. Leich= nam m I b; b. horse Leibpferd n I b.

Bohemia s. Böhmen n I. -n a. böhmisch.

boil s. Beule. — v. tochen, sieden. — er s. Kessel m I a.

bold a. = brave, fühn, unerschroden; = not timid, fed, breift. bolster s. Polster n I a. — v. polstern.

bolt s. Bolzen m I a; (on a door) Riegel m I a.—v. (a door) verriegeln.

bond s. Band n I b; (for a debt) Schulbschein m I b.

bon-e s. Anochen m I a ; -s of the dead Gebeine n. pl. -y a. Inöchern.

bonnet s. Hut, Damenhut m I b*. book s. Buch n I c. — v. buchen, ein-schreiben. —binder s. Buch-binder m I a. —seller s. Buch-händler. —shelf s. Bücherbrett n I c. —shop s. Buchhandlung f. boot s. Stiefel m I a pl. also II. booty s. Beute f.

bore v. bohren. -r s. Bohrer m I a. borrow v. borgen. -er s. Borger m I a.

bosom s. Busen m I a.

botan-ist s. Botaniter m I a. -y s. Botanit f.

both (38) pron. beibe; b. and sowohl als auch.

bottle s. Flasche f.

bottom s. Boden m I a, Grund m I b*.

bough s. Zweig, Aft m I b*.

bound v. = jump, fpringen. - s. Sprung m I b*.

bound v. = border, tr. begrenzen; in r. grenzen [on, an w. acc.] -s, -ary s. Grenze f.

bouquet s. Strauß m I b*.

bow s. (salutation) Berbeugung f. — v. sich verbeugen, sich ver-

neigen [to, vor w. dat.]; -ed down niebergebeugt [with, von]. bow s. (weapon) Bogen m I a; (of a ship) Bug, Borberteil m I b. bowl s. Schüssel f, Napf m I b*. bowl v. fegein. -ing alley 8. Regelbabn f. box s. (small) Buchfe, Schachtel, Dofe f ; (large) Rifte f, Raften m I a. box s. (on the ear) Ohrfeige f. - v. [fich] boren. boy 8. Anabe m II; fam. Junge m II. -hood s. Anabenzeit f. brag v. prahlen [of, mit]. braid s. Borte f; (hair) Bopf m I b*. - v. flechten. brain[s] e. Gehirn n I b. brake s. (on a wheel) Bremse f branch s. Zweig m I b; (of a river) Arm m I b; (of science, business) Fac n I c. brandish v. ichwingen. brandy s. Branntwein, Cognac, m I. bran-new a. [funtel-] nagelneu. brass s. Messing n I. brave a. tapfer, brav. - v. trogen widerfteben [dat.] -ry f Tapferbreach s. Brud m I b*. bread s. Brot n I b. -room Brottammer f. breadth e. Breite, Beite f. break v. brechen ; b. in ein-brechen ;

b. out aus-brechen; b. through

intr.; b. [to pieces] gerbrechen. - n. Bruch m I b*. -fast v. frühftuden. - 8. Frühftud n Ib. breast s. Bruft f I b*; make a clean b. of it bas Berg aus-icuitten. breath s. Atem [out of, außer; hold, an-halten]; b. of air Luftchen n I a. -less a. atemlos. -e v. atmen. breed v. erzeugen ; (cattle) jüchten ; well bred wohlerzogen. -s. Aucht f; Schlag m I b*. -ing s. = education. Erziehung. Bildung f. breeze s. [frisches] Luftchen n I a. brew v brauen. -er s. Brauer m I a. -ery s. Brauerei f. bribe s. Gefchent n I b. - v. beftechen. -ery 8. Beftechung f. brick 8. Biegel m I a, Biegelstein m I b. bride s. Braut f I b*; (after marriage) Gemahlin f. -groom s. Bräutigam. bridge 8. Brüde f. bridle s. Zaum m I b*. — v. zaumen; fig. zügeln. brief a. fur;*. bright a. hell ; = shining, glanzend, flar ; (spirits) heiter, munter ; = clever, geicheut, aufgewectt; -colored hellglänzend, buntfarbig. -ness s. Glanz; (of mind) Beiterfeit, Munterfeit ; = cleverness, Klugheit. burchbrechen tr., burch-brechen brillian-cy 8. Glang. -t a. glangend. brim s. Rand. - v. über-fließen. bring v. bringen; = yield, einbringen : b. up, = educate, erzieben. brink s. Rand. brisk a. lebhaft. bristle s. Borfte. Britain pr. n. Britannien n I. brittle a. fprobe, zerbrechlich. broad a. breit ; (day) hell. Brocken pr. n. Broden m I. broil v. [auf bem Roft] braten. broker s. Mäfler m I a. bronze s. Bronze f. brook s. Bach m I b*. -let s. Bächlein n I a. broom s. Befen m I a. -stick s. Befenftiel m I b. broth s. Brühe f. brother s. Bruder m I a*. -hood 8. Brüderichaft f. -ly a. brüder: lid. brow s. Augenbraue f; = forehead, Stirn f. brown a. braun. bruise v. quetichen. - s. Quetichung f. Brunhilda pr. n. Brunhilde f, -ens, -en. -en. brush 8. Bürfte f. (paint) Binfel m I a .- v. bürften. brusque a. barich. -ness 8. Barich= heit f. brut-al a. tierifch, viehifch; = cruel, unmenichlich. -ality s. Robbeit f. -e s. Tier n I b, Bieh n I. bubble 8. Blafe. - v. mallen. buck s. Bod m I b*.

bucket s. Gimer m I a. buckle 8. Schnalle f. - v. fcnallen. bud 8. Rnospe f. - v. blühen. bug s. Räfer m I a. bugle s. Sorn n I c. -r s. Trompeter m I a. build v. bauen. -er s. Erbauer m I a; = architect, Baumeister m I a. -ing s. Gebäude n I a. bulk 8. Umfang m I, Maffe f. bull s. Stier m I b*; (document) Bulle f. bunch s. Beule f; (of keys) Bund m I b*; = bundle, Bündel n I a. bundle s. Bünbel n I a. burden s. Burbe, Laft f .- v. belasten. bureau 8. Rommode f; =office, Büreau n I, pl. -8. burglar s. Ginbrecher m I a. -y s. Einbruch m I b*. burgomaster s. Bürgermeifter m burial s. Begräbnis n I b. -ground s. Rirchhof m I b*. burn v. tr. brennen: - burn up, verbrennen. intr. perbrennen: (of a building) absbrennen. -ing glass 8. Brennglas n I c. burst v. berften, platen. bury v. begraben. -ing ground s. Rirchhof m I b*. bush s. Buich m I b*. bushel s. Scheffel m I a. business 8. Beschäft n I b : on b. in Beschäften; a fine piece of b. eine icone Beichichte. bustl-e s. Lärm m I, Getofe n I, Aufregung f. - v. fich regen, fich rühren. -ing p. geschäftig, unruhig.

tusy a. beschäftigt; — industrious, geschäftig, thätig. — v. beschäftigen.

out (161) prep. = except, außer, als; nothing but, nichts als; = only, nur. — conj. aber; after a negative, when the second excludes the first, sondern.

butcher s. Fleischer, Schlächter m I a. — v. schlachten.

butler 8. Rellermeister m I a. butter 8. Butter f.

button s. Knopf m I b*.—v. knöpfen; b. up, zu-knöpfen.

buy v. kaufen. —er s. Käufer m I a. buzz v. summen.

by (162) adv = near by, [bicht] dabei, [bicht] baneben, [bicht] baran; = past, vorbei, vorüber; -gone days vergangene Tage: by and by, bald, allmählich. prep. = near by, bei, an, neben; by Monday am (vor) Montag: = past, an, bei . . . vorbei, vorfiber; = by way of, über; by means of, burth: (agent) bon. burd; (author) von; = according to, nach; by the pound nach dem Bfund; older by ten years um zehn Jahre älter: with a verbal noun in -ing, substitute a subordinate clause introduced by indem, or baburch daß.

C.

cab s. Drojchte f. -man s. Drojchtentutscher m I a.

cabbage s. Rohl m I; head of c. Rohltopf m I b*.

cabin s. Hütte f; (on a vessel) Rajüte f. — et s. Rabinett n I b; — press, Schrant m I b*. — et maker s. Tijchler m I a.

cable s. Rabel n I a.

cackle v. gadern.

cage s. Räfig m I b. — v. ein-sperren. cake s. Ruchen.

calculate v. intr. rechnen; tr. berechnen —ion s. Berechnung f.
calendar s. Kalender m I a.
calf s. Kalb n I c; (of the log)

Wade f. calico s. Kattun m I b.

call v. = name, nennen, heißen; be -ed, heißen; -ed genannt, Namens, mit Namen; = cry, rusen [for, nach]; c. on, upon, = summon, auf-forbern; = challenge, heraus-forbern; = visit, besuchen [acc.], seinen] Besuch machen [bei]; c. for (to take away) ab-holen [wollen]. c. up hervor-rusen, (memory) wiederserweden; -s. Rus m I b; = visit, Besuch m I b. -ing s. Berus m I b.

calm a. ruhig. — v. beruhigen. — ness s. Ruhef.

camel s. Rameel n I b.

camp s. Lager n I a. -chair s.

Keldstuhl m I b*. — v. fich lagern. -aign s. Feldzug m I b*. can s. Ranne f. can v. fonnen (101). canal s. Ranal m I b*. canary-bird s. Ranarienvogel m I a*. cand-id a. aufrichtig, offen. -or 8. Aufrichtigfeit, Offenheit f. candle s. Licht n Ic. -stick s. Leuchter m I a. candy s. Buderwert n I. cane Rohr m I b; = stick, Spaaierstoct m I b*. cannon s. Ranone f. canter 8. Galopp. — v.galoppieren. canto s. Gefang m I b*. canton s. Bezirt m I b. canvas s. Segeltuch m I c. cap s. Müte f. cap-ability s. Kähigfeit f. -able a. fähig. -acious a. geräumig. -acity 8. Geräumigkeit f; = ability, Fähigfeit f; = character, Eigenschaft f. cape s. Mantelfragen m I a. cape s. = promontory, Borgebirge n I a, Rap m I, pl. -8. capital s. Rapital n I b; (city) Hauptstadt f I b*. capric-e s. Laune, Grille f -ious a. launenhaft, grillenhaft. capt-ain s. Anführer m I a; (army) Hauptmann m I, pl. -leute: (of a ship) Rapitan m I b. -ivate v. feffeln, für fich ein-nchmen. -ating o. feffelnd, reizend. -ivity s. Gefangenschaft f. -ure s. Ge=

fangennahme f; (of a place) Eroberung .- v. gefangen nehmen. car s. Karren, Wagen m I a; (railway) [Eisenbahn=]Wagen. card 8. Rarte f: at -s beim Rartenfpiel. cardinal a. hauptsächlichst, vornehmst.— s. Kardinal m I b*. care s. Sorge $f_i = \text{heed}$, Sorgfalt f; (of a patient) Pflege f; take c., = be cautious, vorsichtig fein: = see to, also take c. of, forgen für; = nurse, pflegen facc. or gen.] - v. forgen [for, für]; c. for, = like, Gefallen finben an [dat.], fich intereffieren für: I do not c. es ist mir gleichgültig, es liegt mir nichtsbaran: Ic. nothing about it ich befümmere mich nicht darum. -ful a. forgfältig. -fulness s. Sorgfalt f. -less a. nachlässig. -lessness s. Nachläsfiateit f career s. Laufbahn f; university c. akademische Laufbahn, (time) Univerfitätezeit f. caress s. Liebtofung f. - v. liebtofen. cargo s. Ladung f; ship's c. Schiffsladuna f carpenter s. Zimmermann m I c, pl. -leute. carpet s. Teppich m I b. carriage s. Wagen m I a. carrot s. Mohrrübe f. carry v. tragen : = drift, treiben: c. [to one] bringen [dat.]; c; away, = fetch, holen; c. off weg-tragen, meg-führen, = rob,

entführen; c. out hinaus-tragen; = execute, aus-führen. cart s. Rarren, Bagen m I a; cedar e. Ceber f. -load s. Wagenladung f .- v. cede v. ab=treten, über-laffen. ceiling s. Dece f. fahren. carve v. (meat) schneiben, tran-(wood) foniten ; hieren ; (stone) hauen. case s. (cover) Futteral n I b. case s. (circumstance) Fall m I b*; in c. im Falle, (conj.) falls. cash s. Raffe f; = ready money, bares Gelb n I c. - v. (pay) beachlen; (receive money) ein= mechfeln. -ier s. Raffierer m I a. cask s. Kaß n I c, Tonne f. -et s. Räftchen n I a. cast s. werfen ; (metal) gießen ; (anchor) aus-werfen. castle s. Schloß n I c, Burg f. cat s. Rate f. catch v. fangen. - 8. Kang m I b*. catech-ize s. tatechifieren. -ism s. Katechismus m I, pl. =en. catholic a. tatholisch. - s. Ratholif m II. -icism s. Ratholicismus m I. cattle s. Bieh n I. cauliflower s. Blumenfohl m I. cause 8. Urfache f. - v. verurfachen ; laffen (120). caut-ion s. Borficht f. - v. warnen [against, por w. dat.] -ious a. vorsichtig. caval-ier s. Ritter m I a. -ry s. Ravallerie, Reiterei f. cave, cavern s. Söhle f.

colebr-ate v. feiern ; -od a. berühmt. -ation s. Feier f. celery 8. Gellerie m I. cell s. Belle f. -ar s. Reller m I a. cement s. Cement m I b, Mörtel m Ia. cemetery s. Rirchhof, Friedhof m I b*, Gottesader m I a*. censure s. Tadel m I a. - v. tadeln [for, wegen]. centre s. Mittelpunkt; comps. Mittel=. century s. Jahrhundert n I b. ceremony 8. Feier f [no pl.], Feierlichfeit f. cert-ain a. ficher, gewiß; a c. eir gewiffer. -ainty 8. Gewißheit f -ificate s. Zeugnis n I b. -ify v. bezeugen [to, acc.] cess-ation s. Aufhören n I, Beendigung f. -ion s. Abtretung f. chain s, Rette f. - v. an-tetten. chair s. Stuhl m I b. chalk s. Rreibe f. - v. c. up anfreiben. chall-enge s. Berausforderung f. — v. [heraus=] fordern. chamber s. Rammer f. -lain s. Rämmerer m I a; Rammerherr mII. chamois 8. Gemfe f. champagne s. Champagner m I a. cease v. auf-horen [from, mit; champion s. Rampe; = defender,

playing, zu spielen; 128, 3.]

-less a. unaufhörlich.

Berteibiger ; = master, Meister, ber befre. - v. verteibigen. -ship 8. Berteidigung, Meifterfchaft f. chance s. Bufall m I b*, by c. jufällig; = opportunity, Gelegenheit f; = fortune, Glück n I. - v. geschehen; he -ed to be there er war zufällig [gerade] ba. chancel s. Chor m I b*. -lor s. Rangler. -lorship s. Rangleramt n I c.

chandelier s. Kronleuchter m I a. change v. = alter, [fich] anbern, [fich] veränbern ; = transform, [sich] verwandeln; = exchange, tauschen, vertauschen; (money, clothes) wechseln. - s. Beränderung f, Bechsel m I a; = small money, Rleingelb n I. -able a. veränderlich.

channel s. Ranal m I b*.

chap s. Buriche m II, Reri m I b. chap-el s. Rapelle f. -lain s. Rabellan m I b*.

chapter s. Rapitel n I a.

character s. Charafter m I b. -ise charatterifieren. -istic charafteristisch, bezeichnend [of,

charcoal s. Solzioble f. -burner s. Röhler m I a.

charge v. belaben; (a gun) laben; beauftragen, = entrust, trauen ; = command, befehlen ; = enjoin, an-befehlen; = accuse, an-flagen, beschuldigen [with, gen.]; = credit, buchen; = at- | cheek s. Bade, Wange f.

= trust, Auftrag m I b*; = care, Pflege f; = command, Befehl m I b; = cost, Preis m I b; = attack, Angriff m I b. -r s. (horse) Schlachtroß m I b.

chariot s. Wagen m I a.

charit-able a. wohlthätig. -y s. Milbthätigfeit f ; = alms, milbe Sabe f; (institution) milbe Stiftung f.

Charles pr. n. Rarl m I.

charm s. Bauber m I a. - v. bejaubern, beheren ; fig. bezaubern, entzüden ; = attract, feffeln. -er s. Zauberer m I a. -ing a. entzückenb.

chart s. Karte f. -er s. Urfunde f. - v. privilegieren ; = hire, mie-

chase s. Jagd f [for, nach, auf w. acc.] - v. jagen.

chasm s. Rluft f I b*; Schlund m I b*.

chast-e a. teufch. -ise v. züchtigen. -isement s. Büchtigung f. -ity s. Reuschheit f.

chat v. plaudern. - 8. Gefprach n I b. -ter v. schwazen; (teeth) flabbern.

chattel s. bewegliches But n I c. cheap a. billig. -ness s. Billigfeitf. cheat v. betrügen, - s. Betrug m I. check s. = hindrance, Sinbernis n I b ; = ticket, Marte, Rarte f. - v. hemmen; = control, zähmen, bandigen.

tack, an-greifen. — s. Ladung f. | cheer s. = galety, Fröhlichkeir f;

be of good c. guter Dinge fein ; (cry) Freudenruf m I b. - v. Bivat . rufen; hurra rufen : -[up] tr. ermuntern, erheitern ; intr. Mut faffen. -ful a. heiter, fröhlich, munter. -fulness 8. Bei= terfeit f, Frohmut m I.

cheese s. Raje m I a.

chem-ical a. chemisch. -cals s. Chemikalien pl. -ist 8. Chemifer m I a. -istry 8. Chemie f. cheque s. Bankanweisung f. cherish v. järtlich behandeln; ==

preserve, bewahren; = foster, hegen.

cherry s. Kirsche f. -tree s. Kirsch= baum m I b*.

chess s. Schach n I.

chest s. Raften m I a, Rifte f; (breast) Bruft f.

chestnut s. Rastanie f.

chew v. fauen.

chicken 8. Hühnchen, Rüchlein n Ιa.

chief s. Saupt n I c; = leader, Anführer m I a, (of a tribe) Bäuptling m I b. — a. höchft, vornehmst, erst; (principal) haupt= săchlichst, wichtigst; c. reason Hauptgrund m I b*; c. commander Oberbefehlshaber m I a. -ly adv. hauptfächlich.

child z. Rind n I c; from a c. von Rindheit auf (an). -hood s. Rindheit f. -ish a. kindisch. -like a. findlich.

chill s. Ralte f; = shiver, Fieberfrost m I b*; = shudder, [falter] | cider s. Most m I.

Schauer m I a. –iness s. Kälte f. -y a. talt*.

chime s. Glode f.—v. (the hours) [an-]schlagen; c. in ein-ftimmen [in, in], fig. bei-ftimmen [dat.] chimney s. Schornstein m I b ; = fire-place, Ramin m I b; (lamp) Cylinder m I a.

chin s. Kinn n I b.

china s. Porzellan n I b.

chip s. Schnitel m I a, Span m I b*. chirp v. zwitichern.

chisel s. Meißel m I a.

chival-rous a. ritterlich. -ry s. Ritterlichkeit f.

chocolate s. Chofolade f.

choice s. Wahl f. - a. auserlesen, vorzüglich.

choir s. Chor m I b*.

choke v. erftiden.

choose v. mählen [leader, jum Anführer: 76]; chosen a. auser= wählt.

Christ pr. n. Christus, -i, -o, -um; before C. vor Christi Geburt. -endom s. Christenheit f. -ian a. christlich. — s. Christ m II. -ianity s. Christentum n I. -ianize v. [jum Chriftentum] befehren. -mas e. Weihnachten f. pl. [at, zu; for, auf]; comps Weihnachts-.

chuckle v. kichern.

church s. Rirchef [to, jur, in bie; at, in ber]. -service 8. Gotte8bienft m I b. -yard s. Rirchhof m I b*.

cigar s. Eigarre f.
cipher s. Null f. — v. rechnen.
circ-le s. Kreis m I b. — uit s.
Kreislauf m I b*. — uitous a.
weitschweifig; c. way Umweg
m I b. — ular a. freissörmig,
rund. — ulate v. intr. um-lausen;
(money) im Umlauf sein. tr. in
Umlauf sezen; (a rumor) verbreiten. — ulating a. c. library
Leihbibliothef f. — ulation s. Umlauf m I b*.

circum-ference s. Umfreis m I b.
-stance s. Umftand m I b*.
-stantial a. umftändlich. -vent
v. überlisten.

cit-izen s. Bürger m I a. —izenship s. Bürgerrecht n I. —y s. Stadt f I b*; the c. of Rome bie Stadt Rom, 59, 2; —hall Rathaus n I c.

civ-ic a. bürgerlich, Bürger-. —il a. bürgerlich, Bürger-; — polite, höflich. —ilian s. Civilift m II. —ility s. Höflichleit, Artigleit f. —ilization s. Civilifation, Kultur f. —ilizo v. civilifieren.

clad a. getleibet; = covered, bebedt.

claim s. Anspruch m I b* [to, auf w. acc.; lay, machen] — v. beans spruchen, in Anspruch nehmen.

clamor, s. Gefchrei n I .- v. fchreien [for, nach].

clan s. Stamm m I b*.
clang s. Klang m I b*, Schall m I.
clap v. Klappen, Klatschen.
claret s. Kotwein m I b.

clash v. zusammen-schlagen.

clasp v. = embrace, umfassen. —
s. c. of the hands Händebruck m I.
class s. Alassef; (society) Stand
m I b*. -ic[al] a. tlasses, -ic
s. Alasset m I a. -ify v. tlassesser.

clatter v. flappern. — s. Geflapper n I.

clause s. Alausel f; (of a sentence) Sațieil m I b; subordinate c. Nebensaț m I b*.

claw s. Rlaue f. clay s. Thon m I.

clean a. rein; = clear, klar. — v. reinigen. —liness s. Reinlichkeit f. —ly a. reinlich. —ness s. Sauberkeit f.

clear a. Kar; = pure, rein; = evldent, beutlich. — v. Karen; = clean, reinigen, fäubern; (a forest) lichten; = free, befreien; c. up auf-Kären, erkären.

clemen-cy s. Gnade f. –t a. gnädig.
cler-gy s. Geistlichkeit f. –gyman
s. Geistlicher a. s. –ical a. geistlich. , –k s. = scribe, Schreiber
m I a; (in business) Kommis
m (indecl.), Handlungsgehilse
m II.

clever a. geschickt, gewandt. -ness s. Geschicklichkeit, Gewandtheit f. cliff s. Klippe f.

climate s. Klima n I, pl. –te.

climb v. intr. flettern, klimmen; tr. erklettern, erklimmen.

cling v. sich sest-halten [to, an w. dat.]

cloak a. Pluntel m I a*.

clock s. Uhr; what o'clock wieviel Uhr: at six o'clock um sechs Uhr (153, 6).cloister s. Rloster n I a*. close a. = shut, verichloffen; = silent, verschwiegen, verschloffen; = exact, genau; = parsimonifparfam, geizig; (air) ous. schwill, bumpf; = near, eng, c. to [dicht] neben, an, bei; -ly, (approach) bidt, (look, examine) genau, nabe. - v. fcliegen. - 8. Schlufim Ib*. -ts. Clofet n Ib. cloth s. Tuch n I c. -e v. fleiben. befleiden. -es pl. Rleiber n. pl. -ing s. Rleidung f; Rleider n. pl. cloud s. Wolte f. - v. bewölfen. -y a. bewölft, wolfig; (day)trüb. clover s. Rice m I. clown s. Hanswurst m I b. club s. Reule f; (society) [geichlof= sene] Gesellschaft f. - v. c. togother aufammen-fleuern. clumsy a. ungeschickt, plump. cluster s. Buschel m I a, Traube f. clutch s. Griff m I b := claw, Rlaue f. - v. pacten. coach s. Rutiche f, Wagen m I a. -man e. Ruticher m I a. -wheel Autschenrad, Wagenrad n I c. coal s. Roble f. coarse a. grob, roh, gemein. -ness f. Rohheit, Gemeinheit f. coast s. Rüste f; the c. is clear die Luft ist rein. coat s. Rod m I b*; c. of arms Wappen n I a.

coax v. schmeicheln. cobweb 8. Spinnengewebe n I a. cobble v. fliden. -r s. Schuhflider. m I a. cock s. Sahn m I b*. -s feather Bahnenfeder J. cocoa s. Rafao m I. code s. Coder m I, pl. -ices. coffee s. Raffee m I. coffin s. Sarg m I b*. cogen-cy 8. zwingende Kraft f; -t a. zwingend. cognate a. verwandt. cogni-tion s. Erfenntnis f. -zance s. take c. of Notiz nehmen von. coheren-cy s. Zusammenhang m I. -t a. zusammenhängend. coil s. Windung f.— v. [fich] winden. coin s. Münze f. — v. münzen. coincid-e v. zusammen-treffen ; = agree, überein-flimmen. 8. Zusammentreffen n I a ; Übereinstimmung f. cold a. falt *; be c. frieren. - s. Kälte f; (illness) Erkältung f; c. in the head Schnupfen m I a; catch c. fich erfalten. -ness s. Ralte f. collapse s. Zusammenfall m I. - v. aufammen-brechen, ausammenfallen. collar s Rragen m I a. colleague s. Rollege m II. collect v. [fich] sammein. Sammlung f. -or e. Sammler college s. Rollegium n pl. -iene (university) Univerfität f.

col-lide v. zusammen-stoßen. —lision s. Zusammenhoß m I b*.
colonel s. Oberst m II.
colon-ial a. Kolonial-. —ist s. Anssiedler m I a, Kolonist m II.
—isation s. Kolonistion f. —y
s. Kolonie, Ansiedlung f.
colonnade s. Säulengang m 2 b*.
color s. Farbe f. — v. särben. —ed
a. sarbig; many—bunt.
colossal a. tolossal, ungeheuer.
colt s. Füllen, Fohlen n I a.
column s. Säule f.
comb s. Kamm m I b*. — v. tämmen.
combat s. Kamps m I b*. — v. intr.

tämpfen, streiten. tr. bekämpfen, bestreiten. combin-ation s. Berbinbung f. -e

v. [sich] verbinden. come v. fommen; c. and go, aus-

und ein-gehen.

com-edian v. = actor, Schauspieler m I a. Komödiant m II; =

comic actor, Komiler m I a.

-edy s. Komödie f, Lustspiel n

I b. —ic a. komisch.

comfort v. tröften. — s. Troft m I; = ease, Bequemlichfeit; (pleasant thing) Annehmlichfeit f. -able a. bequem, behaglich; I am c. ich fühle mich behaglich.

command v. befehlen, gebieten [dat. pers.; 66]; = be in c. of, befehligen. — s. Befehl m I b. —er s. Befehlshaber m I a. —ing a. gebieterisch. —ment s. Gebot n I b. commence v. an-sangen, beginnen

[reading, zu lesen; 128, 3].
-ment s. Anfang m I b*.

cammend v. empfehlen; = praise, rühmen, loben. -able a. löblich. -atory a. lobend, Lob..

comment v. Bemerkungen machen [on, über w. acc.]—s. Bemerkung f. —ary s. Kommentar n I b. —ator s. Kommentator m I, pl. II. commerc—e s. Handel. —ial a. Handels.

commission s. Kommission f; = order, Auftrag m I b*. — v. beauftragen.

commit v. begehen; = entrust, anvertrauen. -tee s. Ausschuß m I b*; Komitee n I, pl. -6. common a. gemein; = general, algemein; = in o., gemeinsam; have in c. gemein haben; = usual, vulgar, gemein, gewöhnlich; c. place Gemeinplatz m I b*; c. sense gesunder Menschenerstand. -ly adv. gewöhnlich.

communi-cate v. mit-teilen. —cation s. Mitteilung f. —cative a. mitteilsam. —ty s. Gemeinde f; Staat m I, pl. II.

compact s. Bertrag m I b*.

compan-ion s. Gefährte m II, -in f; = escort, Begleiter m I a. -y s. Gesellschaft f.

compar-ative a. vergleichenb; —ly adv. verhältnißmäßig. — s. Komparativ m I b. —e v. vergleichen [to, mit]. —ison s. Bergleich m I b; (of adjectives) Steigerung f.

compartment s. Abteilung f; Zimmer n I a.

compass s. Kompaß m I b; = range, Umfang, Umfreiß m I; -es, pl. Zirfel m I a.

compassion s. Mitleid n I [for, mit]. -ate a. mitleidig.

compatible a. verträglich; be c.

with sich vereinbaren lassen mit.

compel v. zwingen; be — ed gezwungen werden (sein), müssen;

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compensate v. Erfat leisten [dat. and sür]. —ion s. Erfat m I. complain v. klagen, sich beklagen [oc., über w. acc.], beklagen [acc.] —t s. Klage f.

complet-e a. vollständig; (number)
vollzählig; — entire, ganz; —
finished, vollendet; — perfect,
volltommen. — v. vollenden; vervollständigen. — ion s. Bollendung f.

complexion s. Hautfarbe f. complicate s. verwickeln.

compliment s. Kompliment n I b [pay, machen]. — v. Komplimente machen [on, über w. acc.]; = congratulate, beglückwünschen [on, zu]. — ary a. lobend; = polite, höslick.

comply v. willfahren, (-te, ge-t), nach-geben [with, dat.]

compose v. zusammen-setzen; (musie) componieren; (poetry) dichten; (type) setzen; — quiet, beruhigen, rest. sich sassens — ed a. gesat; — make up, aus-ma-

chen, be -ed of bestehen aus. -er s. (poet) Dichter m I a · (musician) Komponist m II. -ition s. Zusammensetzung f; (poem) Dichtung f; (music) Komposition f; (theme) Aussatz m I d*. -ure s. Fassung f.

compound v. jusammen-feten.

comprehen-d v. fassen, begreisen.

-sible a. verständlich, sasslich.

-sion s. Berständnis n I. -sive.
a. umsassenb.

comprise v. ein-schließen.
compuls-ion s. Zwang m I. —ory
a. zwingend; Zwangs-.
comrade s. Kamerad m II.

conceal v. verbergen, verhehlen.
-ment s. Berhehlung f; (place)
Bersted m I b.

concede v. ein-räumen; zu-geben.
concei-t s. Ibee f, Gebanke m II,
gen. -ens; strange c. sonberbarer Einsall m I b*; (solf c.)
Einbildung f.-ted a. eingebilbet,
eitel. -tedness s. Dünkel m I,
Eitelkeit f. -vable a. benkbar
-ve v. = imagine, sich (dat.)
vor-stellen, sich (dat.) benken; (a
project) sassen.

concern v. betreffen, an-gehen; —
move, bewegen; c. one's self
be – ed about fich befümmern;
I am –ed in this dies betrifft
mich, geht mich an; as far as I
am –ed was mich betrifft, angeht,
—s. Interesse n I, pl. II, Anteil
m I; — affair, Angelegenheit,

Sache f; = care, Sorge f. -ing p. in Betreff, betreffe [gen.] concert s. Ronzert n I b. concession s. Zugeständnis n I b. conciliate v. verföhnen. concise a. furz*, bünbig. conclu-de v. schließen; = resolve, beschließen. -sion s. Schluß m I b*. -sive a. entscheibenb. concord s. Gintracht f. -ance s. Übereinstimmung f. condemn v. verurteilen. adition s. Bedingung f (make, stellen); = state, lage f; = circumstance, Umstand m I b*. conduct s. Kührung, Leitung f : == behavior, Betragen n I, Aufführung f. - v. leiten, führen ; reft. fich betragen, auf-führen. cone s. Regel; fir-c. Tannengapfen m I a. confeder-acy s. Bund m I b. -ate a. perhündet. -ation s. Bundnis n I b, Bund m I b. confer v. erteilen, verleihen [upon, dat.]; = consult, fich beratschlagen (-te, -t). -ence 8. Berhandlung, Beratung f. confess v. betennen, gestehen. -ion s. Geständnis n I b. confid-ant s. Bertrauter a. s. -e v. an-vertrauen; c. in sich verlasfen auf [acc.] -ence s. Bertrauen n I a. -ent a. vertrauend, zuverfichtlich. -ential a. vertraulich. confine v. ein-schränken; (in prison) gefangen halten; c. to beschränken auf [acc.]; be -d fich beichran-

ten; be -ed to the house an das Haus gebunden sein. —**ment** s. Gefangenschaft f. confirm v. bestätigen, befraftigen ; (as a Christian) tonfirmieren. confiscate v. in Beichlag nehmen, ein-ziehen. conflict s. Rampf m I b*. Streit m I b .- v. ftreiten. -ing a. fich wiberftreitenb; entgegengefett. conform v. fich fügen [to, dat.] -ity s. Übereinstimmung f; in c. with gemäß [dat.; 137, 2]. confound v. vermechfeln, vermifchen. confus-e v. verwirren. -ion s. Berwirrung f. congratulat-e v. beglüdwünschen [acc.], Glud munichen, gratulieren [dat.; upon, zu]. -ion s. Glüdwunsch m I b*. congress s. Rongreß m I b. conjugal a. ehelich, Che-. conjur-ation s. Beschwörung f; -e v. beidworen. -er s. Beidworer; Zauberer m I a. connect v. verbinden; be -ed zufammen-hängen. -ed a. zufammenhangend. -ion 8. Berbindung f; = coherence, β ujam= menhang m I; = relationship, Berwandtschaft $f_i = \text{relative}$, Bermandter a. s. con-quer v. (an enemy) besiegen; (a place, a country) erobern. -queror s. Sieger, Eroberer m I a. -quest s. Eroberung f.

consci-ence 8. Gewissen n I a.

-entious a gewissenhaft. -ous

a. bewußt; bo c. of sich (dat.) bewußt sein [gen.] —ousness s. Bewußtsein n I.

consecrat-e v. weihen. -ion s. Einweihung f.

consent v. ein-willigen [to, in w. acc.] — s. Einwilligung f.

consequen-ce s. Holge f; in c. [of infolge [gen.] -tly adv. folglich. consider v. erwägen, über [acc.] nach-benken; c. [as] für . . . hal-

ten (76, 2). -able a. beträchtlich. -ate a. rüdfücktsvoll. -ation s. Erwägung; take into c. in E. ziehen. -ing p. prep. in Anbetracht [gen.]

consist v. bestehen [of, aus; in, in].
-ency s. Konsequenz f. -ent a.

tonfequent.

consol-ation s. Troft m I, pl. Trofts gründe. —e v. tröften.

conspicuous a. in die Augen fallend. conspir-acy s. Berschwörung f. -ator s. Berschwörer m I a. —e v. sich verschwören.

constan-cy s. Beständigkeit f. -t a. beständig.

construct v. konstruieren. -ion s. Konstruktion f.

consul s. Konful m I, pl. -8. -ar a. fonfularisch. -t v. um Rat fragen. -tation s. Beratung f.

contact s. Berührung f.

contag-ion s. Anstedung f. -ious a. anstedend.

contain v. enthalten; refl. sich halten. contemplate v. betrachten. —ion s. Betrachtung. —ive a. beschaulich.

contemporary a. gleichzeitig. - s. Beitgenoffe m II.

contempt s. Berachtung f. —ible,
—uous a. verächtlich.

conten-d v. streiten [for, um]. -tion s. Streit m I b.

content a. zufrieben.—v. befriebigen; —od zufrieben. —ment s. Zufriebenheit f. —s s. pl. Inhalt m I.

contest s. Streit [for, um]. — v. bestreiten.

context s. Zusammenhang m I. continent s. Festland n I c.

continu-al s. fortwährend, unaufhörlich. —ation s. Fortsetzung f; —succession, Fortbauer f. —e v. tr. fort-setzen; intr. fort-sahren [speaking, to speak, zu sprechen; 128, 3]. —uous a. zusammenhängend; — incessant, fortwährend, ununterbrochen.

contradict widersprechen [dat.]
-ion s. Widerspruch m I b*.

contract s. Vertrag m I b*.—v. zusammen-ziehen; = conclude, schließen.

contrary a. entgegengeset; = unfavorable, ungünstig, widrig, [to, dat.] — s. Gegenteil n I b [on the, im].

contrast s. Gegensat m I b*. — v. tr. entgegen-stellen [with, dat.] intr. ab-stechen [with, gegen].

contribut—e v. bei-tragen. —ion s. Beitrag m I b*. —or s. Mitarbeiter m I a [to a paper, an einer Zeitung]. contriv-ance s. Borrichtung f. -e | co-operate v. mit-wirken. v. = invent, erfinden; = arrange, veranstalten; = to make possible, möglich machen; he -ed to escape es gelang ihm au entfommen, 128, 3 b.

control s. Controlle f := power, Macht [über w. acc.], Ginfluß [auf w. acc.] - v. controllieren; = check, Einhalt thun [dat.]; = govern. gebieten $\lceil dat. \rceil$ herrichen [über, w. acc]; =. overcome, bezwingen.

convalesce v. genesen. -nt 8. Genefender p. s.

conven-e v. = come together, aufammen-fommen; = call together, zusammen-berufen. -ience s. Bequemlichfeit $f_i = \text{convenient}$ arrangement, bequeme Ginrichtung f. -ient a. bequem. -tion s. Zusammentunft f I b*; = assembly, Berfammlung f. -tional a. hertommlich.

conver-sation s. Gespräch n I b, Unterhaltung f. -se v. sich unterhalten. -sion s. Umwandelung f. (religious) Bekehrung f. -t v. um-wandeln; befehren.

convict v. überführen. - 8. Berbrecher m I a. -ion s. Überführung: = firm belief, Überzeugung f.

convince v. fiberzeugen.

cook s. Roch m I b*; Röchin f. - v. tochen.

cool a. fühl. - v. fühlen. Rüble f.

copious a. reichlich.

copper s. Rupfer n I. copy s. Copie f; (writing) Ab-

schrift f; (of a book) Eremplar n I b. - v. copieren, ab-fchreiben. -book s. Schreibbuch n I c. -right s. Berlagsrecht n I b.

cord s. Schnur f.

cordial a. heralich. -ity f. Berglichkeit f.

core s. Rern m I b; to the c. burch und durch.

cork s. Rorl m I b. - v. perforten. corn s. Sorn $n \mid c_i = \text{maize}$, Mais n I. -field s. Rornfeld n I c. corner s. Ede f, Wintel m I a. coronation s. Arönung f.

corporal a. förperlich. - s. (army) Unterofficier m I b.

correct a. richtig. - v. berichtigen; (writing, print) forrigieren. -ion 8. Berichtigung; Rorrettur f. correspond v. forrespondieren; = answer, entsprechen [to, dat.]; = agree, überein-ftimmen [to, mit]. -ence s. Rorreipondeng f; Übereinstimmung f. -ent s. Rorreipondent m II.

corridor 8. Korridor m I b, Gang $m I b^*$.

corrupt v. verberben; = bribe, beftechen. - a. verberbt. -ion s. Berderbtheit, Beftechung f.

cost v. toften. - s. Roften pl. -liness s. Rostbarteit f; = high price, Roftfpieligfeit f. -ly a. toftbar; toftfpielig.

costume s. Roftüm n I b. cosy a. behaglich, traulich. cottage s. Sauschen n I a, Sutte f. cotton s. Baumwolle f. couch s. Ruhebett n I, pl. II. cough s. Suften m I a. - v. huften. council s. Rat m I b*; (assembly) Ratsversammlung f. -lor s. $\Re at \ m \ I \ b^* := adviser, \Re at$ geber m I a. counsel s. Rat m I b*. - v. raten. -lor s. Ratgeber m I a. count s. (noble) Graf m II. -ess s. Gräfin f. count v. jählen. - s. Bahlung f. -ing house s. Romptoir n I, pl. . -8. -less a. zahllos. countenance s. Antlit n I b, Gefict n I c. counterfeit v. nach-ahmen; = forge, fälichen. - a. nachgemacht, falich. - s. Fälichung f. -er s. Fälicher; (of money) Kalschmünzer m I a. country s. Land n I c; in the c. (not abroad) im Lande; (not in the city) auf dem Lande; my c. mein Baterland. -man s. (compatriot) Landsmann m I a, pl. -leure; (rustic) Landmann m I a, pl. -teure, Bauer m II. couple s. Baar nIb; a.c. of pounds ein paar Bfund; 59, 6. - v. verbinben. courage s. Mut m I (take, faffen). -ous a. mutig. courier s. Rurier m I b. course s. = way, laufdahn f_i = passage, Kahrt f; = procedure,

Handlungsweise f, Berfahren n I a; 3. of life, Lebenslauf m I b*; c. of lectures, Rurjus m, -es, -e; in the c. of im Laufe [gen.]; of c. natürlich, felbstver= ftänblich. court s. Sof m I b* [at, am; to, zu, an den]; = court of justice, Gericht n I b [at, to, vor]. - v. ben hof machen [dat.] -eous a. höflich. -esy 8. Söflichkeit f, (salutation) Berbeugung f. -ier s. Höfling m I b. -lady s. Sofbame f. -yard s. Sof m I b*. cousin s. m. Better m I a, Coufin m I, pl. -8. -f. Bafe, Coufine f. cove s. Bucht f. cover s. bebeden; == cover up, conceal, verbeden; = roof, beden. - s. Dede $f_i = \text{lid}$, Dedel m I a. -ing s. Dedef. -let s. Bettbedef. covet v. begehren. -ous a. habgierig. -ousness 8. Sabgier f. cow s. Ruh f I b*. -herd s. Rubhirt m II. coward s. Feigling m I b. -ice s. Reigheit f. -ly a. feige. crab s. Rrebs m I b. crack 8. Spalte f. - v. fpalten. cradle s. Biege f. craft s. Handwert n I b; Gewerbe n I a. -sman s. Handwerker m I a. crag s. Rlippe, Felfenfpite f. cranberry 8. Breifelbeere J. cranny s. Spalte f, Rif m I b. crash v. frachen.—s. Krach m I b. crav-e v. verlangen [nach]. -ing &

Berlangen n I a.

crawl v. friechen. crayon s. Rreideftift m I b. crazy a. verrückt. creak v. fnarren. cream s. Rahm m I, Sahne f. create v. ichaffen, erichaffen. -ion s. Schöpfung, Erschaffung f. -ive a. ichopferifch. -or s. Schopfer m I a. -ure s. Geschöpf n I b. cred-ible a. glaublich. -it 8. Glaube m II, gen. -ens; (in business) Rredit m I . -itable a achtbar. -itor s. Gläubiger m I a. -ulity s. Leichtgläubigfeit f. -ulous a. leichtaläubig. creed s. Glaubensbefenntnis n I b. creek s. Bucht $f_i = brook$, Bach $m I b^*$. creep v. friechen. crew s. Mannichaft f. cricket s. Grille f, Beimchen n I a. crim-e s. Berbrechen n I a. -inal a. verbrecherifch. - s. Berbrecher n I a. crimson a. farmoifinrot. cringe v. fich frümmen. crisp a. Inufperig. crit-erion 8. Rennzeichen n I a. -ic s. Rritifer m I a. -ical a. fritisch. -icise v. fritifieren. -icism s. Rritit f. croak v. frachzen. ftrumm. crook s. Saten m I a. -ed a. crop s. Arouf $m ext{ I } b^*$: = harvest, Ernte f. cross s. Rreuz n I b. - a. fchräg, ichief; = ill-humored, übelgelannt, murrifch. - v. tr. freugen; cuff s. Manichette f.

= pass, überschreiten; intr. hinüber-gehen; hinüber-ziehen. -ing s. Übergang m I b*. -wise adv. freuzweise. -bow s. Armbrust f I b*. -road s. Rreuzweg m I b. crouch v. fich buden. crow s. Rrahe f. - v. frahen. crowd s. Gedränge $n \mid a_i = \text{mul}$ titude, Menge f. - v. brängen. crown s. Rrone f. - v. fronen f. cruci-fix s. Aruzifir n I b. -fixion s. Rreuzigung f. -fy v. frengigen. crude a. roh, unreif. -ness s. Rohheit f. cruel a. granfam. -ty s. Granfamfeit f. cruise v. freuzen. - 8. Rreuzfahrt f. crumb s. Rrume, Brofame f. -le v. frümeln, brödeln. crusade s. Rreuzzug m I b*. -r s. Rreuzfahrer m I a. crush v. germalmen, gerbruden; = erowd, bruden, brangen; = oppress, unterbrücken. crust 8. Rrufte f. crutch s. Krücke f. cry v. ichreien; = exclaim, rufen, aus-rufen; = weep, weinen [for, vor w. dat.; at, über w. acc.]- s. Schrei m I b; cries, collectively, Geschrei n I. crystal s. Arnstall n I b; (of a watch) Uhrglas n I c. - a. fry. ftallen, Arnftall-. cube 8. Bürfel m I a. cuckoo s. Ruđuđ m I b. cucumber 8. Gurte f.

culp-able a. schuldig. -rit s. Schulbiger a. s.

cult-ivate v. an-bauen, bebauen; = educate, bilden; = foster, pfle= gen. -ivation s. Bau m I, Bebauung: Bildung f. -ure s. Rultur; Bildung f.

cumbersome a. beschwerlich, läftig. cunning a. liftig, schlau; = skilful, gefchidt. fundig. — s. Lift, Schlauheit f; = skill, Geschicklichteit f.

cup s. Becher m Ia; (for tea, etc.) Taffe f. -bearer s. Mundichent m II. -board s. Schrant m I b*. cur s. Köter m I a.

cures. Heilung, Rurf; = remedy,

Beilmittel n I a. - v. heilen. curi-osity s. Neugierde f; desire to know, Wigbegierde f, Wiffensburft m I; = strange thing, Rarität, Curiofität f. -ous a. neugieria; = strange, feltfam, fonderbar.

curl s. Lodef. - v. loden, fraufeln. -v a. lodia: -haired lodenföpfia. currant 8. Johannisbeere f.

current a. laufend; = common, allgemein. — s. Strom $m \mathbf{I} b_*$. curse 8. Fluch m I b*. - v. fluchen. curt s furg. -ail v. beschränken.

curtain s. Borhang m I b*. cushion 8. Riffen n I a.

custod-ian s. Süter, Bewahrer m I a. -v s. Gewahrfam m I b. custom 8. Gebrauch m I b*, Sitte f; it is the c. es ift Sitte. -ary

a. gebräuchlich, gewöhnlich. -er | dar-e v. wagen [infinitive with ju;

8. Runde m II, Rundin f. -s pl. Boll m I b. * -house s. Bollhaus, Bollamt n I c. -house-officer, s. Bollbeamte m II.

cut v. schneiben; (wood) hauen; (split) spalten; c. down abfcneiden.

D.

dagger s. Dold m I b.

daily a. taglich; d. paper, Tageszeitung f; d. task Tagewerk n I b; d. wages Taglohn m I b*.

dainty a. (food) toftlich, belikat; (person) leder; = nico, zart, fein, zierlich. - 8. Lederbiffen m Ia.

dairy s. Milchwirtschaft f; comps. Milch=.

daisy 8. Magliebchen n I a.

dale s. That $n \mathbf{I} c$,

dam s. Damm m I b*, Deich m Ib. damage s. Schaben m I a*; pl. Schadenersat m I .- v. beschädigen.

dame s. Frau, Dame f.

damn v. verdammen.

damp a. feucht. -er s. Rlappe f. -ness 8. Feuchtigkeit f.

damsel s. Mädchen n I a, Dirne f. dance s. Tang m I b*. - v. tangen. -er s. Tänzer m I a.

dandy 8. Stuter m I a.

Dan-e s. Dane m II; Danin f. -ish a. banisch.

danger s. Gefahr f. -ous a. gefahrlid.

119, 4]. -ing a. tühn; = rash, verwegen; = presumptuous, anmaßend. — s. Kühnheit f.

dark a. duntel.—s. Duntel n I; in the d. im Dunteln.—en v. verdunteln.—ness s. Duntelheit f.

darling s. Liebling m I b. — a. lieb, teuer; Lieblings.

darn 8. ftopfen, fliden.

dart 8. Pfeil m I b. - v. tr. schleubern. intr. fliegen.

dash v. tr. schlagen; (to pieces) zerschmettern (tr. and intr.) intr. stürzen.

dat-a pl. Thatsachen f. — 8. Datum n II, pl. -a, or -en. — v. tr. batieren. intr. d. from sich herschreiben von.

date s. (fruit) Dattel f.

daughter s. Tochter f I a*; - inlaw Schwiegertochter.

daunt v. entmutigen. —less a. furchtios.

dawn s. Dämmerung f. — v. bammern; grauen.

day s. Tag m I b; for -s tagelang; -'s journey Tagereisef. -break s. Tagesanbrud m I. -light s. Tageslicht n I. -time s. in d. bei Tage.

daze v. betäuben.

dazzle v. blenben.

dead a. tot; =insensible, unempfinblich, abgestorben [to, für]. -ly a. töblich; Todes-; d. soe Todseind m I b.

deaf a. taub; d. and dumb taubflumm. -ness s. Taubheit f.

deal s. Teil m I b; = quantity,

Menge f; a great d. of eine
große Menge, sehr viel. —v. teilen; = give, geben; d. out austeilen, verteilen; (a blow) versețen; = trade, handeln [in,
mit]. —er s. Händler m I a.

—ings pl. Bersahren n I, Handlungsweise f; = intercourse,
lungang m I.

dean s. (church) Dechant m II; (university) Defan m I b.

dear a. teuer; (beloved) teuer, lieb; love -ly järtlich, innig lieben; oh dear! oh wehe!
-ness s. Teuerung f.

death s. Tob m I; comps. Tobes. debates. Disputation, Debatte f. v. tr. erörtern. intr. bebattieren, debt s. Schulb f. —or s. Schulbner m I a.

decay v. verfallen; = wither, verwellen; = rot, verfaulen.—s. Berfall m L.

decease s. hinscheiben n I, Tob m I.
— v. sterben; -ed verftorben.

decei-t s. Täuschung f; — fraud, Betrug m I, Betrügerei f. -tful a. täuschend; betrügerisch. -ve v. täuschen; betrügen.

December s. Dezember m I.

decen-cy s. Schicklichkeit f, Anstand m I. -t a. schicklich, anständig.

decept-ion s. Taufdung f; = fraud, Betrug m I, Betrügerei f. -ive a. taufchenb.

deci-de v. entscheiben; = resolve, beschließen. -sion s. Entscheibung

f; = resoluteness, Entschlossenheit f. -sive a. entscheibend; = definite, entichieden.

deck v. bebeden; = clothe, fleiben; = adorn, schmuden. - 8. Ded, Berbed n I b.

declaim v. beflamieren.

declar-ation s. Erflärung f; D. of Independence Unabhängigfeitserflärung f. -e v. erflären; -ed, =open, offen.

declension s. Deflination f.

decline v. tr. beflinieren; = refuse, ab-lehnen. intr. == decrease, abnehmen; = refuse, fich weigern.

decor-ate v. ichmuden, -ation 8. Ausschmüdung f := ornament, Schmud m I, Zierrat m I b: = scenery, Deforation f. -ous a. ichidlich, anftanbig. -um Anstand m I.

decrease v. ab-nehmen. - 8. Abnahme f.

decree s. Berordnung f. - v. verordnen.

dedicat-e v. wibmen; = consecrate, weihen, ein-weihen. -ion e. Widmung, Zueignung; Ginweihung f.

deed s. That f; (document) Ur= funde f.

deem v. = believe, halten für;

deep a. tief. — s. Tiefe f. -en v. vertiefen.

deer s. Reh n I b ; = game, Bilb

defect s. Kehler m I a. -ive a mangelhaft.

defen-ce 8. Berteibigung f. -less a. schutlos. -d v. verteidigen.

defer v. tr. verschieben. intr. fich unterwerfen. -ence s. Achtung f [to, vor w. dat.], Rüdficht f [gegen].

defian-ce s. Trot, Hohn m I. -t a. trogend, trogig.

defic-iency 8. Mangelhaftigfeit f;= defect, Fehler m I a; = deficit, Deficit m I. -ient a. mangelhaft, fehlerhaft; = insufficient, ungenugend; be d. Mangel haben, es feglen laffen [in, an, w. dat.] -it s. Deficit n I.

defile v. befleden, befubeln.

defin-e v. [genau] bestimmen; befinieren; = mark, bezeichnen. -ite a. bestimmt; = clear, flar, beutlich. -iteness 8. Bestimmtheit f. -ition s. Bestimmung; Definition f.

defraud v. betrügen [of, um].

defray v. bestreiten.

deft a. gewandt. -ness a. Gemanotheit f.

defunct a. verftorben.

defy v. troten $\lceil dat. \rceil$; = challenge, heraus-fordern.

degree s. Grab m I b; = rank, Rang m I b; (academic) Bürbe f, Titel m I a; by -s allmählich. deign v. geruhen.

dejected a. niebergeschlagen. -ion 8. Niedergeschlagenheit f.

defeat s. Nieberlage f .- v. schlagen. delay v. tr. verzögern. inir. gögern.

-s. Bergögerung f, Aufschub $m I b^*$.

delegate v. übertragen: (send) abfenden. - s. = Abgeordneter p. s. -ion s. = delegates.

deliberat-e v. tr. überlegen, ermägen, bedenken, intr. nach-benken son. über w. acc.] - a. befonnen, bebächtig: = well considered, wohl überlegt. -eness 8. Bebachtigkeit f. -ion s. Überlegung f. -ive a. beratichlagend.

delic-acy s. Lederbiffen m I a, Delikatesse f; = politeness, Höslichn I. -ate a. = delicious, föstlich: = not coarse, gart, fein; = not strong, schwächlich: = difficult, ichwieria. -ious a. föfilich. -iousness s. Röftlichfeit f.

delight 8. Freude, Wonne f, Luft f I b*, Bergnügen n I a [in, an w. dat.] -v. intr. Freube (Bergnugen) haben (finden), fich ergoben, fich erfreuen [an]; he -ed to help others er half mit Bergnügen anderen. - tr. erfreuen, ergößen, entzücken; -ed entjückt [with, bon]; I shall be -ed to see you ich werbe mich fehr freuen Gie gu jeben. -ful a. entgudend, herr= lich.

deliver v. befreien; = give, übergeben, ab-liefern; (a message) überbringen; (a speech) halten. -ance, -y 8. Befreiung, Errettung; Ablieferung f.

deluge 8. Überschwemmung f;

(Genesis) Sündflut f. — v. über-

delusion s. Wahn m I b. Irrtum m I c.

demand v. verlangen, forbern; = require, erfordern: = ask, fragen. - 8. Berlangen, Begehren $n \mid a$, Forderung f := need, Bedarf m I [for, an w. dat.]; = desire, Nachfrage f [for, nach].

democra-cv 8. Demofratie f. -t 8. Demofrat m II. -ic a. bemofratisch.

teit f; d. of feeling Zartgefühl demolish v. nieber-reißen; = destroy, zerstören. demon 8. Damon m II, bofer Beift demonstr-ate v. beweisen. -ation 8. Demonstration $f_i = \text{proof}$, Beweis m I b.

den s. Sohle f.

denial s. Verneinung f := refusal, Berweigerung f; (opp. of confession) Ableugnung $f_i = \text{dis}$ avowal, Berleugnung f.

Denmark pr. n. Danemart n 1. dense a. bicht.

dentist s. Zahnarzt m I b*.

deny v. verneinen; verweigern, verfagen: ab-leugnen: verleugnen, see denial.

depart v. ab-reisen, ab-fahren [for, nach]: = die, fterben, ab-icheiden; fig. schwinden; d.! interj. entferne dich! -ure s. Abreife f.

depend v. ab-hängen [on, vo.:]; = rely, fich verlaffen fon, auf w. acc.] -ence s. Abyangigfeit f. -ent a. abhängig [on, von].

deplor-able a. beklagenswert. - v. beklagen.

depose v. ab-setzen. —it s. Depositum n I, pl.—a. — v. beponieren.

deprivation s. Beraubung f; = loss, Berluft m I b. — v. berauben [of, gen.]

depth s. Tiefe f.

deput-ation s. Deputation f. -y s. Abgeordneter m II.

deriv-ation s. Ableitung f. —ative a. abgeleitet.—s. Ableitung f, Derivativum n I, pl. —a. —e v. ableiten.

descen-d v. herab- [hinab-, herunter-, hinunter-]steigen; — be descended, ab-stammen, her-tommen. —dant s. Abtömmling m I b. —t s. bas herabsteigen, see descend; D. into Holl höllenfahrt f; (origin) Abstammung, hertunst f.

descri-be v. beschreiben, schilbern.
-ption s. Beschreibung, Schilberung f.

desecrat-ov. entweihen, entheiligen.
-ion s. Entweihung, Entheiligung f.

aesort a. wüst, öbe.—s. Büstef.—v. tr. verlassen, im Stich lassen. intr. besertieren. —or s. Derserteur m I b.

deser-t s. Berdienst n I b. -ve f. verbienen. -ving a. verbient.

design v. = draw, zeichnen; = con-

struct, entwerfen; = plan, beabfichtigen. — s. Zeichnung f; Entwurf m I b*; Absicht f.

desir-able a. wünschenswert. — e v. wünschen. — Bunsch m I b*, (stronger) Begierde f [for, nach]; have a strong d. große Lust haben. —ous a. begierig [of, for, nach].

desist v. ab-stehen, ab-lassen [von]. desk s. Pult n I b.

desolat-e a. wüst; = forsaken, verlassen. -ion s. Einöde f; = solitude, Einsamkeit f.

despair v. verzweiseln [of, an w. dat.] — s. Berzweislung f.

despatch v. = send, [eilig] abfenden; = expedite, schnell abmachen; = hasten, beschleunigen.
= put out of the way, aus
bem Bege räumen. — s. Absenbung f; = haste, Eile f; (message) Depesche f.

desperat-e a. verzweifelt. -ion s. Berzweiflung f.

despise v. verachten.

despond v. verzugen [of, an w. dat.]
-ency s. Berzagtheit f, Kleinmut
m L. -ent a. verzagt.

despot s. Despot, Thraun m II.

-ic a. bespotisch. -ism s. Desbotismus m (indecl.)

dessert s. Deffert n I, pl. -8.

destin-ation s. Bestimmung f, -sort m I h. -e v. bestimmen. -y s. Schickfal n I b.

destitut-e a. verlassen, hülstos. —ion s. Mangel m I, Not f.

pernichten. destruction e. Berftorung; Bernichtung f. -ive a. zerftorenb. detail 8. Einzelheit f. detain v. jurud-halten. detect v. entbeden. -ive s. Geheimpolizist m II. deter v. ab-ichreden. determin-ation s. Entichloffenheit f; = resolve, Beschluß $m \ I \ b^*$; = decision, Entscheibung f. -e v. beschließen; entscheiben. detest v. verabicheuen. devastate v. verwüften, veröben. dethrone v. entthronen. detract v. d. from ichmälern. detriment s. Nachteil m I b. -al a. nachteilig. develop v. entwickeln. -ment s. Entwickelung f. deviat-e v. ab-weichen. -ion s. Abweichung f. device s. Borrichtung $f_i = \text{inven-}$ tion, Erfindung f. devil s. Teufel m I a. -ish a. teuflisch. devoid a. bar; d. of ohne. devot-e v. widmen [to, dat.] -ed a. ergeben, zugethan. -ion s. Ergebenheit f; = zeal, Gifer m I; = prayer, Gebet n I b. -ional a. anbachtig; Andachts-. devour v. verfchlingen. devout a. fromm, andächtig. -ness s. Frommigleit, Anbacht f. dew s. Tau; the d. is falling es taut.

destroy v. zerstören; = annihilate, | dexter-ity 3. Gewandtheit f. -ous a. gewandt. diadem s. Diadem n I b, Arone f. diagonal a. diagonal; fchräg. - s. Diagonale f. dialect s. Dialekt m I b. dialogue 8. Dialog m I b, Zwiegeípräch n I b. diameter e. Durchmeffer m Ia fin, iml. diamond s. Diamant m II. dial s. Sonnenuhr f; (of a clock, watch) Zifferblatt n I c. diary s. Tagebuch n I c. dice s. Würfel m I a. -box s. Wirfelbecher m I a. dict-ate v. biftieren; = command, vor-ichreiben. -ation s. Diftatn I b; Borfdrift f, Befehl m I b. -ator s. Diftator m I, pl. II. -atorial a. gebieterijch. -atorship s. Diftatur f. -ion s. Sprache f, Stil m I b. -ionary s. Borterbuch n I c, Lexiton n I, pl. -a. die v. fterben [of, an w. dat.] d. of hunger, of thirst, verbungern, verdurften. diet s. Diat f; (parliament) Landtag, (of the Empire) Reichstag m I b. differ v. fich unterscheiben, verschieben fein; (in opinion) anderer Anficht (Meinung) fein; d. with nicht überein-ftimmen mit. -ence s. Unterschied m I b; [of opinion] Meinungeverschiedenheit f. -ent a. verichieben.

difficult a. schwer, schwierig.

s. Schwierigkeit f; — trouble, Mühe f.

diffuse a. weitschweifig.

dig v. graben. -ger s. Gräber m I a. digest v. verdauen.

digni-fied a. würdevoll. —tary s. Würdenträger m I a. —ty s. Würde f.

dike s. Deich m I b, Damm m I b*. dilapidat-ed p. verfallen. -ion s. Berfall m I.

dilemma 8. Rlemme f.

dilettante 8. Dilettant m II.

diligen-ce s. Fleiß m I. -t a. sleißig. dim a. trübe, bufter; = indefinite, unbestimmt. — v. trüben. -ness s. Dunkelheit f.

dimension s. Dimension f; = measure, Maß n I b; = extent,

Umfang $m I b^*$, Größe f.

dimin-ish v. [fid] vermindern, [fid] verringern. —ution s. Berminderung, Berringerung f. —utive a. flein, winzig. —s. Diminutiv n I b.

dimple s. Grübchen n I a.

din n. Getöse n I a.

din-e [zu Mittag] speisen, essen.

-ing-room s. Efzimmer, Speisezimmer n I a. -ner s. Mittagessen n I a.

lingy a. schmutig, trübe.

2 pt ,

diccese 8. Diöcesef, Sprengel m I a.

d !omas. Diplom nIb. -cys. Dipcomatie f. -tist s. Diplomat nII.

direct a. direft; = straight[for-

ward] gerabe; by the d. route geraben Beges; = immediate, unmittelbar. — v. richten [to, an; at, auf]; = send, senden, schiden; (a letter) adressieren; = order, befehlen, gebieten; = manage, führen, seiten. —ion s. Richtung f; Befehl m I b; Führung, Leitung f; special —s befondere Unterweisungen. —ly adv. sogleich.

dirge s. Klagelied n I c, Grabgesang m I b*.

dirt s. Schmug m I. -y a. schmugig. disable v. untüchtig, untauglich machen [for, zu]. -ed p. untüchtig, untauglich; (army) bienstunfähig.

disadvantage s. Nachteil m I b. -ous a. nachteilig.

disagree v. nicht überein-stimmen.

-able a. unangenehm. -ableness
s. Unannehmlichkeit f.

disappear v. verschwinden. -ance s. Berschwinden n I.

disappoint v. enttäuschen. -ment s. Enttäuschung f.

disapprov-al s. Mißbilligung f. -e v. mißbilligen [of, acc.]

disarm v. entwaffnen.

disast-er s. Unglüd n I, Unfall m I b*. -rous a. unglüdlich, unheilvoll,

discern v. unterscheiben; = see, erstennen. -ment s. Scharssinn m I. discharge v. = unload, ausslaben; (a gun) absseurn; = dismiss, entlassen; (a duty) erfüllen. — s. = dismissal, Entlassun f.

discipl-e s. Jünger, Schüller m I a. | disgust s. Efel m I a; = vexation, -ine s. Disciplin, Zucht f. | Ürger m I a.— v. an-efeln; ärgern;

discomfort s. Mithehagen n I; (cause of d.) Unannehmlichkeit f. disconsolate a. troftlos.

discontent s. Unzufriedenheit f. —ed a. unzufrieden.

discontinue v. auf-hören.

discord s. Zwietracht f, Streit m I b.

discourage v. entmutigen. -ment s. Entmutigung f.

discourse s. Rede f; \equiv conversation, Gespräch n I b; = treatise, Abhandlung f.

discover v. entbeden. -er s. Ents beder m I a. -y s. Entbedung f.

discreet a. distret; = intelligent, verständig, klug.

discretion a. Alugheit f:= pleasure, Gutdünken n I a.

discriminat-e v. unterscheiben. -ion s. Scharffinn m I.

discuss v. erörtern; — debate, bebattieren [über]. —ion s. Erörterung, Untersuchung, Debatte f.

disdain v. verschmähen. — s. Berachtung f. -ful a. verächtlich.

disease s. Krankheit f. –d a. krank. lisembark v. tr. landen, intr. an bas Land steigen.

disfavor s. Ungnade f.

disgrace s. Ungnade f; (= dishonor) Schande f. — v. in Ungnade bringen; schänden. -ful a. schmählich.

disguise v. verfleiben. — s. Berfleis bung f.

disgust s. Etcl m I a; — vexation, Argerm I a.—v. an-etcln; ärgern; —ed ärgerlich; — tired, überbrüffig [at, with, gen.] —ing a. etelhaft.

dish s. Schüffel f; (food) Gericht n I b, Speife f.

dishearten v. entmutigen.

dishon-est a. unehrlich. -esty s. Unehrlichkeit f. -or s. Unehre, Schande f. — v. entehren, schänben. -orable a. unehrlich.

disinclin-ation s. Abneigung f. -ed a. abgeneigt.

disinherit v. enterben.

disinterested a. uneigennützig.

disk 8. Scheibe f.

dislike s. Abnetgung f, Widerwillen m I [for, gegen]. — v. nicht [leiben] mögen (102, 2).

disloyal a. treulos. —ty a. Treulofigfeit, Untreue f.

dismal a. trübe, düfter.

dismay 8. Schreden m I a. — v. erjchreden.

dismiss v. entlaffen. -al 8. Ent-

dismount v. ab-steigen.

disobedien-ce s. Ungehorsam m I.
-t a. ungehorsam.

disorder 8. Unordnung f. —ly a. unordentlich.

disparage v. herab-setten, schmälern.
-ment s. Herabsettung, Schmälerung f.

dispassionate a. leibenschaftslos. dispel v. vertreiben.

dispense v. aus-teilen; d. with,

verzichten auf [acc.]; be able to | dissipat-e v. zerftreuen. -ed a. Ited. with entbehren tonnen.

display v. entfalten; = exhibit, aus-ftellen, zeigen.

displeas-e v. mißfallen [dat.]; = anger, ärgern. -ed p. ärgerlich [at, with, über w. acc.] -ure s. Miffallen n I, Arger m I; Argernis n I b.

dispos-al s. = arrangement, Anordnung, Einrichtung f; = control, command, Berfügung f. -e v. ansordnen; d. of verfügen über; = sell, verfaufen; = incline, ftimmen. -ed p. geneigt. -ition s .= inclination, Reigung f: = temperament, Gemütsart f. See disposal.

disput-ation s. Disputation f. -e s. Streit m I .- v. intr. bisbutieren, ftreiten. tr. beftreiten.

disregard s. Nichtachtung f. - v. nicht achten, unbeachtet laffen; = neglect, vernachlässigen.

disreput-able a. verrufen. übler Ruf m I.

disrespect e. Unehrerbietigfeit f. -ful a. unehrerbietig.

dissatis-faction s. Ungufriedenheit f. -factory a. unbefriedigend. -fy v. unzufrieden machen. dissect v. fecieren, zerlegen.

dissemble v. verhehlen; intr. heudieln.

dissension s. Streitigfeit f. dissertation s. Abhandlung f. dissimulat-e v. verhehlen. -ion s. Beuchelei.

berlich, ausschweifenb. Ausschweifung f.

dissol-ution 8. Auflösung f. -ve v. auf-löfen.

dissuade v. ab-raten [dat., von].

distan-ce s. Entfernung f; = remoteness, Werne f; in the d. in der Ferne; at some d. in einiger Entfernung; for some d. eine Strede weit. -t a. entfernt; =far, fern; a mile d. eine Meile weit entfernt.

distaste s. Etel [vor w. dat.]; = dislike, Abneigung [gegen]. -ful a. unangenehm, widrig.

distin-ct a. besonder; = different, verschieden; = definite, ftimmt; = clear, beutlich .-ction s. Unterscheidung $f_i = \text{difference}$, Unterschied $m I b_i = \text{excellence}$ Auszeichnung f. -guish v. untericheiben; = mark, aus-zeichnen. -guished a. ausgezeichnet; = prominent, vornehm.

distress 8. Not f I b*, Elend n I. - v. betrüben. -ed a. ungludlich, befümmert.

distribut-e e. verteilen. -ion s. Berteilung f.

district 8. Bezirk m I b.

distrust v. mißtrauen [dat.] - s. Mißtrauen n I. -ful a. mißtrauiſd.

disturb v. = displace, in Unorbnung bringen; = trouble, ftören: = disquiet, beunruhigen. -ance s. Unordnung; Störung: Unrube

f. -er s. Störer m I a; d. of | dollar s. Dollar m I, pl. -8; Thaler peace Friedensftörer. disunite v. entzweien; become -d | fich entzweien. ditch s. Graben m I a*. dive v. tauchen. -r Taucher m I a. diver-s a. verschieben. -sion s. Berstreuung, Belustigung f. –t v. ablenten; = amuso, gerftreuen, beluftigen. divest v. entfleiden; fig. berauben. divide v. [fich] teilen, [fich] trennen; d. into ein-teilen in [acc.] divin-e a. göttlich. — v. ahnen. -ity s. Gottheit f. division s. Teilung $f_i = \text{part}$, Abteilung f; = disagreement, Zwietracht f; (army) Division f. divorce s. Scheidung. - v. icheiden. dizz-iness s. Schwindel m I. -y a. schwindelig; I am d. es schwin-

belt mir (84). do v. thun (not to be used as auxiliary, or substitute for a verb; 85); = render, erweisen; done, p. = cooked, fertig, gar; do away with ab-schaffen; do without entbehren.

do v. how do you do? wie geht es bir? that will do bas genügt; it will not do es geht nicht. docile a. gelehrig.

doctor s. Doftor m I, pl. II; = physician, Arzt m I b*.

document s. Urfunde f. doe s. Reh n I b.

dog s. Hund m I b.

doll s. Buppe f.

m I a (72 cts.)

domain s. Gebiet n I $b_i = \text{estate}$, Domane f.

dome e. Ruppel f.

domestic a. häuslich, Haus:; = not foreign, einheimisch.

domicile s. Wohnort n I b.

domin-ant a. herrichend. -cer v. thrannisieren. -eering a. herrisch. -ion s. Oberherrichaft f; = territory, Gebiet n I b.

donkey s. Efel m I a.

doom v. verurteilen; = destine, bestimmen. - s. Urteil n I b; = fate, Schidfal n I b.

door s. Thurf. -step s. Treppe f vor ber Hausthür. -way s. Thorweg m I b.

dose s. Dofis f, pl. -en.

dot s. Punft m I b. - v. punktieren. double a. boppelt, boppel-. - v. verdoppeln.

doubt v. intr. zweifeln [an w. dat.] tr. bezweifeln. - s. Zweifel m I a [in d., im 3.; have, hegen]; no d. ohne Zweifel, unzweifelhaft; there is no d. about it es ist 3meifel unterworfen. feinem -ful a. zweifelhaft; = in d., zweifelnd, unichlüssig. -less adv. zweifellos.

dough s. Teig m I b.

dove 8. Taube f.

dow-ager s. Wittme f. Mitgift f.

down s. Flaum m I, Daunen pl. down (163) adu unten; (direc-

tion) hinunter, hinab, herunter, herab; d. there bort unten, bort hinunter. -wards adv. abwarts. dozen s. Dutend n I b. drab a. gran. drag v. ichleppen. dragon s. Drache m II. dragoon s. Dragoner m I a. drain v. ab-ziehen; (land) entwaffern; = exhaust, verzehren; = empty, aus-leeren. — s. Abzug m I b*. -age s. Entwässerung f. drama s. Drama n I, pl. en. -tic a. bramatija. -tis personæ s. Berfonen pl. -tist s. Dramatiter, bramatischer Dichter m I a. -tize v. bramatisieren. draught s. β ug m I b^* ; = drink, Schlud $m \ I \ b^*$; = sketch, Beidnung f. draw v. gieben; = drag, ichleppen; = sketch, zeichnen; d. near heran-tommen. -er 8. Schublade f. -ing s. = sketch, Beichnung f; comps. Beichen .. -ing-room s. Salon m I, pl. -8. dread s. Furcht f; Schreden m I a. - v. fürchten. -ful a. furchtbar. dream s. Traum $m \mid b^* - v$. träumen tr., intr. and impers. (84).dreary a. traurig, obe. drench v. burchnässen; = inundate, überichwemmen.

dress v. tr. fleiben; -ed in black

schwarz gekleidet; (a wound)

= clothing, Rleibung f. -coat s. Frad m I, pl. =8. drift s. = aim, 3wed m I b, Biel n I b; d. of thought Gedantengang m I. - v. treiben. drink v. trinfen; (of beasts) faufen; d. to one einem austrinken [to his health auf seine Gesundheit]. -s. Trunf m I b*. -ing s. Trinken n I; comps. Trinks. drip v. tröpfeln, triefen. drive v. treiben; (a vehicle) fahren. — 8. Spazierfahrt [take, machen]. -er s. Rutscher m I a. droll a. brollig. drop s. Tropfen m I a; = fall, Kall m I b*. - v. tropfen, tröp= fein; = fall, faller; = let fall, fallen laffen. drought s. Dürre, Trodenheit f. drown v. tr. ertranten; be -ed, and d. intr. ertrinfen. drug s. Arznei f; = soporific, Schlafmittel n I a. -store s. Apo: there f. -gist s. Apotherer m I a. drum 8. Trommel f .- v. trommeln. -stick s. Trommelichlägel m I a. drunk a. betrunten. -ard s. Trunfenbold m I b. -enness 8. Trunkenheit f; (habit) Trunksucht f. dry a. troden. - v. trodnen; d. up vertrodnen. -ness s. Trodenheit. dub v. jum Ritter ichlagen. dubious a. zweifelhaft. duc-al a. herzoglich. -at s. Dufat m II. verbinden; (hair) frifferen. intr. duch-ess e. Bergogin f. -y s. Derfich an-kleiden. -- 8. Rleid n I c; zogtum n I c.

duck s. Ente J. - v. unter-tauchen. due a. gebührend, schuldig; (at a certain time) fällig.—8. Gebührf; to every one his due jebem bas Seinige.

duel s. Zweikampf m I b*, Duell n I b; fight a d. fich buellieren.

duke s. Herzog m I b*. -dom s. Herzogtum n I c.

dull s. = stupid, bumm; = blunt, stumpf, fig. stumpffinnig; - dry, platt, schal; = tedious, langmeilig; (colors) matt; (weather) trübe; (sound) bumpf; (trade) flau: = calm, winbstill. dumb a. ftumm. -found v. fprach-

los machen.

dung s. Dünger, Dift m I. dungeon 8. Rerfer m I a.

dupe s. Betrogener p. s .- v. betrügen, an-führen.

dur-able a. bauerhaft. -ation e. Dauer f. -ing prep. mahrend. dusk a. bufter, buntel. - s. Duntel-

heit f. dust s. Staub m L .- v. ab-ftauben. -y a. ftaubig.

Dutch a. hollandisch. -man 8. Holländer m I a.

dut-iful a. pflichtgetreu. -y 8. Pflicht f; = impost, 3oll m I b*. dwarf s. 3merg m I b.

dwell v. mohnen; = tarry, verweilen [on, bei]. -ing 8. Bohnung f, Wohnsit m I b. -ingbruse Wohnhaus n I c. -ingolece 8. Wohnort, Wohnsit m I b. ebb 8. Chbe f. - v. ebben.

dwindle v. [hin:]idminben. dye v. farben. - s. Farbstoff m I b.

E.

each (39) pron. a. jeder; e. other einander, or may be rendered by the reflexive pronouns (80, 5).

eager a. eifrig; = desirous, begie--ness 8. Gifer m I, Beria. gierde f.

eagle s. Abler m I a.

ear s. (of corn) Thre f.

ear s. Ohr n I, pl. II.

earl s. Graf m II.

early a. früh.

earn v. erwerben, verbienen.

earnest a. ernft. - s. Ernft m I [in, im].

earth s. Erbef; on o. auf Erben, auf ber Erbe. -en a. irben. -ly a. irdifch. -quake s. Erdbeben n I a.

eas-e s. Bequemlichfeit; = facility, Leichtigfeit f. -y a. bequem, behaglich; = not troubled, unbeforgt; = not difficult, leicht. -y-chair s. Lehnstuhl m I b*.

easel s. Staffelei f.

East s. Often m I; [toward the] E. nach Often. - a. öftlich, Oft=. -ern, -erly a. öftlich, Oft-. -ward adv. oftwärts.

Easter s. Oftern, Ofterfest n I. eat v. effen; (of beasts) freffen. -able a. egbar. -ing s. Effen n I. eaves pl. Traufe f.

ebony s. Chenhola n I. echo s. Echo n I, pl. -s; Wiberhall m I b. - v. wiberhallen [with, bon]. eclipse s. Finsternis f I b. - v. verfinftern. econom-ic a. ofonomisch, wirtschaftlich; = frugal, sparsam. -ics pl. Wirtschaftslehre f. s. Wirtschafter m I a; political e. Nationalöfonom m II. -y s. Wirt= -ize v. fparen. icaftlichkeit, Sparfamkeit f: political е. Nationalötonomie f. edge s. Rand m I c; (of a knife) Schärfe f. edict s. Berordnung f. edif-ication s. Erbanung f. -ice s. Gebäude n I a. -y v. erbauen. edit v. heraus-geben. -ion s. Ausgabe f. -or s. Herausgeber. educat-e v. erziehen. -ion s. Erziehung f. eel s. Aal m I b. efface v. vertilgen. effect s. Wirtung f. - v. bewirten. -ive a. wirffam. -ual a =thorough, gründlich. efficien-cy s. Wirtsamfeit f. -t a. wirffam. effort s. Anftrengung f. [fchale f. egg s. Ei n I c. -shell s. Eiers eight num. adj. acht. -een acht= zehn. -hacht-. -ieth achtzigst-. -y achtzig. either (40, 164) pron. einer, ber | embezzle v. unterschlagen. eine [von beiden]; = each, jeder | embitter v. verbittern.

[von beiben], beibe; not . . . e. feiner [von beiben]. - conj. e. ... or entweder ... ober; not ... e. auch nicht. elapse v. verlaufen. elbow s. Ellbogen m I a. elder a. alter. - s. ber Altefte a. s. -ly a. ältlich. elect v. mahlen [leader, jum Anführer; 76, 1]. elegan-co s. Elegang, Feinheit, Schonbeit f. -t a. elegant, fein, element s. Element n I b. -ary a. elementar. elephant s. Elephant m II. elevat-e v. empor-heben. -ion s. Erhebung f; = hill, Anhöhe f; = height, Sohe f; = sublimity, Erhabenheit f. eleven num. a. elf. -th elft. elf s. Elfe m II. elicit v. entloden. elm s. Ulme, Rüfter f. eloquen-ce s. Berebjamkeit f. -t a. berebt. else adv. anders, jonft; no one e. niemand anders, fonft niemand. -where andersmo. embark v. [fich] ein-ichiffen. embarrass v. berlegen machen; = perplex, verwirren; = entangle, permideln. -ed a. verlegen. -ment s. Berlegenheit f. embassy 8. Befandtichaft f. embellish v. verichönern.

emblem s. Sinnbild n I c. -atic | enable v. befähigen. a. finnbildlich. embod-iment s. Berforperung f. -v v. verförbern. embrace v. umarmen; = comprise, ein-fchliefen: = seize, ergreifen. —s. Umarmuna f. embroider v. ftiden. -y s. Stiderei f. emerald s. Smaragb m I b. emerge v. aufstauchen. -ncy 8. Notfall m I b*. emigr-ant a. auswandernd. - s. Auswanderer m I a. -ate v. aus-mandern. -ation s. Auswanderung f. eminen-ce s. = hill, Anhöhe f: =distinction, Auszeichnung f: -t a. hervorragend; be e. hervorragen. emit v. aus-fenden: von fich geben. emotion s. Gefühl n I b; full of e. voll Rührung, gerührt. emperor s. Raiser m I a. empha-sis 8. Nachdrud m I. -size v. betonen. -tic a. nachbrudlich. empire s. Raiferreich, Reich n I b. employ v. = uso, an-wenden; = occupy, beichäftigen. -ee s. Angestellter a. s. -er s. Arbeitgeber mla. -ment s. Beichäftigung f. empress 8. Raiserin f. Ems pr. n. (river) Ems f. empt-iness s. Leere f. -v a. leer. - v. aus-leeren.

wetteifernb.

enamored p. verliebt [of, in w. acc.] encamp v. [fich] lagern. enchant v. bezaubern. -er s. Rauberer m I a. enclos-e v. ein-schließen. -ure s. Einfriedigung f; (in a letter) Einlage f. encounter v. begegnen, treffen. - s. Begegnung f; Busammentreffen n Ia. encourage v. ermutigen. -ment s. Ermutigung f. encroach v. Gingriffe thun, eingreifen. -ment s. Gingriff m I b [on, upon, in w. acc.] encumb-er v. belaben, belaften. -rance s. Laft, Beichwerbe f. end s. Ende n I, pl. II; = aim. Riel m I b; = purpose, Amed m Ib; at an e. ju Ende, vorüber; at the e. am Ende: put an e. to ein Ende machen [dat.] - v. tr. beenden, beendigen. intr. enden, endigen. endanger v. gefährben. endeavor v. fich bestreben. - 8. Beftrebung f. end-ing s. Ende n I, pl. II; (of a word) Endung f. -less a. end. los. endow v. begaben, aus-ftatten. -ment s. = talent, Gabe, Begabung f. emul-ation v. wetteifern [mit]. endur-able a. erträglich. -ance s. (bearing) Ertragen n I; = per--ation 8. Wetteifer m I. -ous a.

sistence, Beharrlichkeit f; =

erträglich. -e v. ertragen, aushalten. -ing p. bauernd. enemy s. Feind m I b. energ-etic a. energisch, fraftig. -y s. Energie f (no pl.), Rraft f I b*. enforce v. = strengthen, fraftigen, verstärken; (a law) [streng] vollziehen; e. [upon] auf-zwingen [dat.] -ment s. Berftarfung f ; (of a law) [ftrenge] Bollziehung f. engag-e v. = bind, [fich] verbinden, verpflichten; - occupy, beichäftigen; = win, für fich ein-nehmen, gewinnen: (a house, a servant) mieten; (a teacher, etc.) enga= gieren; become -d fich verloben. -ing a. einnehmend, gewinnend. -ement s. = obligation, Berpflichtung f; = betrothal, Ber-Iobung f; = appointment, Rendezvous n (indecl.); I have an e. this evening, ich bin heute Abend beichäftigt. engine 8. Maschine f; Lokomotive

patience, Gebuid f; past e. un-

engine s. Majchine f; Lofomotive f. —er s. Ingenieur m I b; Lofomotivenführer m I a. —ering s. Ingenieurkunst f.

Engl-and pr. n. England n I. —ish a. englisch. — s. and —ishman s. Engländer m I a. —ishwoman s. Engländerin f.

engrav-e v. gravieren. —er s. Graveur m I b. —ing s. Stich m I b. enjoy v. genießen; sich erfreuen [gen.]; rest. sich ergötzen; amuse one's self, sich unterhal-

ten. -ment s. Genuß m I b*; Freude f. enlarge v. vergrößern, erweitern. enlighten v. auf-flären. -ment & Aufflärung f. enliven v. beleben. enmity 8. Feindschaft f. ennoble v. abeln; fig. verebeln. enorm-ity 8. Ungeheuerlichkeit f. -ous a. ungeheuer. enough adv. genug. enrage v. wütend machen. -d p. mütenb. enrich v. bereichern. ensign s. Fahne f; e. [bearer] Kähnrich m I b. ensue v. folgen. entangle v. verwickeln. enter v. tr. in . . . [ein-]treten; betreten [acc.] ; intr. ein= (herein=) treten; e. upon anstreten. enterpris-e s. Unternehmen n I a; full of e. and -ing a. unternehmenb. entertain v. unterhalten; = amuse, beluftigen; (as guest) bewirten. -ment s. Unterhaltung; Beluftigung; Bewirtung f. enthusias-m 8. Begeifterung f. -tic a. begeistert. entic-e v. = attract, an-loden; = charm, reigen; = lead astray, verloden. -ing a. reizend, verführerisch. -ement s. Anlockung f; Reiz m I b; Berlodung f. entire a. ganz; vollständig.

entitle v. betiteln; e. [to] berech-

tigen [au].

entrance s. Eintritt m I; (of err v. herum-irren; = be mistaken, troops, a procession, etc.) fid irren; e. from ab weichen Einzug m I; = door, Eingang von. -ant a. irrend; knight e fabrender Aitter m I a. -atic a

entrance v. bezaubern.

entreat v. drängen, dringend bitten.

-y s. dringende Bittef, Drängen
n I.

entrust v. an-vertrauen; o. with betrauen mit.

entry. See entrance.

enumerate v. auf-zählen.

envelop v. ein-hüllen.

env-iable a. beneibenswert. -ious a. neibisch sof, auf w. acc.] -y s. Reib m I. — v. beneiben seinen um etwas].

envoy s. Gesandter p. s.

epic a. episch. — s. Epos n, gen. —, pl. -en; Helbengedicht n I b.

epoch s. Epoche f.

equ-al a. gleich. -ality s. Gleichheit f. -alize v. gleich-machen,
aus-gleichen. -animity s. Gleichmut m. -ilibrium s. Gleichgewicht n I. -ivalent a. gleichwertig.

equip v. aus-rüsten. -ment s. Ausrüstung f.

equit-able a. billig. -y s. Billigkeit f.

era s. Ärg f.

erase v. austrațen.

ere prep. vor. — conj. ehe, bevor.

erect a. aufrecht. — v. auf-richten; = build, errichten. —ion s. Errichtung f.

ermine 8. Hermelin m I b.

err v. herum-irren; — be mistaken, sich irren; e. from ab-weichen von. —ant a. irrend; knight e sahrender Ritter m I a. —atic a sig. unberechendar. —atum s. Drucksehler m I a. —oneous a. irrtümlich. —or s. Irrtum m I c.

errand s. Auftrag m I b*; = message, Botschaft f; [on, mit].

eruption s. Ausbruch m I b*.

escape v. entfommen, entflichen [from a person. dat.; a place, aus].

escort s. Geleit n I d. — v. begleiten. especial a. besonder, vorzüglich. — ly adv. besonders.

espy v. erspähen.

esquire s. Anappe m II; (title) Wohlgeboren.

essay s. Auffat m I b*.

essen-ce s. Effenz f; — essentials, bas Wesentliche. —tial a. wesentlich, notwendig. — s. pl. das Wesentliche.

establish v. fest-setzen; = found, gründen; = institute, ein-richeten; (laws) geben, ein-sühren.

-ment s. Festsetzung; Gründung; Errichtung; Einstitution, Anstalt f; (commercial) Etablissement n I, pl. -8.

estate s. = property, Besitzum n I c; = rank, Stand m I b*; — s. of the realm, Reichsstände pl.

esteem v. achten, schätzen. — 8. Ach, tung, Hochschätzung f.

ichäten. - s. Schätzung f. estrange v. entfremben. etc. abbrev. u. f. w. (und fo weiter). etch v. radieren. -ing s. Radierung f.

etern-al a. ewig. -ity s. Ewigfeit f. ethic-al a. fittlich. -s s. Ethit f.

eulogy 8. Lobrebe f.

euphony s. Wohlklang m I.

Europe pr. n. Europa n I. -an a. europäisch. - s. Europäer m I a. eva-de v. aus-weichen [dat.] -sion

s. Ausflucht f I b*. -sive a. ausmeichenb.

eve s. Abend m I b. = evening before, Borabend m I b; Christmas e. ber beilige Abend. -ning s. Abend m I b; in the e. am Abend; [bes] Abends; 60.

even a. eben; = equal, gleich; = smooth, glatt; = straight, gerade. — adv. jogar, felbst; not e. nicht einmal. - v. gleich machen. -tempered a. gleichmütig.

event s. Greignis n I b; = case, Fall m I b*; at all -s jedenfalls. -ful a. ereignisvoll.

ever (165) adv. je, jemals; = always, immer; for e. auf immer, auf ewig; after an interrogative or relative pronoun or adverb (often -soever), aud, aud immer, auch nur, nur immer. -lasting a. ewig.

every pron. a. (89) jeber. -body pron. jedermann. -thing alles. -where adv. überall.

estim-able a. schätbar. -ate v. eviden-ce s. Beweis m I b; Bengnis n I b; give e. Beweise geben. -t a. augenscheinlich, klar. evil a. übel; = wicked, schlecht, böse; = unfavorable, schlimm; the e. one der Böse. — s. das Übel, Böse. -minded a. boshaft. evince v. zeigen.

> exact a. genau; -ly adv. gerabe, genau. -ness s. Genauigkeit f. exaggerate v. übertreiben.

exalt v. erheben, preisen.

examin-ation s. Brüfung f; (school) Examen n I, pl. –ina; = investigation, Untersuchung f: = trial, Berhör n I b. -e v. prüfen; eraminieren, untersuchen, verhören: e. [more closely], = look at. [naber] betrachten, in Augenichein nehmen.

example s. Beispiel n I b : = model. Borbild n I c, Mufter n I a; for e. (e. g.) jum Beispiel (z. B.)

exceed v. überichreiten; = excel, übertreffen. -ing a. übermäkig. außerorbentlich.

excel v. intr. fich aus-zeichnen. tr. übertreffen. -lency 8. Bortrefflichteit, Borguglichteit f; (title) Excelleng f. -lent a. vortrefflich, ausgezeichnet.

except v. ans-nehmen. — prep. außer [dat.], mit Ausnahme [gen.] - conj. außer daß: = unless, es fei benn bag, wenn nicht. -ion s. Ausnahme f; with the e. mit Ausnahme.

excess s. Übermaß n I: = intem-

übermäßig.

exchange v. wechseln; o. [for] umtaufchen, vertaufden [für]. - s. Tausch, Umtausch m I b; (of thoughts) Austausch m I b; bill of e. Bechsel m I a; = bourse, Börse f: = rate of e. Disfonto n L

excite v. auf-regen; = incite, stimulate, an-regen. -ment s. Aufreauna f.

exclaim v. aus-rnfen.

exclamation v. Ausruf m I b; e. point Ausrufungszeichen n I a. exclu-de v. aus-schließen. -sion e. Ausschliefung f. -sive a. ausfolieglich.

excursion s. Ausflug m I b*.

excus-able a. verzeihlich. -e v. entschulbigen.

execut-e v. aus-führen; (a law) vollziehen; = sign, aus-fertigen; = put to death, hin-richten. -ion s. Ausführung; Bollgiehung; Ansfertigung: hinrichtung f. -ioner s. Benter m I a. -ive a. vollziehend. -or 8. Bollftreder mIa.

exemplary a. mnfterhaft.

exercise s. Übung f; (of an art) Ausübung f; written e. Erercitium n I, pl. -ien, Aufgabe f. v. üben; aus-üben.

exert v. an-ftrengen. -ion s. Anftrengung f.

exhaust v. erichopfen. -ion 8. Ericopfung f. -less a. unerschöpflich.

perance, Unmäßigkeit f. -ive a. | exhibit v. zeigen; (for inspection) ausstellen. -ion s. Ausstellung f. exhort v. ermabnen.

> exile s. Verbannung f; (exiled) Berbannter p. s. - v. verbannen.

> exist v. fein; (es ift, es gibt; 198 f.) -ence 8. Dafein, Leben n I. -ent a. bestehend.

> exit v. = leaves the stage, geht ab. — s. Ausgang m I b*.

> expan-d v. [fich] ausbreiten, [fich] ermeitern. -se s. = space, meiter Raum m I b*. -sion s. Ausbreitung, Erweiterung f.

> expect v. erwarten [of, von]. -ant a. erwartungsvoll. -ation s. Erwartung f.

> exped-iency s. Ratfamieit f. -iont a. ratfam. - s. Mittel, Bulfsmittel n I a. -ite v. beichleunigen. -ition s. = haste, Gile f; = journey, Reise, Fahrt f, (scientific) Expedition f; (against a foe) Rug, Keldzug $m I b^*$.

expel v. vertreiben.

expen-d v. (money) aus-geben; (effort, time etc.) verwenden. -diture 8. Ausgabe f; Aufwand m I. -se s. Ausgabe f. Roften pl. [at, auf w. acc.]; -sive a. fostspielig, teuer.

exper-ience s. Erfahrung f [machen] .- v. erfahren ; -d p. erfahren. -iment s. Berfuch m I b; (scientific) Experiment n I b. - v. Berfuche machen [upon, mit].

expiat-e v. fünnen. -ion 8. Guhnung f. expir-ation s. = end, Ablauf m I. -e v. = die, vericheiden; = end, ab-laufen. explain v. erflaren. explan-ation s. Erflärung f. explicit a. ausbrüdlich, beutlich. explode v. tr. in bie Luft iprengen; fig. verwerfen; intr. explodieren. exploit 8. Belbenthat f. explore v. erforichen. explosion s. Explosion f. export v. aus-führen .- s. Ausfuhr f. expos-e v. aus-ftellen; = show, zeigen, an ben Tag legen; subject, aus-seten. -ition 8. Ausstellung f. -ure s. Blogftellung f. expound v. aus-legen, erflären. express v. aus drüden. - a. flar, deutlich; = special, besonder, erprefi; e. train, s. Schnellzug mIb*. -ly adv. ausbrücklich. -ion 8. Nusbruck m I b*. -ive a. ausdrudevoll. expulsion 8. Bertreibung f. exquisite a. vortrefflich, vorzüglich. extempor-ary a. and -e a. aus dem

extemporieren.
exten-d v. tr. = stretch, aus-behnen; = spread, aus-breiten; (the
hand) aus-fireden; = enlarge,
erweitern, vergrößern; (time) verlängern. intr. fich aus-behnen, fich
aus-breiten etc.; = reach, fich
exfireden, reichen [to, bis an, bis

Stegreif. -ize v. aus bem Steg-

reif reben, bichten, fpielen etc.;

nung, Ausbreitung f, etc. -sive a. ausgebehnt, weit. exter-ior a. auferlich; = foreign, ausmärtig. - s. bas Augere. -nal a. äußerlich. extinguish v. aus-löschen; = annihilato, vertilgen, vernichten. extol v. erheben, preisen. extort v. erpreffen. extra a. Ertra-, besonder. extract s. Auszug m I b*. — v. ausgieben. extraordinary a. außerorbentlich. extravagan-ce s. = excess, Ausichweifung f; = wildness, Schwärmerei f; = prodigality, Berfdwendung f. -t a. ausschweifend; ichwärmerifc; verfchwenderifc; = excessive, übermäßig. extrem-e a. außerft, außerorbentlich. — 8. das Außerste a. 8; Extrem n I b; to such an e. bis au einem folden Grabe. -ity 8. bas Außerfte; = limit, Grenze f; = great embarrassment, Berlegenheit f. verzweifelte Lage f; last e. äußerster Rotfall m I b*; = limb, Ertremität f. exult v. frohloden.

zu; 199, 4 a]. -sion s. Ausbeh-

F.

eye s. Auge n I, pl. II. -brow s. Augenbraue f. -lash s. Augen-

wimper f. -lid s. Augenlid n I c.

fab-le s. Fabel f; = tale, Märden n I a. — v. erbichten, erfinden.
—ulous a. fabelhaft.

face s. Geficht n I c, Antlig n I b. -v. ins Beficht feben; = be opposite, gegenüber liegen (ftehen); = brave, tropen [all w. dat.]

facilit-ate v. erleichtern. -y 8. Leich: tigfeit f.

fact s. Thatsache f; in f. in ber That; [by] the f. that [badurd] baß. -ion s. Bartet f; = discord, Zwietracht f. -ory s. Kabrit f.

faculty s. Faiultät f; = power, Fähigkeit f, Rraft f I b*; = talent, Gabef, Talent n I b.

fade v. welfen, verwelfen.

fail v. - be wanting, fehlen, mangeln [dat.]; = not succeed, miß: lingen; = omit, verfehlen, unterlaffen: = forsake, verlaffen, im Stiche laffen. -ing 8. Fehler m I a, Schwäche f. -ure s. Fehlen; Dig. lingen; Berfehlen n I a.

faint a. ichwach*; matt; = indefinite, unbestimmt; (sound) leise; (color) blaß. - v. ohnmächtig werden, in Ohnmacht fallen. -ness s. Schwäche f. -hearted a. fleinmütig, zaghaft. -heartedness 8. Rleinmut m.

fair a. = light-colored, hell, hellfarbig, weiß; = handsome, idion; = favorable, günstig; = equitable, billig, gerecht; = reasonably good, siemlich gut. -haired a. blond.

fair s. Meffe f, Jahrmarkt m I b*. fairy s. Ree f. -land s. Reenland n 1 c. -tale s. Märchen m I a. faith v. Glaube m II, gen. -ens fin, farce s. Boffe.

an w. acc.]; = trust, Bertrauen [in, an w. acc.] -ful a. getreu, ehrlich; = conscientious, gewissenhaft, getreulich. -fulness s. Treue f. -less a. treulos. -lessness s. Treulofigkeit f.

falcon s. Falte m II.

fall v. fallen, fturzen. — s. Fall, Sturz m I b*; = autumn, Berbft

false a. falsch. -hood s. Lüge f. -ness 8. Falschheit f.

falter v. ftoden, ftammeln.

fam-e a. Ruhm m I. -ed, -ous a. berühmt [for, wegen].

famil-iar a. = well acquainted, vertraut; = very friendly, vertraulich; = customary, gewöhnlich. -iarity 8. Bertrautheit; Bertraulichkeit f. -iarize v. vertraut machen. -y s. Familie f, comps. Familien ..

fam-ine s. Hungerenot f I b*. -ish v. intr. verhungern; (with thirst) verschmachten.

fan s. Fächer m I a. - v. fächeln.

fanc-iful a. phantastisch. Phantafie f; = idea, 3bee f; = taste, Geschmad m I. - v. fich ein-bilden, fich vor-ftellen.

far a. fern, entfernt. - adv. feru, weit; = greatly, weit; f. distant, f. off weit entfernt; f. and near weit und breit; by f. weit, bei weitem; so f. fo weit; as f. as the Rhine bis an ben Rhein (199, 4 a).

fare v. sich befinden, daran sein; = eat, essen.—s. Fahrgeld n I c; = food, Essen n I a; bill of f. Speisezetel m I a. —well interj. lebewohl. —s. Lebewohl n I [bid, sagen].

farm s. Gut, Bauerngut n I c. -er
s. Landmann m I c, pl. -leute.
-house s. Bauernhaus n I c.
farther -est a comp and suppl

farth-er, -est a. comp. and superl. weiter, weitest.

farthing s. Heller m I a.

fascinat-e v. bezaubern. -ion s. Zauber m I a, Reiz m I b.

fashion s. Mode f; — form Gestalt f. — v. bilben. —able a. modisch, fast a. schnell; — firm, sest; be f. asleep sest schlasen. —en v. befestigen; (one's eyes) hesten.

fast v. fasten. — s. Fasten pl. fat a. fett. — s. Fett n I. —ten v.

fett machen.

fat-al a. verhängnisvoll; = deadly, töblich. -ality s. Berhängnis n I b; = misfortune, Mißge-schick n I b. -e s. Schickaln I b; the -s bie Parzen f. -ed a. vom Schickal bestimmt; = doomed, bem Berberben geweiht. -eful a. verhängnisvoll.

father s. Bater m I a*. —in-law s. Schwiegervater. —land s. Baterland n I c. —less a. vaterlos. —ly a. väterlich.

fathom s. Faben m I a. — v. ergründen. —less a. unergründlich, fatigue s. Müdigkeit f. — v. ermüben.

fare v. sich besinden, daran sein; = | fault s. Fehler m I a. -less a eat, essen. -s. Fahrgeld n I c; = food, Essen n I a; dill of f. haft.

favor s. Gunst f, pl. Gunstbezeigungen [do, show, erweisen]. — v. begünstigen. —able a. günstig. —ite a. Günstling m I b; comps. Lieblings; f. poet Lieblingsbichter m I a.

fear s. Furcht f (no pl.), Besorgnis f I b.—v. fürchten [acc.], sich fürchten vor [dat.] —ful a. fürchterlich, furchtbar; be 1. [of], see fear. —less a. furchtlos.

feast s. Fest n I b; = repast, Schmaus m I b [make, veranstalten]. — v. sich ergößen.

feat s. Helbenthat f. -ure s. Jug m I b*; == characteristic, Rennzeichen n I a.

feather s. Feder f.

February 8. Februar m I.

fee s. Gebühr f. — v. bezahlen.

feeble a. schwach*. -ness Schwäche f.

feed v. füttern, (persons) speisen; = eat (of beasts) fressen; f. upon sich nähren von. — s. Futter n I.

fool v. [fich] fühlen. -ing a. gefühlvoll. — s. Gefühl n I b.

feign v. erdichten, heucheln.

fell v. fällen.

fellow s. = mate, Genosse, Gefährte mII; familiarly and contemptuously, Kerl m I d, Bursche m II; comps. Mit-; f. prisoner Mitgesangener p. s.

felt s. Filz m I b. fem-ale, -inine a. weiblich. fence s. Baun m I b*. - v. fechten. gären. ferry, -boat s. Fähre f. fertile a. fruchtbar. fervent a. heiß; innbrunftig. fest-al, -ive a. festlich. -ivity s. Festlichkeit f. fetch v. holen. fetter 8. Keffel f. - v. feffeln. feud s. Zwift, Streit m I b. fever s. Fieber n I a. -ish a. fieberhaft. few pron. a. (41) wenige; a f., some f. einige, [einige] wenige. fickle a. wankelmütig. -ness 8. Wankelmut m I. fict-ion s. Dichtung f. -itious a. erdichtet. fiddle 8. Fiebel, Beige f. fidelity s. Treue f. fie! interj. pfui! fief s. Lehen n I a. field s. Keld n I c; f, of battle Schlachtfeld. fiend s. Teufel m I a. -ish a. teuflisch. fierce a. wild, wütend. -ness s. Bildheit f, Grimm m I. fiery a. feurig. fife 8. Pfeife f. fif-teen num. a. fünfzehn. -teenth -th fünft-. fünfzehnt=. -thly adv. fünftene. -tieth num. a. fünfzigste. -ty fünfzig. fig 8. Feige f.

fight v. fechten, fampfen; f. a battle eine Schlacht ichlagen. - 8. Rampf m I b*.ferment, -ation s. Gärung f.— v. figure s. Figur f; = character, Beftalt f. - v. tr. bilben, geftalten. intr. eine Rolle fpielen. file 8. Reile f. - v. feilen. fill v. [an=]füllen; fig. erfüllen. filth s. Schmut m I. -y a. schmutig. final a = last, lett; = definite, enbaültig. -ly adv. enblich. find v. finden; = search for, fuchen; f. out ausfindig machen. fine a. fein, schon. fine 8. Strafef. - v. ftrafen. finger s. Kinger m I a. finish v. beendigen; = complete, vollenden; = stop, auf-hören [playing, ju fpielen; 128, 3]; -ed p. fertig, = perfect, vollfommen. fir 8. Tanne f. -cone 8. Tannengapfen m I a. -tree 8. Tannenbaum m I b*. fire s. Feuer n I a. - v. = set on fire, in Brand stecken; (a shot) feuern; f. off ab-feuern. -engine Reuersprite f. -place 8. Kamin m I b. -side 8. Herd m I b. -works s. Keuerwerf n I b. firm a. feft; = constant, ftanbhaft. -- s. Firma f, pl. -en. -ness s. Keftigfeit f. first a. erst; at f. querst; in the f. place erstens. - adv. erst; = for the first time, querft. -born a. erft [geboren], älteft. -ly adv.

erftens.

fish s. Fisch m I b. — v. fischen. -erman s. Fischer m I a. fist s. Fauft f I b*. fit a. tauglich, geeignet [for, zu]; = capable, fähig. - v. tr. anpaffen; = prepare, ein-richten; f. out aus-rusten; f. up einrichten. intr. paffen. fit s. (attack) Anfall m I b*. five num. a. fünf. fix v. befestigen, an-heften; = fasten, fest-heften; = determine, festfeten, bestimmen; f. upon mahlen. -ed a. feft; unverwandt. flag s. Flagge f; = banner, Kahne f. flake s. Flocte f. **flame** 8. Flamme f. — v. lodern. flank 8. Flanke f. flannel s. Flanell n I b. flare v. fladern, lobern. flash s. [of lightning] Blit m I b, fig. plötlicher Ausbruch m I b*. - v. bligen; funteln; aus-brechen. flask 8. Flasche f. flat a. flach, platt; fig. platt. flatter v. schmeicheln [dat.] -ing a. schmeichelhaft. -y 8. Schmeichelei f. flax s. Flachs m I. flee v. flieben. fleece 8. Bließ n I b .- v. scheeren. fleet a. schnell, flüchtig. — s. Flotte f. -ing a. flüchtig, vergänglich. flesh s. Fleisch n I. -y a. fett. flicker v. flactern. flight s. Flucht f; = flying, Flug m I; f. of stairs Treppe f.

flinch v. [zurud-]weichen. fling v. werfen, ichleudern. flint v. Feuerstein m I b. flirt v. liebeln. float s. Flog n I b* .- v. fcmimmen, flock 8. Herbe f. - v. sich gefellen; f. [to] strömen. flood s. Flut, Überschwemmung f; (Bible) Sünbflut f. - v. überschwemmen. -tide s. Flutf. floor s. Kußboden m I a*; = story, Stodwert n I b [on, in]. florin 8. Gulden m I a. flour s. Mehl n I b. flourish v. blühen, gebeihen; = swing, fcmingen. - s. Schnörfel m I a. flow v. fliegen. flower 8. Blume f. - v. bluben. -bed s. Blumenbeet n I b. -pot s. Blumentopf m I b*. -y a. blumenreich. fluen-cy 8. Geläufigkeit f. fliegend, geläufig. flute s. Flöte f. -player s. Flötenspieler m I a. flutter v. flattern. — 8. Geflatter n. fly v. fliegen. - s. Fliege f. foam 8. Schaum m I.— v. schäumen. fodder s. Futter n I a. foe s. Feind m I b. fog 8. Nebel m I a. -gy a nebelig foil s. (fencing) Rappier n I b. foil v. vereiteln. fold 8. Falte f; comps. -fach, -faltig: six-fold fechefach, fechefältig; = fence, Sürbe f; = flock, Berde f. - v. falten; f. up aujammen-falten. -ing-door Klügelthür f.

foliage s. Laub [wert] n I.

folk s. Bolt n I c, Leute pl; comps. Bolls:: f. book s. Bollsbuch n I c: f. song s. Bolfslied n I c.

follow v. folgen [dat.]; = succood, nach-folgen [dat.], folgen auf [acc.]; = accompany, begleiten; = obey, befolgen. -er s. Nachfolger m I a := adherent,Anhänger m I a := retainer, Befolgsmann m I c, pl. -leute. folly 8. Thorheit f.

fond a. liebevoll, gartlich; be f. of gern haben, [gern] mögen; be f. of playing gern spielen. -ness 8.

Liebe; = inclination, Reigung f; [for, 311].

food 8. Speise, Nahrung J.

fool s. Narr, Thor m II; court f. Sofnarr: F.'s Paradise Schlaraffenland n I .- v. jum Marren haben; f. away vergeuden. -ish a. thöricht. -ishness Thorheit, Narrheit f. - hardy a. tollfühn. foot s. Fuß m I b*; on f. au Ruge,

= going, im Gange; from head to f. vom Ropfe bis ju Rufen. -man s. Latei m II; Bedienter p. e. -path s. Kufpfad m I b. -print, -step 8. Fußstapfe f. -stool s. Schemel m I a.

for (166) prep. für; = in exchange for, für, um; = as, als, für, zu; =on account of, wegen, halber; bor Freude, Schmerzen; (time

elapsed) acc. [hindur h. lang l. feit [dat.]; (time to elapse) auf [acc.]; with a verbal noun in -ing, use a subordinate clause, introduced by weil, or bafür daß, to express cause, and um ... au. with the infinitive, to express purpose. - conj. benn, forbid v. verbieten [dat. person]; == prevent, verbindern, verbüten.

forc-e s. Rraft, Macht $f I b^*$; = violence, Gewalt f, [by, mit]. - v. zwingen, nötigen; = drive, treiben; f. [upon one] auf-drangen [dat.] -ible a. fraftig, fig. einbringlich.

ford 8. Kurt f.

fore adv. vorn. -arm s. Borberarm m I b. -bode v. an-beuten. -boding s. Ahnung f. -finger s. Beigefinger m I a. -foot s. Borberfuß m I b*. -go v. verzichten auf [acc.] -ground s. Borbergrund m I b*. -head s. Stirn f. -most a. vorberft; (rank) erft. -noon s. Vormittag m I b. -runner s. Borläufer m I a. -see v. poraus-feben. -sight s. Borbebacht m I. -stall v. zuvor-fommen [dat.] -taste s. Borgefcmackm I. -tell v. vorher-fagen. -thought s. Borbedacht m I.

foreign a. auslänbisch, fremblanbijch, fremb; fig. fremb, unpaffenb; f. countries Ausland n I. -er s. Ausländer m I a, Fremder a. s. (direction) nad; f. joy, pain forest s. Walb m I c. -clad a. malbbebedt.

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forfeit v. verwirken.

forge v. schmieben; = counterfeit,

fällden. -ery s. Källdung f.

forget v. vergeffen [acc. or gen.] -ful a. vergeflich. f. of vergeffend [gen.] -fulness 8. Bergeß: lichfeit f; = oblivion, Bergeffenbeit f. -me-not s. Bergifmeinnicht n I, pl. -8. forgive v. vergeben, verzeihen [dat. person]. -ness s. Bergebung, Berzeihung f. fork 8. Gabel f. forlorn a. verlaffen, einfam. form 8. Form, Gestalt f .- v. bilben. -al a. förmlich. -ality s. Förmlichteit f. fter jener - biefer. former a. früher; the f. - the latforsake v. verlaffen. fort s. Fort n I, pl. -s. -ification s. Berichangung f. -ify v. vericangen, befestigen. -ress 8. Festung f. forth adv. = on, fort, weiter; = forward, vorwärts; = out, herraus, binaus; = away, babon; back and f. hin und her. fort-ieth num. a. vierzigste. -y vierzig. -night 8. vierzehn Tage. fortun-ate a. glüdlich. -ately adv. glüdlicherweife. - 8. Glüd n I; = fate, Geschick n I b, good f. Glüd; = wealth, Bermögen n I a. -o-teller s. Wahrsager m

forward a. vorn (adv.); = bold,

Ia.

(direction) vorwärts. - v. beförbern. foster v. nähren, pflegen. -child s. Pflegekind n I c. -father s. Bflegevater m I a*. foul a. ichmutig, unrein. found v. gründen; = endow, ftiften. -ation s. Gründung; Stiftung $f_i =$ base (of a building), Grund m I; fig. Grundlage; = origin, Anfang, Urfprung m Ib*; from the f. von Grund auf; to the f. bis auf den Grund. found v. = cast, gießen. -er s. Gieger m I a; bell f. Glodengießer. -ing s. Gießen n I a, Buf m I b*. -ry s. Gieferei f. fountain s. Quelle f. four num. a. vier. -fold vierfach. -teen viergia. -teenth viergiafts. -th vierts. -thly adv. viertens. fowl s. Bogel m I a*; = hen, Buhn n I c; collect. Geflügel n I a. -ing-piece s. [Bogel-]Klinte f. fox s. Fuchs m I b*. fraction s. Struch $m \mid b^* := frag$ ment, Brudftüd n I b. frag-ile a. zerbrechlich. -ment s. Bruchstück n I b. fragran-ce s. Duft m I b*. -t a. duftig. frail a. schwach*. -ty s. Schwäche f. frame s. bauen; (a picture) einrahmen. - s. Gerüft n I b; [picture] f. [Bilber-]Rahmen m Ia. vorlaut, ted; = precocious, France pr. n. Franfreich n I. frühreif. — (also -s) adv. vorn; frank a. freimitig, offenbergig.

ziakeit f.

Frankfort pr. n. Frankfurt n I. fraud s. Betrug m I, Betrügerei f. -ulent a. betrügerisch.

freak s. Grille f. -ish a. grillenhaft. Frederick pr. n. Friedrich m I.

free a. frei. - v. befreien. -dom s. Freibeit f.

freeze v. intr. frieren, gefrieren; f. to death erfrieren. tr. gefrieren machen.

freight s. Fracht f; bill of f. Frachtbrief m I b.

French a. französisch. — s. (language) das Französische; learn F. Frangofisch lernen; (Frenchman) Franzose m II. -man 8. Frangoje m II. -woman 8. Franzöfin f.

frenzy s. Wahnsinn m I. frequen-cy 8. Saufigkeit f. -t a. häufig. - v. besuchen.

fresh a. frisch; (not salt) sük. -en v. erfrischen. -ness 8. Frische f.

friar s. Mönch m I b.

Friday s. Freitag m I b; good F. Rarfreitag.

friend s. Freund m I b. -liness s. Freundlichkeit f. -ly a. freundlich. -ship s. Freundschaft f.

fright s. Schreden m I a. -en v. erichreden (-te, -t); get (become) . -d erichreden (-at, -oden). -ful a. jdredlich.

frigid a. falt.

fritter s. Schnitzel n I a. - v. f. away vertändeln, verzetteln.

-ness 8. Freimut m I, Offenber- | frivol-ity 8. Leichtfertigfeit f. -ous a. leichtfertig.

frock s. Rocf m I b*.

frog s. Froich m I b*.

frolic 8. Boffe f. - v. Boffen treiben. -some a. luftia.

from (167) prep. von, aus [. . . hervor, heraus]; after verbs of removal, use the dative: (concealment) vor [acc.]; (protection) vor, gegen.

front 8. Borberfeite, Front f; in f. of vor. -door s. Hausthür f. frost s. Frost m I b*.

frown v. die Stirn rungeln.

frugal s. mäßig, ipariam; = scant, ípärlich.

fruit s. Frucht fI b*; collect. Obst n I. -ful a. fruchtbar. -tree s. Obstbaum m I b*.

frustrate v. vereiteln.

fry v. [in der Bfanne] braten. -ingpan s. Bratpfanne f; jump out of the f. into the fire aus bem Regen in die Traufe tommen.

fuel s. Brennmaterial n I.

fugitive a. flüchtig. — 8. Klüchtling m I b.

fulfil v. erfüllen. -ment s. Erfüllung f.

full a. voll. -y adv. völlig, gang. fullness Fülle f.

fume s. Dunft, Dumpf m I b*.v. dampfen; fig. toben.

fun s. Spaß m I b*, Scherz m I b; make f. of jum Beften haben [acc.], fich luftig machen über [acc.] -ny a. spafig, tomisch.

funeral s. Begräbnis n I b. - a. Leichen -; f. pile Scheiterhaufen mIa. funnel s. Trichter m I a. fur s. Bela m I b. -rier s. Rurich. ner m I a. furious a. wütend. furl r. auf-rollen. furlough s. Urlaub m I. furnace 8. Schmelzofen m I a*, (for heating houses) Luftheizungsapparat m I b. furn-ish v. = provide, verfeben: (rooms) möblieren; = procure, verichaffen. -iture s. Möbel n. pl. furrow s. Furche f. - v. furchen. furth-er a. comp. weiter, ferner. v. fördern. -ermore adv. außerbem. -ermost, -est a. weiteft, entfernteft. fury s. Wut, Raferei f. fuse s. Bünber m I a. fuss 8. Wefen, Aufheben n I. futile a. nichtia, eitel. future a. tünftig, zutünftig. -Butunft f.

G.

gable 8. Giebel m I a. galety 8. Beiterfeit f. gain 8. Gewinn m I b. - v. gewinnen. gait s. Gang m I b*. gale s. Sturm m I b*. gall 8. Galle f.

lant. -ry s. Tapferfeit, Galanterie f. gallery 8. Gallerie f. galley 8. Galeere f. gallop s. Galopp m I. - v. galoppieren. gallows 8. Galgen m I a. gam-ble v. fpielen; g. away verfpielen. -bler s. Gpieler m I a. -e s. Spiel n I b; (wild animals) Wild n I. gander s. Gänserich m I b. gang 8. Bande f. gap s. Öffnung $f_i = gorge$, Rluft f I b*. - v. ben Mund auf-fperren. garb s. Tracht f. garden s. Garten m I a*. -er s. Gäriner m I a. garland s. Guirlande f, Blumengeminbe n I a. garment s. Gewand n I c. Rleidungestück n I b. garner 8. Rornboden m I a*. garnet s. Granat m I b. garnish v. zieren, ichmüden. garret 8. Dachboden m I b*. -chamber 8. Dachstube f. garrison s. Befatung f .- v. be= feten. garter s. Strumpfband n I c. gas s. Gas n I b. gate s. Thor n I b. gather v. = collect, [fid) fammeln; g. [hastily] aufammenraffen; == pick, pflüden, lefen. gaudy a. prunthaft. gay a. heiter, luftig. gallant a. tapfer; = polite, ga- |gaze v. [ftarr] bliden; g. at [ftarr]

an-bliden, [with astonishment] an-ftaunen. - 8. Blid m I b. gazette s. Beitung f. gem s. Ebelftein m I b. gender s. Geschlecht n I c. gener-al a. allgemein, -s. in g. im Allgemeinen; (title) General m I b*. -ally adv. überhaupt; im Allgemeinen. -ate v. hervor= bringen. -ation 8. Generation f; Geschlecht n I c. -osity 8. a. großmütig, freigebig. Genesis 8. Benefis f, bas erfte Buch Mofis. geni-al a. freundlich, herzlich, gemütvoll. -ality 8. Freundlichfeit, Berglichkeit f. -us e. Genie n I, pl. -8; (good, evil) Genius m I, pl. -ien. gent-eel a. anständig; = aristocratic, vornehm. -ile a. heibnisch. - s. Beibe m II. -le a. fanft, linbe; freundlich; -ly adv. facht. -leman s. herr m II; (rank) vornehmer Berr m II; (manners, character) anstanbiger Mann m I c; pl., as address, gentlemen meine Berren. -lemanly a. vornehm, anftanbig. -ry 8. Abel m I. genuine a. echt, wahr. -ness s. Echtheit f. genus 8. Gattung f. George pr. n. Georg m I. germ s. Reim m I b. German a. beutich. - s. Deutscher glad a. froh; be g. fich freuen fof, a. s. ; (language) bas Deutsche;

learn G. Deutsch lernen. -ic a. germanisch. -y Deutschland n I. gesture s. Geberbe f. get v. = receive, befommen, erhalten; = fetch, holen; = cause, laffen (120); = become, merben; = arrive, gelangen, tommen; g. in, out hinein=, hinau8=gelangen; get along, on, = progress, Kortidritte machen; g. up, = rise, auf=ftehen. Großmut; Freigebigkeit f. -ous ghastly a. geisterhaft; = terrible, ichrectlich. ghost s. Geist m I c. -like, -ly a. geisterhaft. giant s. Riefe m II; comps. Riefen .. giddy a. ichwinbelig. gift s. Gabe f, Geschent n I b. -ed a. begabt. gigantic a. riefenhaft, riefig. giggle v. fichern. gil-d v. vergolden. -t p. vergolbet. - s. Bergoldung f. gimlet s. Bohrer m I a. ginger s. Ingwer m I; g. cake Bfeffertuchen m I a. gipsy s. Bigeuner m I a. gird v. gürten. -le s. Gürtel m I a. girl 8. Mädchen n I a. -ish a. mädchenhaft. give v. geben; = hand, reichen: g. in nach-geben; g. out aus-geben, (not suffice) nicht aus-halten: g. up auf-geben, = cede überlaffen, = yield nachgeben. glacier s. Gleticher m I a. über]; I shall be glad to do it ich werde es gern thun.

-lv adv.

glance s. Blid m I b. - v. bliden. glare s. Glang m I. - v. glangen; = blind, blenben. glass 8. Glas n I c. — a. gläfern. glaz-e v. glafieren. - s. Glafur f. -ier s. Glaser m I a. gleam s. Strahl m I, pl. II. - v. glee 8. Freude, Fröhlichkeit f. glen s. Bergichlucht f. glide v. gleiten. glimmer s. Schimmer m I a. - v. ichimmern. glisten v. glänzen, ichimmern. glitter v. glänzen, funkeln. gloom 8. Düsterfeit; fig. Traurigfeit f. -y a. bufter; traurig. glor-ify v. verherrlichen. -ious a. herrlich, ruhmvoll. -y 8. Herr= lichkeit f; Ruhm m I. - v. ftola fein [in, auf w. acc.] gloss s. Gloffe f. -ary s. Gloffar n I b. gloss 8. Glanz m I. -y a. glänzend. glove s. Handichuh m I b. glow 8. Glut f. - v. glühen. glue s. Leim m I. - v. leimen. gnash v. fnirfchen [mit]. gnaw v. nagen. go v. gehen; = travel, reifen; (on horseback, etc.) reiten; (in a vehicle) fahren; = happen, gehen, geschehen; go on, = procood, weiter-geben; = happen, geschehen; go out (out of the house, also of fire) aus-gehen.

-ing p. I am g. to write ich werbe schreiben, = about to im Begriff zu. -ne p = away, fort, weg. goal s. Biel n I b. goat s. Biege f. goblet 8. Becher m I a, Potal m I b. goblin s. Robold m I b. God 8. Gott m I c. —child 8. Bate m II, Patin f. -dess s. Göttin f. -father s. Bate m II. -head s. Gottheit f. -less a. gottlos. -like, -ly a. göttlich. -mother 8. Batin f. gold s. Gold n I. - a. and -en a. golden, Gold. good a. gut. — s. bas Gute, bas Beste. -s pl. Waaren f. pl. -bye interj. adieu, lebe wohl. - s. Adieu, Lebewohl n I, pl. -8. -hearted a. gutherzig. -natured a. gutmütig. -ness s. Güte f. goose s. Gans f I b*. -berry s. Stachelbeere f. gorge 8. Reble f, Schlund m I b*; = ravine, Schlucht f. -ous a. prächtig, herrlich. -ousness e. Bracht, Berrlichteit f. gospel 8. Evangelium n I, pl. —ien. gossip s. = sponsor, Gevatter m I a, -in f; = tattler,Schwäter m I a, -in f; = tattle, Rlatich m I, Rlatichgeichichte f. - v. flatichen. gout s. Gicht f. govern v. regieren. -ess s. Gouvernante f. -ment s. Regierung

f. -or s. = ruler, Berricher m Ia;

= regent, Statthalter m I a; | grape s. Traube f. -vine s. Wein-U. S. Gouverneur m I b.

gown s. Rleid n I c.

grab v. tr. ergreifen. intr. greifen [at, nach].

grac-e s. = favor, Bunft, Bnabef; = mercy, Gnabe f; (prayer) Tischgebet n I b; = gracefulness, also -s pl. Annut f; the three G-s die brei Grazien. -eful a. anmutig. -ious a. gnädig, freundlich. -iousness s. Huld. Freundlichkeit f.

grad-e s. Grad m I b, Rang m I b*; = step, Stufe f. -ual a. allmählich. -uate v. (University) promobieren itr. and intr. -uation s. Bromotion f.

graft v. pfropfen.

grain s. Rorn n I c; collect. Getreide n I a.

gramm-ar s. Grammatil f. -atical a. grammatisch.

granary s. Rornboden m I a*.

grand a groß, großartig. -child s. Entel m I a, -in f. -daughter s. Enfelin f. -duchess s. Großherzogin f. -duchy c. Großheraggtum n I c. -duke s. Großherzog m I b*. -father s. Großbater m I a*. -mother s. Großmutter f I a*. -son s. Entel m I a. gran-ite s. Granit m I b. -ular a förnia.

grant v. gewähren, bewilligen; = admit, au-geben. - 8. Gemahrung, Bewilligung f; = gift, Schentung f.

rebe f.

graph-ic[al] a. anfchaulich. -ite s. Graphit m I b.

grasp v. tr. ergreifen, erfaffen. intr. greifen, fassen [at, nach]. -ing a. aieria.

grass s. Gras n I c. -hopper s. Grashüpfer m I a.

grate s. Rost m I b; = bars, Sitter n I a. -ed a. vergittert.

grate v. fraten, reiben. -r s. Reibeisen n I a.

grat-eful a. danibar. -efulness s Dankbarkeit f. -ification s. Befriedigung f. -ify v. befriedigen. -is adv. umionit. -itude s. Danibarleit f. -uitous a. freiwillig; grundlos. -uity s. Geschenk n I b. grav-e a. ernft. -itation s. Schwerfraft f. -ity 8. Schwere f.

grave s. Grab n I c. -digger s. Totengräber m I a.

gravel s. Ries m I.

gravy 8. Sauce f.

gray a. grau. — s. Grau n I. graze v. grafen.

graze v. (touch) ftreifen.

greas-e s. Kett n I b. -y a. fettig. great a. groß; a g. many eine Menge, fehr viele; comps. Groß-: g. -aunt Großtante f; g. -grand Urgroß: g. -grandfather Urgrofivater m I a*. -coat s. Uberrod m I b*. -ly adv. fehr. -ness s. Größe f.

Gre-cian a. griechisch. - 8. Grieche m II. -ece pr. n. Griechenland n I.

greed s. Gier f. -y a. gierig. Greek a. griechifch. - s. Grieche m II; (language) bas Griechische; learn G. Griechisch lernen. green a. grün. — s. Grün n I; = meadow, common, Wieje f, Anger m I a. Greenland pr. n. Grönland n I. greet v. grüßen, begrüßen. -ing 8. Gruß m I b*. grenadier s. Grenadier m I b. greyhound s. Windhund m I b. grie-f s. Rummer m I. -vance s. Befchwerbe f. -ve v. [fich] betrüben. -vous a. ichmeralich. griffin s. Greif m I b or IL grim a. grimmig. grimace s. Grimaffe f. grin v. grinfen. - 8. Grinfen n I. grind v. (grain, etc.) mahlen; = whet, polish, ichleifen; = work hard, ochfen. -er s. Schleifer m I a ; scissors-g. Scherenichleifer. -stone 8. Schleifftein mIb. grip s. Griff m I b. - v. ergreifen, faffen. grizzly a. graulich, grau. groan v. ftöhnen. - s. Geufzer m Ia. grocer s. Spezereiwarenhandler m I a. -ies s. Spezereiwaren f. pl. -y 8. Spezereiwarenhandlung f. groom 8. Stallfnecht, Reitfnecht m I b; brideg. Bräutigam m I b. - v. puten. groove 8. Rinne f. grope v. tappen.

gross a. bid, plump, gemein. -ness 8. Plumpheit, Gemeinheit f. grotto 8. Grotte, Boble f. grotesque e. groteef, wunberlich. ground s. Grund m I b*, Boben m I a*; on the g. auf bem Boden, (direction) ju Boben, = present, jur Stelle; = reason, Grund; = argument, Beweisgrund. - v. gründen. -floor s. Erdgeschoß n I b. -less a. grundgroup 8. Gruppe f. - v. gruppieren. grove s. Hain m I b. grow v. wachsen; = increase, qunehmen; = become, werben; g. up auf-wachsen; -n p. and -n up erwachsen. -th s. Wachstum n I; = development, Entwidelung f. growl v. fnurren. grudg-e v. mifigonnen [dat. pers.]; -ing p. mifgunftig. - s. Dig. gunft f (no pl.), Groll m I. gruff a. mürrisch. grumble v. murren, brummen. - 8. Gemurr, Gebrumme n I. grunt a. grunzen. guard v. tr. = protect, beidhüten, behüten [from, vor w. dat.]; = watch, bewaden. intr. and reft. fich huten, fich in Acht nehmen from, against, por w. d.'., gegen]. - s. Bewachung, hut f; (agent) Bachef, Bachter, Bater m I a; be on one's g. auf feiner but fein; stand g. Bache fteben. -ed a. vorfichtig. -ian s. Buter, Bächter m I a; (of an orphan,

etc.) Bormund m I c; comps. Schutz. -ianship s. Obhut f; Bormundichaft f. guess v. mutmaßen; (a riddle) raten. - s. Mutmakung f. guest s. Gast mI b*; invite as a g. ju Gaft laden. guid-ance s. Führung, Leitung f. -e s. Kührer m I a. - v. führen. ebook s. Führer m I a. guild s. Gilbe, Bunft f. guilt s. Schuld f. -y a. schuldig: become g. [of] sich schulbig machen [gen.], begehen [acc.] guinea 8. Guinee f. guise s. Maste f. guitar s. Guitarre f. gulf s. Golf m I b; = abyss, Abgrund m I b*. -stream s. Golf= ftrom m I. gum 8. Gummi n I. - v. gummieren. gun s. Gewehr n I b; = cannon, Gefdüß n I b. -barrel s. Gemehr= lauf m I b*. -carriage 8. Lafette f. -powder e. Schiefpulver m I. -shot s. Schuß m I b*. gush v. ftromen. - s. Buß m I b*. gust s. g. of wind Windstoff m I b*. gutter s. Dadyrinne f; (in the street) Rinnstein m I b. gymnas-ium s. Turnhallef; (highschool, college) Symnafium n I. pl. -ien. -tics s. Gymnaftit, Turntunft f.

H.

habit s. = dress, Kleidung f; = oustom, Gewohnheit f; be in

the h. of doing zu thun pflegen. -able a. bewohnbar. -ation s. Wohnsit mI b. -ual a. gewohnt; gewöhnlich. hag s. Here f. hagglo v. handeln, feilichen. hail s. Sagel m I .- v. hageln. -stone s. Schloße f. hail interj. Seil! hail v.an-rufen; = greet, begrufen. hair s. Saar n I b; red h. rote Baare. -ed a. haarig. hale a. gefund. half s. Salfte f .- a. halb; h. an hour eine halbe Stunde; an hour and a h. anderthalb Stunben, ein und eine halbe Stunde; two hours and a h. ;wei und eine halbe Stunde; comps. Salb : h. circle Halbfreis m I b; h. way adv. halbwegs; = in the middle, auf halbem Wege. hall s. Halle f, Saal m I b*; = vestibule, corridor, Sausflurf. hallow v. heiligen. halo s. Beiligenschein m Ib; (moon) Sof $m I b^*$. halt v. Halt (m I b) machen. halter s. Salfter f. ham s. Schinfen m I a. hammer s. Hammer m I a*. hammock 8. Sangematte f. hand s. Sand f I b*; = side, Seite f; at h. zur Hand; by h. mit ber Sand; on h. vorrätig. - v. reichen [to, dat.] -icraft, -iwork s. Handwerf n I b. -kerchief s.

Taschentuch nIc. -le s. Griff

m I b .- v. handhaben. -some a. hübich, ichon. -y a. zur Hand; = convenient, bequem. -writing s. Handschrift f := signature, Unterfdrift f.

hang v. ir. hangen; aufshangen. intr. hangen, hängen.

happ-en v. geschehen (intr.); he -ed to be present er war anfällig [gerabe] jugegen. -iness s. Glüd'n I. -y a. glüdlich; (of temper) fröhlich, heiter; -ily adv. = fortunately, glüdlicherweise; = safely, gludlich, wohlbebalten.

harangue s. Rede f. - v. eine Rede halten [dat.]

harass v. plagen, qualen.

harbor 8. Safen m I a*. - v. beherbergen.

hard a. hart; = difficult, schwer; = severe, fireng; = forcible, fräftig; = violent, heftig. -en v. tr. harten, intr. verharten. -ihood s. Rühnheit f. -ly adv. = scarcely, faum (187). -ness s. Barte, Schwere f. -ship s. Beschwerbe, Unannehmlichkeit f. -y a. abgehärtet; = bold, fühn. hare s. Safe m II.

hark v. horden.

harm 8. Schaben m I a*. - v. beschädigen; ichaben [dat.]; ein Leid thun [dat.] -ful a. schäd= lich. -less a. harmlos, unschäd= lich.

harmon-ious a. harmonisch; fig. einträchtig. -ize v. intr. harmo- hawk s. Habicht m I b.

nieren; = agree, jufammenftimmen, tr. in Ginflang bringen. -y 8. Harmonie f; fig. Gintracht f. harness 8. Geschirr n I b; = armor, Rüftung f. - v. an-ichirren; rüften.

harp 8. Harfe f. harpy s. Harphe f.

harsh a. rauh, barich. -ness s. Raubheit, Barichheit f.

harvest s. Ernte f. - v. ernten.

Harz Mountains pr. n. Harz m I. hast-e s. Gile f. -en v. tr. beeilen. intr. eilen, fich beeilen. -y a. eilig. hat s. Sut m I b*. -ter s. Sutmacher m I a.

hatch v. aus-becten.

hatchet s. Beil n I b.

hate s. Sag m I. - v. haffen. -ful a. = hating, gehässig; = hated, verhaßt. -red s. Haß m I.

haught-iness s. Hochmut m I. -y a. hochmütig.

haunt v. befuchen; (of a ghost) fputen [in]: = pursue, verfolgen. - s. Lieblingsort m Ib; = den, Höhle f.

have v. haben; as auxiliary, with intransitive verbs of motion and transition, fein (87, 2); = receive, befommen; = cause, lassen (120 a); h. to müssen (103, 3).

haven s. Hafen m I a*.

havoc s. Berwüstung f [make, anrichten]; = mischief, Unfug m I fftiftenl.

hay 8. Seu n I.

hazard s. = danger, Gefahr f; = venture, Wagnis n I b; = chance, Jufall m I b*. - v. wagen. -ous a. gewagt.

hazel s. Haselstaube f. –nut s. Haselsunß f I b*.

he pron. er.

head s. Ropf m I b*; — chief, Haupt n I c; — principal, Borfieher m I a; — top, Spite f; at the h. an der Spite; from h. to foot von Kopf bis zu Küßen; comps. Haupt- (principal), Ober- (superior).—v. führen, leiten.—ache; see ache.—dress s. Kopfput m I b.—long adv. Hals über Kopf.—master s. Direktor m I, pl. II.—quarters s. Hauptquartier n I b.

heal v. heilen. —th s. Gesundheit f. —thful, —thy a. gesund.

heap s. Haufen m I a. - v. häufen; h. up auf-häufen.

hearv. hören. —ers. Zuhörerm Ia.

ing s. Gehör n I. —ken s.
horchen [to, auf]. —say s. Hörenlagen n I a.

hearse s. Leichenwagen m I a.

heart s. Herz n, -ens, -en, -, pl. II; by h. auswendig; from my (his, etc.) h. von Herzen.

-broken a. gebrochenen Herzens.

-felt a. herzlich. -iness s. Herzlicheit f. -loss a. herzlos. -rending a. herzerreihend. -stirring a. herzergreifend. -y a. herzlich.

hearth s. Herd m I b.

heat s. Site f. - v. heizen.

heath s. Heibe f, (plant) Heibefraut n I c. — en s. Heibe m II. — endom s. Heibentum n I. — enish a. heibnisch. — ism s. Heibentum n I.

heav-e v. heben; — swell, schwellen; (a sigh) aus-sloßen. —iness s. Schwere f. —y a. schwer.

heaven s. Himmel m I a. —ly a. himmlisch.

Hebrew a. hebräisch, — s. Hebräer m I a; (language) das Hebräische hedge s. Hede f. –hog s. Igel m I a.

heed v. beachten, Acht geben auf [acc.] — s. Acht f. —ful a. acht-fam [auf w. acc.] —less a. acht-los; gebankenlos; h. of ohne Rücklicht auf [acc.]

heel s. Ferfe f.

Hegeling s. Hegeling m I b.

height s. Höhe f. —en v. erhöhen; vermehren.

heir s. Erbe m II. —ess s. Erbin f.
—less a. ohne Erben. —loom s.
Erbstück n I b.

hell s. Hölle f. —ish a. höllisch.
—hound s. Höllenhund m I b.

helm 8. Steuerruder n I a.

helmet s. Helm m I b.

help v. helsen [dat. 65; infinitive without zu, 119, 3; in, at, bei]:

= remedy, ab-helsen [dat.]; he could not h. laughing er konnte nicht umhin zu lachen; I cannot h. it ich kann es nicht änbern. —

s. Hülse f; h.! zu Hülse! —ful

a. hülfreich. -less hülflos. -mate | heritage s. Erbe n I. Gehülfe m II.

hem s. Saum m I b*. -v. faumen. hemlock s. Schierling m I b. -tree s. Tannenbaum m I b*.

hemp s. Hanf m I.

hen 8. Henne f. -roost 8. Hühnerfteige f.

hence (169) adv. von hier, von ba; (time) in; a week h. in einer therefore, baher, beshalb, desivegen. -forth adv. fortan, von jest an.

Henry pr. n. Beinrich m I.

her pron. dat. ihr; acc. sie; poss. a. ihr. -s poss. pron. ihr, ihrig (31, 2). -self reft. fich; emphatic [fie] felbft (30).

herald 8. Serold m I b. - v. verfünden. -ry 8. Heralbit f.

herb s. Kraut n I c, Pflanze f.

herd s. Berbe f. - v. huten. -sman s. Hirt m II.

here s. hier, (direction) hierher; adj. hiefig. -abouts adv. hier herum. -after adv. fünftighin, in Butunft. - s. die Butunft f, bas fünftige Leben. $-\mathbf{by} \quad adv.$ hierdurch, hiermit. -in adv. hierin. -of adv. hiervon. -on adv. hierauf. -to adv. hierzu. -tofore adv. vormals, ehebem. -upon adv. hierauf, dann. -with adv. hiermit.

heredit-ary a. erblich, Erb. -y 8. Erblichteit f.

heretic s. Reter m I a. -al a. teperifc.

hermit s. Einfiehler m I a. -age 8. Ginfiedelei f.

hero s. Seld m II. -ic a. heldenmütig; Belden=; h. poem Belden= gedicht n I b. -ine s. Heldin f. -ism s. Seldenmut m I.

herring s. Bering m I b.

hesit-ate v. zaudern, zögern. -ation 8. Zaubern, Zögern n I. hew v. hauen.

hexameter s. Herameter m I a.

hid-e v. [fich] verbergen, [fich] versteden [from, vor w. dat.]; play h. and sook Berfteden fpielen. -ing-place 8. Berfted n I b.

hide s. Haut f I b*, Fell n I b. hideous a. scheuflich.

high a. hody* (before the vowel of of an ending hoh-). -ly adv. höchft, fehr. -road, -way 8. Landftrage f. -school s. Gymnafium n I, pl. -ien. -wayman 8. Straßenräuber m I a.

hill s. Hügel m I a. –side s. Bergabhang m I b*. -y a. hügelig. him pron. ihn. -self reft. fich; emphatic [er] felbft (30).

hind s. Hindin f, Hirschifuh f I b*. hind a. hinter-; Hinter-; h. log Sinterbein n I b. -er v. hindern. -rance 8. Hindernis n I b. -most a. superl. hinterft.

hinge s (large) Angel f; (small) Scharnier n I b. — v. h. on anfommen auf [acc.]

hint s. Wink m I b. — v. an-deuten :

h. at, = allude to, an-spiesen auf [acc.]

hip 8. Süfte f.

hire v. mieten. —s. Miete f. —ling s. Mietling m I b.

his poss. a. fein; pron. fein, feinig (31, 2).

hiss v. intr. zischen. tr. aus-zischen.
-ing s. Gezisch n I.

histor-ian s. Geschichtsschreiber, Historiker m I a. —ic[al] a. geschichtlich, historisch. —y s. Geichichte f.

hit v. treffen. — s. Schlag, Stoß m I b*.

hitch v. an-haken, an-binden; h. up, — harness, an-spannen.

hither adv. hierher; h. and thither hierhin und borthin. -to adv. bis jest.

hive s. Bienenforb m I b*.

ho interj. he! heba!

hoard s. Schat m I b*. — v. aufhäufen.

hoarse a. heiser, rauh. -ness s. Heiserkeit f.

hoe s. Haden. - v. haden.

hog s. Schwein n I b. -shead s. Orhoft n I b.

hoist v. auf-ziehen.

hold v. halten; = contain, enthalten; = possess, besigen, (an office) belieiden; = believe, glauben, der Ansicht sein; = consider, halten sür. — s. Halt m I, Griff m I b. —interj. halt!

hole s. Loch n I c.

holiday s. Feiertag m I b.

Holland pr. n. Holland n I. hollow a. hohl. — s. Höhle f. holy a. heilig. —week s. Karwochef. homage s. Hulbigung f; do h. hulbigen [dat.]

huldigen [dat.]
home s. Heim n I b; (house)
Haus n I c; at h. zu Hause, go h.
nach Hause gehen; (town, country) Heimat f [in der, in die];
comps. Heimats (or heimatlich
a.) -less a. heimatlos. -liness
s. Einsachheit, Schlichtheit f.
-like a. heimatlich, gemütlich.
-ly a. einsach, schlicht; nicht
hübsch. -sick a. de h. Heimweh
haben. -sickness s. Heimweh
n I. -stead s. Heimstäte f.

honest a. ehrlich, redlich. -y s. Ehrlichkeit, Redlichkeit f.

honey s. Honig m I.

honor s. Ehre f; = distinction, Ehrenbezeigung f.—v. ehren, beehren. -able s. ehrenvoll; = honest, ehrbar.

hood s. Haube, Rappe f.

hoof s. Huf m I b.

hook s. Haken m I a.—v. haken.
—ed a. krumm.

hoop s. Reif m I b.

hop s. Hopfen m I a (collect.)

hop v. hüpfen. — s. Sprung m I b*. hope v. hoffen [for, auf w. acc.] — s. Hoffenung f. —ful a. hoffnungsvoll. —less a. hoffnungslos. horizon s. Horizont m I. —al a.

horizontal. horn s. Horn n I c. —y a. hornig. horr-ible, – id a. schredlich, entsetzlich. -ify v. entfeten. -or s. Entfeten, Grausen n I. -or-stricken von Entfeten ergriffen.

horse s. Pferd, Rog n I b; comps. Pferbe-. -back s. gu Pferbe; ride on h. reiten. -man s. Reis ter m I a. -manship s. Reitfunft f I b*. -power s. Pferbefraft f I b*. -shoe s. Sufeisen n I a.

hospit-able a. gaftfreundlich, gaftfrei. -al s. Hofpital n I c. -ality 8. Baftfreundschaft, Gaftfreiheit f. host s. Wirt m I b. -elry s. Gasthaus n I c. -ess s. Wirtin f. -ler s. Haustnecht m I b.

host s. (army) heer n I b. -age s. Beifel f. -ile a. feindlich. -ility s. Feindseligfeit f.

host s. (holy h.) Hostie f.

hot a. heiß; = ardent, heiß, feurig; = violent, hitig. -headed a. hitföpfig. -house 8. Treibhaus n I c. -spur s. Hittopf m I b*. hound s Jagdhund m I b.

hour s. Stunde f; a quarter of an h. eine Biertelstunde. -ly a. stünd= lich. -glass 8. Stunbenglas n I c. house s. Saus n I c. - v. tr. unter Dach und Fach bringen. intr. hausen. -hold s. Haushalt m I b, Saushaltung f; h. care Haushaltungsforge, häusliche Sorge f. -keeper e. Saushalterin f. -wife s. Hausfrau f. hover v. fcmeben.

how adv. wie; [know, under- hump s. Budel m I a. -backed a. stand, learn] h. to au; he un-

derstands how to do it er perfteht es zu thun; otherwise, wie with subject and finite verb should be used. -ever (170) adv. wie anch [immer, nur]. conj. boch, jedoch, aber.

howl v. heulen, - s. Geheni n I. huckleberry s. Seidelbeere f. huddle v. [fich] brangen.

hue s. Farbe f.

hue s. h. and cry Beter unb Morbio n I.

hug v. umarmen.

m Tb.

huge a. fehr groß, mächtig. hull s. Sülfef, (of a ship) Rumpf

hum v. jummen. - s. Gejumme n I. -ming-bird s. Rolibri m I, pl. -8. human a. menschlich. -ism s. Humanismus m (indecl.) -ist s. humanift m II. -ity s. Menfcheit f; = philanthropy, Menich. lichfeit f. -ize v. gefittet machen. humble a. demütig; = modest, beicheiben; = lowly, niebrig, gering; your h. servant 3hr ergebenfter Diener. - v. bemutigen. -ness 8. Demut: Riebrigteit f.

humili-ate v. bemütigen. -ation 8. Demütigung f. -ty s. Demutf. humor s. Humor m I; = disposition, Gemütsart f; = temper, Laune f; = whim, Grille f. -ist s. Humorist m II. -ous a. humoriftifc.

budelig.

hundred num. a. hundert; a. h. | hut s. Bütte f. hundert. - s. hundert n I b. -fold | hymn s. Rirchenlied n 1 c. num. a. hundertfach. -th hundertft=.

Hungar-ian a. ungarisch. — 8. Ungar m II. -y pr. n. Ungarn

hung-er s. Sunger m I; die of h. verhungern. — v. hungern (also impersonal, w. acc. 82, 2), hungrig fein, hunger haben. -ry a. bungrig.

hunt v. jagen [for, nach]; = pursue, verfolgen; = h. up auffuchen. — s. Jagb f. -er s. Jäger m I a. -ing s. Jagen n I, Jagb f; comps. Jagd-; h. horn Jagdhorn n I c. -ress s. Jägerin f. -sman s. Jäger m I a.

hurl v. werfen, ichleubern. hurrah interj. hurra!

hurr-y s. Gile f; be in a h. es eilig haben. — v. tr. (also h. up) =

hasten, beschleunigen; = urge on, an-treiben; = precipitate, übereilen; -led p. eilig; übereilt. intr. eilen.

hurt v. verleten; = injure, beschäbigen; = pain, weh thun [dat.] - 8. Berletung, Bunde f. -ful a. schäblich.

husband s. Chemann m I c, Gatte m II; (consort) Gemahl m I b.

hush interj. ftill! husk 8. Hülfe f.

husky a. rauh, heiser.

hussar s. Hufar m II.

hustle v. [fich] brangen.

I.

I pron. ich.

ic-e s. Eis n I. -eberg s. Eisberg m I b. -e-cream s. Gefrorenes p. s., Eis n I. -icle s. Giszapfen m I a. -y a. eifig.

Iceland pr. n. Island n I. -er s. Islander m I a. -ic a. islandisch. idea 8. Gebante m II, gen. -ens: Ibee f. -1 a. ibeal. -- 8. Ibeal n 1 b. -ism s. Ibealismus m (indecl.) -ist s. Idealist m II. -ize v. idealisieren.

idiot s. Blöbfinniger a. s.; Dummtopf m I b*. -ic a. blödfinnig, bumm.

idle a. müßig; = lazy, faul. -v. faullenzen; i. away mit Nichtsthun verbringen. -ness s. Müßiggang m I; Faulheit f. -r s. Müßigganger, Faullenzer m I a. idol 8. Götenbild n Ic; fig. Abgott m I ♂. -ater e. Gögenbiener m I a. -atrous a. götendiene--atry e. Götendienft risch. m I b. -ize v. vergöttern.

idyl s. Ibulle f. -lic a. idyllifch. if (171) conj. wenn; as if als ob; in indirect questions, ob.

ignite v. tr. in Brand feten. intr. Feuer fangen.

ignoble a. unebel, gemein.

ignomin-ious a. schmählich, schimpflich. -y s. Schmach f, Schimpf m L

ignor-amus s. Ignorant m II. -ance s. Unwiffenheit f. -ant a. unwiffenb. -e v. nicht beachten. ill a. übel; = sick, frant*. - s. übel n I a. -behaved a. unar= tig. -bred a. ungebilbet. -disposed a. unfreundlich. -doing 8. Übelthat f. -fated a. ungludlich. -luck s. lluglück n I. -merited a. unverbient. -nature s. Bösartigkeit f. -natured 8. bö8= artig, boshaft. -tempered a. übellaunig. -timed a. unzeitig. -treat v. mikbandeln. -treatment s. Dighanblung, ichlechte Behandlung f. -wills. Übelwollen n I a.

III-. Words not given below, beginning with the negative in-(contracted with a following 1into iII-), may generally be rendered by the corresponding German words with the prefix uu-. iIIusion s. Täuschung f.

illuminat-e v. illuminieren, beleuchten. —ion s. Illumination, Beleuchtung f.

illustrate v. illustrieren; (by examples) klar machen. -ion s. Illustration f; (example) Beispiel n I b.

image s. Bilb n I c. —inable a. bentbar. —inary a. eingebilbet. —ination s. Einbilbung f; (power of) Einbilbungsfrast, Phantasie f. —inative a. phantasievoll, von reger Phantasie. —ine v. sich (dat.) ein-bilben, vor-stellen.

imitat-e v. nach-ahmen. —ion s. Nachahmung f; in i. of nach dem Borbilde von. —or s. Nachahmer m 1 a.

Imm. Words not given below, beginning with the negative in(contracted with a following mand p- into imm- and imp-), may generally be rendered by the corresponding German words with the prefix un-.

immediate a. unmittelbar; (in time) augenblicklich. —ly adv. fogleich, augenblicklich.

immemorial a. unbenflich; from time i. feit unbenflichen Zeiten. immense a. ungeheuer.

immigra-nt s. Einwanderer m I a. -te v. ein-wandern. -tion s. Einwanderung f.

imp s. Teufelchen n I a. impart v. mit-teilen.

imped-e v. hindern. -iment s. Hindernis n I b.

impel v. anstreiben; ansregen. impend v. bevorsstehen.

impenetrable a. undurchbringlich.
imperative a. gebietend; zwingend.
imperfect s. Swingricetum n I.

imperfect s. Imperfectum n I, pl. -a.

imperi-al a. kaiserlich; comps. Katser-, Reichs-; i. hall Kaisersaal m I b*; i. city Reichsstadt f I b*, i. chamber (supreme court) Reichskammergericht n I b. —ous a. gebieterisch.

impertinen-ce s. Unverschämtheit f. -t a. unverschämt.

impetu-osity s. Ungestüm m I. in (172) adv. brinnen, (direction) -ous a. ungeftum, heftig. -s e. Antrieb m I b. implement s. Gerät n I b = tool, Werkzeug n I b. implicate v. verwickeln. . implicit a. unbedenflich. implore v. tr. an-flehen [for, um]. intr. flehen. imply v. = include, ein-ichließen: = suggest, an-beuten. import v. ein-führen. - s. Ginfuhr f. -ance s. Wichtigfeit f. -ant a. wichtig. -ation s. Ginfuhr f. impos-e v. auf-legen; fig. auf-erlegen; i. upon, = deceive, taufchen [acc.] -ing a. imponie= rend. -ition s. Auferlegung f; Täufdung, Betrügerei f. -t s. Steuer f. -tor s. Betrüger m I a. impress v. ein-briiden; fig. einrragen [upon, dat.], [einen] Lindrud machen auf [acc.; with, durch]. -ion s. Gindruct m I b*. -ive a. einbringlich; = touching, erareifend. imprison v. ins Gefängnis merfen;

gefangen halten. -ment 8. Befangenschaft f. impromptu a. aus bem Stegreif. improve v. verbessern. -ment s.

Berbefferung f. impuden-ce s. Unverschämtheit f -t a. unverschämt.

impuls-e 8. Antrieb m I b. -ive income 8. Einkommen n I a. a erregbar, leidenschaftlich. -ive- inconvenience v. belästigen. lichteit f.

hinein, herein; prep. in (in dem = im); in the morning am Morgen, [be8] Morgens: German auf Deutsch; with a verbal noun in -ing, use bei with a verbal noun in -en, or a subordinate clause introduced by inbem or baburch daß. -asmuch adv. i. as soweit; = since, da, weil. in-. Words not given below, beginning with the negative in-, may generally be rendered by the corresponding German words with the prefix un-. inaugurate v. ein-weihen; beginnen: (a person) ein-feten. incense s. Weihrauch m I. incentive s. Beweggrund m I b*. incessant a. unaufhörlich. inch s. Boll m I (sing.; 55). incident 8. Creignis n I b. Borfall m I b*. -al a. beiläufig. incite v. an-reizen, an-fpornen. inclin-ation s. Neigung f. -e v.

-d plane ichiefe Chene f. inclose v. ein-fchließen. inclu-de v. [mit] ein-schließen, -ding p. mit Einschluß [gen.] -sion s. Einschluß m I b*. -sive a. einschließlich fof, gen.] incognito adv. incognito. ness 8. Erregbarteit, Leidenschaft= increase v. intr. machfen, au-nehmen; (in number) fich vermehren. tr.

[fich] neigen; i. toward [fich] ju-

neigen [dat.] ; be -d geneigt fein;

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Bermehrung, Bunahme f.

incur v. fich (dat.) zu-ziehen [acc.]; fich aus-feten [dat.]

indebted p. verpflichtet; be i. to one for jemanden etwas verbanten.

indeed adv. in ber That; = truly, wirklich, wahrhaftig; = to be sure, zwar; = yes, i. ei, freilich! indemnify v. entichabigen.

indescribable a. unbeschreiblich.

index s. Index m I b; (of a book) Register n I a. -finger s. Reigefinger m I a.

India pr. n. Indien n I; East Indies Oftindien, West Indies Beftindien. -n a. indifch; (American) indianisch. — e. Indier m I a; (American) Indianer m I a. -n file s. Gänsemarsch m I. -rubber s. Gummi m I. -n summer s. Altweiberfommer m I a.

indicate v. an-zeigen.

indifferen-ce s. Gleichgültigfeit f [to, gegen]. -t a. gleichgültig. indign-ant a. entruftet [at, über w. acc.] -ation s. Entrüstung f.

-ity s. Schimpf m I (no pl.), Beleidigung f.

indispos-ed a. = ill, unpäßlich. -ition s. Unpaklichkeit f.

individual a. = single, einzeln, befonber. -ly adv. einzeln, jeber für fich .- s. Individuum nI, pl. -uen.

indolen-ce 8. Trägheit f. -t a. träge.

indoor a. comps. Haus. -s adv. im Baufe.

vermehren. — 8. Wachstum n I; | induce v. bewegen: = pursuade überreben; = mislead, verleiten. -ment s. Beweggrund m I b*.

indulge v. = treat kindly, ichonen, Nachsicht üben mit; = yield, gratify, nach-geben [dat.]; = spoil, verzärteln; i. in fich (dat.) erlauben. -nce s. Nachsicht f -nt a. nachsichtig.

industr-ial a. industriell; Induftrie-. -ious a. fleißig, emfig. -y s. Fleiß m I; (business) Induftrief; commerce and i. Saubel und Industrie.

inevitable a. unvermeiblich. inestimable a. unschätzbar. inexorable a. unerbittlich.

infamous a. schmachvoll, schändlich. infan-cy s. Rindheit f; from i. von Rindheit auf. -t s. Rind n I c. -ticide s. Rinbermord m I b. -tile a. findisch. -try s. Infanterie f.

infect v. an-steden. -ious a. anftectenb.

infer v. schließen [from, aus]. -ence s. Schluß m I b*.

infer-ior a. = lower, unter: = lesser, geringer. -nal a. höllisch, Böllen=.

infidel a. ungläubig. — s. Ungläubiger a. s. -ity s. Unglaube m II, gen. -ens; = unfaithfulness, Untreue f.

infinit-e a. unenblich. -esimal a. unenblich flein. -ive s. Infinitiv m Ib.

inflam-e v. entzünden. -mable a.

entzündlich. -mation 8. Entzünduna f.

mflect v. beugen. -ion s. Biegung; Rlexion f.

inflict v. auf-erlegen, au-fügen [upon, dat.]

influen-ce s. Einfluß [upon, auf w. acc.; exercise, aus-üben]. - v. beeinfluffen. -tial a. einflufreich.

inform v. benachrichtigen [of, von]; = instruct, unterrichten. -ation s. Runbe, Nachricht f; (upon inquiry) Austunft f I b*.

ingen-ious a. finnreich; = inventive, erfinberisch. -uity f. Scharffinn m I. -uous a. aufrichtia.

ingot s. Barren m I a.

[with, bei].

inhabit v. bewohnen. -able a. bewohnbar. -ant s. Ginwohner m Ta.

inherit v. erben. -ance s. Erbe n I insensible a. unempfindlich fto, (no pl.), Erbschaft f.

inimitable a. unnachahmlich.

initi-al a. Anfangs-. — s. Anfangsbuchstabe m II. -ate v. = begin, inside a. inner, inwendig. - adv. beginnen: = introduce, ein-füh-

injur-e v. - damage, beichäbigen: = wound, verleten; = wrong, Unrecht thun [dat.] -ious a. schäblich. -y e. Beschädigung: Berletung f: Unrecht n I.

injustice s. Ungerechtigkeit f; = wrong, Unrecht n L

ink s. Tinte f. -stand s. Schreibzeug nIb, Tintenfaß n I c.

inland adj. binnenländisch. - s. Binnenland n I c.

inlet s. Ginlag $m I b^*$; = bend, Einschnitt m I b, Bucht f.

inn s. Wirtshaus, Gasthaus n I c. -keeper s. Wirt m I b.

inner a. inner, inwendig. -most a. superl. innerft. stalldig. innocen-ce a. Uniquib f. -t a. uninnumerable a. unzählig, zahllos. inquest 8. Untersuchung f.

inquir-e v. fragen, fich erfundigen [about, nach]. -y s. Erfundigung f := investigation, Untersuchung f.

inquisit-ion s. Inquifition f. -ive a. nengierig.

ingratiate v. refl. fich ein-schmeicheln insan-e a. wahnfinnig. -ity s. Wahnfinn m L

insatiable a. unerfättlich.

inscription s. Inscript f.

insect s. Infekt n I, pl. II.

für]; = unconscious, bewußtlos. inseparable a. unzertrennlich.

insert v. ein-fügen; ein-rüden.

innen, brinnen. prep. in, innerbalb. - s. innere Geitef, bas Innere a. s.: on the i. innen, inmendia.

insight s. Einficht f.

insist v. bestehen [upon, auf w. dat.] insolen-ce s. Frechheit f. -t a. frech.

inspect v. besichtigen. -ion s. Be-

fichtigung f. -or s. Infpettor $m \mid, pl. \mid II.$

inspir-ation s. Begeisterung f. -e v. begeistern; i. one with einem etwas ein-flößen.

instan-ce s. = prayer, Ansuchen n I; = example. Beispiel n I b: for i. zum Beispiel. -t a. = urgent, bringend; = current, laufend; the 10th inst. den 10. d. M. (biefes Monats); = immediate, augenblidlich - s. Augenblic m I b. -taneous a. and -tly adv. augenblicklich.

instead (178) adv. bafür; ftatt beffen, beren etc. - i. of prep. ftatt, anstatt [gen.]; a verbal noun in -ing is to be rendered by the infinitive with zu; 128, 5 a.

iustigat-e v. an-reizen; (a crime) an-stiften. -ion s. Antrieb m I b* [at the, auf]. -or s. Anreizer: Anftifter m I a.

instinct s. Instinct m I b. -ive a. instinktmäßig.

institut-e v. = establish, ftiften; = found, gründen; = introduce, ein-führen; = (investigation, comparison) an-stellen. s. Institut n I b, Anstalt f. -ion s. Stiftung; Einführung f; = institute.

instruct v. unterrichten, belehren; = direct, an-weisen. -ion s. Unterricht m I; Belehrung f; Anweisung f. -ive a. lehrreich. -or s. Lehrer m I a.

instrument s. Instrument n I b; interior a. inner. — s. das Innere

= tool, Wertzeug n I b. -al a be i. in behülflich fein zu.

insult s. Beleidigung f. - v. beleidigen.

insur-ance s. Berficherung f. -e v. verfichern.

intell-ect 8. Berftand m I. -ectual a. geiftig. -igence s. Berftand m I; = news, Nachricht f. -igent a. verständig, flug. -igible a. verständlich.

inten-d v. beabsichtigen; i. [for] bestimmen [für]: = mean as, meinen als. -ded p. s. (betrothed) Braut f I b*. -se a. = violent, heftig. -sify v. verftarten. -sity s. Beftigfeit f. -t a. gespannt; = attentive, aufmerkfam; = desirous, bedacht ion, auf w. acc.] — s. and -ion s. Absicht f. -ional a. abfictlich.

intercede v. fich verwenden [with, bei 7.

intercession 8. Fürsprache f.

interchange v. aus-tauschen. - s. Austausch m I b.

intercourse s. Berfehr m I.

interest 8. Interesse n I, pl. II; = sympathy, share, Teilnahme f. Anteil m I [in, an w. dat.] - v. intereffieren; be -ed [in] fich intereffieren [für]; = be concerned [in] beteiligt fein [an w. dat.] -ing a. intereffant.

interfere v. fich ein-mischen fin w. acc.] -nce s. Ginmischung f.

a. s.; (country) Binnenland n I c.

interlude s. Zwischenspiel n I b. intermediate a. Mittel-, Zwischen-. intermezzo s. Intermezzo n I, pl. -8. internal a. inner, innerlich; = domestic, inlandisch.

international a. international; i. law Bölferrecht n I b.

interpret v. aus-legen, erflären. -ation s. Auslegung, Erflärung f. -er s. Ausleger m I a; (of a foreign language) Dolmeticher m I a.

interrupt v. unterbrechen. -ion e. Unterbrechung f.

interval s. (space) Zwischenraum m I b*; (time) Zwischenzeit f. interven-e v. bazwischen-kommen: = mediate, sich in's Mittel legen. -tion s. Dazwischenfunft f: Bermittelung f.

intima-cy s. Bertrautheit f. -te a. pertraut; -ly adv. intim. - s. Bertrauter p. s.

into (174) prep. in [... hinein]. intoxica-te v. berauschen; -ed with berauscht von. -tion 8. Berauichung f; Rausch m I b*.

intrench v. verschanzen.

intrigue 8. Intrigue f, Rante pl. (no 'sing.) - v. intriquieren. Rante ichmieben. -r s. Intrigant m II, Rantefchmied m I b. -ing a. ränkevoll.

introduc-e v. ein-führen; = present, vor-stellen. -tion s. Gin- Ir-eland pr. n. Irland n I. -ish a. führung: Borstellung f; letter

of i. Empfehlungsbrief m I b. -tory a. einleitend.

intru-de v. [sich] auf-brangen [upon, dat.] -der s. Einbringling m I b. -sion s. Einbran= auna f.

intrust v. anvertrauen.

inundat-e v. überschwemmen. -ion s. Überichwemmung f.

invade v. einfallen [in w. acc.] -r s. Eindringling m I b.

invalid a. = feeble, gebrechlich: (soldier) invalibe. - s. Rranter a. s; (soldier) Invalide m II. invaluable a. unichatbar.

invasion s. Einfall m I b* [of a country, in ein Land 1.

invent v. erfinden. -ion s. Erfinbung f. -ive a. erfinderisch. -or s. Erfinder m I a. -ory s. Inventar n I b [take, auf-nehmen], invert v. um-fehren.

invest v. befleiben; (money) anlegen. -ment s. Anlage f.

investigat-e v. unterfuchen. -ion s. Untersuchung f. -or s. Foricher m I a.

invincible a. unüberwindlich.

invit-ation s. Einladung f. -e v. ein-laben.

invoke v. an-rufen.

inward a. inner, inmenbig. - adv. einwärts, nach innen. -ly adv. innerlich; (direction) einwärts. ir-ascible a. jähzornig. -e s. Born mI.

irifch. -ishman s. Irlander m I a.

-self refl. fich; emphatic [e8]

irksome a. unangenehm. iron s. Gifen n I a; [smoothing] -s. Bangerichiff n I b. iron-ical a. ironisch. -y s. Fronie f. irreconcilable a. unversöhnlich. irreparable a. unerfetlich. irresistible a. unwiderftehlich. irrespective a. ohne Rückicht f [of, auf w. acc.] irretrievable a. unwiederbringlich, rettungelos. irrevocable a. unwieberbringlich; unwiderruflich. irrigate s. bemäffern. irrita-bility 8. Reizbarkeit f. -ble s. Reizung, Aufregung f. isl-and s. Infel f. -ander s. In--et s. Inselchen n I a.

felbst (30). 1. Bügeleifen. - a. eifern; Gifen .. Ital-ian a. italienisch. - 8. Italie-- v. bügeln. -clad a. gepangert. ner m I a, -in f; learn I. Italienisch lernen. -y pr. n. 3ta= lien n I. Words not given below, beitch v. juden. ginning with the negative initem s. Bosten m I a; (news) (contracted with a following r-Nachricht f. into irr-), may generally be renitiner-ant a. nmbergiehend. -ary dered by the corresponding s. Reifebeichreibung f. German words with the prefix ivory 8. Elfenbein n I. — a. elfen= beinern. ivy s. Epheu m I, pl. -8. -clad a. epheubefrängt. J. Tack pr. n. Sans m I. jacket s. Jade f. jail s. Gefängnis n I b. -er s. Gefangenwärter m I a. janitor s. Rapellan m I b. January s. Januar m L. jar s. Krug m I b*. jaw 8. Rinnbaden m I a. a. reizbar. -to v. reizen. -tion jealous a. eifersüchtig fof, auf w. acc.] -y s. Giferfucht f (no pl.); felbewohner m Ia. -e s. Infelf. little -les Eiferfüchteleien f. pl. jelly s. Gelee n I, pl. -8. issue s. Erlaß $m I b^*$; (of a periodjerk s. Rud m I b. - v. ftoken. ical) Nummer f; = children, jest s. Scherz m I b [in, im, aus] Rinber, pl.; = result, Ergebnis - v. icherzen. -er s. Spafvogel n I b: = question, Streitfrage m I a*; court j. Hofnarr m II. f. - v. erlaffen; veröffentlichen. Jew s. Jude m II. -ess s. Jüdin isthmus s. Landenge f. f. -ish a. jüdisch. it pron. es; er, sie, in agreement jewel s. Jumel m I b, pl. collect. with the noun (24); 29. -s II. -ler s. Juwelier m I b. -ry poss. a. and pron. fein; thr (24). s. Jumelen pl.

job s. Arbeit f.

John pr. n. Johann [es] m I. -ny pr. n. Sans m, Sanschen n I.

join v. = connect, verbinden; (one's self to) bei-treten, fich anschließen [dat.]; (of armies) sich vereinigen mit. -er s. Tijchler m I a. -ery s. Tischlerei f. -t s. Berbindung, Juge f; (of meat) Braten m I a .- a. vereinigt: comps. Mit-: -heir s. Miterbe m II. -ly adv. ge= meinschaftlich.

joke s. Scherz, Spaß m I b* [in, im, aus]. - v. icherzen, fpagen. -r s. Spafvogel m I a*.

joll-iness, -ity s. Lustigkeit f. a. luftig.

zusammen-ftoßen, jostl-e v. an einander ftogen. -ing 8. Drangen n I.

jot s. Jota n I; not a j. kein Tüpfelden n, nicht bas Geringfte.

journ-al s. = diary, Tagebuch n I c; = periodical, Journal n I b; (daily) Zeitung f; (weekly) Wochenblatt n I c; (monthly) Monatsschrift f. -alism 8. Beitungswesen n I. -alist 8. Journalift m II, Zeitungsschreiber m I a. -ey s. Reise f. - v. reis fen. -evman s. Gefelle m II; j. tailor Schneibergeselle.

Jove pr. n. Jupiter m I. joy s. Freude f; comps. Freuden-; cry of j. Freudenschrei m I. -ful, -ous a. freudig, frohlich.

-fulness, -ousness s. Freude,

Fröhlichkeit f. -less a. freudlos. -lessness 8. Freudlofigfeit f.

jubil-ant a. jubelnd, frohlodend. -ee s. Jubilaum n I, pl. -en.

judge 8. Richter m I a .- v. tr. richten; = consider, beurteilen. intr. richten; = consider, urteilen. -ment s. Urteil n Ib; pass j. on richten über [acc.]; last j. des jüngste Gericht.

judicious a. verständig, Mug. -ness 8. Rlugheit f.

jug s. Rrug m I b*.

juggle v. gauteln. -r s. Gantler, Tafchenfpieler m I a.

juice s. Saft m I b* -y a. faftig. July s. Juli m I.

jump v. fpringen .- s. Sprung mIb*. June s. Juni m I.

junior a. jünger.

jur-isdiction 8. Gerichtsbarkeit f. -isprudence s. Jurisprudenz, Rechtswissenschaft f. -ist s. Jurift m II. -or s. Geichworener p. s. -v s. = jurors.

just a. gerecht; - true, wahr; right, recht; -ly adv. = deservedly, mit Recht. - adv. qerade, eben; with imperatives, nur, -ice s. Gerechtigfeit f. -ification 8. Rechtfertigung f. -ifv v. rechtfertigen. juvenile a. findlich.

K.

keel s. Riel m I b. keen a. icarf*; = acute, icarffinnig; = eager, eifrig, warm*.

behalten; = guard, bemahren; = protect, beiduten from, vor w. dat.]; = watch, bemachen: = preserve, auf-bewahren; = store, vermahren; = support, unterhalten; = observe, beobach= ten; = fulfill, erfüllen; = obey, halten; = romain, bleiben, fich halten; == continue, (also k. on) fort-fahren [doing, zu thun; 128, 3], or use fortwährend continually. -er s. Bermahrer m I a; = owner, Besitzer m I a; = watchman, Bächter, **Wärter** m I a. keg s. Käßchen n I a. kernel s. Rern m I b. kettle s. Reffel m I a. key s. Schlüffel m I a. kick v. tr. mit bem guße flogen. intr. (of horses) aus-ichlagen. - s. Fußtritt m I b. kid s. Bidlein n I a. kidney 8. Niere f. kill v. töten. kin 8. Berwandtschaft f; = rela-

tive, Bermandter p. s. -d s. Art f; what k. of was für (35, 26); all -s of allerhand, allerlei indecl. a. - a. gütig, freundlich. -dhearted a. gutherzig. -dliness s. Freundlichfeit f. -dly a. freundlich. -dness s. Güte f. -dred s. Berwandtschaft f; = relatives, Berwandte p. s. — a. verwandt. -sman, -swoman 8. Bermandter. -e p. s.

keep v. = hold, halten; = rotain, | kindl-e v. an-zünden; fig. entzünden. -ing s. Anbrennholz coll. n I. king s. König m I b. -dom s. Königreich n I b. -ly a. königlich. -ship s. Königtum n I c. kiss v. füffen. - s. Ruß m I b*. kitchen 8. Rüchef; comps. Rüchen=. kite s. Drache m II. kitten s. Rätichen n I a. knapsack s. Tornifter m I a. knav-e s. Bube m II. erv s. Büberei f. -ish a. bubifch. knead v. fneten. knee s. Anie n I b. -1 v. Inicen. knell s. Totenglode f. knife s. Meffer n I a. knight s. Ritter m I a. - v. jum Ritter ichlagen; (modern) abeln, in ben Ritterftand erheben. -hood s. Ritterschaft f. -ly a. ritterlich. -errant s. fahrender Ritter m Ia. knit v. ftriden. -ting 8. Stridgeng n I b; comps. Strict-. knob s. Ruopf m I b*; (door) Rlinke f. knock v. ichlagen; = push, ftogen; k. at the door an die Thür flopfen, pochen. — 8. Schlag, Stoß m I b*; (at the door) Rlopfen, Bothen n I; there is a k. es flopft, pocht (84, 3). knoll 8. Hügel m I a. knot s. Anoten m I a .- v. per-Inüpfen. know v. (facts) wiffen, (persons,

things) fennen (101, 6); == recog-

nize, erfennen; k. how to mis-

adv. miffentlich. -ledge s. Wiffen n I; Renntnis f I b. -n a. befannt.

knuckle s. Anöchel m I a.

L.

label 8. Bettel m I a, Etiquette f. labor s. Arbeit f; = trouble, Anftrengung, Mühe f. - v. arbeiten; fich an-ftrengen, fich bemühen; -ed a. mühfam, gezwungen. -atory s. Laboratorium n I, pl. -ien. -er s. Arbeiter m I a. -ious a. mühjam, mühevoll. lace 8. Spite f. - v. ichnuren. lack v. ermangeln, Mangel leiben an [dat.] - s. Mangel m I a* [of, an w. dat.] lackey s. Lafai m II. lacquer v. ladieren. - s. Lad m I. lad 8. Junge, Buriche m II. ladder 8. Leiter f. lad-e v. laben, beladen. -ing s. Ladung f; bill of l. Frachtbrief, Ladebrief m I b. ladle s. Schöpflöffel m I a. lady s. Dame f; = noble l. (in England) Laby, pl. -ies, (in Germany) Freifrau, Frau von ...; = mistress, \Re errinf; = wife, Gemahlin f; my l. gnädige Frau; comps. ladies' Damen =. lake s. Gee m I, pl .- en. lamb s. Lamm n I c. lame a. lahm. -ness s. Lahmheit f. lament v. intr. flagen. tr. beflagen. -ation 8. Rlage f.

fen zu. -ing a. schlan. -ingly lamp s. Lampef; comps. Lampen-. lance s. Lange f. - v. auf-ichneiden. land s. Land n I c; lands pl. =settlements, Ländereien f. pl. - v. landen. -grave s. Landgraf m II. -holder s. Grundbefiter m I a. -ing s. Landung $f_i = 1$. place, Landungsplat m I b*. -lord, -lady s. Gutsbesiter m I a, -in f; (of an inn, etc.) Wirt m I b, -in f. -scape s. Landschaft f. lane s. Gaffe f. language 8. Sprache f. languish v. fcmachten [for, nach]. lantern 8. Laterne f. lap s. Schoft m I b*. lapse s. Berlauf m I. lard s. Schmalz n I. large s. groß* (superl. größt=); meit; at l. frei. -ly a. = freely. reichlich; = mostly, größtenteile. -ness 8. Größe, Beite f. -hearted a. großherzig. lark s. (bird) Lerche f. lass 8. Mädchen n I a, Dirne f. last a. superl. lett; = extreme, äußerft; at l. zulett, endlich. -ly adv. lettens. last v. dauern. -ing a. dauerhaft. latch 8. Rlinte f .- v. qu-flinten. -key 8. Hausschlässel m I a. late a. spät; = too 1., verspätet; = dead, verftorben; be l. ju fpat fommen: at the latest, fpateftens. -ly adv. fürglich, neulich. -ness s. \mathfrak{S} pate f := being late, Verívätuna f.

lath s. Latte f. lathe s. Drehbant f I b*. lather s. Seifenichaum m I .- v. ein-feifen. Latin a. lateinisch. - s. Lateiner m I a; (language) bas Lateinische: learn L. Lateinisch lernen. latitude s. Breite f. latter a. comp. später; = more recent, nener; the l., = just mentioned, ber lettere, biefer. lattice s. Gitter n I a. laud v. loben. -able a. lobensmert. laugh v. lachen [at, über w. acc.] -ter s. Gelächter n I a. laundr-ess 8. Wascherin f. -y 8. Wajchtüche f; (establishment) Washing, f: = washing, Baiche f. laurel s. Lorbeer m I, pl. II. lavish a. freigebig. - v. verichmenben.

law s. Gefet n I b; collect. Recht n I; international l. Böllerrecht n I, criminal l. Ariminalrecht n I; = jurisprudence, die Rechte n. pl; Jurisprudenz f; student of l. Student der Rechte, der Jurisprudenz. -book s. Gefetbuch n I c; = book on l. juristisches Werf n I d. -ful a. gesetlich; = rightful, rechtmäßig. -less a. gesetlos. -suit s. Proceß n I d. -yer s. Jurist m II; = attorney, Advolut m II, Anwalt m I d.

lawn s. Rafen m I a.

lay a. weltlich; comps. Laien-.
-man s. Laie m II.

lay s. (song) Lieb n I c.
lay v. legen.
laz-iness s. Faulheit f. -y a. faul.
lead s. Blei n I b; for sounding,
sinker, Seniblei. -en a. bleiern,
Blei. -pencil s. Bleistift m I b.
lead v. tr. führen; leiten; = induce, bewegen, veranlassen; l.
astray, verleiten, verführen. intr.
l. [the way] voran-gehen. -er
s. Führer, Ansührer m I a. -ership s. Führerschaft f.
leaf s. Blatt n I c. -less a. blatt-

leaf s. Blatt n I c. —less a. blattlos. —let s. Blättchen n I a. league s. Bund m I b.

league s. Meile f.

leak s. Led m I b. — v. leden. -y a. led.

lean a. bünn, mager. — s. bas Magere. — ness s. Magerleit f. lean v. [fich] lehnen [against, an w. acc.]

leap v. fpringen. — s. Sprung m I b*. -year s. Schaltjahr n I b.

learn v. lernen [to, infinitive without zu; 119, 3]; = hear, erfahren. -ed a. gelehrt. -ing s. Gelehrsamseit f.

least a. superl. Meinst, geringst; at 1. wenigstens; not in the 1. nicht im Geringsten.

leather s. Leber n I a. — a. and —n a. lebern, Lebers.

leave v. tr. lassen; = quit, forsake, verlassen; = bequeath, hinterlassen, vermachen; = entrust, überlassen; l. alone, in Ruhe lassen; 1. behind, zurück- lens s. Linse f. lassen: 1. off, = cease, auf-hören [reading, zu lesen; 128, 3]. intr.= depart, ab-reifen, meggehen. - s. = permission, Erlaubnis f I b = farewell, Abfdied m I b; l. of absence, Ur. laub m I b.

lecture s. Borlesung f, Bortrag m I b* [give, halten; on, über w. acc.]. -r s. ber Bortragenbe p. s. -room s. Hörfaal m I b*. left a. and adv. lint; on the 1. lints; to the l. nach lints.

legs. Bein n Ib; (of meat) Reulef. legacy a. Bermachtnis n I b.

legal a. = lawful, gefetich; = rightful, rechtmäßig; = pertaining to law, juristist.

legate s. Legat m II, Gefandter p. s. legend s. Sage f. -ary a. sagenbaft.

legible a. leferlich. legion s. Legion f.

legislat-e v. Gesetze geben. -ion 8. Gefetgebung f. -ive a. gefetgebend. -or e. Gefetgeber m I a. –ure s. Legislatur f.

legitima-cy 8. Befehmäßigkeit f. -te a. gesetymäßig.

leisure s. Muße f. -ly a. gemäch. lid).

lemon s. Citrone f.

lend v. leihen. length s. Länge f; at l. ausführlich; v. [fich] verlängern. -y a. lang: wierig.

lent s. Kaftenzeit f.

less a. comp. geringer, weniger; =smaller, fleiner; the 1. umfo weniger. -en v. [fich] berringern. -er a. comp. geringer: fleiner.

lesson s = task, Aufgabe f; (of instruction) Stunde f; take, give -s Unterricht nehmen, gehen.

lest conj. bamit nicht.

let v. lassen swith active infinitive; 120]; (a house, etc.) vermieten. letter s. Buchstabe m II; (epistle)

Brief m I b; -s pl. Litteratur f.

lettuce s. Salat m I.

level s. ebene Fläche f: = equality, gleiche Bobe f; (tool) Wage f. - v. gleich, eben machen; = point, zielen [at, auf w. acc.] a. eben, magerecht.

lever s. Sebel m I a.

levy s. erheben; (troops) ausheben.

lexicon s. Lexifon n I, pl. -a.

liar 8. Lügner m I a.

liber-al a. liberal, = generous, freigebig; (in politics, religion, etc.) freisinnig, liberal. - s. Liberaler, Freifinniger a. s. -ality 8. Liberalitat, Freigebigkeit f. Freifinn m I. -ation s. Befreiung f. -ator s. Befreier m I a. -ty s. Freiheit f.

= at last, julett, endlich. -en librar-ian e. Bibliothetar m I b. -y 8. Bibliothel f.

license 8. Freiheit f. - v. erlauben.

lick v. leden.

lib n I c.

legen.

and -v. lügen.

lid s. Decel m I a; eye-l. Augen-

lie s. (falsehood) Lüge f; tell a l.

lie v. liegen; l. down fich nieder-

lieutenant s. Lieutenant m I, pl. -8. life s. Leben n k = biography, Lebensbeschreibung f; for 1. auf Lebenszeit. -long a. lebenslänglich. -time s. Lebenszeit f. lift v. heben; l. up auf-heben, in die Bohe heben. light s. Sight n I c. -a. (color) hell, licht; (weight) leicht. - v. = kindle, an-zünden; = alight, fich nieder-laffen, -en v. = flash, blipen; = make lighter, erleich= tern. -hearted a. fröhlich. -house s. Leuchtturm m I b*. -ness s. Leichtigkeit f. -ning s. Blit m I b*. -ning-rod Blitableiter m I a. lik-e a. gleich [dat.] — adv. (175) wie. - v. [leiben] mogen (102), gern haben, gern thun; I like to read ich lefe gern (186, 1 a). -elihood s. Wahrscheinlichkeit f. -ely a. mahricheinlich. -en v. ber= gleichen [to, mit]. -eness s. Ahnlichkeit f; (portrait) Bilb n I c. -ewise s. gleichfalls. -ing s. Gefallen m I a [for, an w. dat.] lil-ac s. Flieber m I a. - a. lila. lily s. Lilief; comps. Lilien=. limb s. Glied n I c; - branch, Mft m I b*.

lime s. Rall m I; = glue, Letm m I. limit s. Grenze f. - v. begrenzen; beidhränken [to, auf w. acc.] -ation 8. Beschränfung f. limp v. hinken. linden s. Linde f; comps. Linden =. lin-e s. Linie f; l. of battle, Schlachtlinie f. - v. liniieren; (clothes) füttern. -eage Abfunft f I b*. -eal a. birett. -ing s. Kutter n I a. linen s. Leinwand f. - a. leinen. linger s. zögern, zaudern. linguist 8. Sprachkenner m I a. -ic a. linguistisch. link s. Glied n I c. lion s. Löwe m II; comps. Löwen -. -ess s. Löwin f. lip s. Lippe f [Ober-, Unter-]. liqu-id a. fluffig. — s. Fluffigkeit f. -or s. Fluffigkeit f; (drink) geiftiges Getrant n I b. lisp s. lispeln. list s. Lifte f. listen v. horchen, lauschen sto, auf w. acc.]; = pay attention, zuhören [to, dat.]; = obey, hören [auf w. acc.]; = follow, ge= horthen [dat.]; he would not 1. to it er wollte nichts bavon hören.

-er s. Laufcher; Buhörer m I a.

liter-al a. buchstäblich; wortlich.

-ary s.literarisch, schriftstellerisch; 1. man Schriftsteller m I a;

-ature s. Literatur f; history

lists s. pl. Schranken f. pl.

of 1. Literaturgeschichte f.

litre s. Liter n I a. little (48) a. = small, flein; (quantity) wenig (usually uninflected); a little ein wenig. -ness s. Rleinheit f.

liv-e v. leben [on, by, von]; = dwell, mohnen [with, = in the house of, bei. - a. lebendia. -elihood s. Lebensunterhalt m I. -eliness s. Lebhaftigkeit f. -ely a. lebhaft. -ing a. lebendig; be 1. leben. - s. Leben n I.

liver s. Leber f.

livery 8. Libree f. -stable 8. Leihstall m I b*.

lizard s. Gibechie f.

10! fiebe [ba]!

load s. Laft f; cart 1. Fuhre, Bagenladung f. - v. (goods) laden, ein-laben; (a wagon) belaben. loaf s. Laib m I b.

loaf v. bummeln -er s. Bummler m I a.

loam s. Lehm m I. -y a. lehmig. loan s. Darleben n I a; (public) Anleihe f; receive the l. of etwas gelieben erhalten. - v. leiben.

lobby s. Borhalle f.

lobster s. Hummer m I a.

10c-al a. örtlich, lofal; comps. Orts. Lotal . - alism s. Orteeigentum. lichkeit f. -ality s. Ort m I b. -ation s. Lage f.

lock s. Schloß n I c. - v. verichließen, ju-ichließen; 1. up einfchl eken. -amith s. Schlosser mIa.

locomotive s. Lofomotive f. locust s. Heuschrede f.

lodg-e v. tr. beherbergen, intr. mohnen. -er s. Mieter m I a. -ing s. Wohnung $f_i = \text{shelter}$, Unterfommen n I; night's l. Nachtquartier n I b.

loft s. Boben, Speicher m I a. -iness s. Söhe f; = grandeur, Erhabenheit f; = pride, Stolz m I. -y a. hoch*; erhaben; ftolg, bochmütia.

 $\log s$. Riots $m I b^*$; = trunk, Stamm m I b*; l. of wood Holzstamm m I b*. -book s. Schiffejournal n I b. -cabin s. Blockhaus n I c.

logic a. logist). — s. Logit f.

loin 8. Lende f.

loiter v. bummeln. -er s. Bummler m I a.

Lombardy 8. die Lombardei (8 d). lone, -ly, -some a. einfam. -liness 8. Ginfamteit f.

long a. lang; [for] a l. time and adv. lange; 1. ago vor langer Beit; it is l. ago es ift icon lange ber: as long as fo lange (152, 2 a). - v. sich sehnen [for, nach]. -ing a. sehnsüchtig. - s. Sehnsucht f. -itude e. Länge f.

look v. schauen, sehen fat, on, nach, auf w. acc.]; = appear, aus-feben; 1. at, on, an-feben, an-ichauen [acc.], = examine, fid) (dat.)an-feben, an-ichauen, betrachten [acc.]; l. about, round, fich (acc.) um-sehen [for, nach]; l. for suchen [acc. or nach]; = expect, erwarten; l. upon anssehen, betrachten [as, als]. — s. Blick m I b; = appearance, Aussehen n I. —er s. Beschauer m I a; l. on Jusschauer m I a. —ing-glass s. Spiegel m I a.

loom s. Webstuhl m I b*.

loop s. Schlingef. -holes. Schlüpfloch n I c.

lose a. lose. —n v. los- machen, los-binden. —ness s. Loderheit f; — lewdness, Liederlickeit f.

lord s Herr m II; — nobleman, (in England) Lord m I, pl. -8; (in Germany) Edelmann m I c, pl. -leute; (in the address) Mylord gnädigster Herr; the L's day der Tag des Herrn; L. Mayor Lord Mayor m I, pl. -8, Oberbürgermeister m I a. -liness s. Hoheit f. -ly a. vornehm; — proud, stolz. -ship s. Herrichast f; your L. Ew. (Euer) Gnaden. Lorraine pr. n. Lothringen n I.

los-e v. verlieren; l. one's way sich verirren. —s s. Berlust m I b.

lot s. Los, Geschick n I b. —tery s. Lotterie f.

loud a. laut.

lounge v. ruhen; l. about herumlungern.—s. Ruhebett n I, pl. II. lov-able a. liebenswürdig. —e v. lieben. — s. Liebe f [for, zul; fall in l. sich (acc.) verlieben [with, in w. acc.]; comps. Lie-

bes-: l. affair s. Liebeshandel m I a*. -eless a. lieblos. -eliness s. Lieblichkeit f. —ely a. Neblich; reizend. —er s. Liebhaber m I a; —s pl. Liebespaar n I b. —ing a. liebevoll.

low a. nieber, niebrig; (tone, voice) leise; (spirits) gebrückt. —er comp. niebriger; comps. Nieber-, Unter-; the l. Rhine, Nieber-rhein, Unterrhein m I; the l. House Unterhaus n I c. — v. nieber-lassen, verringern. —land s. Niebernug f. —liness s. Niebrigkeit f; —humility, Demut f. —ly a. niebrig; bemütig. —minded a. gemein gessinnt. —ness s. Niebrigkeit f. —spirited a. niebergeschlagen.

loyal a. treu. -ty s. Treue f.

luck s. (also good l.) Glück n I; = fate, Schickal n I b. -ily adv. glücklicherweise. -less a. unglücklich. -y a. glücklich; be l. Glückhaben.

lug v. schleppen. –gages. Gepäck n I. –gage-van s. Gepäckwagen n I a. lukewarm a. sau, sauwarm. –ness s. Lauheit f.

lull v. ein-lullen. -aby s. Schlaflieb, Wiegenlieb n I c.

lumber s. Gerümpel n I a; l. room Rumpelfammer f; = timber, Bauhol $_{l}$ n I c.

lump 8. Klumpen m I a. — v. zu= fammen-fassen.

luna-cy s. Wahnsinn m I. —tic a. wahnsinnig; l. asylum Irren-haus n I c.

I a*. –eless a. lieblos. –eliness lunch, –eon s. [zweites] Frühstück

n I b; Imbiß m I b. - v frühftüden.

lung s. Lunge f.

lurch s. leave in the l. im Stiche laffen.

lurk v. lauern.

lust 8. Begierbe f. -y a. munter, tüchtig.

lustr-e s. Glanz m. -ous a. glanzend. lute s. Laute f.

Lutheran a. lutherisch. - s. Lutheraner m I a.

luxur-iancy 8. Üppigfeit f. -iant | a. üppig. -ious a. üppig; (living) ichwelgerisch. -y s. Lurus m I, pl. Luxusartifel m. pl.

lynx s. Luchs m I b.

lyr-e s. Leier, Lyra f. -ic a. lyrifch. - s. Iprifches Gebicht n I b.

M.

machin-e a. Maschine f. -ery s. Maschinerie f. -ist s. Maschinenbauer m I a.

mad a. = insane, wahnfinnig [with, vor w. dat.]; = angry, wütend, zornig [with, auf w. acc.] -den v. wahnsinnig, wütend, zornig machen. -house s. Tollhaus n I c. -man s. Wahnfinniger a. s. -ness s. Wahnsinn m I; Wut f; Born m I.

Madame 8. Madame! Fraulein! magazine s. Magazin $n \mid b : = 1$ journal, Zeitschrift, Monatsschrift f.

magic s. a. magifch, zauberifch; Bauber-; m. lantern Bauberla- Main pr. n. Main m I.

terne f. - s. Magie, Zauberei f. -ian s. Magifer, Bauberer m Ιa.

magistrate 8. Beamter p. 8; Obrigfeit collect. f.

magnanim-ity a. Großmut f. - ous a. großherzig.

magnate s. Magnat m II.

magnet s. Magnet m II. -ic a. magnetisch; Magnet . -ism s. Magnetismus m indecl. -ize v. magnetifieren.

magnif-icence 8. Berrlichfeit. Bracht f. -icent a. herrlich, prachtia. -v v. vergrößern: -ing-glass s. Bergrößerungsglas n I c.

magnitude s. Groke f. Umfang m I; = importance, Wichtigfeit f.

magpie 8. Elfter f.

mahogany s. Mahagoni m I.

maid[en] s. Mädchen n I c (25); == virgin, $\Im ungfrau f := servant$, Dienstmädden n Ia, Magd fIb*: ladies' maid Rammerjungfer f; m. of honor Chrendame f. -enhood s. Jungfräulichkeit f. -enly a. jungfräulich; mabchenhaft. -servant s. Magd f I b*.

mail s. (also coat of m.) Banger m I a. -ed a. bepangert.

mail s. Boft f .- v. [mit ber Boft] ab-fenden.

main a. hauptfächlich, wichtigst-, größt :: comps. Haupt :: -ly adv. hauptfächtich. -land e. Festlant n I c.

maint-ain s. unterhalten; = koop up, aufrecht erhalten; = claim, defend, behaupten. -enance s. Unterhaltung; Aufrechterhaltung; Behauptung f.

maize s. Mais m I.

majest-ic a. majestätisch. -y s. Majestät f.

major a. größer. — s. Major m I b.

-ity s. Mehrzahl f; (age) Münbigleit f; (suffrage) Mehrheit,
Majorität f.

make v. machen [king, zum König; 76, 1]; = cause, lassen (120); m. off sich bavon machen; m. up for ersetzen [acc.] -r s. Macher m I a; shoe-m. Schuhmacher. -shift s. Notbehelf m I b.

mal-ady s. Krankheit f. —ice s. Bosheit f. —icious a. boshaft. —ign v. verleumben. —ignant a. boshaft. —treat v. schlecht behanbeln. —treatment s. schlechte Behandlung f.

male a. männlich. — s. Mann m I c; (small animals) Männchen n I a. malt s. Mali n I b.

mamma s. Mamma f, pl. -8. -1 s. Säugetier n I c.

mammon s. Mammon m I. mammoth s. Mammut n I b.

man s. Mann m I c; = human being, Mensch m II; = vassal, Dienstmann, Gesolgsmann m I, pl. II. -ful a. mannhaft. -fulness s. Mannhaftigleit f. -hood s. Mannheit f. -kind s. Menschengeschliecht n I c; Menschen m.

pl. —liness s. Mannhaftigfelt f.
—ly a. mannhaft. —servant s.
Bedienter p. s. —slaughter s.
Totschsag m I b*.

manage v. handhaben; = administer, verwalten, leiten; = contrive, ein-richten. -ments. Handhabung; Berwaltung, Leitung '= care, Borficht f. -r s. Berwalter, Leiter m I a; (of a theatre) Direktor m I, pl. II.
mane s. Mähne f.

mania s. Manie, Sucht f. -c s. Wahnstnniger, Toller a. s.

manifest a. offenbar. — v. offenbaren. —ation s. Offenbarung f.

manifold a. mannigfaltig.

manner s. Art, Weise f sin, auf v. acc.]; (conduct) Manier f, pl. coll. Wesen n I. —ed (comps.) gesittet.—ly a. gesittet, maniersich. manœuvre s. Manöver n I a. — v. manövrieren.

man-or s. Rittergut n I c; m. house and -sion[house] Herrenhaus n I c.

mansard-roof s. Mansardenbach

mantle s. Mantel m I a*. -piece s. Raminfims n I b.

manu-al s. Hands. —factory s. Habrit f. —facture s. Habritation f. — v. fabrizieren. —facturer s. Habritant m II. —script s. Handfchrift f, Manuscript n I b.

manures. Dünger m I.—v. büngen. many (44) pron. a. viele; m. a manch ein, manch-; comps. viel-;

m. sided vielseitig. - s. Menge | martyr s. Martyrer m I a. -dom f; a good (great) m. (sehr) piele.

map 8. Rarte f.

maple s. Thorn m I b.

marble s. Marmor m I; (statue) Marmorftatue f.

march v. marichieren. - 8. Marich m I b*.

March s. März m I.

mare s. Stute f.

margin s. Rand m I c.

margrave s. Marigraf m II.

mari-ne a. See-. - s. Seefolbat m II. -ner s. Seemann m I c, pl. -leute. -time a. Gee-.

mark s. Marte f; = sign, Beichen, Rennzeichen n I a; = proof, Beweis m Ib; = aim, Biel n Ib; (coin) Mart f (no pl.; 55). - v. bezeichnen; = notice, bemerken, fich (dat.) merten. -sman 8. Shütze m II.

market s. Marlt m I b* [at, to, auf w. dat. or acc.] -town s. Marttfleden m I a.

marr-iage &. Heirat, Che f; == wedding, Sochzeit, Bermählung f. -iageable a. heiratsfähig. -y v. tr. heiraten; = give in marriage, verheiraten; = perform the ceremony, trauen. intr. sid) verheiraten.

marsh s. Morast, Sumpf m I b*. -y a. sumpfig.

marshall s. Marschall $m I b^* - v$. führen.

martial a. friegerisch, Rrieg 8-.

s. Martertum n I c.

marvel s. Bunber n I a .- v. fich wundern [at, über w. acc.] -lous a. wunderbar.

masculine a. mannlich.

mask s. Maste f. - v. [fich] masfieren; fig. fich verftellen. -er e. Maste f.

mason s. Maurer m I a. -ry s. Mauerwert n I b.

masquerade s. Mastenball m I b*. -v. fich mastieren.

mass s. Meffe f; high m. Sochamt n I c.

mass s. Maffe f. - v. an-häufen. -ive a. schwer. -iveness s. Schwere f.

massacre s. Gemetel n I a. mast s. Mast m I, pl. II.

master s. Meister m I a := owner. employer, lord, herr m II; = teacher, Lehrer; comps. Meifter .. - v. bemeistern; - overcome, bewältigen. -ly a. meifterhaft. -y s. Berrichaft, Beherrschung f; = excellence, Meifterschaft f.

mat s. Matte f.

match 8. Bundholz, Schwefelholz n I c.

match s. = equal, gleich a. [dat.]; = marriage, $\Re f$; a good m. eine gute Bartie f .- v. = equal, gleich-fommen [dat.]; = suit, aufeinander]paffen. -less a unvergleichlich.

mate 8. Gefährte m II, -in f:

(bird) Beibchen n I a; (on a ship) Steuermann m I c.

. mate v. (in chess) matt machen.

material a. materiell; = essential, wesential, ... s. Waterial n I, pl. -ien; Stoff m I b.

mat-ernal a. mütterlich; m. grandfather, Großvater mütterlicherfeits. -riculate v. immatritulieren. -rimonial a. ehelich. -rimony s. Ehe f. -ron s. Matrone f.

mathematic-al a. mathematist.

-s s. Wathematik f. -ian s.
Wathematiker m I a.

matter s. Stoff mI b; — contents, Inhalt m I; — subject, Gegenfland m I b*; — affair, Sache f;
what is the m.? was gibt es?
was ift los? what is the m.
with you? was fehlt bir? it is
no m. es liegt nichts baran, es
thut nichts. — v. von Bedeutung
fein.

mattress s. Matrațe f.

matur-ea. reif. — v. reifen. —ity s. Reife f.

maxim s. Grundsatz m I b*.

May s. Mai m I.

may v. mögen; = can, fönnen; = be allowed, bürfen; sometimes merely the subjunctive may be used; 100-102; 112.

Mayence pr. n. Mainz n I. mayor s. Bürgermeister m I a. meadow s. Biese f, Anger m I a. meagre a. bürstig, armselig. —ness s. Armseligkeit f.

meal s. Mahl n I b, Mahlzeit f.

-time s. Essentzeit f.

meal s. Mehl n I. -a. mehlig.

mean a. gemein, niedrig. —ness s. Gemeinheit f; — sordidness, Filzigkeit f.

mean a. mittlers.—s. Mitte f; = average, Durchschnitt m I b, comps. Durchschnitts.—s s. Mittel n I a; by m. of vermittelst [gen.]; by all m. auf alle Fälle; by no m. leineswegs.—time,—while adv. (also in the m.) inzwischen, unterbessen.

mean v. meinen; = signify, bebeuten; = intend, beabsichtigen. -ing a. = signisleant, bedeutsam. - s. Bebeutung f.

measles s. Mafern f. pl.

measure s. Maß n I b; = means, Maßregel f [take, ergreisen] — v. messen. -ment s. Raß n I b.

meat s. Fleisch n I b; m. and drink Speise f und Trant m L.

mechanic a. mechanisch. —ian s. Mechaniter m I a. —s s. Mechanits.

medal s. Denkmunge, Mebaille f.

meddle v. sich [ein-]mischen [in w. acc.]; sich ab-geben [mit]. -some a. do m. sich gern in fremde Dinge [ein-]mischen.

medi-æval a. mittelalterlich. —ation s. Bermittelung f. —ator s. Bermittler m I a. —ocre a. mittelmäßig. —ocrity s. Mittelmäßigleit f. —terranean [Sea]

-um a. mittler .- s. Mittel n I a. medic-al. -inal a. mebizinisch. -ine s. Medizin, Argnei f. meditat-e v. nach-benten fon, über w. acc.]; = intend, beabsichti= -ion s. Nachdenken n I. -ive a. nachbenflich. meek a. fanft; = humble, bemütig. -ness s. Sanftmut; Demut f. meerschaum s. Meerschaum m I. meet v. tr. begegnen [dat.]; treffen [acc.]; (by appointment) treffen; zusammenkommen mit; = hit upon, stoßen auf [acc.]; = clash with, aufammen-treffen mit; = approach, entgegenfommen [dat; half way, auf halbem Wege]; go, run to m. entgegen-geben, slaufen [dat.] intr. fich begegnen, fich treffen; zusammen-treffen; = assemble, fich versammeln; we met, I met him (by appointment) wir trafen une; he met with an accident ein Unfall ftieg ibm gu. -ing s. Busammentunft f I b*; =assembly, Berfammlung f. melancholy s. Schwermut, Melancholie f. - a. schwermutig, melandolist. melod-ious a. melobifc. Melobie f. melon 8. Melone f. melt v. ichmelgen. member s. Glieb n I c; (society,

etc.) Mitglieb n I c.

mem-oir s. Denffdrift f: -s pl. metaphysics s. Metaphysif f.

pr. n. bas Mittellanbifche Meer.

Memoiren pl. -orable a. bentmürbig. -orize v. auswenbig lernen. -ory s. Gebachtnis n I b; = remembrance, Andenien n I a, Erinnerung f [of, gen. or an w. acc.]. mend v. berbeffern; - patch, fliden. mental a. geiftig. mention s. Erwähnung f.—v. erwähnen [acc. or gen.] mercantile a. Sandels=. mercenary a. gewinnsüchtig; m. soldier and. - s. Söldner m I a. merchan-dise s. Ware f. -t s. Raufmann m I c, pl. -leute; comps. Sandels. merc-iful a. barmbergia. -iless a. unbarmbergia. -y s. Barmbersigfeit f, Mitleib n; = clemency, Gnade f. mere a. rein, bloß, lauter; am. ein einfacher Bauer. peasant -ly adv. blog, nur. meridian s. Meribian m I b. merit s. Berbienst n I b .- v. verbienen. -orious a. verbienftvoll. mormaid 8. Seejungfer, Nire f. merr-iment e. Fröhligfeit, Luftigfeit f. -y a. fröhlich, lustig. -ymaking Luftbarfeit f. mesh s. Majche f. mess s. Gericht n I b; (table) Meffe f. -age s. Botichaft f. -enger s. Bot em II. Messiah s. Deffias m. indecl. Messrs. [bie] Berren m. pl.

metal s. Metall n I b. meteor s. Meteor n I b.

method s. Methode f. -ical a. methodisch.

metr-e s. Weter n I a; (prosody) Metrum n I, pl. –en, Bersmaß n I b. –ic a. metrisch.

metropoli-s s. Hauptstadt, Großstadt, Weltstadt fI d*. -tan a. hauptstädtisch, großstädtisch, weltstädtisch.

mew v. miauen. — s. Miau n I.
mid, —st prep. See amid. — comps.
—day s. Mittag m I b. —land a.
binnenlänbisch, Binnen-. —night
s. Mitternacht f I b*. —ocean s.
in m. in ber Mitte bes Oceans,
mitten im Ocean. —summer s.
Mitte f bes Sommers, Hochsommer m I a.

middle s. Mitte f. — a. mittler. — comps. Mittels. —age s. mittsleres Alter n I. —ages s. pl. Mittelalter n I. —finger Mittelsfinger m I a.

midst s. Mitte f.

mien s. Miene f.

might s. Macht $f I b^*$. -y a. mächtig.

migrat-e v. [au8=] wanbern. —ion s. Wanberung f. —ory a. wanbernd.

mild a. milb, linb. -ness s. Milbe f.

mile s. Meile f (one-fifth English mile).

nilit-ary a. militärisch. — s. Mislitär n I. —ia s. Miliz f.

milk s. Milch f.—v. mellen. mill s. Mühle f; = factory, Habrif f.—er s. Müller m I a. —stone s. Mühlstein m I b.

milliner s. Putymacherin f. -y s. Putywaren f. pl.

million s. Million f. -aire s. Millionär m I b.

mind s. (as opposed to matter or body) Geist $n \, \mathrm{I} \, c_i = \mathrm{reason}$, Verstand m I; = disposition, Gemut n I c, Sinn m I b; = intention, Ablicht f; inclination, Reigung f, Luft f I b*; = memory, Gedächtnis n I b; in one's right m. [recht] bei Sinnen, bei Berstande; make up one's m. fich entschließen; change one's m. fich anders befinnen. v. acht geben auf [acc.]; = care, fich befünmern um; never m! es thut nichts. -ed a. geneigt, gefinnt. -ful a. eingebent [gen.] mine poss. a. mein. pron. mein, meinig; 81, 2.

mine s. Bergwerl n I b, Grube f; (in war) Mine f. — v. graben. —r s. Bergmann m I c, pl. —leute. —ral a. mineralisch, Minerals. s. Mineral n I, pl. —ten. —ing s. Bergbau m I; comps. Bergs.

mingle v. [fich] mengen, [fich] mifchen [with, unter].

minist-er s. (state) Minister m I a; = ambassador, Gesandter p. s; (church) Geistlicher a. s. — v. dienen [dat.] -ry s. = service, Dienst m I b; (state) Minister

rium n I pl. -ien; (church) Beiftlichteit f. minor v. fleiner, geringer; (age) unmündig. -ity s. Minorität f; (age) Unmündigkeit f. minster s. Diünster n I a. minstrel s. Sänger m I a [wandering, fahrender, mandernderl. mint s. Münze f. - v. münzen. minu-s adv. weniger. -te a. febr flein; = exact, genau. - s. Minute f. -teness s. Rleinigfeit; Benauigfeit f. mirac-le s. Wunder n I a. -ulous a. wunderbar. mirror 8. Spiegel m I a. - v. abfpiegeln. mirth s. Frohfinn m I. -ful a. fröhliф. mis-. Words with this prefix not given below, may generally be rendered by the corresponding German words qualified by the adjective (adverb) falfch, to denote wrong (wrongly), inlent, to denote bad (badly). misadventure s. Mißgeschick n I b. misanthrop-e s. Menschenhaffer m Ia. -y 8. Menschenhaß m I. misbehav-e v. fich ichlecht betragen. -ior e. ichlechtes Betragen n I. miscellaneous a. vermischt. mischie-f s. Unfug m I [do, treiben]; = damage, Schaben m [thun, an-richten]. -vous a. mutmillig: = harmful, schäblich: = wicked, boshaft. misconduct s. ichlechtes Betragen.

misdeed s. Missethat f. misdemeanor 8. Bergehen n I a. misdoing s. Miffethat f. miser s. Geighals m I b*. -able a. elend. -ly a. geizig. -y s. Elend n I, no pl. misfortune s. Unglud n I, no pl.; Mifigeschick n I b. mishap s. Unfall m I b*. misinterpret v. falfc beuten. -ation s. falsche Deutung f. mislay v. berlegen. mislead v. irre leiten; = load astray, verleiten. misprint v. falsch bruden. — s. Drudfehler m I a. miss 8. Fraulein n I a: 25. miss v. missen; = long for, vermiffen; = not find, hit, verfeblen. -ing a. fehlend; be m. fehlen; the m. [man] ber Bermifte. miss-ile s. Geschoß n I b. -ion s. = embassy, Gesandtichaft f; = errand, Auftrag m I b* [on, mit]; = calling, Beruf m I b. -ionary a. Miffions. - s. Mijfionar m I b. -ive s. Schreiben. n I a. mist s. Nebel m I a. -y a. nebelig. mistake v. = confound, verwechseln; = misunderstand, mifeverfteben. - 8. Mifeverftandnis n I b, 3rrtum m I c; make a m. sich irren; commit a m. einen Kehler begehen. mist-er s. (Mr.) Herr m II. -ress s. Herrin, Gebieterin; Mrs. Frau; m. of the house Sausfrau f;

school-m. Lehrerin $f_i = love$, Beliebte p. 8. mistletoe s. Miftel f. mistrust s. migtrauen [dat.] - s. Miftrauen n I. -ful s. miftrauiſd. misunderstand v. mikverfteben. -ing s. Migverftandnis n I b. mitigate v. milbern, linbern. mix v. [fich] mifchen, [fich] mengen; m. up [fich] vermischen. -ture s. Mischung f. moan s. Wehtlagef. - v. wehtlagen. moat s. Graben m I a. mob s. Böbel m I a; = crowd, Boltemenge f. mock v. fpotten [über, w. acc.], berfpotten [acc.] -er s. Spotter m I a. -ery s. Spötterei f. mode s. Weise f. -1 s. Modell n I b. - v. modellieren. moderat-e a. mäßig. — v. mäßigen. -ion s. Mäßigung f. -eness s. Mäßigkeit f. modern a. modern; neu. modest a. bescheiben. -y s. Beicheibenheit f. moist a. feucht. -en v. an-feuchten. -ure s. Keuchtigfeit f. mole s. Maulwurf m I b*. molest v. beläftigen. moment s. Augenblid m I b. -arv a. augenblidlich. -ous a. wichtig. mon-arch s. Monarch m II. -y s. Monarchief. -astery 8. Rlofter n I a*. -astic a. monastisch. Monday s. Montag m I b.

money s. Gelb n I c.

monk s. Mönch m I b. monkey s. Affe m II. mono-graph s. Dionographie f. -logue s. Monolog m I b, Selbstgefprach n I b. -syllable s. einfilbiges Wort n I c. -tonous a. eintonig. -tony 8. Gintonig= teit f.

monst-er s. Ungeheuer n I a. -rous a. ungeheuer. month s. Monat m I b. -ly a. monatlich. - s. Monatsschrift f. monument s. Dentmal n I c. mood s. (grammar) Mobus m. mood s. Stimmung, Laune f. -v a. launisch. moon s. Mond m I b. -light s. Mondlicht n I. -shine s. Mondfchein n I. moor v. (anchor) antern. Moor s. Maure m II. -ish s. maurijch. moral a. sittlich, moralisch. - s. Mocal f; -s pl. Sitten f. pl. -ity s. Sittlichfeit f. -ize v. moralifieren. morbid a. frankhaft. more (45) a. mehr; = in addition, noch: one m. noch ein; once m. noch einmal; no m. nicht mehr; m. and m. immer mehr. -over adv. überdies, außerbem. mor-ning s. Morgen m I a : in the m. am Morgen, [des] Morgens: 60. -row s. Morgen m I a; on the m. ben folgenden Morgen; to-m. morgen; the day after to-m. übermorgen.

morsel s. Biffen m I a; Bifichen n I a,

mort-al a. sterblich. -ality s. Sterblichkeit f. -gage s. hypothelt f. -v. hypothelisteren. -isl-cation s. = vexation, Ärger m I a, Berdruß m I b*. -ify v. ärgern, verdrießen.

mortar s. Mörfer m I a.

mosaic s. Mofait f.

moss s. Moos n I b. —y a. moofig. most a. superl. meist [def. art. 21, 3]; —ly adv. meistens; at most höchstens. — s. das Meiste a. s.; make the m. of it den besten Gebrauch davon machen; — accommodate one's self sich sinden in [acc.]

moth s. Motte f.

mother s. Wutter f I a*, also comps.; -in-law Schwiegermutter. -ly a. mütterlich. -ofpearl s. Perlmutter f.

mot-ion s. Bewegung f. — v. zuwinfen. —ionloss a. bewegungslos. —ive s. Beweggrund m I b*. motley a. bunt.

motto s. Motto n I, pl. -6.

mould s. Moder, Schimmel m I.
— v. schimmeln. — ya. schimmelig.
mound s. Erbhügel m I a.

mount s. Berg m I b. — v. tr. besseiteigen; — ornament, beschlasgen, verzieren. intr. aufsteigen. —ain s. Berg m I b. —ainous a. bergig.

mourn v. intr. trauern. tr. betrauern. -er v. Trauernder p. s. -ful a. traurig. -ing p. trauernb. - s. Trauer f.

mouse s. Maus f I b*; comps. Mäuse-.

moustache s. Schnurrbart m I b*.
mouth s. Mund m I c; (of beasts)
Maul n I c, Rachen m I a; (of a
river, etc.) Mündung f. -ful
s. Mundvoll m I (no pl. 55).

mov-able a. beweglich. —e v. tr. bewegen; — push, rüden; — touch, rühren; — excite, anregen; — induce, bewegen, veranlassen. intr. sich bewegen; — stir, sich regen; — change domicile, [aus-, um-] ziehen. —ement s. Bewegung f.

mow v. mähen.

Mr., Mrs. See Mist-er, -ress.

much (46, 176) pron. a. viel. adm. (quantity) viel; (degree) sehr. mud s. Schlamm m I. -dy a. schlammig; = dirty, schmutig.

muff s. Muff m I b*.

mug s. Krug m I b*.

mulberry 8. Maulbeere f.

mule s. Maultier n I b.

multi- pref. viels. —plication s. Bervielfältigung f; (arithmetlo) Multiplilation f; m. table Einmaleins n I. —ply v. vervielfältigen; multiplizieren. —tudo s. Menae f.

mummy s. Mumie f. municipal a. Gemeinbe-, Stabt-. -ity s. Gemeinbe f.

murder s. Mord m I b. — v. intr. morden. tr. ermorden. — er Mör-

murmur s. Gemurmel n I. — v. murmeln. muscle s. Mustel m I, pl. II. mus-s s. Ruse f. — v. nach-sinnen. —eum Nuseum n I, pl. —een. —ic

mus-s s. Naje j. — v. nage junen.

-eum Mujeun n I, pl. -een. -ic
Mufit f. -al a. mufitalisch. -ician
s. Mufiter m I a; (less dignified) Mufitant m II.

mushroom s. Pilz m I b.

musket s. Flinte f, Gewehr n I b. muslin s. Musselin m I b.

must v. müffen (103).

mustard s. Senf m I b.

muster s. Musterung f.—v. mustern; — collect, zusammenbringen; m. courage Mut sassen.
mute a. stumm.

mutin-eer s. Meuterer m I a. -ous a. meuterisch. -y s. Meuterei f mutter v. murren; = mumble, murmesn.

mutton s. Hammel m I a, —fleisch n I; roast m. Hammelbraten m I a.

mutual a. gegenseitig.

muzzle s. Schnauze f; (of a gun) Mündung f; (for a dog) Maulforb m I b*.—v. das Maul verbinden, einen Maulford an-legen [dat.]

my pron. a. mein. -self refl. dat. mir; acc. mid; emphatic [id] felbft; 30.

myriad s. Zehntausend n I b. myrtle s. Winrte f.

myster-ious a. geheimnisvoll. -y s. Geheimnis n I b.

-ous a. mörberisch. | mystery s. (play) Mysterte f. emurmel n I. — v. | myth s. Mythe, Sage f. —ical a. mythsich, sagenhaft. —ology s. kel m I, pl. II.

N.

nag s. Gaul m I b*.

nail s. Nagel m I a*.—v. nageln. naked a. nackt, bloß. —ness s. Nacktheit, Blöße f.

name s. Name m II, gon.—ens; by n. of mit Namen, Namens; his n. is er heißt. — v. nennen; = call, heißen; be —d heißen; —d genannt, geheißen, Namens; = appoint, bestimmen.—less a. namenlos. —ly adv. nämlich.—sake s. Namensvetter m I, pl. II. nap s. Schläschen n I a [take, thun, machen].

napkin s. Gerviette f.

Naples pr. n. Reapel n I.

narrat-e v. erzählen. -ion s. Erzählung f. -ive a. erzählend. s. Erzählung f. -or s. Erzähler m I a.

narrow a. eng, fdmal; (circumstances) beschränkt; = illiberal, engherzig. —v. [sich] verengern. —minded a. engherzig. —ness s. Enge f. —s s. Meerenge f.

nasal a. Nasen-.

nasty a. eflig; unangenehm.

nat-ion s. Nation f. -ional a. national. -ionality s. Nationalität f. -ive a. [hier, ba] gebürtig, einheimisch [of, in]; = innate, angeboren; (place) heiborener p. s.

natur-al a. notfirlich. -alist 8. Naturforscher m I a. -e s. Natur f. -ed a. comps. -artig. naughty a. unartia.

nautical a. See.

nav-al a. See-, Schiffs-, Marine-. -e s. Schiff n I b. -igable a. ichiffbar. -igate v. befahren. -igation s. Schiffahrt f. -igator s. Seefahrer m I a. -y s. Marine $f_i = \text{fleet}$, Flotte f_i

nay adv. nein. - s. Nein n I, pl. -8. near a. nabe (naber, nachft) [to, an]. - adv. nahe [babei, baran]; go n. to sich nähern [dat.] prep. [bicht] bei, an. -ly adv. beinahe. -ness s. Nähe f. -sighted a. furzfichtig.

neat a. nett, fauber; = pretty, niedlich. -ness s. Mettigfeit; Sauberfeit; Niedlichfeit f.

necess-ary a. notwendig. -itate v. notwendig machen. -ity s. Notwendigteit f.

neck s. Hals m I b*. -erchief s. Halstuch n I c. -lace Halsband n I c. -tie s. Rravatte f.

necromanc-er s. Bauberer m I a. -y s. Zauberei f.

need s. Not $f_i = \text{necessity}$, Notwendigfeit f .- v. nötig haben, brauchen [infinitive w. zu; 119, 4]: -ed p. and -ful a. notwenbig. -less a. unnötig. -lessly adv. unnötigermeife. -y a. bedürftig. meedle s. Rabel f.

matlich, heimats. Einge- | ne'er-do-well s. Taugenichts m I b. negat-ion s. Berneinung f. -ive a. verneinend.

> negl-ect s. Bernachlässigung f. — v. vernachlässigen. -igence s. Nachlässigkeit f. -igent a. nachläifia.

> negotiat-e v. unterhandeln. -ion s. Unterhandlung f.

negro s. Neger m I a.

neigh v. wiehern.

neighbor s. Nachbar m II, -in f. -hood s. Nachbarschaft f. -ing a. benachbart, Nachbar-. -ly a. nachbarlich.

neither (40, 177) pron. feiner [von beiden] .- conj. n... nor weder ... noch; not ... n., nicht ... und auch nicht.

nephew s. Neffe m II.

nerv-e s. Nerv m II; = courage, Mut m I. -ous a. nervos; == timid, furchtsam.

nest s. Meft n I c.

net s. Net n I b.

net a. netto, Netto-. nether a. Nieber=, unter=.

neut-er a. (nouns) fächlich; (verbs) intranfitiv. -ral a. neutral. -rality s.. Neutralität f.

never adv. nie, niemals; n. before noch nie: n. more nie wieder. -theless conj. nichtsbestemeniger.

new a. neu. -ness s. Neuheit f. -s s. Nachricht, Reuigkeit f; what is the n.? was gibt's Reues? -spaper s. Beitung f. Reujahrstag m I b.

next a. superl. nächst; n. to prep. bicht bei: = after, gleich nach. - adv. bann, barauf.

nice a. niedlich, hubsch, nett; = exact, genau; (taste, etc.) fein. -ty s. Genauigkeit; Feinheit f. niche s. Nische f.

nick s. Nir m I b; old N. ber Teufel.

nickel s. Nidel n I, (coin) m I a. nickname s. Spitname m II, gen. -ens. - v. heißen.

night s. Nacht f I b*; at, by, in the n. jur, bei nacht, [be8] Nachts, in der Nacht: to-n. heute Abend, heute Nacht. -ingale s. Nachtigall f. -ly a. nächtlich, Nacht-. - adv. jebe Nacht. -mare a. Alv m I b.

nimble a. flint, gewandt.

nin-e num. a. neun. -eteen neungehn. -etieth neunzigste. -ety neunzig. -th neunts. -epins s. Reael m I a.

No. abbrev. (number) Rummer f. no (47) pron. a. fein. — adv. nein. -s. Rein n I, pl. -s. -body pron. Niemand. -thing pron. nichts. -where adv. nirgenbs.

nob-ility s. Abel m I. -le a. ebel; (birth) abelig.—s. and -man Ebelmann m I c, pl. -leute. -le-minded a. ebelgefinnt.

nod v. niden [mit bem Ropfe]; n. to one au-niden [dat.] - s. with a n. mit bem Ropfe nidenb.

-vear's Day s. Reujahr n I, nois-e s. Larm m I b, Gerausch n I b. -eless a. geräuschlos. -y a. geraufdvoll.

non-comps. nicht-, unnone pron. feiner.

nonsens-e s. Unfinn m L -ical a. finnlos.

nook s. Winfel m I a. Ede f. noon s. Mittag m I b [at, ju]. nor conj. noch; und auch nicht.

Nor-way pr. n. Rorwegen n. I. -wegian a. norwegisch. - s. Norweger m I a.

North s. Norben m I; = northward, nach Norden; comps. Nords. -erly, -ern a. nördlich. -star s. Nordstern m I. -ward adv. nach Rorben. -wind s. Mordwind m I b.

nos-e s. Nafe f. -egay s. Blumenftrauf m I b*. -tril s. Rafenloch n I c.

not adv. nicht. -withstanding prep. ungeachtet [gen.] - adv. trots alledem.

not-able a. bemertensmert. -ablv adv. vorzüglich. -ary e. Notar m Ib. -e s. Notin f = remark,Anmertung f; = letter, Brief $m \ I \ b$; (music) Note f; = bond, Bechsel m I a. - v. fich notieren, auf-ichreiben; = observe, bemerten; = remember, fich (dat.) merten. -ed a. berühmt. -ice s. Notiz f; = remark, Beobachtung, Bemertung f; =announcement, Anzeige $f_i = in$ formation, Nachricht f. — v. no-

tieren; -iceable a. bemerkbar. -ification s. Benachrichtigung f. -ify v. benachrichtigen. -ion s. Be. griff m I b. -oriety s. [übler] Ruf m I. -orious a. berüchtigt. -worthy a. bemerfenswert. nought s. Null f. noun s. Hauptwort n I c. nourish v. nähren; = bring up, ernähren. -ing a. nahrkait. -ment s. Nahrung f. nov-el a. neu. - s. Roman m Ab. (short) Novellef. -elist r.. 20man-, Novellenschreiber ma . a. -elty s. Reuheit f. -ice . Reuling m I b. November s. November 70 I. now adv. nun, jest; just n. foeben; now...now bald...bald; n. and then bann und wann, que weilen; every n. and then alle Augenblide. -adays adv. heutzu= tage. nuisance s. Unfug m I; Unannehmlichkeit f. numb a. erstarrt [with, vor w. dat.] -ness 8. Erstarrtheit f. number s. Bah! f; a n. of eine Anzahl (59, 6), viele; (of a serial) Nummer f, heft n I b.

-v. zählen; = amount to, be-

numer-al a. Zahl-. — s. Zahlwort

nun s. Nonne f. -nery s. Nonnen-

tragen. -less a. zahilos.

n I c. -ous a. zahlreich.

Hofter n I 20.

bemerken; an-zeigen. nuptial a. Hochzeits-. -s s. Hochzeit f. nurse s. Rinbermarterin, Amme f. -v. fängen; = take care of, pflegen [acc. or gen.] -ry s. Rinderstube f; (for plants) Baumschule f. notch s. Rerbe f, Einschnitt m I b. nut s. Nuß f I b*. -cracker s. Nußtnader m I a. - meg 8. MustatnußfIb*. nymph s. Nymphe f. О. oak s. Eiche f. -en a. eichen. -tree s. Eichbaum m I b*. oar s. Ruder n I a. oats s. pl. Hafer m I a. oath s. Gid m I b [of allegiance, der Treue]; = curse, Fluch $m I b^*$. obe-dience s. Gehorfam m I. -dient a. gehorfam. -y v. gehorchen [dat.] object s. Gegenstand m I b*; == aim, Ziel n I b; (grammar) Objekt n I b. - v. tr. ein-wenden. intr. Ginwände machen fto, gegen]. -ion s. Einwand m I b* [offer, machen]. -ionable a. tabelnewert; = disagreeable, unangenehm. oblig-ation s. Berbinblichkeit f; put under o. verbinden. -e v. verbinden; = compel, zwingen; be -ed gezwungen werben (fein), muffen; 103, 2. -ing a. verbindlich, höflich. obscur-e a. buntel. — v. verbunteln.

-ity s. Duntel n I.

observ-ation s. Beobachtung f.
-atory s. Sternwarte f. -e v.
beobachten; = romark, bemerten.
-er s. Beobachter m I a.

obstacle s. Hindernis n 1 b; throw —s in one's way jemandem Hinbernisse in den Weg legen.

obstina-cy s. Hartnädigkeit f. -te a. hartnädig.

obstruct v. bersperren. -ion s. Bersperrung f.

obtain v. erlangen; gewinnen. -able a. zu erlangen; 120, 4.

obtru-de v. [fich] aufbrängen. -sive a. aufbringlich.

obtuse s. stumps; Ag. stumpssinnig. obvi-ate v. vor-beugen [dat.]; = remove, beseitigen. -ous a. klar, augenscheinlich. -ness s. Augenscheinlichkeit f.

occasion s. Gelegenheit f [on, bei];

= cause, Beranlassung f. — v.

veranlassen. —al a. gelegentlich.

occident s. Abendland n I. —al a.

abendländisch.

occup-ancy s. Besitynahme f. -ant s. Inhabitant, Bewohner m I a. -ation s. Bessitynahme f; army of o. Occupationsarmee f; = employment, Beschäftigung f; = business, Berus m I b. -y v. Besity ergreisen von; besetynen; beschäftigen; = inhabit, bewohnen: (a position, ossico) besseiben.

occur v. = happen, sich erreignen, geschehen; = be found, vor-fommen; the thought -red to him ber Gebanke kam ihm, es fiel ihm ein. -rence s. Borfall m I b*, Ereignis n I b.

ocean s. Ocean m I b.

oct-ave s. Oftave f. -avo s. Oftav n I. -ober s. Oftober m I.

oculist s. Augenarzt m I b*.

odd a. = uneven, ungerabe; = single, einzeln; = queer, fonberbar, feltfam. —ity s. Eigentümlichteit f.

ode s. Ode f.

odor s. Geruch m I b*. -less a. geruchlos. -ous a. wohlriechend. of prep. von; = out of, aus; = about, über; oftenest to be rendered by the genitive; 59.

off (179) adv. = distant, weit weg, entfernt; = away, weg, fort, bavon; = down, herab, herunter, hinab, hinunter.

offspring s. Abkömmling m I b.

offen-ce s. Anftoß m I b*; = wrong, Bergehen n I a; = attack, Angriff m I b; take o. at übel nehmen [acc.] -d v. beleidigen. -der s. Beleidiger m I a; = culprit, Thäter m I a. -sive v. anftößig; = aggressive, offensiv, Angriffs. offer v. tr. an-bieten; = present, bar-bieten; = o. up [as sacrifice] zum Opfer bringen. intr. sich erbieten. - s. Anerbieten n I a; = proposal, Antrag m I b*. -ing s. Opfer n I a.

offic-e s. Amt'n I c; = service, Dienst m I b; (room) Amtsstube f, Büreau n I, pl. -8; (of a mer-

chant) Geschäftestube f, Comp. on-e (48) num. a. ein: not o. fein toir n I, pl. -8. -er s. (civil) Beamter p. s.; (military) Liffiaier m I b; = constable, Poliaift m II. -ial a. amtlich, Amt8=; = authoritative, offiziell. - s. Beamter p. s. -iate v. funttionieren. -ious a. aubringlich. often adv. oft*, haufig: quite o. öfters. -times adv. oftmals. oh! interi. ach! oil s. Del n I b. -y a. ölig. -cloth Wachstuch n I c. ointment s. Salbe f. old a. alt*; o. age [hohes] Alter n I; o. man Greis m I b. olive s. Olive f: comps. Oliven -. omen s. Borzeichen n I a. omi-ssion 8. Unterlassung f. -t v. unterlaffen. omni-bus s. Omnibus m I b. -potence s. Allmacht f. -potent a allmächtig. -present a. allgegenmärtig. -science s. Allwissenheit f. -scient a. allwiffenb. on (180) adv. an, auf; = forward, fort, weiter, bormarts. - prep. = close by, an; = on top of, auf; (time) an; = about, über; with a verbal noun in -ing, substitute a subordinate clause introduced by als: 128, 5. -ward adv. pormarts, meiter. once adv. einmal; o. upon a time einmal, einst; [all] at o., = together, augleich; = immediately, fogleich; = suddenly, auf einmal, [ganz] plötilich.

einziger. - pron. einer: this o., that o., diefer, jener: indef, pron. man. -esided a. einseitig. -esidedness 8. Ginfeitigfeit f. -ly ". einzig. - adv. (181) nur; not o. . . . but also nicht nur . . . fonbern auch: = not yet more than. erft.

onion s. 3wiebel f.

open a. offen; (air) frei; = public, öffentlich. — v. [sich] öffnen: (a. business, meeting) eröffnen. -ning s. Öffnung; Eröffnung f. -ness 8. Offenheit f.

oper-a s. Oper f: comps. Operns. -ate v. operieren. -atic a. opernhaft. -ation s. Operation f.

opinion 8. Meinung, Anficht f: of the o. ber Meinung, Anficht.

oppo-nent a. feinblich. - s. Gegner m I a. -se v. entgegen-ftellen; be -sed to gegen ... fein: = combat, befänipfen. -sing a. gegnerifch. -site a. gegenüberstebend, -liegend; = contrary, hostile, entgegengefett; o. to prep. gegenüber. - 8. Begenteil n I b. -sition 8. Widerstand m I; = contrast, Gegenfat m I b*.

opportun-e a. gelegen. -ity s. Gelegenheit f.

oppress v. unterbrücken. -ion s. Unterdrückung f. -ive a. brudend. -or s. Unterbrüder m I a. optician s. Optifer m I a.

or conj. ober.

oracle s. Oratel n I a.

oral a. münblich. orange a. Apfelfine, Orange f. orat-ion s. Rede f. -or s. Rebner m I a. -orical a. reductifch. -ory a. Redefunft f. orchard & Chilgarten m I a*. orchestra s. Orchester n I a. ord-ain s. ausordnen, bestimmen. -er s. Orbnung f [put, bringen]; = command, Bejehl # I b; = commission, Bestellung f. Auftrag m I b*; (knighthood, church) Orben m I a; in o. that domit; in o. to um ... zu. - v. ordnen; befehlen [dat. pers.; 661: bestellen. -orly a. ordentlich. — s. Ordonnanz f. -inance a. Berordnung f. -inary a. ge-

wöhnlich. ore s. Erz n I d.

organs. Organ n I b; (mus. instr.)
Orgel f; hand-o. Orehorgel f.
-ization s. Organisation f. -ize
s. organiseren.

orient s. Orient m I, Morgenland n I. —al a. orientalijch, morgenländisch. — s. Orientale m II, orgenländer m I a.

origin s. lirsprung m I b*. -al a. ursprünglich; — not copied, or imitated, original; — peculiar, original; comps. lir. — s. Original n I b. -ality s. Originalität f. -ate s. hervor-rusen. -ator s. lirheber m I a.

ornament s. Zierrat m I, pl. II; collect. Schmud m I; fig. Zierde f. — w. zieren, schmuden. -al c. reich verziert; Zier-. -ation s. Berzierung f.

orphan s. Waifenkind n I c. orthograph-ic a. orthographisch. -y s. Nechtschreibung f.

osten-sible a angeblich; — appar ent, scienbar. —tation s. Gepränge s l. —tatious a. prunthaft.

other pron. a. ander; another ein anderer; — one more noch ein; one after a. einer (der eine) nach dem anderen; one a., each o. einander, or use the rest. pron.; 30, 5. -wise s. anders; — else, sons.

ought v. follte; plaperf. hätte follen; 104, 3.

ounce & Unje f.

our pron. a. unser. -s pron. unser, unsrige; \$1, 2. -selves rest. uns; emphatic [wir] selbst; 30.

out (183) adv. braußen; (direction) hinaus, heraus; aus. —out of prep. — outside of, außerhalb; (direction) aus . . . heraus, hinaus; at . . . heraus, hinaus; afrom, on account of, aus; (material) aus; be out of nicht mehr haben. —break & Ausbruch m I b*. —cast a. verstoßen. —s. Berbannter p. s. —cry s. Geschrei n. . —do v. übertressen. —doors adv. im Freien. —er a. äußer. —st s. Ausrüftung f. —law s. Geächteter p. s. —line s. Umriß m I b. —livo v. überleben. —look

s. Aussicht f. -number v. an Bahl übertreffen. -right adv. völlig. -set s. Anfang m I b*. -shine v. überstrahlen. -side s. Aufenfeite f; bas Aufere a. 8.; on the o. auswendia. - adv. außen, draußen; (direction) nach außen, hinaus, heraus; from o. von auken. -side of prep. aukerhalb; = not including, außer. -skirts s. pl. Umgebung f; = suburbs, Borstadt f I b*; = edge, Rand m I c. -spoken a. freimütia. -ward adv. nach außen. - a. außerlich, Außen-. outrage s. - violence, Gewaltthätigfeit f; = crime, Berbrechen n I a; = disgrace, Schande f. -ous a. abicheulich. oval a. oval. — s. Oval n I b. over (184) adv. brüben; (direction) herüber, hinüber; = past, vorbei, vorüber, aus; = left, übrig: = again, noch einmal: o. and o. again immer wieber. prep. über [. . . herüber, hinüber]. -bearing a. übermütig. -board adv. fiber Borb. -burden v. überladen. -cautious s. allauanaftlich. -coat s. Überrock m I b*. -come v. überwältigen, überminden. -do v. übertreiben. -estimate v. überichäten. -flow v. tr. überfließen; intr. über-flie--grow v. übermachien. -hang v. überhängen. -hear v. überhören. -leap v. überfpringen. -look v. fiberfehen. -power v.

überwältigen. —see v. beauffichtigen. -seer s. Auffeher m I a. shoe s. Überschuh m I b. -sight s. Aufsicht f. -step v. überschreiten. -take v. ein-holen. -throw v. um-ftargen, um-werfen; = conquer, befiegen. -turn v. um-febren. -whelm v. übermältigen [with, mit; pass. von]. owe v. ichulbig fein, ichulben; - be indebted for, perbanten [dat. pers.] owl s. Gule f. own a. eigen; a house of my o. mein eigenes Saus. - v. befiten : = confess, au-geben, gesteben. -er s. Gigentilmer, Befiger m I a.

P.

ox s. Ochje m II; comps. Ochjen-.

-ership s. Befit m I.

ovster 8. Aufter f.

pace s. Schritt m Ib. — v. schreiten.
pacif-ic a. friedlich; (Ocean) still.

y v. beruhigen.
pack s. Kad n I b; Bünbel n I a;

= package, Katet n I b; =
band, Kad n Ib; (cards) Spiel
n I b; (dogs) Koppel f. — v.

[ein-]pacen; p. up zusammenpacen. — age s. Katet n I b.
— et s. Katet n I b; (ship) Katetboot n I b. — horse s. Hadpferb, Saumpferd n I b.
pact s. Bertrag m I b*.
pagan a. heidnisch. — s. Seide m IL.

-ism 8. Beidentum n I.

page s. (in a book) Seite f. page s. (servant) Bage m II. pail s. Eimer m I a. pain 8. Schmerz m I, pl. II; = trouble, Mühe f. - v. schmerzen. -ful a. schmerzhaft; fig. schmerzlich; = hard, mühjam. -staking a. forgfältig. — s. Sorgfalt f. paint v. malen: (a house, etc.) an-ftreichen; (the face) fdminten. -s. Farbe f; (face) Schminke f. -er s. Maler m I a, -in f. -ing s. Gemälbe n I a. pair s. Boar n I b (55); = married couple, Chepaar. palace s. Balast m I b*, Schlost n I c. palat-able a. jomachaft. -e s. Gaumen m I a. pale a. bleich, blaß; grow p. erbleichen. -ness e. Blaffe f. pal-e s. Pfahl m I b*. -isade s. Baliffade f. paletot s. Paletot m I, pl. -8. palette s. Balette f. pall s. Bahrtuch n I c. palm s. Palme f. paltry a. erbarmlich. pamper v. bermöhnen. pamphlet s. Broidure f. pan s. Pfanne f. panic s. Panit f. panorama s. Panorama n I, pl. -en. pantomim-e s. Bantomime f. -ic a. pantomimifch. pan-e s. Scheibe f. -el s. Tafel f; (of a door, etc.) Küllung f. - v. täfeln.

pansy 8. Stiefmütterchen n I a. pant v. feuchen; p. for breath nach Atem ichnappen. pantaloons s. pl. Beinfleiber n. pl. panther s. Banther m I a, pantry s. Speisekammer f. pap-a s. Bapa m I, pl. -s. -acy s. Papfttum n I. -al a. papftlich. -ist s. Bavist m II. paper s. Bapier n I b; newspaper Zeitung f; = essay, Auffat m I b*; wall-paper Tapete f. — a. papieren, Papier .. — v. tapezieren. -cutter s. Kalzbein n I b. -hanger s. Tapezierer m I a. -money s. Papiergelb n I c. -weight s. Briefbefdwerer m I a. parable s. Parabel f. parade s. Brunt m I; (military) Barade f. — v. paradieren. paradise s. Paradies n I b. paragraph v. Abschnitt m I b; = section, Paragraph m II; = break, Abjat m I b*. parallel a. parallel. — s. Raral lele f. paraly-sis s. Lähmung f. -ze v. lähmen. paraphrase s. Paraphrase f. - v paraphrafieren. parasite s. Schmaroger m I a. parasol s. Sonnenschirm m I b. parcel s. Patet n I b. parch v. berbörren, berbrennen. parchment s. Bergament n I b. pardon s. Berzeihung f; ask one's p. einen um Berzeihung bitten.

- v. verzeihen [dat. pers.] -able a. verzeihlich.

par-e v. beschneiden; = pool, schälen.
-ing s. Schale f.

parent s. Bater m. I a*, Mutter f I a*; —s s. pl. Ettern pl. —age s. Abfunft f. —al a. elterlich; väterlich; mütterlich. —less a. elternlos.

parish s. Gemeinde f. -ioner s. Pfarrfind n I c.

park s. Part m I, pl. -8.

parliament s. Parlament n I b.

-ary a. parlamentarisch; Parlasmentss.

parlor s. Empfangszimmer, Gesellichaftszimmer n I a, Salon m I, pl. -8.

parody s. Parodie f.

parse v. fonftruieren.

parson s. Pfarrer m I a. -age s. Pfarrhaus n I c.

part s. Teil m I b; = share, Teil n I b; (in a drama) Rolle f; on the p. of feitens [gen.]; for my p. was mich betrifft; take p. Teil nehmen [in, an]; take one's p. Partei ergreifen [poss.; gen.; or für]; for the most p. meistens. - v. teilen: (hair) scheiteln: = separate, icheiben: we parted wir trennten une; p. with auf-geben. -ake v. Teil nehmen [of, in, an]; = eat, drink, effen, trinten [of, von]. -ial a. teilweise; p. to eingenommen für. -iality 8. Barteilichfeit f. -icipant 8. Teilneh-

mer m I a. [in, an]. -icipate = take p. -icipation s. Teilnahme f. -icipator s. Teilnehmer m I a. -icle s. Teilchen n I a; not a p. nicht ber (bie, bas) geringfte; nicht ein Füntchen (59, 6). -icular a. befonder: =exact, genau [about, mit]; be p. about es geuau nehmen mit. - s. Einzelheit f; in p. insbesonbere. -icularity 8. Gigentümlichfeit f. -icularly adv. befonders. -ing s. Abichied m I b; comps. Abichiebs. -isan a. parteiifch; Parteis. - 8. Anhanger m I a. -ition s. Teilung f. -ly adv. teilweise. -ner s. Teilhaber m I a : Genoffe m II. -nership s. Genoffenicaft f. -y s. Bartei f := company, Gefellichaft f.

partridge s. Rebhuhn n I c.

pass v. gehen, ziehen, reiten etc.; you may pass bu tannst passieren; come to p. geschehen; p. by paffieren [acc.]; borbei=, bor= über-fommen, ziehen [an object, an, bei]; (time) vergeben; a year had -ed ein Jahr war vergangen, borüber; p. away bergehen; p. for gelten für; p. into über-gehen in; p. off vorübergeben; p. on weiter-geben; p. over tr. übergeben; intr. binüber-gehen, -ziehen; p. through burch-tommen, burch ziehen [an object, burth]; = experience, burch-machen [acc.] - s. Baß m I b*. -able a. gangbar; zu

paffieren (120, 4). -age 8. Durchaug m I b*; (in a vessel) Überfahr f: = corridor, Gang m I b*; = paragraph, sentence, Stelle f. -- rger 8. Baffagier m I b. -et [by] 8. Borübergehender . E. -ing a. borübergehend. - s. Durchzug m I b*. -port s. Vak I b*. passion e. Leiben chaft J . = suffering, Leiben n I. -ata a. leibenschaftlich. -week . Rarwoche f. passive a. paffiv. — s. Baffivum n I. past a. vergangen. — s. Bergangenheit f .- adv. vorbei, vorüber .prep. an, bei . . . borbei, poriiber; = beyond, mehr ale; über . . . hinaus. past-e s. Teig m I b: (to stick) Rleifter m I a. - v. Heiftern. -eboard 8. Bappe f. Bactwert n I b. pastime s. Beitvertreib m Ib |as a. zum]. pastor s. Pastor m I, pl. II. -ai; a. Schäfer :: = clerical, geiftlich; p. poem and - s. hirtengebicht n I b*. -ate s. Pastorat n I b. pasture s. Weibe f .- v. weiben. pat v. flopfen, ftreicheln. patch s. Kled n I b*.-v. fliden. -work s. Klidwert n I b. patent s. Batent n I b. - v. paten= tieren. paternal s. väterlich; p. grandfather Grofvater väterlicherfeits. path s. Pfad m I b. -less a. pfablos. | pebble s. Riefel m I a, -ftein m I b.

path-etic a. pathetisch, rithrend, -os s. Bathos n. patien-ce s. Gebulb f. -t a. gebulbig. - s. Patient m II. patriot s. Patriot m II. -ic a. patriotisch. —ism é. Batriotismus m L. patrol s. Runde f .- v. patrouillieren. patron s. Schutherr m II. -age s. Schut m I. -ize v. begunftigen. patter v. trippeln; (rain) platichen. pattern s. Muster n I a. — v. nachbilden pause 8. Pause f. — v. inne-halten. pave v. pflaftern. -ment s. Bflafter paw s. Pfote f. - v. ftampfen. pawn s. Bfand n I c. - v. verpfan-Bfandleiher -broker s. m I a; -'s shop Leihhaus n I c. -Ty s. : pay v. bezahlen: (visits) ab-ftatten; p. attention Acht geben [to, auf w. acc.] - s. Bezahlung f; comps. Bahl. -able a. zahlbar. -ment s. Bezahlung f. pea s. Erbse f. peace s. Friede m II, gen. -ens. -able, -ful a. frieblich. -maker 8. Friedensftifter m I a. peach s. Pfirfich f. peacock s. Bfau m II. peak s. Spite f; Gipfel m I a. pear s. Birne f; comps. Birnen. pearl s. Berle f. comps. Berlen -. peasant s. Bauer m II; comps. Bauern=.

peck s. Mete f (approximately). Jahr: p. cent Brozent adv. and peculiar a. eigentumlich. -ity s. n I b. Eigentümlichteit f. perceive v. mahr nehmen. pecuniary a. Geldpercentage s. Prozentfat m I b.* pedest-al s. Biebestol n I b. -rian percept-ible s. bemerkbar. -ion s. a. Ruff .. - s. Rufreifender p. s. Wahrnehmung f. peddle v. hausieren. perchance adv. vielleicht. pedigree s. Stammbaum m I b*. perdition s. Berberben n I a. Berpeel s. Schale f .- v. ichalen. bamnis f. perfect a. vollfommen. - s. Berpeep v. guden. peer s. Gleicher a. s; his -s feines feftum n I, pl. -a. - v. vervoll-Gleichen; without p. ohne Gleitommnen. -ion s. Bervolltommchen; (title) Bair m I. pl. -8. nungf; (state) Bolltommenheitf. -less a. unvergleichlich. perform v. thun, verrichten; = carry pell-mell adv. burch einander. out, aus-führen; (a task) löfen; pen 8. Keder f. -holder 8. Keder-= play, fpielen. -ance s. Berrichtung; Ausführung; Löfung; balter m I a. pena-l a. strafbar; Straf-. -lty s. Borstellung f := feat, That f. Strafe f. -ance s. Bufe f. -er e. = actor, Schauspieler m pencil s. Stift m 1 b; lead-p. Ia. Bleiftift. perfume s. Wohlgeruch m I b*: penetrate v. tr. burchbringen, intr. (artificial) Parfüm n I, pl. -s. burch-bringen; p. into [ein-] - v. mit Boblgeruch erfüllen; parfumieren. -ry s. Parfumerie f. bringen in. peninsula 8. Salbiniel f. perhaps adv. vielleicht. peril s. Gefahr f. -ous s. gefährlich. peniten-ce s. Reue f. -t a. reuperiod & Periobe f; = time, Beit f; -tiary 8. Buchthaus mütig. n I c. at an early p. frühzeitig; = full penn-iless a. ohne Piennig. -y s. stop, Punft m I b. -ical a. periobifd. - s. Beitschrift f. Bfennig m I b. pension s. Benfion f. perish v. = die, um-fommen; pentecost e. Pfingften pi. decay, unter-gehen; leave to p. bem Untergange überlaffen. people s. Wolf n I c; = persons, the public Leute pl. - v. bevolperjurer s Meineibiger a. s. -y s. Meineib m I b. pepper s. Pfeffer m I a. - v. pfef- permanen-cy s. Fortbauer f. -t a. bleibenb. fern. per prep. burch; für; p. annum bas | permission s. Erlaubnis f.

permit v. erlauben [dat. pers.] pernicious a. verberblich. perpetrat-e v. verüben. -or s. Thater m I a. perpetu-al a. unaufhörlich. -ate a. verewigen. -ity 8. Fortbauer f. persecut-e v. verfolgen. -ion s. Berfolgung f. -or s. Berfolger m I a. persever-ance s. Beharrlichkeit f. -e v. aus-harren. -ing a. beharrlich. persist v. beharren. -ency s. Beharrlichkeit f. -ent a. beharrlich. person, -age s. Berfon f. -al a. perfonlich. -ality s. Berfonlichteit f. -ate v. vor-stellen. -ification s. Bersonifizierung f. -ify v. perfonifizieren. perspir-ation s. Schweiß m I b. -e - v. schwiten. persua-de v. überreben. -sion s. Überredung f. -sive a. überre= bend; = eloquent, berebfam; = convincing, überzeugenb. pert-ain v. au-gehören [dat.]; = concern, betreffen. -inacious a. hartnädig.-inacity s. Hartnädigteit f. -inent a. gehörig, paffend. pessimis-m s. Peffimismus m I. -t s. Peffimift m II. pest s. Beft, Seuche f. pet s. Liebling m I b. - v. haticheln. petal s. Blumenblatt n I c. petition s. Bittgesuch n I b, Betition f. - v. bitten [for, um]. petr-ify v. versteinern. -oleum s. Betroleum n I.

petticoat s. Unterrod m I b*. petty s. flein, gering. pew s. Rirchenftuhl m I b#. pewter s. Zinn n I .- a. zinnern. phantom s. Gespenft n I c. pharmacy s. Apothete f. pheasant s. Fajan m I b. phenomen-al a. phanomenal. -on 8. Bhanomen n I b. phial s. Kläschen n I a, Bhiole f. phil-anthropic a. philanthropifch, menschenfreundlich. -anthropist s. Philanthrop m II, Menschenfreund m I b. -anthropy s. Philanthropie, Menschenfreundlichfeit f. -ological a. philologisch. -ologist s. Philolog m II. -ology 8. Philologie, Sprachwiffenicaft f. -osopher s. Philosoph m II. -osophical a. philosophist. -osophy s. Philosophie f. phosphorus s. Phosphor m I. photograph 8. Photographie f. -er s. Photograph m II. -y s. Photographie f. phrase 8. Phrase f, Ausbruck m I b*. phys-ical a. physifalisch. -ician s. Arzt m I b*. -icist s. Physifer m I a. -ics s. Physitf. -ique s. Körperbeschaffenheit f. pian-ist 8. Bianist m II, -in f. -0 s. Piano n I, pl. -8. pick v. piden; (teeth) flochern; = gnaw, [ab-]nagen; = gather, lefen, pflüden; = choose, mahlen; p. out aus-mählen; p. up aufheben. -et s. Pfahl m I b. -pocket s. Taschendieb m I b.

Pict s. Bifte m II. picture s. Bilb n I c; comps. Bilder .. - v. vor-ftellen. -sque a. malerisch. pie s. Pastete f; = tart, Torte f. piece s. Stild n I b; to -s in Stücke, or prefix zer=. pierce v. burchbohren. piety s. Krömmigkeit f. pig s. Schwein n I b, (young) pigeon 8. Taube f. [Fertel n I a. pile s. Pfahl m I b*. pile s. = heap, Saufen m I a. -v. auf-häufen; (in layers) auf-schichten. pilgrim s. Bilger m I a. -age s. Wallfahrt f. pill s. Pille f. pillage s. Plunberung f. - v. plunbern. pillar s. Pfeiler m I a. pillow s. Ropftiffen n I a. -case Riffenüberzug m I b*. pilot s. Lotfe m I a. — v. lotfen. pin s. Stednabel f. pinch v. fneifen. pine s. Kichte f; comps. Kichten -. -apple s. Ananas f I b. pine v. schmachten [for, nach]; p. away bor Gram bergeben. pink s. Nelle f. pinnacle s. Binne f. pious s. fromm*. pipe s. Pfeife f; (for gas, water) Röhre f. - v. pfeifen. -er s. Bfeifer m I a. pira-cy s. Ceerauberei f. -te s. Seerauber m I a.

pistol s. Biftole f. pit s. Grube f. pitch s. Bech n I. pitch s. = throw, Wurf m I b*, = height, Sohe f. - v. werfen, schleubern; (a tent) auf-schlagen; p. into her-fallen über [acc.] -fork s. Heugabel f. pitcher s. Rrug m I b*. pit-eous, -iable, -iful a. Maglich, jämmerlich. -iless a. unbarmherzig. -y s. Mitleid n I, Erbarmen n I [for, on, mit]; it's a pity es ift icabe. - v. bemitleiben, bedauern. placard s. Platat n I b. place s. Plats $m I b^*$; = locality, Ort m I b; = spot, situation, passage, Stelle f: (open space) Blats $m I b^*$; in [the] p. of an Stelle [gen.]; in the first, second, third p. erstens, zweitens, brittens etc; take p. fatt-finden. -v. See put. plagiarism s. Plagiat n I. plague s. Beft f. - v. qualen. plain a. eben, flach; = simple, einfach; = clear, beutlich. - s. Ebene f. plaint-iff s. Kläger m I a. -ive a. fläalich. plan s. Plan m I b*. - v. sketch, entwerfen; = think out, projektieren; = intend, beabsid) tigen. -e a. See plain. - s. Sobel m I a. - v. hobeln. planet s. Planet m II. plank s. Plante f.

plant s. Pflanze f; = hord, Krant n I c; comps. Pflanzen. — v. pflanzen. — ation s. Pflanzung f. — er s. Pflanzer m I a. plaster s. Pflafter n I a; (wall) Mörtel m I a. — v. bewerfen. plat-e s. Pflatte f; (dinner otc.) Teller m I a; (silver otc. collect.) [Silbers, Gold-]Gefdirr n I. — v. plattieren; vergolden, verfilbern otc. — eau s. Pflattau n I, pl. — s. — itude s. Pflattheit f. — ter s. Schüffel f.

play v. spielen.—s. Spiel n I b;
— drama, Schauspiel; — comedy, Lustspiel. —er s. Spieler m
I a. —ful a. spielerig; — in play,
spielend, im Spiel. —mate s.
Spielfamerad m II. —thing s.
Spielfeng n I b.

plea s. Berteibigungsrebe f; = pretext, Borwand m I b*; = request, Bitte f [for, um]. -d v. plädieren; p. for, = defend, verteibigen [acc.]; = ask for, bitten um.

pleas-ant a. angenehm, freundlich.

-antness s. Freundlichkeit f.

-antry s. Scherz m I b. -e v.
gefallen [dat.]; = satisfy, befriedigen [acc.]; whoever -s
jeder dem es gefällt, beliebt; if
you p. wenn es Ihnen gefällig
ist; = pray, bitte; p. do so bitte,
thun Sie das; well -d zufrieden;
= complacent, wohlgefällig; I
am -d with it es gefällt mir;
we were -d to see him wir

sahen ihn mit Bergnügen. -ing a. gefällig. -ure s. Bergnügen n I a [give, machen].

pledge s. Pfand n I c.—v. verpfänden.

plent-iful a. reichlich. —y s. Hille f; — quantity, Menge f (59, 6). — a. reichlich vorhanden.

plod v. sich ab-mühen. -der s. Büffler m I a.

plot s. Stück n I b [Land].

plot s. Komplott n I b; Intrigue f; (drama) Berwidelung f. — v. tr. erfinnen; an-fliften. intr. intriguieren. — tor s. Anflifter m I a; Intriguant m U.

plough s. Pfing m I b*. — v. pfiisgen.

pluck v. pflüden. — s. Mut m I. plum s. Pflaume f, comps. Pflaumens.

plum-age s. Gefieber n I a. -e s. Feber f.

plump a. fett, bid.

plunder s. Beute f, Raub m I; = plundering, Plünderung f.—v. plündern.

plunge v. [sich] stürzen; — thrust, stoßen; (into water) tauchen.
plural s. Mehrzahl f, Plural m I b.
plus adv. mehr; (arithmetic) plus.
pneumonia s. Lungenentzünbung f.
poach v. wildern. —er s. Wilddieb
m I b.

pocket s. Taschef; comps. Tascheu-. - v. ein-stecken.

poe-m s. Gebicht n I b. -sy s. Boefie, Dichtkunft f. -t s. Dichter

m I a. -tess s. Dichterin f. -tic a. bichterifch. -try s. Dichtfunft f. point s. Punit m I b; = sharp end, Spikef; = pith, Bointef; = aim, Absicht f, Zwed m I'b; on the p. of going im Begriff ju gehen. - v. p. to, at zeigen, meisen, beuten auf [acc.]; p. out zeigen. -ed a. fpitig; fig. anzüglid). poison s. Gift n I b. - v. vergiften. -ous a. giftig. poke v. fteden. -r s. Feuerhafen m I a. pol-ar a. Bolar-. -e s. Bol m I b. pole s. Stange f. polic-e s. Bolizei f. -eman s. Boligift m II. -y s. Politik f; = diplomacy, Diplomatie f. polish s. Bolitur f; (manners) Schliff m I. - v. polieren; verfeinern. -ed a. poliert; fein. polite a. höflich. -ness s. Höflich. teit f. polit-ic a. politifd; = shrewd, weltklug. -ical a. ftaatlich. Staats=, National=. -ician 8. Polititer m I a. -ics s. Politiff. polka s. Polfa f, pl. -s. pomp, -osity s. Bomp, Brunt m I. -ous a. prunthaft. pond s. Teich m I b, Weiher m I a. ponder v. nach-benten fon, über w. acc.] -ous a. gewichtig. pony s. Ponn n I, pl. -ies. poodle s. Budel m I a. pool s. Bfuhl m I b, Bfüte f. poor a. = having little, arm*: =

worth little, armselig, erbärme lid; = feeble, fd; mad, - ness s. Armut; Armseligkeit; Schwächef. pop-es. Papst m I b*. -ery s. Bapsttum n I. –ish a. papistisch. poplar s. Pappel f. popul-ace s. Böbel m I. -ar a. volfstümlich, Bolts:; = easily understood, populär, gemeinverständlich; = much liked, beliebt, popular [with, bei]. -arity s. Beliebtheit, Popularitat f. -ate v. bevöltern. -ation s. Bevölterung f. porcelain s. Porzellan n I b. porch s. Borhalle f. pork s. Schweinefleisch n I; roast p. Schweinebraten m I a. porridge 8. Brei m I. port s. Hafen m I a*. port-able a. tragbar. -er s. Badträger m I a. -liness 8. Wohlbeleibtheit f. -ly a. wohlbeleibt. port-al s. Bortal n I b. -er s. Pförtner m I a. portion s. Teil m I b; = share, Anteil m I d. portr-ait s. Bortrait n I, pl. -8; Bildnis n I b. -ay v. malen; fig. schilbern. posit-ion 8. Stellung f. -ive a. politiv; = explicit, ausbrudlid; = certain, gewiß; = convinced, überzeugt. possess v. besiten; be -ed of, with befeffen fein von; = possess, be--ion s. Besitz m I;= property, Befittum n I; have p.

of, be in p. of, im Befit haben;

take p. of Befit ergreifen von, in Befit nehmen. -or s. Befiter m I a. possi-bility 8. Möglichkeit f. -ble a. möglich. -bly adv. möglicherweise; not p. unmöglich. post s. \mathfrak{P} fosten $m \mid a$; = pile, pole, Pfahl m I b*; (military) Bosten m I a; (p.-office, mail) Boft f. — v. (a placard) an-schlagen; (soldiers) postieren; (letters) auf die Bost geben: = inform, unterrichten. -age s. Borto n I, pl. -8. -al a. Bosts. -haste adv. in ber größten Gile. -illion s. Postillion m I b. -man s. Brieftrager m I a. -mark s. Boftftempel m I a. -master Boftmeifter m I a. -office s. Postamt n I c, Bost f [at, to auf w. dat. or acc. 1 -paid a. franto. posterity s. Nachtommen m. pl. postpone v. auf-ichieben. -ment s. Aufschub m I b*. postscript s. Nachschrift f. posture s. Stellung f. pot s. Topf m I b*. -ter s. Töpfer m I a. -tery s. Töpferei f; = pots. Töpferware f. potato s. Rartoffel f. pouch s. Beutel m I a. poultry 8. Geflügel n I. pounce v. p. upon ber-fallen über [acc.] pound s. Pfund n I b (59, 6). pour v. gießen; (into cups etc.) ein-gießen, ein-schenten; p. down herab-stürzen. poverty s. Armut f.

powder s. Bulver n I a. power s. Rraft $f \mathbf{I} b^*$: = strength, Stärfef; = authority, might, Macht f I b*; = gift, Gabe f.-ful a. fraftig: fart: machtig. -less a. fraftlos, machtlos. pox s. small-p. Poden, Blattern pl.; chicken p. Friefeln pl. practi-cable a. thunlich. -cal proftisch. -ce s. Pragis $f_i = \text{pro-}$ cess, Berfahren n I a: = habit. Gewohnheit f; = exercise, Ubung f. -so v. praftizieren; üben. -sed a. geübt. prairie s. Chene, Brairie f. praise s. Lob n I. - v. loben. -worthy a. lobenswert. prattl-e v. schwagen. -er s. Schwäper m I a. -ing a. schwathaft. pray v. beten [to, au; for, um]; = beg, bitten [acc.; um]. -er s. Bebet n I b. preach v. predigen. -er s. Brediger m I a. precaution s. Borficht f; (measure) Borfichtemagregel [take, ergreifen]. preced-e v. voran-gehen; (in time) vorher-gehen [dat.] -ing a. vorig. precept s. Borschrift f. precinct s. Bezirf m I b. precious a. toftbar; p. stone Ebelstein m I b. precipi-ce s. Abgrund m I b*. -tate v. hinab-fturgen; = hasten, übereilen. -tous a. jah. precis-e a. genau. -eness, -ion & Genauigfeit f.

precoci-ous a. frühreif. -ty s. Krühreife f. precursor s. Borläufer m I a. predica-ment 8. Berlegenheit f. -te s. Bräbifat n I b. predilection 8. Borliebe f. predomina-te v. vor-herrichen. -nt a. vorherrichend. preface s. Borrede f. - v. ein-leiten. prefer v. vor-giehen. -able a. voraugiehen (120, 4). -ence s. Boraug m I b*. pregnan-cy s. Schwangerichaft f. -t a. schwanger. prejudice s. Borurteil n I b. - v. vorein-nehmen [in favor of, against, für, gegen]. prelate s. Brälat m II. preliminary a. vorläufig, Bor-. prelude s. Borfpiel n I b. premature a. porzeitig. premier s. erfter Minifter m I a, Ministerpräsident m II. premium 8. Bramie f. prepar-ation s. Borbereitung f; = making, Bereitung f. -atory a. vorbereitend, Borbereitungs-. -e - v. [fich] porbereiten, (for attack) [fich] ruften [for, ju]; = make, bereiten. prescri-be v. vor-ichreiben; (medicine) verichreiben. -ption s. Borschriftf; (medicine) Rezept n I b. presen-ce s. Gegenwart f; = air, Aussehen n I; p. of mind Geiflesgegenwart f. -t a. gegenwär= tig, anwesend; those p. die.Anwesenden. — s. Gegenwart f; for preten-ce s. Borwand m I b*.

the p. vorläufig; at p. gegenwärtig; = gift, Geschent n I b; make -s Gefchenke machen, ichenfen [dat. pers.]; make -s to befchenten [acc. pers.]; make a p. of ichenten. - v. = introduce, vor-ftellen; = show, dar-ftellen, (a play) geben; refl. fich bar-bieten; = give, ichenfen; p. one with einen beidenten mit, einem etwas schenken. -tation s. Borftellung; Überreichung f.

presentiment s. Borgefühl n I b. preserv-ation s. Ethaltung $f_i =$ rescue, Rettung f. -e v. erhalten; = protect, ichuten [from, por w. dat.]; = rescue, retten; = lay up, auf-bewahren; = keep, behalten. -er 8. Befcuter; Retter m I a.

presid-e v. prafidieren; (in a society) ben Borfit führen. -ency s. Brafidentichaft f; Borfit m I. -ent s. Brafident m II, Borfigenber p. 8.

press v. preffen, bruden; = crowd, [fich] brängen; = urge, brängen, bringend bitten. - s. Breffe f; (wardrobe, etc.) Schrant m I b*; = crowd, Gebrange f. -ing a. bringend. -ure s. Drud; fig. Drang m I.

presum-able a. vermutlich. -e v. poraus-fegen; = believe, vermuten; = dare, magen. -ption s. Voraussetung f; = daring, Bermeffenheit f.

v. por-geben: -od p. porgeblich. -sion s. Anspruch $m I b^*$ [to, auf w. acc.]. -tious a. anfpruchepoll.

preterit s. Bräteritum n I. pl. -a. pretext s. Vorwand m I b*.

pretty a. hubich. - adv. ziemlich. prevail v. herrichen; = win, bie Oberhand gewinnen; p. upon überreden [acc.]

prevalen-ce s. Borherrichen n I. -t a. herrichend, vorherrichend. prevent v. verhindern. -ion s. Berhinderung f.

previous a. porig, borhergehend. -ly adv. porber.

prey 8. Raub m I, Beute f; bird of p. Raubvogel m I a*. - v. rauben: p. upon, berauben [acc.] price s. Preis m I b. -less a. unichätbar.

prick v. ftechen. - s. Stachel m I, pl. II; p. of conscience, Gewissensbiß m I b. -le s. == prick. -ly a. stachelich.

pride s. Stola m I. - v. refl. ftola fein Ton, auf w. acc.]

priest s. Priester m I a. -hood s. Brieftertum n I c. -ly a. briefterlich, Briefter ..

prim-ary adj. ursprünglich, Ur-: = elementary, Elementar . -e a. excellent, borzüglich; = Paupt- .bauptfächlich, s. Blüte f -er s. Fibel f. -eval, proceed v. weiter-gehen; p. on a -itive a urforunglich, Ur-; = simple. primitiv, altertümlich. -rose s. Schluffelblume f.

prince Bring m II; = reigning p.. ruler, Kürst m II. -ely a. pringlich, fürstlich. -ess e. Bringeifin, Kürftin f. -ipal a. hauptfächlich, Haupts.—s. Brinzipal m Ib; (school) Direttor m I, rl. II; = capital, Rapitaln I b. -ipally adv. hauptfächlich: = especially, belonders. -ipality s. Kürftentum n I c. -iple 8. Grundfat m I b*.

print v. bruden. - s. Drud m I b. -er s. Druder m I a. -ing s. Drud m I b; comps. Druder -: art of p. Buchbruderfunft f. -ing-office s. Druderei f.

prior a. früher; p. to prep. vor. s. Abt m I b*. -ity s. Priorität f. prison s. Gefängnis n I b [in, im; into, ins]. -er e. Gefangener p. 8.

priv-acy 8. Burudgezogenbeit f. -ate a. = secret, beimlich: = personal, Privat .. - s. Gemeiner a. s. -ilege s. Brivilegium n I, pl. -ien; Borrecht n I b. -v a. geheim: p. councillor Gebeimrat m I b*.

prize s. Breis m I b; Belohnung f. prize v. schäten.

proba-ble a. mahricheinlich. -bility s. Bahricheinlichkeit f.

problem s. Aufgabe f.

procedure e. Berfahren n I a.

journey eine Reise fort-feten: arise, her-rühren; = act, verfahren; = pass over to, ichrei-

ten au. -ing s. Berfahren n I a; | profit s. Nuten m I; derive p. = transaction, Verhandlung f; pl. = income, Ertrag m I b*. process s. Berfahren n I a; = suit, Prozeß m I b. -ion s. Bug m I b*. Broceffton f. proclaim v. an-fündigen.

proclamation s. öffentliche Be= f annimation f := manifesto, Broklamation f.

procure v. [fich, dat.; 72, a] ver= fcaffen.

prodigal a. verschwenderisch. -ity s. Berichwendung f.

produc-e v. = bring before one, bei-bringen: vor-bringen, bring forth, hervor-bringen, erzeugen; = cause, hervor-rufen, verursachen. — s. and -t s. Erzeugnis. Broduft n I b. -tion s. Broduttion f; = work, Werk n I b. -tive a. fruchtbar. -tiveness s. Fruchtbarkit f.

profan-e a. unheilig; = blasphemgotteslästerlich. -ity s. Gottesläfterung f.

profess v. betennen; = declare, behaupten, erflären; = pretend, vor-geben. -ion s. Befenninis n Ib; = calling, Beruf n Ib. -ional a. berufemäßig. -or s. Befenner m I a; = teacher, Lehrer m I a; (title) Professor m I, pl. II. -orship s. Brofeffur f.

proficien-cy s. Tüchtigkit f. -t a. tüchtig.

profile s. Profil a I b.

from and -v. p. from Nuten ziehen aus. -able a. einträglich; = advantageous, vorteilhaft. profound a. tief. -ness s. Tiefe f. profus-e a. reichlich. -ion s. Külle f.

progress e. Borruden n I; fig. Fortschritt $m \ I \ b$; = course, Lauf m I; make p. and -v. Fortichritte machen: p. slowly langfame Fortschritte machen.

prohibit s. verbieten; = prevent, verhindern [from, an w. dat.] -ion s. Berbot n I b.

project v. tr. projettieren, intr. bervor-ragen. - 8. Plan m I b*.

prologue s. Prolog m I b.

promenade s. Spaziergang mI b*; (place) Bromenade f. - v. fpazieren.

prominen-ce s. Borfprung m I b*; (position) hervorragende Stelle f. -t a. hervorragend; be p. hervor-ragen.

promiscuous a. gemischt.

promise s. Berfprechen n I a [keep, halten]. - v. verfprechen.

promontory s. Borgebirge n I a. promot-e v. beförbern; be -d (army) avancieren intr. -ion s. Beforderung f.

prompt a. schnell; = punctual, pünktlich. - r. = incite, an-trei. ben; = suggest, eingeben: = whisper (theatre), ein-flüstern, joufflieren [dat. pers.] -er s. Gingeber m I a; Souffleur m I b.

-ness 8. Schnelligfeit, Bunttlichleit f. pronoun s. Kürwort n I c. pronounce v. aus-iprechen; = declare, erflären [für]. pronunciation s. Aussprache f. proof s. Beweis m I b; = p. sheet, Rorretturbogen m I a. propel v. pormärts treiben. -ler s. Schiffsichraube f. propensity 8. Hang m I, Reigung f. proper a. eigen; = natural, natürlich; = suitable, paffend, geeignet: = correct, richtia. adv. orbentlich, gehörig. -ty s. Gigentum n I. prophe-cy s. Prophezeiung f. -sy v. prophezeien; mahr-fagen. -t s. Prophet m II. -tic a. prophetisch. propitious a. gunftig. proportion s. Berhältnis n I b. -al a. verhältnismäfig. propos-al s. Borichlag m I b*; = offer, Antrag m I b*. -e v. vor-schlagen; = offer one's self, an-halten [to, um]. -ition 8. Boridiag $m I b^*$; = assertion. Behauptung f. propriet-or s. Eigentümer m I a. -y s. Schicklichkeit f. pros-aic a. profaifch. -e s. Brofa f. proscenium s. Profcenium n I, pl. -ien. prosecut-e v. verfolgen. -ion 8. Berfolgung f. -or s. Berfolger; state p. Staatsanwalt m I b*. procody s. Projodie f.

prospect s. Ausficht f. prosper v. tr. Glud geben [dat.]; == be favorable, günstig sein [dat.] intr. gludlich fein; = thrive, gebeiben. -ity s. Wohlfahrt f. -ous a. gludlich, erfolgreich. protect v. iduten. beidute 1 [against, from, gegen, vor w. acc.] -ion s. Schut m I, Le: ichütung f. -ive a. ichütenb. or s. Beschützer m I a. -orate s. Schutherrichaft f. protest s. Brotest m I b. - v. protestieren. -ant s. Brotestant m II. proud a. stolz [of, auf w. acc.] prove v. beweisen; p. to be fich ermeisen als. proverb s. Sprichwort n I c. -ial a. fprichwörtlich. provid-e v. bor-fehen: = care, forgen; p. with verfeben; = procure for, einem etwas verschaffen. -ence s. Borfehung f : = caution. Borficht f. -ent a. porfichtig. provinc-e s. Proving f; = sphere, Fach n I c. -ial a. provinziell. Provinzial=. provision s. Bortehrung f; = measure, Magregelf [make, treffen]; =store, Lebensmittel n I a. provo-cation s. Reigung f; = cause, Anlak m I b*. -ke v. reigen. -king a. ärgerlich. prowess 8. Tapferteit f. proximity s. Nähe f. pruden-ce s. Rlugheit f. -t a. ilug*.

prune v. beidneiben.

prune 8. Bflaume f. Prussia pr. n. Preußen n I. -n a. preufifch. - s. Breufe m II, -inf. psalm s. Pjaim m I, pl. II. pshaw interj. pah! psycholog-ical a. pinchologiich. -ist s. Pinchologe m II. -y s. Pinchologie f. publi-c öffentlich; (state) Staats. — 8. Bublikum n I. -cation 8. Beröffentlichung f; (book) Schrift of, Wert n I b. -sh v. veröffentlichen; -inghouse s. Berlagshandlung f. -sher s. Berleger m I a. pudding s. Bubbing m I, pl. -8. puddle s. Pfuhl m I b, Pfüte f. puerile a. knabenhaft, kindisch. puff v. blafen; = pant, feuchen. pug s. Mors m I b*. pull v. ziehen. - s. Bug m I b*. pulpit s. Rangel f [in, auf]. pulse s. Buls m I b. pump 8. Bumpe f. - v. pumpen. pun s. Wortibiel n I b. Punch s. Hanswurft m I b. punch s. (drink) Bunich m I b. punctual s. pünktlich. -ity 8. Bünttlichkeit f. punish v. ftrafen, bestrafen. -able a. ftrafbar. -ment s. Strafe f. puppy s. junger hund m I b. pupil s. Schüler m I a, -in f; = ward, Mündel n I a; (of the eye) Bupille f. puppet s. Buppe f: p. -theatre, -show Puppenspiel n I b, .theater n I a.

purchase v. faufen. - s. Rauf m I b*. -er s. Räufer m I a. pur-e a. rein, lauter. -ge, -ify v. reinigen, läutern [of, von]. -itan a. puritanifd. - s. Buritaner m I a. -ity 8. Reinheit f. purple s. Burpur m I. - a. purpurn; Burpur-. purport s. 3 wed m I b; = contents, Inhalt m I. purpose s. Borfat m I b*, Absicht f; serve a p. einem 3med entfprechen. - v. beabsichtigen. -ly adv. absichtlich. purr v. fcnurren. purse s. Borfe f, Bortemonnaie n I, pl. -8; Geldbeutel m I a; out of my own p. aus meiner eigenen Tasche; a p. of money ein Beutel Gelb. pursu-e v. verfolgen. -er s. Berfolger m I a. -it s. Berfolgung f; (of a study) Betreibung f. push v. ftogen, ichieben; = crowd, brängen; p. one's way through the crowd fich durch die Menge Thindurch-Ibrangen. - 8. Stoft $m I b^*$. puss, -y s. Miege f, Miegenn I a. put v. thun; = make stand, fellen; = lay, legen; = set, feten; (into a hole, a pocket etc.) fteden; p. off (clothes) aus-ziehen, (a hat) ab-nehmen; = delay, aufichieben: p. on (clothes) anziehen, (a hat) auf-feten. puzzle s. Rätsel n I a. - v. ratselhaft sein [dat.]; p. over sich ben

Ropf zerbrechen über [dat.] -ing | a. rätfelbatt. pyramid s. Byramide f.

quack s. Quadfalber m I a. -ery s. Quadfalberei f. anadr-angle 8. Biered n I b; = court, Sof m I b*. -atic a. quabratisch. -uped s. Bierfüß= ler m I a. - a. vierfüßig. -ulpe a. vierfach.

quail s. Wachtel f.

quaint a. wunderlich; = antique, altertümlich. –ness 8. Wunderlichteit f.

quake v. gittern.

quali-fication s. Befähigung f [for, au]. -fy v. befähigen. -ity s. Eigenschaft f.

quantity s. Quantität f; = mass, Menge, Maffe f; (59, 6).

quarrel s. Streit, Bant m I, pl. Streitigfeiten, Bantereien. - v. ftreiten, janken. -some a. streit= füchtig, zänkisch.

quarry 8. Steinbruch m I b*.

quart s. Quart n I, (no pl.; 55). -er s. Biertel-; viertel a.; a q. of an hour eine Biertelftunde; a q. of a pound ein viertel Bfund; pl. -s Quartier n I b; headq. -s Hauptquartier. - v. vierteilen; (soldiers) ein-quartieren. -erly a. vierteljährlich.

queen s. Königin f. -ly a. wie rabbit s. Raninchen n I a. eine Königin.

queer a. feltsam, wunderlich. quench v. löfchen.

query 8. Frage f. - v. bezweifeln. quest s. Suche f; be in q. [of] auf ber Suche fein, fuchen [nach].

question s. Frage f; beyond q. unaweifelhaft; the matter in q. die fragliche Sache; the q. is about es handelt sich um; out of the q. außer Frage. - v, befragen, aus-fragen; - doubt, bezweifeln. -able a. fraglich; = doubtful, zweifelhaft.

quick a. fcnell, gefchwind. -en v. beschleunigen; = enliven, beleben. -ly adv. schnell; = at once, fogleich. -ness s. Schnelligfeit. Geschwindigkeit f. -silver Quedfilber n L

quiet a. ruhig: = composed, gelaffen. - 8. Rube f. - v. beruhigen.

quill 8. Feder f.

quilt 8. Steppbede f.

quit v. verlaffen. — a. quitt.

quite adv. ganz, völlig: = tolerably, ziem(id); q. a [large] town eine ziemlich große Stadt.

quiver s. Röcher m I a.

quiver v. beben; = twitch, juden. quot-ation s. Citat n I b; = quoting, Anführung f. -e v. citieren; an-führen.

R.

rabid a. mutend, toll.

race s. Geschlecht n I c, Stamm m | rambl-e v. umher-streifen. - s. I b*.

race s. Wettlauf m I b*; (horse) Bettrennen n I a ; comps. Renn- ; run, ride a r. um die Wette laufen, reiten.

rack s. Geftell n I b; (stable) Raufe f; (to torture) Folter f. - v. foltern; r. one's brains fich ben Ropf gerbrechen.

radi-ant a. ftrahlend. -ate v. ftrahlen. -us s. Radius m I, pl. -ien; Salbmeffer m I a.

radical a. von Grund aus, Grund-; rabital. - s. Rabitaler a. s.

radish s. Rettig m I b.

raft s. Mog n I b*. -er s. Sparren

rag s. Lumpen m I a. -ged a. zerlumpt.

rage s. Wut f. - v. wüten.

rail s. Schiene f. -ing s. Geläuder n I a. -fence s. Zaun m I b*. -road, -way s. Gifenbahn f.

rail v. fpotten [at, fiber w. acc.] -lery s. Spott m I.

rain s. Regen m I a. - v. regnen. -bow s. Regenbogen m I a. -y a. regnerisch; r. soason Regenzeit f.

raise v. auf-heben, in bie Bobe heben; fig. heben, erheben.

raisin 8. Rofine f.

rake s. Rechen m I a .- v. rechen. rally v. [fich] wieber sammeln; = recover one's strength, fich erholen, sich wieder erheben.

ram s. Widder m I a. - v. rammen.

Wanberung f. -ing a. fig. abfdweifenb.

rampart s. Wall m I b*, Bruftwehr f.

random s. at r. aufs Geratewohl. range v. ordnen. - s. Reihe f; = scope, Rreis m I b; (stove) Rochofen m I a*.

rank s. Reihe f; = grade, Rang m I b*; r. and file Reihe und Glied. - v. tr. reihen; = count, rechnen. - intr. gerechnet werben. rank a. üppig; = bad, arg; Erz. ransack v. burchjucheu.

rap. See knock.

rap-id a. fcnell, rafch. -idity s. Schnelligkeit f. -ids 8. Stromidnelle f.

raptur-e s. Entzüden n I. -ous a. entzüdenb.

rar-e a. selten. -eness. -ity s. Seltenheit, Roftbarfeit f.

rare a. (meat) nicht burchgebra-

rascal s. Schurte m II, Schuft m I b; little r. kleiner Schelm. -ity s. Schurkerei f.

rash a. voreilig; = thoughtless, unbesounen. -ness 8. Boreiligteit, Unbefonnenheit f.

raspberry 8. Simbeere f.

rat s. Ratte f.

rat-e s. Rate f; = proportion, Berhältnis n I b; = measure, Maß n I b. - v. schätzen. -ification s. Bestätigung f. -ify v. bestätigen. -io s. Berhältnis n I b. -ion s. Ration f. -ional a. vernünftig; -ly adv. vernunftgemäß.

rather (186) adv. lieber; eher; = more, mehr; = more correctly, vielmehr; = somewhat, etwas, ziemlich, ganz; the r. umfo mehr, umfo eher.

rattlo v. flappern, raffeln. — s. Klapper f. —suako s. Klapperfalange f.

rav-age s. Berheerung f.—v. verheeren. —enous a. gefräßig. —ine s. Schlucht f. —ishing a. entzüdend. rave v. rasen: fa. schwärmen.

raven s. Rabe m II.

raw a. roh; = rough, rauh.

ray s. Strahl m I, pl. II. — v. strahlen.

razor s. Rafiermeffer n I a.

re-. Words not given below, beginning with the prefix re-, may generally be rendered by the corresponding German words with the prefix jurid- (with nouns Rud-), to denote return, or wieber, to denote repetition, or um-, to denote transformation.

reach v. reichen; = attain to, erreichen; = arrivo at, an-kommen [in, bei], gelangen [nach, zu]. — s. within r. erreichbar, zu erreichen (120, 4); out of r. unerreichbar, nicht zu erreichen.

reaction s. Reaftion f.

read v. lesen; r. aloud, r. to one bur-lesen [dat. pers.]; r. over burch-lesen. —able a. lesbar. —er a. Leser m I a. —ing s. Lesen n I;

(matter) Lektüre f; = version, Lesart f; wide r. große Belesenheit f; comps. Lese-.

read-ily adv. = willing, bereitwillig, gern; = quickly, schnell, sogleich; = easily, seicht. -iness s. Bereitwilligseit; Schnelligseit f; = proparation, Bereitschaft, Fertigseit f. -y a. = sinished, sertig, bereit; = willing, bereit, bereitwillig; = quick, schnell; = easy, seicht; r. to sail segessertig; r. for war kriegsbereit.

real a. wirflich; — true, wahrhaft; — genuine, echt. — ism s. Realismus m, indecl. — ist s. Realist m II. — istic a. realistisch. — ity s. Wirstlichteit f. — ization s. Berwirstlichung f. — ize a. [sich, dat.] verwirstlichen. — ly adv. wirstlich, in der That. realm s. Reich n I b.

reap v. schneiben; = harvest, ernten. -er s. Schnitter m I a.

re-appear v. wieber-erscheinen; wieber [zum Borschein] tommen. -ance s. Wiebererscheinen n I.

rear s. Hintergrund m I b*. —guard s. Nachtrab m L

rear v. tr. errichten; = educate erziehen. intr. sich bäumen.

reason s. Bernunft f; = understanding, Berstand m I; = cause, Ursache f; = ground, Grund m I b*; by r. of wegen; for this r. aus diesem Grunde, deshalb, deswegen. — v. denten: = argue, rechten.—able a. vernünf. tig; = just, billig; = moderate, mäßig, ziemlich. -er s. Denker m I a.

rebel v. sich empören, sich erheben.
— s. Empörer m I a, Rebell m II.
–lion s. Empörung f, Aufstand
m I b*. –lious a. aufständisch,
rebellisch.

rebuild v. wieber auf-bauen; = remodel, um-bauen.

reduke s. Berweis m I b. — v. zurecht-weisen [for, wegen].

recall v. zurüd-rusen; — remember, sich errinnern [gen. or an w. acc.]

recant v. widerrufen. -ation s. Widerruf m I b.

recei-pt s. Empfang m I [on, nad];

(voucher) Quittung f; = recipe, Rezept n I b; -s pl. (income) Einnahme f.—v. quittieren.—ve v. empfangen; =
get, erhalten; = accept, annehmen; = take in, auf-nehmen.

-ver s. Empfänger; Einnehmer
m I a. [lich, neulich,
recent a. neu; frisch.—ly a. türzreception s. Empfang m I b*.

recess s. Bertiefung f; = interruption, Unterbrechung f; = vacation, Ferien pl.

recip-e s. Rezept n I b. -ient s. Empfänger m I a.

recit-al s. Bortrag m I b*. -ation s. Bortrag m I b; = lesson, Stunde f. -e v. vor-tragen; = narrato, erzählen.

reck-less a. unbesonnen. -less-

ness s. Unbesonnenheit f. -on v. rechnen, zählen [on, auf w. acc.] recline v. [fich] lehnen.

recogn-ize v. [wieber-]erkennen; — acknowledge, an-erkennen. -ition s. Wiebererkennung; Anerkennung f.

recollect v. fich erinnern [gen. or an w. acc.] -ion s. Erinnerung f. recommend v. empfehlen. -ation s. Empfehlung f; letter of r. Empfehlung&brief m I b.

recompens-e v. erfeten [one for, einem etwas]; = reward, belohnen. -ation s. Erfat m I; Belohnung f.

reconcil-e v. versöhnen; fig. vereinbaren [to, mit]. -iation s. Bersöhnung, fig. Bereinbarung f.

reconnoitre v. refognoszieren.
record v. auf-zeichnen, nieber-fcrei-

ben. — s. — account, Bericht m I b; — document, Urfunde f; — minutes, Protokoll n I b. — er s. Berichterstatter m I a; Registrator m I, pl. II.

recourse s. have r. seine Zustucht nehmen [to, zu].

rocover v. tr. wieber-erlangen, sgewinnen. intr. sich erholen; genesen. -y s. Wiebererlangung, -gewinnung; Genesung f.

recreation s. Bergnügen n I a.
recruit v. wieder ergänzen; (army)
refrutieren. — s. Refrut m II.

rect-angle s. Rechted n I b., -angular a. rechtwinkelig. -ify v. berichtigen. -itude s. Recht-

schaffenheit f. -or a. Rektor m I, pl. II.

recur v. wieder-fehren. --rence s. Wiederfehr f. --rent a. wiederfehrend.

red a. rot*. — s. Not n I. —den v. tr. röten, intr. erröten. —dish a. rötlich. —ness s. Nöte f.

redeem v. zurüd-kaufen; = ransom, aus-lösen, (a plodge) ein-lösen; = fulfil, erfüllen; = make good [again], wieder gut machen. -er s. Erlöser m I a. redouble v. verdoppein.

redoubtable a. furchtbar.

redound v. gereichen [to, ju].

rodress 8. Abhülfe f. — v. ab-helfen [dat.], ab-stellen [acc.]

toduc-e v. jurud-führen; = change, berwanbein; = losson, verringern, herab-seten; = subdue, unterwersen, bezwingen. -tion s. Berringerung, herabsetung; Unterwersung f.

re-echo v. wieder-hallen [with, von]. reed s. Rohr n I b.

reef s. Riff n I b.

reef s. (sail) Reff n I b. — v. reffen.

reel s. Haspel, Rolle f.—v. intr. taumeln. tr. r. off ab-haspeln.

refer v. tr. verweisen [to, an w. acc. pers., auf w. acc. thing].
intr. sich beziehen (auf w. acc.); = allude to, an-spielen [auf w. acc.];
(consult a book) nach-schlagen [in]. -ence s. Berweis nIb; = allusion, Anspielung f;

in (with) r. to in Beziehung auf, mit Bezug auf [acc.]

refine v. verfeinern; tech. raffinieren. —mont s. Berfeinerung; Raffinierung f.

reflect v. restettieren; f.g. r. honor upon one einem jur Ehre gereichen, Ehre machen; = consider, nach-benten [on, siber v. acc.], siberlegen [acc.] -ion s. Resterion f; Rachbenten n I, überlegung f; = thought, Betrachtung f; = blame, Label m I a.

reform v. reformieren; verbeffern;
= transform, um-gestalten; =
grow better, sid bessern.—a.
Besserng, Reform f. —ation s.
Reformation, Umgestaltung f.
—er s. Reformator m I, pl. II.

refractory a. widerspenstig.

refrain v. tr. zurüd-halten. intr. fich enthalten [from, gen. or infinitive w. zu].

refrain s. Refrain m I, pl. -8, Rehrreim m I b.

refresh v. erfrischen, erquiden.
-ment s. Erfrischung, Erquidung f.

refrigerator s. Gisschrant m I b*.

refuge s. Zuflucht f; (place) Zufluchtsort m I b; take r. seine Zuslucht nehmen, sich flüchten [zu; nach]. —e s. Flüchtling m I b.

refus-al s. Weigerung f. - v. tr. verweigern; - doelino, abschlagen. intr. sich weigern. refut-ation s. Wiberlegung f. -e rein s. Zügel m I a. - v. zügeln. v. wiberlegen.

regal s. foniglich. -ia pl. Regalien pl. -e v. bewirten; = rejoice, ergöten.

regard v. ansfehen; = mind, esteem, acten: = consider, berudfichtigen; r. as an-feben als, für; halten für. - s. Achtung: Rückicht f; with (in) r. to mit Rücksicht, in hinficht auf [acc.]; = greeting, Empfehlung f; give my -s to him empfehlen Sie mich ihm. -less a. achtlos; = unmindful, unbefümmert [of, um7.

reg-ency s. Regentschaft f. -ent s. Regent m II, -in f. -iment s. Regiment n I c.

region 8. Gegenb f.

regist-er s. Register n I a. - v. regiftrieren; [fich] ein-ichreiben. -rar 8. Registrator m I, pl. II.

regret v. bedauern; = long for, sich fehnen nach. - 8. Bedauern n I; = repentance, Reue f; he sends his regrets er läßt bebauern. -ful a. mit Bedauern. -table a. bedauerlich.

regul-ar a. regelmäßig; = thorough, gehörig, tüchtig. -arity 8. Regelmäßigfeit f. -ate v. regeln. -ation s. Regelung f; = rule, Regel f.

rehears-al s. Brobe f. -e v. probieren.

reign v. regieren; herrschen (also fig.) - s. Regierung f (in, unter). | relinquish v. verlaffen; auf-geben.

reindeer s. Renntier n I b.

re-iterate v. wieberholen.

reject v. verwerfen; - decline, abmeisen. -ion s. Bermerfung; Abweifung f.

rejoic-e tr. erfreuen, Freude machen; I am -ed es freut mich, ich freue mich. intr. fich freuen fover, über w. acc.]; fich erfreuen [in, gen.] -ing 8. Freude f.

relapse s. Rüdfall m I b*. - v. aurüd-fallen.

relat-e v. berichten; r. to, = refer to, fich beziehen auf [acc.] -ed a. verwandt. -ion s. Erzählung f; = reference, Berhältnis n I b: = kinsman, Bermandter a. s. -ionship s. Bermanbtichaft f. -ive a. bezüglich [to, auf w. acc.]: = proportionate, verhältnismafig. - s. Bermandter a. s.

release v. entlaffen. - s. Entlaf. fung f.

relent v. nach-geben. -less a. mitleibelos.

reli-able a. zuverlässig. -ability s. Buverläffigfeit f. -ance s. Bertrauen n I.

relic s. Überbleibsel n I a; (of a saint) Reliquie f.

relie-f s. Erleichterung f; = help, Bulfe, f. -ve v. erleichtern; abhelfen [dat.]; = free, entfeten: = take one's place, ab-lösen.

religi-on s. Religion f. -ous a. religiös.

relish 8. Geschmad m I. - v. Ge- | remote a. entlegen. -ness a. Entfcmad finden an [dat.]

reluctan-ce m. Wiberstreben n I. --t a. ungern adv.

rely v. fich berlaffen fon, auf w.

remain v. bleiben Istanding, fteben; 121]. -der e. Uberbleibfeln Ia; Rest m Ib; the r. of ber (bie, bas) übrige. -ing p. übrig. -s s. pl. Überbleibsel n I a; fig. irdifche Refte pl.

remark s. Bemerfung f .- v. bemerten. -able a. mertwürbig; = distinguished, bemertenswert, ausgezeichnet.

remedy s. Beilmittel, Mittel n I a. - v. ab-helfen [dat.]

rememb-er v. sich erinnern [gen. or an w. acc.]; = think of, benten an [acc.]; he wants to be -ed er läft fich empfehlen, läßt grußen. -rance s. Erinnerung f.

remind v. erinnern [of, an w. acc.] -er s. Mahnung f.

reminiscence s. Erinnerung f. remiss a. nachlässig. -ion s. Bergebung f.

remit v. überfenden; = forgive, pergeben: (a debt) erlaffen. -tance 8. Sendung f.

remnant s. Überbleibsel n I a. remonstra-nce s. Borstellung f; = protest, Einspruch m I b*. -te v. Borftellungen machen [with, dat.]

remorse s. Gemiffensbig m I b (generally pl.), Reue f.

legenheit f.

remov-al s. Entfernung $f_i = abo$ lition, Hebung f; = dismissal, Entlassung f; (of domicile) Umaug m I b*. -e v. weg-schaffen, entfernen: beben; entlaffen: umgieben.

remunerat-e v. belohnen. -ion s. Belohnung f. -ive a. lohnend. rend v. zerreißen.

render v. wieber-geben; = do, leiften; = make, machen; (testimony) ab-legen.

rendezvous e. Stellbichein n I, Bufammenkunft f I b*.

renew v. erneuern. -al s. Erneueruna f.

renounce v. entfagen [dat.]; = dony, perleugnen.

renovate. See renew.

renown s. Ruhm m I. -ed a. berühmt.

rent s. Miete f; (of a farm) Bacht f .- v. mieten; pachten; = let, bermieten, berpachten. -er s. Mieter m I a.

repair v. aus-beffern, reparieren. s. Ausbefferung, Reparatur f; = condition, Bustand m I b*.

repair v. = go, fich begeben.

repeal v. auf-heben. - s. Aufhebung f.

repeat v. wieberholen; = recite, her-fagen.

repel v. jurud-ichlagen; = decline, jurud-weisen; (opposite of attract) ab-ftoken.

repent v. bereuen [of, acc.]; (with-| reput-ation, -e s. Ruf m I b. -e out object) Reue empfinden. -ance s. Reue f. -ant a. reuig. repertory 8. Repertoir n I, pl. -8. repetition s. Wiederholung f. replace v. wieber hin-ftellen; =

supplant, erfețen.

reply v. antworten, erwidern [to a person, dat.; to a question, auf w. acc.] - v. Antwort, Erwiderung f.

report s. Bericht m I b; = rumor, Gerücht n I b; (of a shot) Rnall m I b. - v. berichten, mel--er s. Berichterftatter m I a. repose s. Ruhe f. - v. ruhen.

represent v. bar-ftellen; = play, auf-führen, geben; = make clear, vor-stellen; = take one's place, vertreten. -ation s. Darftellung; Aufführung; Borftellung; Bertretung f. -ative a. barftellenb; darafteriftifd, bezeichnend [of, für] .- s. Reprafentant m II, Deputierter p. 8.

reprimand s. Berweis m I b*. v. tabeln.

reproach s. Borwurf m I b*. - v. vor-werfen [one with, for, einem etwas]; Bormurfe machen.

reproof s. Tabel m I a.

reprove v. tabeln.

republic s. Republit f. -an a. republikanisch. — 8. Republikaner

repugnan-ce s. Abneigung f [to, gegen]. -t a. zuwider [to, dat.] repulsive a abstogend, widrig.

v. halten für; -d p. vermeint-

request s. Bitte f, Gesuch n I b [for, um]. - v. bitten [a thing, um]. requi-re v. verlangen; = necessitate, erforbern. -site a. erforderlich. -sition s. Forderung f. rescind v. auf=heben.

rescue v. retten; = free, befreien. -s. Rettung; Befreiung f. -r s. Retter: Befreier m I a.

research s. Untersuchung f.

resembl-ance s. Ahnlichkeit f. -e v. ahnlich fein, gleichen [dat.]; -ing p. ähnlich [dat.]

resent v. übel [auf-]nehmen. -ment s. Groll m I.

reserv-ation s. Borbehalt m I b. -e v. fich (dat.) vor-behalten; refervieren. - s. Borrat m I b*; (army) Referve f; fig. Burud. haltung f. -ed a. fig. zurückhaltend. -oir s. Refervoir n I, pl. -8. resid-e v. wohnen. -ence s. Aufenthalt m I b; (place) Wohnort m Ib; (house) Wohnung f, haus nIc. -ent a. wohnenb; wohnhaft. - s. Bewohner m I a. resign v. auf-geben; verzichten auf [acc.]; (an office) nieber-legen, (without object) ab-banten; refl. sich ergeben [to, in w. acc.]; -ed p. ergeben. -ation s. Bergiditleiftung: Nieberlegung, Abdankung; Ergebenheit f.

resin s. Harz m I b. -ous a. harzig. resist v. wiberfteben [dat.] -ance

Entschluß m I b*. -ve v. beschließen; r. on, upon fich entichliefen au: -d p. entichloffen. resort s. Zuflucht f; Zufluchtsort m I b. - v. feine Ruflucht nehmen au. resound v. ertonen, brohnen [with, bonl. resource s. Hülfsmittel n I a. respect s. Rüdficht, Hinficht f [to, auf w.acc.]; = esteem, Achtung f [for, por w. dat.]; in many respects in vieler Hinsicht. — v achten. -ability 8. Achtbarfeit f. -able a. achtbar, auftändig. -ful a. ehrerbietig. -ive a. beauglich, respectiv: -ly adv. beziehungeweise. respon-d v. antworten. -se s. Antwort f. -sibility s. Berant= wortlichkeit f. -sible a. verant= wortlich. rest s. Ruhe, Rast f; go to r. sich jur Rube begeben. - v. ruben ; [fich] aus-ruhen. -less a. unruhig: = incessant, raftlos. rest s. Reft m I b; all the r. alles übrige, alle übrigen; the r. of the books die übrigen Bücher. restaurant s. Reftauration f. restor-ation 8. Wiederherstellung f. -e v. wieder her-ftellen; =return.

mieber-geben.

-er s. Wieberherfteller m I a.

zurüderftatten.

-less a. unwiderstehlich.

resol-ute a. entichlossen. -ution &.

Entschlossenheit f; = resolve,

s. Wiberstand m I [offer, leisten]. | restrain v. jurud-halten. Zurüdhaltung f. restrict v. beschränken [to, auf w. acc.] -ion s. Beschränkung f. result s. Ergebnis, Refultat n I b; = end, Ausgang m I b*; = consequence, Folge f. - v. fich ergeben [aus]; = spring from, her-rühren von; = lead to, hinaus-laufen auf [acc.] resum-e v. wieber auf-nehmen, wieber beginnen. -ption s. Wieberaufnahme f. resurrection 8. Auferstehung f. retail v. im Rleinen verfaufen. - s. Rleinhandel m I; comps. Rlein. retain v. behalten, bewahren. -er s. Anbänger m I a. retard v. auf-halten; verzögern. reticen-ce 8. Berichwiegenheit f. -t a. ichweigiam. retinue 8. Gefolge n I a. retire v. [fich] zurud-ziehen. -d v. zurückgezogen. -ment s. Zurückgezogenheit f. retort v. erwibern. retract v. jurud-ziehen: wiberrufen. retreat s. Rüdzug m I b*; = refuge, Bufluchtsort m I b .- v. fich jurud-ziehen; = start back. aurüct=fahren. retribution 8. Bergeltung f. return v. intr. zurückstehren. tr. aurud-geben; -bringen; -fenben. s = coming back, Rüdtehr f; = coming again, Biederfehr f: = giving back, Rückgabe f. reveal v. zeigen; offenbaren.

Schwelgerei f.

revelation s. Offenbarung f.

revenge s. Rache f. — v. rächen son, an w. dat.] -ful a. rachfüchtig. –r s. Rächer m I a.

revenue s. Einkommen n I, Eintunfte f. pl.

revere v. verehren. -nce 8. Ehrfurtht [for, vor w. dat.] -nd a. ehrwürdig; (title) hochwürdig. -nt a. ehrerbietig.

reverie 8. Traumerei f.

reverse v. um-fehren; = overthrow, um-flürzen.

review 8. Musterung, Revue f; == criticism, Kritik, Rezension f; (journal) Rundschau f. - v. muftern; rezensieren. -er s. Rezensent m II.

revis-e s. revidieren; burch-feben. -ion 8. Revifion, Durchficht f.

reviv-al 8. Wieberaufleben n I; fig. Wiederaufblühen n I; = bringing to life, Wiederbelebung f. -e v. wieder auf-leben; wieder aufblühen; wieder beleben; -d p. wieber lebenbig.

revocation s. Widerrufung f.

revoke 8. widerrufen, revol-t v. fich emporen; -ing a. emporend; = disgusting, efelhaft. - s. Empörung f. -ution s. Umbrehung f; fig. Revolution f. -utionary 8. Revolution8 -. -utionize v. um-mälzen. -ve v. rigid a. steif; = severe, streng. [ftdj]

revel v. schweigen. - s. and -ry s. | reward s. Lohn m I b*; Belohnung f. - v. belohnen.

Rhenish a. rheinisch, Rhein ..

rhetoric s. Rhetorit; Rebetunft f. -al a. rhetorifch; rednerifch; Redner=.

Rhine pr. n. Rhein m I.

r**hyme** s. Reim m I b. — v. [fich] reimen.

rhythm s. Rhythmus m (sing. indecl.; pl. -en).

rib s. Rippe f.

ribbon s. Band n I c.

rice s. Reis m I.

rich a. reich [in, an w. dat.] -es s. pl. and -ness s. Reichtum n I c. rid v. befreien [of, von]. - a. los [of, gen.]; get r. [of] los werden [acc. or gen.]

rid-e v. reiten; (in a vehicle) fahren. - s. Ritt m I b. Fahrt f. -er s. Reiter m I a. -ing s. Reiten, Fahren n I; comps. Reit-.

riddle s. Rätsel n I a.

ridicul-e s. Spott m I. - v. fpotten über [acc.] -ous a. lächerlich.

rifle 8. [gezogenes] Gewehr n I b. right a. recht; = correct, richtig; you are r. bu hast Recht. — adv. recht; = just, gerade. — 8. Recht n I b; (hand) Rechte f; on (to) the r. (nach) rechts, zur Rechten. -eous a. gerecht. -eousness 8. Berechtigfeit f. -ful a. recht. mäkia.

um-drehen; (in mind) rill s. Bächlein n I a, Quelle f. aberlegen. -ver s. Revolver m I a. | rim s. Rand m I c.

Rädelsführer m I a.

ring 8. Rlang m I b*.- v. läuten; flingeln, ichellen.

rinse v. fpülen.

riot s. Aufruhr f (no pl.), Aufstand m I b*. -er s. Aufrührer m I a. -ous s. aufrührerisch; = revelling, schwelgerisch.

rip v. trennen; (asunder) aufstrens nen. — s. Riß m I b*.

ripe a. reif. -n v. reifen.

rise v. fteigen; = get up, auf-fteben, sich erheben; (sun, stars etc.) auf-gehen: the tide is -ing bie Flut ist im Steigen. — 8. Steigen; Aufstehen n I; Aufgang m I b*.

risk s. Gefahr f, Rifito n I, pl. -8; run a r. Gefahr laufen. - v. magen; aufe Spiel feten. -y a. aefährlich.

rite s. feierlicher Gebrauch m I b*. rival s. Nebenbuhler m I a. - v. wetteifern mit. -rv 8. Reben= buhlerschaft f; Wetteifer m I.

riv-er s. Fluß m I b*; (large) Strom m I b*. -ulet s. Flüßden n I a.

rivet s. Niete f. - v. nieten.

road s. Weg m I b, Strafe f; on the r. unterwege. -side Strafe f; on the r. am Wege.

roam v. umber-ftreifen.

roar v. braufen; (beasts) brullen; - s. Brausen; Gebrüll n I; r. of laughter ichallendes Gelächter n I,

ring 8. Ring m I b. -leader 8. roast v. braten m I a .- s. Braten m I a; comps. braten: r. beef Rinberbraten; r. pork Schweinebraten.

> rob v. berauben; (without object) rauben; r. one of a thing einem etwas rauben. -ber s. Räuber m I a. -bery s. Räuberei f. robe s. Gewand, Rleid n I c.

robin s. Rottehlchen n I a.

robust a. fräftig.

rock m. Kelfen m I a. -y a. felfig. rock v. fcauteln; (a cradle) wiegen; (to sleep) ein-wiegen. -ingchair s. Schaufelftuhl m I b*. rod 8. Rute f.

rogu-e s. Schelm m I b; Schlingel m I a; = rascal, Schurte m II. -ery 8. Schelmerei; Schurkerei f. -ish a. ichelmisch; ichurfisch.

roll v. [fich] rollen, [fich] wälzen. - s. Rolle f; (bread) Semmel f. -er s. Rolle, Walze f.

Roman a. römisch. - s. Römer m

roman-ce s. Romanze f := fiction, Erbichtung f; = adventure, Abenteuer n I a. -tic a. romantiich.

roof s. Dach n I c.

room s. Raum m I b^* ; = apartment, Zimmer n I a, Stube f. -v a. geräumig.

roost 8. Buhnersteige f. - v. figen. -er s. Hahn m I b*.

root s. Wurzel f.

rope s. Tau, Seil n I b : Strid m I b.

ros-ary s. Rosentranz m I b*. -e 8. Rose f. rot v. verfaulen. -ten a. faul. rote s. by r. auswendig. rough a. rauh. -ness s. Rauhheit f. round a. rund. - adv. (151) herum, umber. prep. um[... berum]. rouse v. auf-weden; fig. erweden. route s. Weg m I b. rove v. umber-ichweifen. row 8. Reihe f. row v. rudern. -boat s. Ruderboot n I b. royal a. foniglich. rub v. reiben. -ber. See India-r. rubbish s. Schutt m I; fig. bummes Zeug n I. ruby s. Rubin m I b. rudder 8. Steuerruber n I a. ruddy a. rötlid; r.-cheeked rotbäctia. rud-e a. roh; = impolite, unhöflich, grob*. -eness s. Robbeit: Unhöflichkeit, Grobbeit f. -iment s. Anfang $m I b^*$; = element, Anfangsgrund m I b*. rue v. bereuen. -ful a. reuig. ruffian s. Raufbold m I b. rug s. Decte f; (floor) Teppich m Ib. ruin 8. Ruine f, Trümmer pl.; = destruction, Berberben n I; = decay, Berfall m I. - v. gu Grunde richten; -ed castle Schlogruine f. -ous a. verberb-Иф. rule s. Regel f; (to draw lines) Lineal n I b; = reign, Regie-

rung f. - v. liniteren; regieren, herrschen über [acc.] -r s. Lineal n Ib; Berricher m I a. rumor s. Gerücht n I b. — v. it is -ed man fagt, es geht bas Gerücht. run v. laufen, rennen; = cause to r. laufen laffen. - s. Lauf m I b*. -ner s. Läufer, Renner m I a. rune s. Rune f. rural a. ländlich; Land. ruse s. Lift f. rush s. Binfe f. rush v. raufden; = run, fturgen; = drive, jagen. — s. Rauschen n I; = crowd, Gebrange n I b. rust s. Roft m I. - v. roften, verroften. -y a. roftig. rustic s. ländlich: Land-. — s. Landmann m I, pl. sleute. rustle s. rauschen. rye s. Roggen m I.

S.

Sabbath s. Sonntag; Sabbath m I b.
sable s. Jobel m I a.
sabre s. Säbel m I a.
sack s. Sad m I b*.
sacr-ament s. Saframent n I b.
-ed a. heilig. -edness s. Heilige feit f. -ifice s. Opfer n I a [as a, jum]. -ilege s. Entweihung f; Kirchenraub m I, pl. -räubereien f. -ilegious s. frevelhaft.
-istan s. Küfter m I a.
sad a. traurig. -den v. betrüben,
-ness s. Traurigleit f. saddle s. Sattel m I a*. — v. fatteln. –r s. Sattler m I a.

safe a. sicher, in Sicherheit; = well, wohlbehalten, glücklich. -ty s. Sicherheit f.

sag-acious a. scharffinnig. —acity s. Scharffinn m I. —e a. weise. — s. Weiser a. s.

sail s. Segel n I a. — v. fegeln. —or s. Seemann m I, pl. -lente; Matrofe m II; -'s comps. Matrofen-.

saint s. Heiliger a. s.; (before names) Sanits (St.)

sake s. for the s. of um . . . (gen.) willen; for my s. um meinetwillen.

salary s. Gehalt n I c.

sale s. Berkauf m I b*; for s. zu verkaufen; feil.

salmon s. Salm, Lachs m I b. saloon s. Salon m I, pl. –8.

salt s. Salz n I b.—a. falzig; comps. Salz. — v. falzen,

salut-ation s. Begrüßung f. -e v. grüßen. -- s. Gruß m I b*.

same (50) pron. felb-; the s. derfelbe, diefelbe, etc. -ness s. Einerlei n I.

sample s. Probe f; Mufter n I a. sanct-ion s. Bestätigung f. -ity s. heiligfeit f. -uary s. heiligtum n I c.

sand s. Sand m I. -y a. fandig. sandwich s. belegtes [Butter=]Brot n I b.

sanguine s. sanguinisch.
sap s. Saft m I b*.

sapphire s. Saphir m I b. sarcas-m s. Sartasmus m (indecl.)

-tic a. farkaftisch. sash s. Schärpe f.

sash s. (window) Fensterrahmen m I a.

Satan 8. ber Satan I.

satchel s. Handtasche f.

satellite s. Trabant m IL. satiate v. sättigen.

satin s. Atlas m I b.

satir-e s. Satire f. -ical a. fatirifch. -ist s. Satirifer m I a. -ize v. verspotten.

satis-faction s. Genugthuung, Befriedigung f; = contentment, Zufriedenheit f. -factory a. befriedigend. -fy v. befriedigen; s. one's hunger sich sättigen, seinen Hunger siellen; -fled p. zufrieden; gesättigt, satt.

Saturday s. Connabend m I b.

sauc-e s. Brühe, Sauce f. -er s. Untertasse f. -y a. frech, naseweiß.

sausage s. Wurst f I b*.

savage a. wilb; = raging, wittenb. —s. Wilber a. s. -ry s. Wilbheit f.

sav-e v. = rescue, retten, erretten; = deliver, eriösen; = economize, sparen. -ing a. rettend; eriösend; sparsam. - s. Ersparmis f I b; -s bank s. Sparsasse f. -ior s. Retter; Eriöser m I a.

savor s. = taste, Geschmad mI; = smell, Geruch mI b^* . — v.

a. würzig; duftig. saw s. Säge f. — v. jägen. Saxon a. sächsisch. — s. Sachse m II,

Sachfin f. -y pr. n. Sadfen n I. say v. fagen; = recite, ber-fagen;

= speak, fprechen; = tell, ergählen; be said to follen (104, 5). -ing s. = words, Worte n pl.; = adage, Sprichwort n I c.

scaffold s. Gerüft n I b ; (for an execution) Blutgerüft, Schaffot n I b.

scale s. Schale f; (of a fish) · Schuppe f; (to weigh) Wagschale f; pair of -s Wage f.

scale s. Stufenleiter f; (music) Tonleiter f; = measure, Maßftab m I b*. - v. ersteigen.

scald v. verbrühen.

scamp s. Schurke m II, Schuft mIb.

scandal s. Standal m I b. -ous a. Standalös.

scant-y a. burftig; fnapp; fparlich. -iness s. Dürftigfeit; Rnappheit: Spärlichkeit f.

scar s. Narbe f. -red a. narbig. scarc-e a. felten. -ely (187) adv.

taum. -ity s. Geltenheit f.

scare v. icheuchen, bericheuchen; frighten, erichreden. -crow s. Bogelichenche f.

scarf s. Schärpe f; Kravatte f. scarlet a. [d)arlad)[rot]. -fever s.

Scharlachfieber n I.

scatter v. [fich] zerftreuen; spread, [fich] verbreiten.

ichmeden; riechen fof, nach]. -y scene 8. Scene f; (drama) Scene f, Auftritt m I b; (of action) Schauplat m I b*; (decorations) Scenerie f, Ruliffen f. pl.; behind the -s hinter ben Ruliffen. -ery s. Landschaft f; see scene. scent 8. Geruch m I b*. - v. riechen, wittern.

sceptre 8. Scepter n I a.

scheme s. Spitem n I b; = plan Plan m I b*. - v. Plane machen. –r s. Intrigant m II.

scholar s. Schüler m I a; = learned man, Gelehrter p. s. -ly a. gelehrt. -ship s. Gelehrsamfeit f; Stipenbium n I, pl. -ien.

school s. Schule f [in, at, in ber, auf ber]; comps. Schul-: -master 8. Schullehrer, Schulmeifter mIa.

scien-ce s. Wissenschaft f. -tific a. wiffenschaftlich.

scissors s. pair of s. Scheere f.

scold v. ichelten, aus-ichelten. -ing s. Schelte f; get a s. Schelte betommen; give one a good s. jemand tüchtig aus-schelten.

scorch v. verbrennen.

score s. Rechnung f .- v. an-rechnen.

scorn s. Berachtung f. - v. verachten. -ful a. verächtlich.

Scot s. Schotte f. -land pr. n Schottland n l. -tish a. ichottildi.

scoundrel s. Schuft m I b, Schurk m II.

scour v. fceuern. scourge v. geißeln. - s. Beißel f; fig. Blage f.

scout s. Spuber, Runbichafter m I a. scramble v. flettern.

scrap s. Stüd n I b; (of paper) Schnitel n I a.

scrape v. fragen.

scratch v. fragen. — s. Schramme f. scrawl v. frigeln. - s. Gefrigeln I. scream, screech v. ichreien. - 8. Schrei m I b; pl. collect. Geidrei n I.

screen s. Schirm m I b. - v. schirmen, beschirmen [from, vor w. dat.]

screw s. Schraube f; comps. Schrauben . - v. ichrauben; s. on an-ichrauben. -driver Schraubenzieher m I a.

scribble v. frigeln. - s. Gefrigel n I. -r s. Rritler m I a; = poor writer, Schmierer m I a.

script s. Schrift f. -ural a. biblifch. -ure 8. [heilige] Schrift f. scrub v. ichrubben, ichenern. -by a. armselig.

scrup-le s. Strupel; 3meifel m I a; have -s Bedenten n tragen. -ulous a. gewiffenhaft.

sculpt-or 8. Bildhauer m I a. -ure s. Bilbhauerei f. - v. (wood) ichniten: (stone) aus-hauen.

scythe 8. Sense f.

sea s. See f (no pl.); Meer n I b; at s. jur (auf ber) See; to s. sect s. Gette f. jur (auf bie) Gee. -man e. secular a. weltlich.

trofe m II. -shore 8. Seefüfte f. -worthy a. feetüchtig.

seal s. Seehund m I b.

seal s. Siegel n I a. - v. befiegeln; = 8. up, verfiegeln, ju-fiegeln. -ing-wax s. Siegellact m I.

seam s. Saum m I b*; Naht f I b*. search intr. v. juden [for, nad]. tr. burchfuchen. - 8. Suchen n I; Durchjuchung f; = investigation, Uniersuchung f. -ing aeingehenb.

season s. Jahreszeit f; (society) Saifon f, pl. -8; = right time, rechte Beit f; in s. gur rechten Beit, rechtzeitig. - v. reifen; = spice, murgen. -able a. zeitgemäß. -ing s. Würze f.

seat s. Sit m I b; = residence, Wohnfit m I b. - v. feten; reft. fich feten; he was -ed er faß; be -ed, = take a s., feten Gie ſid).

seclu-ded a. abgeschieben; einsam. -sion s. Abgeschiedenheit; Einfamfeit f.

second a. zweit-; ander-; nachft-; folgend. - s. Cefunde f; (aid) Setundant m II. - v. bei-ftehen; unterftüten. -ly a. zweitens.

secre-cy s. Seimlichkeit f; = silence, Berschwiegenheit f. -t a. heimlich: verschwiegen. - 8. Beheimnis n I b; in s. heimlich. -tary s. Cefretar m I b.

Seemann m I c, pl. -laute; Ma- secur-e a. ficher [against, from,

gegen, bor w. dat.] -v. fichern, schützen; = make sure of, sich verfichern [gen.]; = obtain, erlangen. -ity 8. Sicherheit f; (bond) Bürgicaft f. sediti-on s. Aufruhr f. -ous a. aufrührerisch. seduc-e v. verführen. -tion s. Berführung f. -tive a. verführerisch. see v. feben; = understand, einfehen; go, come to s. besuchen. seed s. Same m II, (single grain) Samentorn n I c: =

sowing, Saat f. seek v. suchen [for, nach].

seem v. icheinen; = appear, er--ing a. anscheinenb. -ly a. geziemend; schicklich.

seethe v. fieben, tochen.

seiz-e v. ergreifen, nehmen; = confiscate, in Beschlag nehmen. -ure s. Ergreifung; Beichlagseldom adv. felten. [nahme f. select a. ausgemählt; auserlefen. - v. aus-wählen. -ion s. Auswahl f.

self pron. felbft; reft. myself mich, etc.; 30. — s. Selbst n I. sell v. vertaufen. -er s. Bertaufer

mIa.

senat-e s. Senat m I b. -or s. Senator m I, pl. II.

send v. senben, schiden [for, nach; to a person an, an; to a place, nach; 199]; s. for also holen laffen [acc.]

wens-ation s. Empfindung f; Gefühl | serpent s. Schlange f.

Sensations. -e s. Sinn m I b; = understanding, Berftand m I; = feeling, Gefühl n I b; s. of duty, Bflichtgefühl; common s. gefunder Menschenverstand m I. -eless a. finnlos; = nonsensical, unfinnig. -ibility s. Empfindlichteit f. -ible a. = perceptible, fühlbar, merkbar; = intelligent, vernünftig. -itive a. empfindlich [to. für]. -ual. -uous a. finnlich.

sentence s. Sat m I b^* ; = judgment, Urteil n I b. - v. verurteilen.

sentiment s. Gefühl n I b. -al a. empfindfam, gefühlvoll, fentimental. -alism, -ality s. Empfindfamteit, Gentimentalität f.

sent-inel, -ry s. Schildwache f. separ-able a. trennbar. -ate a.

getrennt; befonder; -ly adv. befonbers. - v. trennen. -ation s. Trennung f.

September 8. September m I. sequel s. Kolge f.

seren-ade 8. Serenabe f. -e a. heiter. -ity 8. Beiterfeit f.

serf s. Leibeigener a. s., Stlave m II.

sergeant s. Sergeant m II. series s. Reihe; Gerie f.

serious a. ernsthaft; - critical, ernstlich. -ness s. Ernft m I, Ernfthaftigleit f.

sermon s. Brebigt f.

n I b. -ational a. sensationell; serv-ant s. Diener m I a, -in f;

(farm s., retainer of a knight) | sexton s. Rüfter m I a. Anecht m I b; = footman, Bebienter p. s.; = maid, Magb f I b*: the -s pl. collect. die Bebienten pl., bas Gefinde n I. -e v. bienen [dat.; as, ju]. -ice s. Dieuft m I b [render, leiften]; =serving, Bedienung f. -iceable a. bienlich, nütlich. -ile a. ineditifch. -ility, -itude s. Ruechtsession s. Situng f. [**]a)aft f**. set v. tr. feten; = make stand, stellen; (jewels) fassen; s. forth auseinander-setzen; intr. (of the sun) auf-gehen. s. out, off, = start, fich auf ben Weg machen. -tle v. tr. = decide, fest-feten; = arrange, orbnen; = conclude, abmachen; = colonize, an-fiebeln. intr. fich nieber-laffen, fich an-fiedeln. -tlement 8. Festsetzung; Ordnung; Abmachung; Anfiedelung f. -tler s. Anfiedler mIa.

seven num. a. fieben; the Seven Years' War ber siebenjährige Rrieg. -fold fiebenfach. -teen fiebzehn. -teenth fiebzehnte. -th fiebent .. -tieth fiebzigft .. -ty fiebzig.

sever v. trennen. -al (51) pron. a. einige, mehrere; the s. die verfchiedenen.

sever-e a. ftreng; = serious, ernft. -ity s. Strenge; Ernfthaftigfeit f. sew v. nähen. -ing s. Näherei f; comps. Näh.

sex 8. Gefchlecht n I c.

shabb-iness s. Schäbigkeit f. -y a. schäbig.

shad-e 8. Schatten m I; lamp-s. Lampenschirm m I b. - v. beschatten; = protect, schützen; = obscure, verbunkeln. -ow s. Schatten m I a. -owy, -y a. schattig. shaft s. Schaft m I b.

shak-e v. tr. [chiltteln; = cause to tremble, erichüttern; s. hands with one einem die Hand icuitteln. intr. gittern, beben [with, vor]. -y a. wadelig; fig. unficher. shall v. follen; to denote futurity merben; 88-90; 104.

shallow a. feicht. -ness a. Seichtigkeit f.

sham s. Täuschung f, Trug m I; comps. Schein-.

shame s. Sham f; = disgrace, Schande f. - v. beichamen. -ful a. schändlich. -less a. schamlos.

shape s. Geftalt, Form f. - v. gestalten, bilben. -less a. formlos. -ly a. wohlgestaltet.

share s. Teil, Anteil m I a. - v. teilen; s. in teil-haben an [*dat*.]; = sympathize, teil-nehmen an [dat.]

shark s. Haifisch m I b.

sharp a. idarf*; = violent, heftig, hitig. -en v. schärfen. -ness s. Scharfe; Beftigfeit, Bige f.

shatter. v. zerfchmettern.

shave v. [sid) rafieren; got -d fid rafieren laffen.

shawl s. Shawl m I, pl. -8.

she pron. fie. sheaf s. Garbe f. shear v. icheren. -s s. [pair of] Schere f. sheath s. Scheibe f. shed v. vergießen; = spread, verbreiten; = throw off, ab-werfen. shed s. Schuppen m I a. sheep s. Schaf n I b. sheer a. lauter, rein. sheet s. (bedding) Betttuch n I c; (paper) Blatt n I c; (water) Mäche f; (metal) Platte f, collect. Blech n I b; s. iron Eisenblech. shelf s. Brett n I c, Sims n I b. shell s. Schale f. - v. schälen. -fish 8. Schaltier n I b. shelter s. Obbach n I.— v. Schutz gewähren [dat.] -less a. obbachlos. shepherd s. Schäfer m I a, Hirt m II. -ess Schäferin, Birtin f. sheriff s. Sheriff m I, pl. -8. shield s. Schild m I b. - v. fcirmen, beschützen [against, from, por w. dat.] shift v. schieben; = change, verändern. -less a. lieberlich. shilling s. Schilling m I b. shine v. scheinen; = glitter, glanzen. - s. Schein, Glang m I. shingle s. Chindel f .- v. ichindeln. ship v. Schiff n I b; comps Schiffs. - v. verschiffen, ab-fenben. -load s. Chiffelabung f. shirt s. Semd n I, pl. II. -sleeve s. Bembsärmel m I a.

shiver v. chauern. — 8. Schauer mIa. shoal 8 antiefe f. - a. feicht. shock s. Stoß m I b*; (electric) Schlag $m \ I \ b^*$; = concussion, Erschütterung f; = offence, Anftoß m I b*. - v. erichreden, befturgen. -ing a. anftößig. shoe Schuh m I b; horse-s. Hufeisen n I a .- v. beschuhen; (a horse) beschlagen. -maker s. Schuhmacher m I a. -string s. Schuhband n I c. shoot v. schießen; (wound) anschießen, verwunden; (kill) erichießen, (game) ichießen. shop s. Laden m I a*; workshop Werkstatt f, pl. -stätten. shore s. Ufer n I a; Rüfte f. short a. furg*; (stature) flein. -en v. verfürgen. -hand s. Stenographie f. -ly adv. in furger Beit, balb. -ness a. Rurge f. shot s. Schuß $m \ I \ b^*$; = shooter, Schütze m II; (bird-s. etc.) Schrot collect. n I. shoulder s. Schulter f. shout s. Ruf, Schrei m I b; joyous s. Jauchzer m I a. - v. rufen, schreien; s. with joy [vor Freuben] jauchzen. show v. zeigen; = prove, beweisen. — s. Schauf; for s. zur Schau; jum Schein. -y a. prunthaft. shower s. Regenguß m I b*. - v. s. down on übergießen [acc.] mit. shrew s. Zänkerin f. -d a. klug*;

scharffinnig. -dness s. Klugheit f, | sift v. sieben; fig. sichten. Scharffinn m I.

shriek v. ichreien. - s. Schrei m I b; pl. collect. Geschrei n I.

shrill a. gellend.

shrine s. Beiligenschrein m I b.

shrink v. ein-fchrumpfen; = start back, jurud-ichaubern.

shroud s. Sterbetleid; Leichentuch n I c.

shrub s. Strauch m I c, Busch m I b*. -bery s. Gebüsch n I b.

shrug v. auden [one's shoulders, mit ben Achfeln]. - 8. Achfelguden

shudder v. schaubern [at, bei].—8. Schauber m I a.

shuffle v. (cards) mijden.

shun v. meiben.

shut v. schließen; s. up ein-schließen. -ter s. Fensterladen m I a*.

shy a. fcheu; = timid, fduchtern. -v. icheuen, icheu werben. -ness s. Schüchternheit f.

sick a. frant*. -en v. intr. frant werben, erkranken, tr. krank machen. -ly a. franklich. -ness s. Rrantheit f.

side s. Seite f; comps. Seiten-; on this s. biesfeits, on that (the other) s. jenseits; by the s. of neben; take one's s. jemanbes (für jemand) Partet ergreifen. -board s. Büffet n I, pl. -8. -d a. (comps.) -feitig; one-s. einfeitig. -ways adv. feitmarte.

siege 8. Belagerung f.

sieve 8. Sieb n I b.

sigh v. feufgen. - s. Seufger m I a [give, heave, aus-stoßen].

sight s. Gesicht n I; = eye, Auge n I, pl. II; = view, Anblic n I b [at, bei]; at first s. auf ben ersten Blick; in my s. vor meinen Augen: in s. in Sicht.

sign s. Zeichen n I a; = nod, Wint m I b [at, auf w. acc.] v. unterzeichnen, unterschreiben. -al s. Signal n I b. -ature s. Unterschrift f. -ificance, -ification s. Bebeutung f. -ificant a. bedeutsam. -ify v. bebeuten.

silen-ce s. Schweigen, Stillschweigen n I ; = quiet, Stille f. - v. jum Schweigen bringen. -t a. schweigsam; be s., remain s. [ftill=]schweigen.

silk 8. Seibe f; comps. Seiben-. -en a. feiben.

sill s. Schwelle f.

sill-iness s. Albernheit f. -y a. albern.

silver 8. Silber n I. - a. and -y a. filbern.

simil-ar a. ähnlich [to, dat.] -arity s. Ahnlichkeit f. -e s. Gleichnis n I b.

simpl-e a. einfach, schlicht. -icity 8. Einfachheit f. -ify v. vereinfachen.

simultaneous a. gleichzeitig.

sin 8. Gunde f. - v. fündigen. -ful a. fündhaft. -ner s. Gunber m Ιa.

since (188) adv. feitbem, feither;

long s. vor langer Zeit, lange her. - prep. feit; von ... an. s. then feitbem, feither. - conj. seit, seitbem; = because, ba. sincer-e a. aufrichtig. -ity s. Aufrichtigfeit f.

sinew 8. Sehne f. -v a. febnig. sing v. fingen. -er s. Ganger m I a, -in f. -ing s. Gingen n I; Befang m I b*; comps. Ging-.

sing-le a. einzig: (by itself) einzeln: = unmarried, ledig; not a s. nicht ein einziger. - 1. s. out aus-wählen. -ular a. feltfam; = particular, besonder (adv. befonders.)

singe v. verfengen.

sink v. intr. finten: = go under, verfinten. tr. fenten, verfenten.

Sir s. Berr m II; (address) mein Herr; (English title) Sir. Bater m I a*.

siren s. Sirene f.

sirloin s. Lenbenftud n I b.

sister s. Schwester f; s.-in-law Schwägerin f. -ly a. schwesterſiф.

sit v. figen; s. down fich bin-fegen. fich nieber-laffen. -ting-room 8. Wohnzimmer n I a.

sit-e s. Lage f. -uated a. gelegen. -uation s. Lage f; = position, Stelle f.

six num. a feche. -fold fechefach. -teen fechzehn. -teenth fechzehnt =. -th fechets. -tieth fechzigsts. -ty fechzig.

size s. Größe f. -ed a. (comps.) | slav-e s. Stlave m II; comps.

large-s. groß; medium-s. mittelarok.

skate s. Schlittschuh m I b. - v. Shlittidub laufen.

skeleton s. Stelett n I b.

sketch s. Stigge f. - v. stiggieren.

skiff s. Kahn m I b*.

skill 8. Beichicklichkeit f. -ed, -ful a. gefdidt.

skim s. ab-schäumen; fig. durchfeben.

skin s. Haut f I b*; = fur, Pela $m \ I \ b$; = peel, Schale f. — v. ab-ziehen; ichalen.

skip v. überipringen. - s. Sprung m I b*.

skirmish 8. Scharmütel n I a. skirt v. Rod; Unterrod m I b*. skull 8. Schäbel m I a.

sky e. himmel m I a.

slack a. schlaff. -en v. nach-lassen. -ness e. Schlaffheit f.

slam v. zu-werfen.

slander v. verleumben. - s. Berleumbung f. -ous a. verleumberifc.

slanting a. ichräg, ichief.

slap s. Klapps m I b; Schlag m I b*. - v. flappien; ichlagen.

slash v. hauen. - s. Sieb m I b.

slate s. Schiefer m I a; (tablet) Schiefertafel f. -pencil s. Schieferstift m I b.

slaughter s. Gemetel n I a : Morb m I b .- v. nieber-mețeln; (cattle) schlachten. -house s. Schlachthaus n I c.

Sklaven-. -ery s. Sklaverei f. -ish a. sklavisch.

slay v. erschlagen; ermorden. -er s. Mörder m I a.

s. Motrer m 1 a.

sleek a. glatt. —ness s. Glätte f.

sleep v. ichlafen. — s. Schlaf m I;

go to s. ichlafen gehen; [sing,
etc.] to s. in Schlaf. —er s.

Schläfer m I a. —less a. ichlafloß. —lessness Schlaflofigkeit f.

—y a. ichläften.

sleeve s. Armel m I a.

sleigh s. Schlitten m I a. -ing s. Schlittenfahren n I; go s. Schlitten fahren.

slender a. schlank. –ness s. Schlankheit f.

slice 8. Stück n I b. — v. schneis ben.

slide v. gleiten, rutichen.

slight a. flein; — insignificant, gering, unbebeutend. — v. vernachlässigen. — s. Bernachlässig.
gung f. —ing a. geringschätzig.
—ness s. Kleinheit; Geringsügsfeit f.

slim a. schmächtig.

slim-e s. Schlamm m I. -y a. schlammig.

sling s. Schlinge f; (to throw) Schleuber f. — v. schlingen; schleubern.

slip v. ichlüpfen; — glide, gleiten; s. away, fich fort ichleichen. -per s. Pantoffel m I, pl. II. -pery a. ichlüpfrig.

sloop s. Schaluppe f.

slop s. Spiilicht n I ; comps. Spiil-.

— v. verschütten. —py a. naß; schmutig. [neigen. slope s. Abhang m I b* — v. sich slovenly a. schlotterig.

slow a. langfam. —ness s. Langfamieit f.

slug-gard s. Faullenzer m I a. –gish a. träg. –gishness s. Trägheit f.

sluice 8. Schleuse f.

slumber s. Schlummer m I a. — v. schlummern.

sly s. schlau; verschmitt. -ness s. Schlauheit; Berschmittheit f. small a. klein. -ness s. Rleinheit f. -pox s. Boden pl.

smart v. beißend, scharf*; lebhast; schlau, klug*. — v. schmerzen.

-ness s. Schlauheit, Klugheit s.
smash v. zerbrechen. [nis s.
smattering s. oberstächliche Kenntsmell v. riechen [of, an w. dat.];

— have an odor, riechen [of, nach]; s. sweet buften.

smile v. lächeln [at something, über w. acc.]; s. at, upon one zu-lächeln [dat.]—s. Lächeln n I.

smith s. Schmied m I b. smok-e v. rauchen; [moat] räuchern; -d moat Rauchsleisch n I. — s. Rauch m I. — er s. Raucher m I a. — v a. rauchig.

smooth a. glatt. — v. glätten. –ness s. Glätte f.

smother v. erstiden.

smuggle v. schmuggeln.

smut s. Schmut m I. -ty a. schmutig.

snail s. Schnecke f. snake 8. Schlange f. snap v. ichnappen [at, nach]. snare v. Schlinge f. snarl v. fnurren. snatch v. haschen, greifen [at, nach]; = seize, erhaschen, ergreifen. sneak v. ichleichen. - 8. Schleicher m I a. sneer v. hohnlächeln [at, über w. acc.] -s. Hohnlächeln n I. sneeze v. niefen. sniff v. fcnuffeln. snipe s. Schnepfe f. snor-e v. schnarchen. -t v. schnauben. snout s. Schnauze f. snow s. Schnee m I. - v. ichneien. -drop s. Schneeglodden n I a. -flake s. Schneeflode f. -y adj. fcneeweiß. snuff s. Schnupftabat m I. - v. -box s. Schnupftafcnupfen. baksbose f. -le v. schnüffeln. snug a. behaglich, gemütlich. so (189) adv. so; to represent a preceding word or idea, es. conj. also, und so, deshalb; = so that, so daß, damit. soak v. ein-weichen. soap s. Seife f. [gen.

soap s. Sette f. [gen. soar v. sich erheben, sich aufschundzen sob v. schluchzen. — s. Schluchzen n I. sob-er a. nüchtern. —riety, —erness s. Nüchternheit f. soci-able a. gesellig. —ability s. Geselligkeit f. —alism s. Socialismus m. indect. —alist s. Socialismus m. indect. —alist s. Social

lift m II. -alistic a. focialistisch. -ety 8. Gefellichaft f. sock 8. Socte f. soda s. Soda f. -water s. Sodamaffer n I. sofa s. Sofa n I, pl. -8. soft a. weich; = gentle, leife, fauft. -en v. erweichen. -ness 8. Beichheit, Sanftheit f. soil s. Boben m I a*, Erbe f. - v. beschmuten; ed p. -ichmutig. sojourn s. Aufenthalt m I b. — v. fich auf-halten. solar a. Sonnens. soldier s. Solbat m II. -ly a. foldatisch. sole a. einzig. -ly adv. einzig, allein. sole 8. Sohle f. — v. besohlen. solemn a. feierlich. -ity s. Keierlichfeit f. -ize v. feiern. solicit v. an-suchen [um]. -ation s. Ansuchen [at, auf w. acc.] solid a. folid; = firm, fest. -ity s. Golibität; Festigfeit f. soli-loquy s. Gelbftgefprach n I b. -tary a. einsam; = single, einzeln. -tude s. Ginfamteit f. sol-ution s. Lösung, Auflösung f. -ve v. lofen, auf-lofen. sombre a. dufter, buntel, finfter. -ness s. Düfterfeit, Finfterfeit f. some (52) pron. a. (quantity) ein wenig, etwas; = one, a, irgend ein; s. one [irgend] jemand; = a few, einige, mehrere, ein paar. -body pron. [irgenb] jemanb.

-thing pron. etwas. -time adv.

einst. -times adv. mandymal. -what pron. etwas. -where adv. irgendwo.

somer-sault, -set s. Purzelbaum m I b* [turn, schlagen].

son s. Sohn m I b*; s. in law Schwiegersohn.

song s. Gesang m I b*, Lieb n I c.

sonnet s. Sonett n I b.

soon adv. balb. —er comp. eher,
früher; — rather, eher, lieber;
no s. than kaum... so (187).
—est superl. frühest, erst (22).

soot s. Ruß m I. -y rußig. soothe v. befänftigen.

sorcer-er s. Zauberer m I a. —ess

s. Zauberin, here f. -y Zauberei f.

sore a. wund. —ly a. schwer, sehr. —ness s. Schmerzhaftigkeit f.

sorr-ow s. Kummer m I, Leib n I, pl. II. —ful a. betümmert. —y a. traurig; I am s. es thut mir leib [for, um], ich bebaure [acc.]. sort s. Art f; what s. of was für (35, 2 b); all —s of allerlei, allerhand indecl. a. — v. fortieren.

sortie s. Ausfall m I b*. soul s. Seele f.

sound a. gefund*; (sleep) fest. -ness s. Gefundheit f.

sound s. (strait) Sund m I b, Meerenge f.

sound s. Ton m I b*; Laut m I b; (trumpets, bells etc.) Klang m I b*; = noise, Geräusch n I b.

— v. tönen; Kingen; s. well gut Kingen. —less a. lautlos.

sound v. (test) sondieren. -inglead s. Sentblei n I b.

soup s. Suppe f; comps. Suppens.
sour a. fauer. — v. verfauern. —ness
s. Säure f.

source s. Quelle f; fig. Ursprung m I b*.

South s. Süben m I; [toward the] S. nach Süben. —, -ern, -erly a. füblich, Sübs. -ward adv. fübmärts. -erner s. Sübsländer m I a.

souvenir s. Andenken n I a.

sow v. fäen; (a field) befäen. -er s. Sämann m I c.

spac-e s. Raum m I b*; (interval) Zwischenraum. –ious a. geräumig.

spade s. Spaten m I a.

Spain pr. n. Spanien n I.

span s. Spanne f; (horses) Gespann n I b. — v. umspannen;
überspannen.

Span-iard s. Spanier m I a, -in f.

-ish a. spanisty. — s. Spanier
m I a; (language) bas Spanische.

spar-e v. sparen; = indulge, schonen; = do without, entbehren; have (be able) to s. sbrig haben. -ing a. sparsam.

spark s. Funke m II. -le v. funteln. - s. Glang m I.

sparrow s. Sperling m I b.

speak v. sprechen [to, mit]; s. to,
— address, an-reden [acc.]. —er
s. Rebner m I a; Präsident m II.
spear s. Speer m I b.

speci-al a. speziell, Spezial-; = | spire s. Turmspite f. explicit, ausbrüdlich; = extraordinary, Ertra- (adv. ertra). -alist s. Spezialift m II. -alty s. Spezialität f. -es e. Art; Gattung f. -fic[ally] a. adv. fpezifiid. -fy v. spezifizieren; namhaft machen. -men s. Brobeftudn I b; (nat. hist.) Eremplar n I b. speck 8. Fledchen n I a. spec-tacle s. Schauspiel n I b; = sight, Anblick m I b; -s pl. Brille f. -tator s. Bufchauer m I a. -tre s. Gespenft n I c. speech s. Sprache f; = oration, Rebe f [make, halten]. -less a. fprachlos. speed s. Gile f; at full s. fporn= ftreichs, (riding) mit verhängten Bügeln. -y a. eilig, ichleunig. spell s. (magic) Rauber m I. - v. buchstabieren. -ing 8. Orthographie, Rechtichreibung f. spend v. aus-geben; (time) zubringen. -thrift 8. Berichwender n. I a. spher-e s. Rugel f. -ical a. rund. spic-e s. Gewürz n I b ; fig. Würze f. -y a. würzig. [gewebe n I a. spider s. Spinnef. -web s. Spinnspill v. verschütten; vergießen. spin v. fpinnen. -dle s. Spindel f. -ning s. comps. Spinn-. -ster 8. Jungfer f. spinach s. Spinat n I. spine s. Rückgrat n I b. spiral a. fpiralförmig, Spiral-; s. staircase Wendeltreppe f.

spirit s. Geift m I c; = disposition, Gemütsart f: = courage, Mut m I, Feuer n I; pl. (drink) geiftige Betrante n pl. -ed a. feurig; energisch; high s. stolz. -ual a. geiftig; clerical, religious, geiftlich. -uous a. geiftig. spit v. fpeien, fpuden. spite s. Tück f; in s. of prep. trot [dat.] — ful a. boshaft. splash v. fprigen; (w. obj.) befpriten. splend-id a. practia. Bracht f. splint s. Schiene f. -er s. Splitter m I a. split v. spalten. - s. Spalt m I b; fig. Spaltung f. spoil v. verberben; (children) permöhnen. spoils pl. collect. Beute f. spoke s. Speiche f. sponge s. Schwamm m I b*. spontaneous a. freiwillig; von felbit. spool s. Spule f. spoon s. Löffel m I a. sport s. Sport m I; = game, Spiel n I b [in, im]; Beluftigung f, Beitvertreib m L. spot s. Fleden m I a; = place, Stelle f; on thes. auf der Stelle. - v. befleden. -less a. fledenlos. -ted a. geflectt. -ty a. flectig. spouse s. Gatte m II, -in f. spout s. Traufe f. - v. aus.speien. sprain v. verrenten. spray s. = twig, Zweig m I b.

spray s. Sprühregen m I a. spread v. [fich] berbreiten; s. out [fich] ans-breiten. sprig s. Zweig m I b, Reis n I c. spring v. fpringen; fig. entfpringen; s. up auf-fpringen; fig. entstehen. -s. = leap, Sprung m I b*;= elasticity, Schnellfraft f; (elastic body) Keder f; = fountain, source, Quelle f; (season) Frühling m I b, Frühjahr n I b; comps. - 8:: s. day Frühjahrstag sprinkle v. sprengen; (w. obj.) befprengen. sprite s. Geift m I c. sprout s. fproffen, feimen. - s. Sproffe f, Reim m I b. spruce s. Tanne f. spur s. Sporn m I, pl. Sporen. v. an-ipornen. spurious a. unecht. sputter v. fprühen, fprubeln. spy s. Spion m I b .- v. fpahen; (perceive) eripähen. -glass s. Kernrohr n I b. squabble s. Gezant n I, Banterei f. - v. zanten, streiten [over, um]. squad s. Trupp m I, pl. -s. -ron s. Geichwader n I a. squander v. verichwenben. square a. quadratisch, Quadrat-; = quadrangular, vieredig; = rectangular, rechtwinflig; fig. quitt. - s. Quabrat: ehrlich: Biereck n I b, (city) Plat m I b*. squeak v. quieden.

squeal v. ichreien, minfeln. squeeze v. bruden, preffen. squint v. ichielen. -ing, -eyed a. ichielend, ichielaugig. squirrel s. Eichhörnchen n I a. St. (Saint) St. (Sankt, Sankta). stab v. ftechen; (kill) erftechen. s. Stich m I b. stab-ility 8. Beständigfeit f. -lea. fest, beständig. — s. Stall m I b*; s. boy Stalljunge m II. stack s. Haufe m II, gen. -ens; Stoß m I b*. - v. auf-ichichten. staff s. Stab m I b*; comps. Stahes. stag s. Hirfch m I b. stage s. Station f; = condition, Stadium n I, pl. -ien; (theatre) Bühne f (comps. Bühnen-). -coach s. Postwagen m I a, Postfutiche f. -direction s. Bühnenanweifung f. -manager s. Regiffeur m I b. stagger v. intr. taumeln, tr. jum Banten bringen; fig. verblüffen. stain v. befleden; (wood) beigen; -ed glass buntes Glas. - s. Fled m I b; (for wood) Beize f. -less a. fledenlos. stair s. Stufe f; [flight of] -s Treppe f; up (down) the -s bie Treppe hinauf, herauf (hinunter, herunter); upstairs oben, (direction) nach oben, hinauf, herauf: downstairs unten, (direction) nach unten, hinunter, berunter. -case s. Treppe f: Treppenhaus n I c.

stake s. Pfahl m I b*. — v. = risk, auf's Spiel setzen; wagen.
stale a. schal, abgestanden; (broad) altbacken; fig. alt, veraltet.
stalk s. Stiel m I b; Stengel m I a; (of grain) Hasm m I b.
stall s. Stand m I b*. —ion s.
Hengst m I b.

stammer v. stottern; stammeln.
stamp v. stampfen; (a document)
stempeln; (money) prägen. — s.
Stampfen n I; Stempel m I a;
Gepräge n I a; [postage] s.
[Brief-]Mark f; fig. Charakter
m I b.

stand v. stehen; — last, dauern, bestehen; (a test) bestehen; — bear, ertragen, aus-halten. — s. Stand m I b*; — position, Stellung f; — pause, Stillstand m I b*; (to hold things) Gestell n I b. -still s. Stillstand m I b*; come to a s. an-halten.

standard s. Stanbarte, Fahne f;
= measure, Maßstab m I b*;
comps. Muster-. -bearer s.
Fahnenträger m I b.
stanza s. Stanze, Strophe f.
star s. Stern m I b.
starch s. Stärke f. — v. stärken.

stare v. ftarren; s. at an-ftarren;

an-gaffen [acc.]

start v. intr. stuten; = move suddenly, auf-fahren; = depart, auf-brechen; = begin, an-fangen; s. back zurück-fahren; s. from aus-gehen von; s. off, out, aufbrechen, sich auf ben Weg machen [for, nach]; s. up [suddenly] auf-fahren. tr. auf-jagen; an-fangen; in Gang bringen. — s. Stutzen; Auffahren n I a, Ruck m I b; Aufbruch m I b*; — fright, Schreden m I a. —le v. erschreden; — surprise, überrasschen.

starv-ation s. Berhungern n I; (death) Hungertod m I. -e v. verhungern, Hungers sterben.

stat-e s. Stand m I; = condition, Lage f; Buftand m I b*; = commonwealth, Staat m I, pl. II; = pomp, Staat m I, Pracht f; comps. Staats. -v. = determine, fest-feten; = express, angeben; = explain, bar-legen. -eliness s. Stattlichkeit; Bürde -ely a. stattlich; würdig. -ement s. Festjetung; Angabe; Darlegung f. -eroom s. (on a ship) Rajüte f. -esman 8. Staatsmann m I c. -esmanlike . a. staatstlug. -esmanship s. Staatsklugheit f. -ion s. Station $f := \text{rank}, \text{ Stand } m \text{ I } b^* :=$ position, Stellung f; railway s. Bahnhof m I b*. - v. poftieren. -ionary a. feststehenb. -ioner s. Schreibmaterialien-Banbler m I a. -ionery 8. Schreibmaterialien n. pl. -ion-house s. Bolizeiftation f. -ion-master s. Bahnhofsvorfteber m I a. -ue s. Bildfaule, Statue f; Standbild n I c. -ure s. Geftalt, Statur f. -ute 8. Gefet n I b.

stay v. bleiben; (temporarily) fich auf-halten. - s. Bleiben n I; Aufenthalt m I b. stead s. Stättef; in s. of anstatt [gen.]; stand in good s. gut au ftatten tommen. -fast a. feft. -fastness s. Festigkeit f. -iness s. Beständigfeit f: = trustworthiness, Zuverlässigkeit f. -y a. beständig; zuverläffig. steal v. stehlen [from, dat.]; = creep, fich (acc.) ftehlen, fchleichen: s. up to fich heran-schleichen an. -th s. Lift f; by s. and -thily adv. heimlich, verftohlenerweise. steam s. Dampf m I b*. — v. intr. bampfen. tr. dämpfen. -er. -ship s. Dampfichiff n I b. steed s. Rog n I b. steel s. Stahl m I b*. - a. stählern; Stabl=. steep a. steil. -le s. Turm m I b*. -ness 8. Steilheit f. steer v. fteuern. -age s. 3mifchenbed n I b. stem s. Stiel m I b. - v. ftauen. stench s. Gestant m I b*. stencil s. Schablone f. stenograph-er s. Stenograph m II. -y 8. Stenographie f. step s. Schritt $m \ I \ b$; = [foot-] print, Fußstapfef; (stairs, ladders, etc.) Stufe f. - v. treten; idreiten. step- comps. Stief. sterling a. Sterling; fig. echt. ston-e 8. Stein m I b. - a. fleisterns. (of a ship) Hinterteil n I b. stern a. ftreng.

stew v. ichmoren. steward s. Bermalter; Rüchenmeister m I a. stick s. Stod m I b*. - v. fteden; = glue, fleben; = pierce, flechen. -y a. flebrig. stiff a. fteif. -en v. fteifen. -ness 8. Steife f. -necked a. hale. starrig. stifle v. erftiden. still a. still, rubig. - adv. noch. conj. = however, jedoch. - v. ftillen, beruhigen. -ness Stille f. stilt s. Stelzef. -ed a. hochtrabend. stimul-ant s. Reigmittel n I a. -ate v. an-reizen. -us s. Antrieb m I b. sting v. ftechen. - s. Stachel m I, pl. II; = stinging, wound,Stich m I b. stingy a. filzia. stink v. ftinten. stipulate v. bedingen. stir v. [fich] rühren, [fich] regen. -ring a. unruhig. stirrup s. Steigbügel m I a. stitch 8. Stich m I b. - v. heften. stock s. Stocf $m I b^*$; = race. Stamm m I b*; = store, Bor. rat m I b*; = capital, Rapital n I b. - v. verfeben; = enrich, bereichern. -ing s. Strumpf $m I b^*$. stomach s. Magen m I a.

nern, Stein .. - v. fteinigen. -y

a. fteinig.

stool s. Schemel; Seffel m I a. stoop v. sich büden; (from age, etc.) gebeugt sein; fig. sich herablassen. —ing a. gebückt. stop v. tr. auf-halten; zurück-halten.

stop v.tr. auf-halten; zurück-halten.
intr. an-halten; stehen bleiben; =
coase, auf-hören [reading, zu
lesen; 128, 3]; stop! halt! s.
up zu-stopsen, verstopsen. — s.
Halt m I b; Stillstand m I b*;
interruption, linterbrechung f.
interruption, linterbrechung f.
interruption I a.

store s. Borrat m I b*; = plenty, Hülle f; = shop, Laben m I a*; be in s. for warten auf [acc.]; have in s. for haben für. -house s. Lagerhaus n I c. -room s. Borratskammer f.

story s. Geschichte f; = tale, Erzählung f; = fairy-tale, Märchen n I a; = falsehood, Lüge f.

-teller s. [Geschichten-]Erzähler; Lügner m I a.

story s. (of a house) Stockwerf, Geschoß n I b; a house of three stories ein breistödiges Haus. stork s. Storch m I b*.

storm s. Sturm m I b* [by, mit, im]. — v. ftürmen; (take) erftürmen. —y a. ftürmisch.

stout a. starf*; fest; = fat, bid.
-ness s. Stärfe; Dicke f.

stove s. Ofen m I a*.

straggler s. Nachzügler m I a.

straight a. gerade. — adv. geradeswegs. —en v. gerade machen; s. up [sich] gerade auf-richten. -forward a. gerade. -forwardness s. Geradheit f. -way adv. geradeswegs; fogleich.

strain v. fpannen; — exert, anfirengen; — sprain, verrenten.
— s. Spannung; Anstrengung f. strait a. eng. – s. Enge f; — sound (also pl.), Meerenge f; fig. Klemme f. — en v. verengen; — ed circumstances beschränkte Umstände.

strand s. Strand m I b. — v. ftranden.

strange a. fremb; = unknown, unbekannt; = peculiar, sonderbar, wunderbar. -ness s. Frembeit; Sonderbarkeit f. -r s. Fremder a. s.

strangle v. erwürgen.

strap s. Riemen m I a. - v. schnus-

strat-agem s. Lift f. -egy s. Felbherrnkunft, Strategie f.

straw s. Strohhalm m I b; collect.
Stroh n I. -berry s. Erbbeere f.

stray s. fich verirren. — a. verirrt. streak s. Strich m I b, Streifen m I a. — y a. streifig.

stream s. = current, large river, Strom m I b*; = river, Finh m I b*; = brook, Bach m I b*. — v. strömen; sließen.

street s. Straße f. -car s. Pferbebahnwagen m I a.

strength ş. Stärk f; = force, Kraft f. -en v. stärken; kräftigen; (an army, a fortress) verstärken.

strenuous a. eifrig. stress s. Nachbruck m I. stretch v. [fich] ftreden; = extend intr., fich erftreden; s. out [fich] aus-ftreden. strew v. ftreuen. strict a. ftreng: = exact, genau. -ness s. Strenge; Benauigteit f. stride s. [großer] Schritt; fig. Fortschritt m I b. - v. schreiten. strife 8. Streit m I, pl. Streitigfeiten f. strik-e v. schlagen; = hit, treffen; = amaze, auf-fallen [dat.]; be struck with betroffen werben (fein) von. -ing a. auffallend, auffällig; = remarkable, mertwürdia. string s. Kaden m I a*; Schnur f I b*; (bow) Sehne f; (violin, etc.) Saite f (comps. Saiten=). - v. auf-ziehen. stringent a. ftreng. strip s. Streifen m I a. - v. abftreifen. strive v. ftreben; fich beftreben; = contend, streiten; (in rivalry) wetteifern. stroke s. Schlag m I b*; (pen) Strich m I b. - v. ftreicheln. stroll v. schlendern. — 8. Spaziergang m I b*. strong a. start*; = vigorous, frafstrophe s. Strophe f. structure s. Bau m I b. struggle v. sich an-strengen; = re-

sist, sich fträuben; = fight. tampfen. - s. Anftrengung f; Sträuben n I; Rampf m 1 b*. stubble s. Stoppel f. stubborn a. hartnädig. -ness s. Hartnäckigkeit f. stucco s. Stud m I, Studatur f. stud s. Nagel m I a*; Rnopf m I b*. - v. befeten. stud-ent s. Lernenber p. s; = pupil, Schüler m I a; (university) Student m II; =investigator, Forfcher m I a. -io 8. Atelier n I, pl. -8. -ious a. fleifig. -y s. Studium n I, pl. -ien; (room) Studierftube f. - v. lernen; (more advanced subjects) ftubieren. stuff s. Stoff m I b; = nonsense, Unfinn m I, dummes Beug n I. - v. voll-ftopfen. stumble v. ftolpern. stump s. Stumpf m I b*. stun v. betäuben. stup-efaction 8. Betäubung f. -efv v. betäuben. -endous a. erstaunlich. -id a. dumm*. -idity s. Dummheit f. sturdy a. fraftig, ruftig. style s. Stil m I b. -ish a. modifc; elegant. sub- pref. unter .. subdue v. unterwerfen. subject a. unterworfen; = dependent, unterthan; = exposed, ausgesett [to, dat.] - s. Unterthan m II; = matter, Gegen-

frand $m I b^*$; = thing, Ding

n I b; = branch, Fach a l c. — v. unterwerfen; aus-setzen.

subjugat-e v. unterjochen. -ion s. Unterjochung f.

sublim-e a. erhabeit. —ity 8. Erhabenheit f.

submi-ssion s. Unterwerfung f.
-ssive a. unterwirfig. -t v. tr.
unterwerfen; = isave, überlaffen; = lay betore, vor-legen.
intr. sich fügen.

subordinate a. untergeordnet.

subscri-be v. unterschreiben [to, acc.]; (money) zeichnen [to, zu, für]; s. to [a paper] abonnieren auf [acc.] —ption s. Unterschreibung; Zeichnung f; Aironnement n I, pl. —8.

subsequent a. folgend, später. subsid-e v. nach-lassen; sich legen. -iary Hülfs-. -ize v. unterpüt-

zen. -y s. Beisteuer f. subsist v. bestehen; s. on leben von

-ence s. Unterhalt m I.

substan-ce s. Substan; f; = thing, Wesen n I a; = important part, das Wesentliche a. s; = purport, Hauptinhalt m I; = reality, Wirstichseit f; = wealth, Habe f; = solidity, Festigseit f. -tial a. wesentlich; wirstich; wohlhabend; fest. -tive s. Substantiv n I d, Hauptwort n I c. substitut-e v. substituteen; unter-

jchieben; an Stelle [gen.] setzen.
—s. (thing) Ersatzmittel n I a;
(porson) Bertreter m I a. —ion

4. Unterschiebung; Einsetzung f.

subterfuge s. Ausstuckt f I b*.
subtle a. sein. - ty s. Feinheit f.
subtract v. ab-ziehen; subtrahieren.
suburd s. Borstadt f I b, Umgebung f.

succeed v. = follow, [nach-]folgen [dat.]; = be successful, glücken, gelüngen (not used of persons); he -ed es gelang ihm; he has -ed in escaping, es ist ihm gelungen zu entsommen; 87, 2 a.

success s. Erfolg m I b. -ful a. erfolgreich. -ion s. Nachfolge f; in s. nach (hinter) einander. -ive a. einer nach dem andern.

succumb v. unterliegen [to, dat.] such (53) pron. a. folch; s. a work. folch ein Werk, ein folches Werk, fo ein Werk.

suck v. faugen.

sudden a. [(also of, on a s. and -ly adv.) plötlich.

sue v. werben [for, um]; (in court) verklagen [for, auf w. acc.]

suffer v. leiben [from, von; with,
 an w. dat.]; = tolerate, ertragen; = allow, erlauben.

suffic-e v. genügen. -ient a. ge-

suffocate v. erstiden.

sugar s. Zuder m I. - v. zudern.

suggest v. ein-geben; = imply, an-benten. -ion s. Eingebung; Anbentung f. -ive a. bebeutsam; = interesting, anregend.

suicide s. Selbstmord m I b; (person) Selbstmorder m I a.

suit &. = series, Reihe, Folge &

s. [of clothes] Angug m I b*; law s. Proces $m \mid b \mid = \text{wooing}$, Berbung f. - v. paffen [dat.]; = please, gefallen [dat.]; = adapt. an-paffen [to, dat.]; well -ed paffend. -able a. paffend, geeignet [zu]. -e s. Gefolge n I a; [of rooms] Reihe f. -or s. Werber, Freier m I a. sulk v. ichmollen. -y a. mür: riich. sullen a. finster; mürrisch. sulphur s. Schwefel m I. sultan s. Sultan m I b. sultry a. schwül. sum s. Summe f. - v. s. up aufammen-rechnen; fig. [fura] qufammen-faffen. -mit 8. Bipfel

m I a, Spite f. summer 8. Sommer m I a. summon v. auf-fordern : = call out, auf-rufen; = send for, holen laffen; (before a magistrate) vor-laden; s. up courage Mut faffen. -s s. Aufforberung: Borladuna f.

sun 8. Sonne f; comps. Sonnen-. -day s. Sonntag m I b; comps. Sonntages. -light 8. Sonnens light n I. -ny a. fonnig. -rise s. Sonnenaufgang m I b*. —set s. Sonnenuntergang m I b*. -shine e. Connenschein m I. -stroke e. Sonnenstich m I b. sup v. ichlürfen: ju Abend effen. super- pref. über-. superb a. prächtig. superficial a. oberflächlich.

superflu-ity s. Überfluß m I. -ous a. überflüffia.

superintend v. beauffichtigen. -ent s. Berwalter m I a; Direftor m I, pl. II.

superior a. ober; = higher, höher = better, beffer: = stronger, überlegen [to, dat.]; = excellent, vorzüglich. - 8. Oberer a. s; (in rank) Borgefetter p.s. -ity 8. Überlegenheit f.

supersede v. an Stelle [gen.] treten: = erowd out, verbrangen.

superstiti-on s. Aberglaube m II, gen. -ens. -ous a. abergläubisch. supper s. Abendessen n I a; take s. with (at the house of) au Abend effen bei.

supplication 8. Bitte f.

supplement s. Nachtrag m I b*. v. erganzen.

supply v. liefern; = procure, vericaffen; s. [one with] verfeben. -s. Borrat m I b*.

support v. unterstüten. — 8. Unterstübung f.

suppos-e v. voraus-feten; = imagine, vermuten; -ed, -ing that .angenommen daß; do you s.? dentift du? glaubst du? -ition 8. Vorausietung ; Vermutung f.

suppress v. unterbruden. -ion s. Unterdrüdung f.

suprem-acy 8. Obergewalt f. -e a oberst. Ober := most important, wihtigft.

sure a. ficher: = certain, gewiß [of, gen.]; = convinced, überzengt [of, von]; make s. of sich vergewissern, sich versichern [of, gen.]; to be s. zwar; = truly, wahrhaftig. -ly adv. sicher; bestimmt. -ness s. Sicherheit f. -ty s. Bürgschaft f; (person) Bürge m II; -in f; be s. for bürgen für.

surf s. Brandung f. surface s. Oberfläche f.

surge v. wogen, branden.

surgeon s. Wundarzt m I b*.
surmount v. überragen; = over-

come, überwinden.

surname s. Familienname m II, gen. –ens; = nickname, Beiname. –d a. mit Beinamen, genannt.

surpass v. übertreffen. -ing a. ausgezeichnet.

surprise v. überraschen. — s. Überraschung f.

surrender v. tr. übergeben. intr. sich ergeben. — s. Übergabe f.

surround v. umgeben; -ing country Umgegenb f. -ings s. pl. Umgebung f.

survey v. überschauen; — measure, vermessen. —ing s. (engineering) Meßkunst f. —or s. Feldmessen n I a.

surviv-0 v. überleben. -or s. Über-

susceptible a. empfänglich [of, für]. suspect v. argwöhnen; — be suspleious of, im Berbacht haben; be —ed im Berbacht stehen.

suspen-d v. auf-hängen; = delay,

auf-schieben; — stop, ein-stellen; (a law, an official) suspendieren.

-der s. Hosenträger m I a. — se s. Spannung f. — sion s. Aufschub m I b*; Einstellung; Suspension f.

suspici-on s. Berbacht m I. -ous a. verdächtig.

swallow s. (bird) Schwalbe f. swallow v. schluden; (w. obj.) verschluden; s. up verschlingen. — s. Schlud m I b.

swamp s. Sumpf m I b*. -y a. fumpfig.

swan s. Schwan m I b*.

swarm s. Schwarm m I b*. - v. schwärmen.

sway v. tr. schwingen. intr. schwanken. — v. Schwung m I; fig. Macht f [over, über w. acc.], Einsiuß m I [auf, w. acc.]

swear v. schwören; = curse, fluchen.

sweat v. schwitzen. — s. Schweiß m I b.

Swed-e s. Schwebe m II, -in f.
-en pr. n. Schweben n I. -ish a.
schwebisch.

sweep v. fegen.

sweet a. süß; = gentle, sanst; = pleasant, angenehm; s.-smolling wohlriechend. -en a. süß machen; kg. versüßen. -heart s. Gestebter p. s. Liebchen n I a. -ness s. Süßigkeit; Sanstheit f. swell v. intr, sanstylchen; = rise, an-wachsen. tr. schwellen; = blow up, auf-blasen.

lialeit f.

swim v. schwimmen. -mer s. Schwimmer m I a.

swindle v. beschwindeln sout of, um]. — s. Schwindelei f. -r s. Schwindler m I a.

swing v. fdwingen. - s. Schwung m I.

Swiss a. fdweizerifd. - 8. Schweizer m I a, –in f.

switch s. Gerte, Rute f ; (railway) Beide f. - v. peitiden.

Switzerland s. die Schweiz (8 d). swoon s. Ohnmacht f. - v. in Ohnmacht fallen.

sword s. Schwert n I c.

syllable 8. Gilbe f.

sylph 8. Shiphe f.

symbol s. Sinnbild n I c. Spmbol n I b. -ical a. finnbildlich, fpm= bolisch. -ize 8. verfinnlichen. fumbolifieren.

symmetr-ical a. ebenmäßig, fymmetrisch. -y s. Ebenmaß n I, Symmetrie f.

sympath-etic a. teilnehmenb; mitfühlend. -ize v. teil-nehmen: mitfühlen: impathifieren: = agree. überein-stimmen. -y 8. Teil= nahme f, Mitgefühl n I; Sympa= thie f.

symphony 8. Symphonie f. symptom 8. Symptom n I b, Beichen n I a.

synagogue s. Synagoge f. syrup s. Shrup m I.

swift a. schnell. -ness s. Schnel- system s. Spstem n I b. -atic a. inftematisch.

T.

table s. Tisch m Ib; (logarithms, etc.) Tafel f. -t s. Tafel f. -spoon s. Eglöffel m I a.

tacit a. stillschweigenb.

tack v. nageln. — s. Zwede f.

tact s. Tatt m I. -less a. tattlos. tag s. Bettel m I a.

tail s. Schwanz m I b*.

tailor s. Schneiber m I a. - v. idneibern.

take v. nehmen; = accept, an-nehmen; = seize, ergreifen; = bring, carry bringen; = lead, führen; t. [up], = require, erfordern, in Anipruch nehmen; t. along with one, mit-nehmen; t. for halten für; t. off ab-nehmen, (a coat, dress) aus-ziehen; t. to intr. sich begeben; t. up erareifen.

tale s. Erzählung, Geschichte f; (of adventure) Märchen n I a.

talent s. Talent n I b, Gabe f. -ed a. talentvoll, begabt.

talk v. reden, fprechen. - 8. Rede f; = conversation, Gebrach n I b. Unterredung f.

tall a. hoch* (see high); (of persons) grofi* (superl. gröfit-).

tallow s. Talg m I.

tame a. zahm. — v. zähmen. tan v. gerben. -ner s. Gerber m Ia. tap v. (knock) flopfen,

tape s. schmales Band n I c; red t. Büreaufratie f. taper s. Rerge f. tar 8. Teer m I. - v. teeren. tard-iness 8. Saumfeligfeit f. a. saumselig; be t. (late) zu spät fommen. target s. Schieficheibe f. tariff s. Tarif m I b. tarnish v. tr. befleden. intr. ben Glang verlieren. tarry v. fäumen, verweilen. tart 8. Torte f. task 8. Aufgabe; Arbeit f. tassel s. Quafte, Trobbel f. taste v. tr. foften. intr. fcmeden [of, nach]. - s. Gefchmad m I. -ful a. geschmactvoll. -less a. gefdmadlos. tattered a. gerfett; gerlumpt. tattle v. fcmagen. - 8. Befchmät nI. tavern s. Schenke f, Wirtshaus n I c. -keeper s. Wirt m I b. tax s. Steuer f; fig. Burbe f. - v. befteuern. -ation 8. Besteueruna f. tea s. Thee m I b; (party) Theegesellschaft f; [invite] to t.zum Thee. teach v. lehren [two accusatives, 77; infinitive without zu, 119, 3]. -er s. Lehrer m I a, -in f. team s. Gefpann n I b. -ster s. Kuhrmann m I c, pl. -leute. tear s. Thräne f. tear v. reißen; [to pieces] zerreißen. - s. Rig m I b.

tap v. (a barrel) an-japfen.

tease v. neden. techni-cal a. technisch. -cs s. pl. and -que s. Technit f. tedious a. langweilig. tele-gram s. Telegramm n I b, telegraphische Depeiche f. -graph s. Telegraph m II. - v. telegraphie. ren. -scope s. Kernrohr, Teleftop n I b. tell v. = say, fagen; = narrate, erzählen; = order, befehlen [all w. dat. pers.]; I was told, es wurde mir gefagt, ergahlt, befohlen. temper v. = moderate, mäßigen, linbern. - s. and -ament s. Temperament, Naturell n Ib; good, bad temper gute, fchlechte Laune f. -ance s. Mäßigkeit f. -ate a. gemäßigt; = abstemious, mäßig. -ature Tempera: tur f. -ed a. comps. gelaunt. tempest s. Sturm m I b*. -uous a. stürmisch. templ-ar s. Tempelherr m II. -e 8. Tempel m I a. temp-le s. (on the head) Schläfe f. -oral a. zeitlich. -orary a. vorübergehend. tempt v. verloden; = try, verfuchen; -ing [to the appetite] appetit= -ation s. Bersuchung f. -er s. Berfucher m I a. ten num. a. zehn. -fold zehnfach. -th zehnt =. ten-ant s. Mieter; (of a farm) Bachter m I a. -ement Bob-

nung f.

tend v. tr. (attend to) pflegen [acc. or gen.], warten [gen.]

tend v. intr. = lead to, führen zu;
= aim at, hin-zielen auf [acc.];
= contribute, bei-tragen [zu].
-ency s. = inclination, Hang
m I, Neigung f; = direction,
Nichtung, Tendenz f.

tender a. jart; = loving, järtlich.
-ness a. Zartheit; Zärtlichleit f.

tense s. Tempus n, pl. –ora.

tent s. Zelt n I b [pitch, aufschlagen].

term s. = limit, Grenze f; = fixed time, bestimmte Zeit f, Termin m I b; = session, Sigung f; (three months) Bierteljahr n I b; (six months) Halbjahr n I b, (university) Semester n I a; = expression, Ausbruck m I b*; (of a contract) Bedingung f [on, unter w. dal.]; on friendly -s auf freundschaftlichem Fuße. -inate v. intr. enden. tr. beenden. -ination s. Ausgang m I b*.

terr-ace s. Terrasse f. -itory s. Gebiet n I b.

terr-ible a. schredlich. -ific a. furchtbar. -or s. Schreden m I a. -or-struck a. von Schreden ergriffen.

test v. prüfen. — s. Prüfung; Probe f [stand, aus-halten]; put to the t. auf die Probe ftellen.

test-ament s. Testament n I b. -ify v. bezeugen. -imonial s.

and -imony s. Zenguis n I b [bear, ab-legen; to, von].

text s. Text m I b. -ure s. Gewebe n I b.

Thames pr. n. Themse f.

than conj. als; benn.

thane s. Than m I b.

thank v. danken [dat. pers.] -ful a. dankbar. -fulness s. Dankbarkeit f. -less a. undankbar. -offering s. Dankopfer n Ia. -s s. pl. Dank m I; many thanks viel Dank; = exhibitions of gratitude, Dankesbezeigungen f. pl.

that demonstr. pron. and a. (32) ber, bieser, jener. determ. (33) ber, berjenige. rel. (34) ber, weldser. — conj. (190) baß; — so that, so baß; — in order that, so baß, bamit.

thatch s. Strohbach n I c. - v. mit Stroh beden.

thaw v. tauen. — s. Tauwetter n I a.

the dem. pron. and def. art. ber.
— adv. (191) um so, besto.

theatr-e s. Theater n I a. -ical a. theatralist.

theft s. Diebstahl m I b*.

their poss. a. ihr. -s poss. pron. ihr, ihrig (31, 2).

them pron. dat. ihnen. acc. fie.
-selves refl. fich; emphatic [fie]
felbst (30).

theme s. Thema n I, pl. -ta; Gegenstand m I b*; = composition, Auffat m I b*.

then adv. bann; == at that time, bamais; = therefore, also; now and th. bann und wann, jumeilen. -ce adv. vov ba; = therefore, baher.

theolog-ian s. Theolog m II. -ical a. theologisch. -y s. Theologie f. theor-etical a. theoretisch. -y s. Theorie f.

there (192-5) adv. bort, ba; (direction) borthin, bahin, hin; up th. bort (ba) oben; after a noun, bortig a.; as an "expletive," e8; there is (there are) es ift (es finb), es gibt. -abouts adv. (place) ba herum, (number) ungefähr. -after adv. banach. -at adv. babei, barüber. -fore adv. beswegen, bafür. conj. alfo, folglich. -from adv. bavon. -in adv. barin. -of adv. bavon. -upon adv. barauf. -with adv. damit.

they pron. fie; fam. die (32). thick a. bid. -en v. intr. bid werben. tr. bid machen. -et s. Didicht n I b. -ness s. Dide f. thief s. Dieb m I b.

thimble s. Fingerhut m I b*.

thin a. bunn. - v. bunn machen. -ness 8. Dünne f.

thine poss. pron. bein, beinig (31, 2).

thing s. Ding n I b; Sache f. think v. benten [of, an w. acc.]; = reflect, nach-benten; th. of, = recall, sich besinnen auf [acc.]; thresh v. dreschen. with predicate, = consider, hal- thrice adv. breimal.

ten für. -er s. Denter m I a. thir-d num. a. britt-; = th. part, Drittel n I a. -dly adv. brittens. -teen num. a. breizehn. -teenth -tieth breizehnt=. breifigft. -ty breißig.

thirst s. Durft m I .- v. durften (also impersonal, w. acc., 82, 2). -y a. burftig.

this demonstr. pron. and a. (82) ber, biefer.

thietle 8. Diftel f.

thither adv. bahin, borthin.

thorn s. Dorn m I, pl. II. bornia.

thorough a. gründlich; = complete, vollständig. -ly adv. burch und durch, gründlich. -ness 8. Grünblichteit; Bollftanbigfeit f. thou pron. bu.

though (196) conj. obgleich; boch, jedoch, aber, allein; as th. als ob, als wenn.

thought s. Gebanke m II, gen. -ens of, an w. acc.] -ful a. gebantenvoll; = attentive, aufmertfam. -less a. gebantenlos. -lessness 8. Gebankenlofigkeit f.

thousand num. a. taufend. - s. Tausend n I b.

thread s. Naben m I a*; (to sew) Bwirn m I b. -bare a. faben-Scheinig.

threat s. Drohung f. -en v. brohen. [dat. pers.]; bedrohen [acc. pers.] three num. a. brei.

thrift s. Cparsamfeit f. -y a sparfam. Tergreifend. thrill s. Schauer m I a. - ing a. Lative v. gedeihen. throat s. Hals m I b*. throb v. flopfen, pochen. throne s. Thron m I b. throng s. Gedränge n I a; Mengef. through (197) adv. burch, hindurch. - prep. durch [... durch, hinburch]. -out adv. burchaus, burch= weg. - prep. th. the year bas ganze Jahr hindurch. throw v. werfen. - s. Wurf m I b*. thrush s. Droffel f. thrust v. ftechen; = push, ftogen. — s. Stich; Stofi m I b*. thumb s. Daumen m I a. thunder s. Donner m I .- v. bonnern. -bolt s. Donners blag m I b*. -cloud s. Gewitterwolfe f. -storm s. Gemitter n I a. -struck a. wie vom Donner gerührt. Thursday & Donnerstag m I b. thus adv. fo. thy pron. a. bein. -self refl. dat. bir; acc. bid; emphatic [bu] felbft; 30. ticket s. Bettel m I a; (railway, theatre, etc.) Rarte f. tick v. tiden. -le v. fiteln. tide a. (flood) Flut f; (ebb) Ebbef. tie v. inupfen, binden. - s. Band n I b : (neck) Binde f. tiger s. Tiger m I a. tight a. bidit; = narrow, eng. -en v. zusammen-ziehen. tile s. Ziegel m I a.

till (198) prep. bis, his ju; not t. erft. conj. bis; not t. erft ale. till v. bebauen. ferft menn. timber s. Banholz m I c. time s. Zeit f; (music) Takt m I b; (repetition smal; all the t. bee gange Beit flang? mabrend ber ganzen Zeit; at baat t. damals, (future) bann; at the same t. zu gleicher Beit, zugleich; at the t. [of] zur Zeit [gen.]; [for] some t. eine Zeit lang; have a good t. sich gut unterhalten; in t. mit ber Beit; in due t., on t. zur rechten Zeit; up to that t. bis dahin; seven -s fiebenmal; the third t. bas britte (for zu'; many -s vielmale. -ly a. rechtzeitig. -table s. Fahrvlan m I b*. timid a. furchtfam, fouchtern. -ity 8. Furchtsamteit, Schüchternheit f. tin 8. Binn n I. - a. zinnern, Binn . tinder s. Zunder m I. tint s. Farbe f. — v. färben. tiny a. flein, winzig. tip 8. Spite f. -toe 8. Bebenfpite f; on t. auf ben Zehen. tipsy a. betrunken. tire v. ermüben. -da. mübe [of, gen. or acc.] -some a. ermübenb. title s. Titel m I a. to (199) prep. frequently to be rendered by the dative; (person) zu; (place nach); more definitely in, an, auf; (towns, countries) nach: = up to, as far as, bis zu, bis an, bis in, bis auf; (numer-

als) bis; (infinitive) au; in torch s. Kadel f. order to um zu. -day adv. heute. -morrow adv. morgen; the day after t. übermorgen. -night adv. heute Abend, heute Nacht. tobacco s. Tabał m I b. toe s. Bebe f. together adv. zusammen: t. with mit. toil v. arbeiten; fich ab-mühen; t. through a thing fich burch etw. hindurch-arbeiten. - 8. Arbeit, Mühe f. toilette 8. Toilette f; But m I. token s. Zeichen n I a [in, jum]. toler-able a. erträglich. -ance s. Dulbsamkeit, Tolerang f. -ant a. bulbfam, tolerant. -ation s. Duldung f. toll s. Boll m I b*. toll v. an-schlagen. tomb s. Grab n I c. -stone s. Grabstein m I b. ton 8. Tonne f. tone s. Ton m I b*. tongs s. pair of t. Bange f. tongue s. Bunge f. too adv. zu, allzu; = also, auch, bazu. tool s. Werkzeug n I b. -chest s. Wertzeugtaften m I a. tooth s. Zahn m I b*. top s. oberfter Teil m Ib; = highest point, Spite f; (tree) Wipfel m I a; = summit, Gipfel m I a; = surface, Oberfläche f; on t. of [oben] auf; t. floor oberftes Stockwert n I b.

torment s. Qual, Pein f. - v. qualen, peinigen. torture 8. Folter f. - v. foltern. toss v. schleudern. — s. Wurf m I b*. total a. ganglich. - s. Summe f. totter v. wanten, ichwanten. touch v. berühren, an-rühren; fig. rübren. tough a. zäh. -ness s. Zähigkeit f. tour 8. Reise f. -ist 8. Reisenber p. s. -nament s. Turnier n I b. tow v. gieben, ichleppen. toward, -s (200) adv. (direction) [auf] ... zu, [nach] ... hin (her); (relation) gegen; (purpose) ju; (number) gegen. towel s. Handtuch n I c. tower s. Turm m I b* .- v. emporragen. town s. Stadt f I b* (in, in ber; to, in bie]. -hall s. Rathaus n I c. -sman s. Bürger m I a; (not rustic) Städter m I a. -talk s. Stadtgefpräch n I b. toy s. Spielzeug n I b. trace s. Spur f. - v. nach-fpuren [dat.]; t. back to zurück-führen auf [acc.]; = draw, zeichnen. track s. Spur f; = path, Bahn f; (of wheels, railway t.) Seleise f. tract s. Strede f. trade s. = commerce, Handel m I [carry on, treiben; in, mit]; = business, Geschäft n I b; = handieraft, Handwerf n I b. v. handeln [in, mit]. -r, -sman Sandelsmann m I, pl. sleute: =

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dealer, Händler m I a; = artisan, Sandwerter m I a. überliefert. traffic s. Bertehr m I b; = trade, Handel m I [in, mit]. trag-edian 8. Tragifer m I a; (writer) Tragödiendichter m I a. -edy s. Tragobie f. -ic a. traaiích. train v. (plants) ziehen; (animals) breffieren; (persons) ergieben; (soldiers) erergieren; (mind) bilben. - s. (dress) Schlepbe f: (railway, procession) Bug m I b*; = suite, Gefolge n I a; (of thought) Gedantenfolge f. -ing s. Dreffur; Ergiebung: Übung; Bildung f. trait s. Rug m I b*. traitor s. Berrater m I a. tramp v. auf-treten; trampeln; (journey) ju Fuße reifen. -- 8. (journey) Fußreise f; = vagabond, Lanbstreicher m I a. tranquil s. ruhig. -lity s. Ruhe f. transact v. verrichten. -ion 8. Berrichtung f; = proceeding, Berhandlung f. transcend v. überfteigen. transfer v. übertragen. transform v. verwandeln; (gradually) um-gestalten. -ation 8. Bermanblung; Umgestaltung f. transgress v. übertreten. -ion s. übertretung f; = sin, Gunde f. -or s. Übertreter; Günder m I a. tree s. Baum m I b*. transit-ion s. Übergang m I b*; trellis s. Gitter n I a.

comps. Übergangs. -ory a. vor: übergebenb. tradition s. Überlieferung f. -al a translat-able a überfetbar. -e v. überfeten. -ion s. Überfetung f. -or s. Überfeter m I a. transparent a. durchsichtig. transpire v. befannt werben. transport v. hinüber-bringen; trans. portieren; fig. verfeten; - dolight, entzücken. - s. Transport m I b; (vessel) Transportshiff n I b. trap s. Falle f. travel v. reifen. - s. Reife f. -er s. Reisender p. s. -ing s. Reisen n I; comps. Reise-. travesty s. Trapeftie f. tray s. Tablett n I b. treacher-ous s. verraterisch. -y s. Berrat m I: Berraterei f: act of t. verräterische That. tread v. treten. treason s. Berrat m I; high t. hochverrat m I. -able a. verräterisch. treasur-e s. Schat m I b*. -er s. Schatzmeifter m I a. Schattammer f. treat v. behandeln: = entertain. traftieren; bewirten; t. of banbeln von; t. with unterhandeln mit. - s. Bewirtung f := feast, Schmaus $m I b^*$: = enjoyment. Genuß m I b*. -ise 8. Abhandlung f. -ment s. Behandlung f. -v s. Bertrag m I b*.

trivial a. trivial, alltäglich. tremble v. gittern, trombone s. Posaune f. tremendous a. ungeheuer. trench s. Graben m I a*. troop s. Trupp m I, pl. -8; Schaar trespass e. fich vergeben; fündigen. f.; (soldiers) Truppe f. - v. -s. Bergeben n I a; Gunbe f. fich schaaren. -er s. Reiter m Ia. tress 8. Flechte; Lode f. trophy s. Trophae f. trial s. = attempt, Berfuch m I b; tropic a. tropifch. -s e. pl. Tropen = test, Brüfung f. f. pl. triang-le s. Dreied n I b. -ular trot v. traben. — s. Trab m I. a. breiedia. troubadour s. Troubadour m I, trib-e s. Stamm m I b*. -unal s. pl. -\$. Richterstuhl m I b*. -une 8. trouble v. = disturb, ftoren; = Tribun m II. -utary a. tributbeunruhigen; disquiet, pflichtig; t. river Rebenfluß grieve, betriiben; = cause labor, Mühe machen [dat.]; reft. m I b*. -ute s. Tribut m I b. tribulation s. Trübfal f I b. fich (dat.) Mühe machen; not t. one's self about fich (acc.) nicht trick s. Streich m I b [play on, befummern um. - s. Störung; spielen w. dat.] trifi-e s. Rleinigfeit f; collect. Tanb Unrube; Betrübnis; Dube f. m I .- v. tändeln. -er s. Tänd--some a. ftorend, läftig. ler m I a. -ing a. geringfügig. trough s. Trog m I b*. trigger s. Drücker m I a. trousers s. Hojen f. pl.; [pair of, trill 8. Triller m I a. - v. trillern. ein Baar 55; 59, 6]. tigonometry 8. Trigonometrief. trousseau s. Aussteuer f. trim a. nett. - s. But m I. - v. trout a. Forelle f. puten: = cut, beichneiben. -ming truce s. Waffenstillstand m I b*. s. Beichlag m I b*; (dress) Betru-e a. mahr; = faithful, treu; it . jat m I b*. is t., = indeed, par(217). -ly trinity s. Dreieinigfeit f. adv. wahrhaftig, wahrlich; yours trinket s. Schmudfache f; collect. t. Ihr ergebener. Tand m I. trump s. Trumpf m I b*. trip v. ftolpern. — s. Ausflug m I b*. trumpet s. Trompete f. -er s. tri-ple a. breifach. - v. verdrei-Trompeter m I a. fachen. -pod s. Dreifuß m I b*. trunk s. Stamm, Baumftamm

trite a. abgebroichen.

triumph s. Triumph m I b. - v.

triumphieren. -al a. Triumph.,

Sieges. -ant a. triumphierenb.

m I b*; (torso) Rumpf m I b;

trust s. Bertrauen n I [in, auf, in

w. acc.] - v. vertrauen [dat.; in,

(traveler's) Roffer m I a.

auf, in w. acc.] -ful a. vertrauensvoll. -worthy, -y a. treu, zuverläffig, vertrauensmürdig. truth s. Wahrheit f. -ful a. wahr= baft. try v. versuchen; = test, probieren. tub s. Rübel m I a; bath-t. [Babe=]Banne f. tube 8. Röhre f. tuck 8. Kalte f. - v. falten. Tuesday s. Dienftag m I b. tuft s. Büschel m I a. tug v. ziehen. - s. (boat) Schlepp= dampfer m I a. tuition s. Unterricht m I; (fee) Schulgeld n I, (university) Rollegiengeld n I. tulip s. Tulpe f. tumble v. fallen. — s. Kall m I b*. tumult s. Lärm, Tumult; Aufruhr m I b. -uous a. lärmend, ungestüm. tun s. Kaß n I c, Tonne f. -nel s. Tunnel m I a. tune s. Melodie, Beife f. - v. ftimmen. tunic s. Oberfleib n I c. turban s. Turban m I b. turbulent a. ungestüm, stürmisch. tureen s. Terrine f. turf s. Rafen m I. Turk s. Türke m II, -in f. -ey pr. n. die Türkei (3 d). - s. (bird) Truthahn m I b*. -ish a. türfilch. turmoil s. Unruhe f, Aufruhr m I b. turn v. [fich] breben, [fich] wenden;

rect, [fich] richten; = change, [sich] verwandeln; = translate, überseten; t. back um-fehren; [fich] um=wenden; t. (intr.) to one fich zu einem (fig. an einen) menden; t. over [fich] um-drehen, [fich] um-wenden; t. over, = deliver, übergeben. - s. Drehung, Wendung f; = change, Bechfel m I a, Beranderung f; this t. of affairs diese Wendung ber Dinge; = order, Reihe, Reihenfolge f; by -s, in t. der Reihe nach, abwechselnd; my t. came die Reihe tam an mich. -er s. Dreher, Drechsler m I a. -key 8. Gefangenwärter m I a. turnip s. weiße Rübe f. turret s. Türmchen n I a. turtle s. Schilbfrote f. turtle-dove s. Turteltaube f. tutor 8. Lehrer; Sofmeister m I a. twaddle s. Gefdmat n I. twel-fth num. a. zwölft. -ve num. a. zwölf. twent-ieth num. a. zwanzigst-. num. a. zwanzig. twice num. adv. zweimal; t. as large noch einmal fo groß. twig s. Zweig m I b. twilight s. Zwielicht n I. twin s. Zwilling m I b. twine s. Bindfaden m I a*. - v. [fich] flechten, [fich] fcblingen. twinkl-e v. zwinkern. — s. Zwinfern n L -ing s. in the t. of an eye im Nu. = revolve, [fich] drehen; = di- twirl v. herum-brehen.

twitch v. juden. - s. Buden n I. twitter v. amitidern. - s. Geamitfder n I. two num. a. zwei. -fold a. zweifact. typ-e s. Typus m, pl. -en; (letter) Type f. -ical a. typisch. tyran-nical a. thrannifch. -nize v. thrannifieren. -ny s. Thrannei f. -t s. Tyrann m II. Tyrol pr. n. Tirol n I. -ese a. tiroler. -s. Tiroler m I a, -inf.

U.

ugly a. baklich. ultim-ate a. lett. -ately adv. zulest. -o (abbrev. ult.) the 21st ult. ben 21. v. M. (vorigen Monats). umbrella s. Regenschirm m I b. un-. Words with the negative prefix un- not given below, may generally be rendered by the corresponding German words with the prefix un-. unable a. unfähig; be u. nicht fönnen (101). unanim-ity s. Ginftimmigfeit f. -ous a. einstimmig. unavailing a. vergeblich. unavoidable a. unvermeiblich. unaware a. nicht gewahr; be u. nicht miffen. -s adv. unverfebens. unbar v. auf-riegeln, öffnen. unbearable a. unerträglich.

twist v. winden. — s. Windung f. | unbecoming a. schlecht kleidend; = improper, ungeziemend [dat.] unbind v. lo8-binben. unbolt v. auf-riegeln. unbosom v. fein Berg aus-ichütten. unbounded a. unbegrengt. unburden v. entlaben, erleichtern. unbutton v. auf-tnöpfen. uncalled-for a. unnötig. unceasing a. unaufhörlich. unceremonious a. obne Umftande. uncertain a. unficher, ungewiß. -ty 8. Unficherheit, Ungewißheit f. unchain v. lo8-fetten. uncle s. Ontel m I a, Oheim m I b. unclothe v. entfleiben. uncommon a. ungewöhnlich, felten. unconcerned a. gleichgültig. unconscious a. unbewußt; be u. of sich einer Sache nicht bewußt sein: = senseless, bewuftlos. uncork v. entforten, auf-forten. uncouth a. ungeschlacht; = awkward, ungeschickt. uncover v. auf-beden. -ed p. unbebedt. under (201) adv. hinunter, barunter: unter; comps. unter =. - prep. unter. -ground a. unterirbifch. -handed a. verstedt. -mine v. untergraben. -neath adv. unten, (direction) barunter. — prep. -rate v. unterschäten. -signed a. unterzeichnet. -stand v. verfteben; begreifen. -standing s. Berftand m I; = agreement, Einvernehmen n I. -take v. unternehmen. -taker s. Leichenbe-

nehmen n I a. -value v. unterfcaten. undignified a. würbelos. undo v. = open, auf-machen; aufinupfen; = annul, ungeschehen machen. undoubted a. unzweifelhaft, unbeftritten. undress v. [fich] entfleiben, [fich] aus-fleiben, [fich] aus-ziehen. undutiful a. pflichtvergeffen. undying a. unverganglich. uneas-iness s. Unruhe f; Angst f I b*. -y a. unruhig; ängstlich. unfailing a. unfehlbar. unfasten v. los-binden; öffnen. unfathomable a. unergründlich. unfeeling a. gefühllos. unfit a. untauglich [for, zu]. - v. untauglich machen. unflinching a. ohne zu wauten. unfold v. entfalten; auf-ichlagen. unforeseen a. unvorhergefeben. unfortunate a. unglirdlid. -ly adv. ungludlicherweise, jum Unglud. ungodly a. aottlos. ungrateful a. undanibar. -ness s. Undantbarteit f. ungrounded a. unbegründet. ungrudging a. willig. unhapp-ily a. ungludlichermeife, zum Unglück. -iness 8. Unglück n I. -y a. unglücklich. unharness a. aus-spannen. unheard-of a. unerhört. unhesitating a. ohne Bögern. unhook a. los-haken,

ftatter m I a. -taking s. Unter- | uni-corn s. Einhorn m I c. -form a. gleichförmig. - s. Uniform f. -formity s. Gleichförmigfeit f -on s. Bereinigung, Berbindung f; Berein m I b; = league, Bund m I b, Union f. -que a. einzig. -t s. Einheit f. -te v. [fich] vereinigen; the United States bie Bereinigten Staaten. -ty s. Einheit, Ginigfeit f. -versal a. allaemein. -verse s. Weltall n I. -versity 8. Univerfitat f; comps. Univerfitäts. unknow-ingly adv. unwiffentlich. -n a. unbefannt. unlearn v. berlernen. unless conj. wenn nicht; außer wenn; es fei benn baft. unlike a. ungleich [dat.]; nicht wie. unload v. aus-laben. unlock v. auf-ichließen. unlooked-for a. unerwartet. unloose v. los-laffen. unluck-ily adv. ungludlicherweife, zum Unglück. -y a. unglücklich. unmeaning a. nichtelagenb. unmistakable a. unverfennbar. unmolested a. unbeläftigt. unnecessar-ily a. unnötigermeife. -v a. unnötia. unpack v. aus-pacten. unpleasant a. unangenehm. -ness 8. Unannehmlichfeit f. unprepared a. unvorbereitet. unprincipled a. ohne feste Grundfate; unmoralifch. unpromising a. nicht viel verfprehenb.

unprovoked a. ohne Beranlaffung. unravel v. fig. lofen. unrivalled a. unvergleichlich. unroll v. auf-rollen, entfalten. unruly a. unbändig. unsaddle v. ab-fatteln. unscrew a. lo8=fchrauben. unscrupulous a. gewiffenlos. unselfish a. uneigennütig, felbftlos. -ness 8. Uneigennütigfeit, Selbftlofigteit f. unsettle v. in Unordnung bringen: (mind) ichwantend machen. -d a. unficher; ichwantenb; = not fixed, unbestimmt; = restless, unftät. unsightly a. häklich. unsparing a. freigebig. unspeakable a. unfäglich, unausfpredlich. unsuccessful a. erfolalos. untie v. auf-machen; los-binben. until. See till. untimely a. unzeitig; vorschnell. untiring a. unermüblich. unto. See to. untoward a. wibermartig. -ness 8. Widrigkeit f. unveil v. entschleiern; fig. enthüllen. unwavering a. standbaft. unwell a. unwohl. unwilling a. ungern, mibermillig. -ness s. Abgeneigtheit f. unwise a. unflug, thöricht. unwished-for a. unerwünscht. unwrap v. auf-mideln. up (203) adv. oben; (direction) binauf, berauf; auf. - prep.

[acc.] hinauf, herauf; auf [acc.] hinauf, herauf. -hill adv. bergauf. -hold v. aufrecht erhalten. -holster v. politern. empor-beben. −on. See .on. -per a. ober: Obers. -permost a. oberft. -right a. aufrecht: fig. rechtschaffen. -rightness 8 Rechtschaffenheit f. -roars. garm m I. -roarious a. lärmenb. -set v. um-werfen. -shot s. Kolge f. -stairs adv. oben; (direction) nach oben. -stream adv. ftrom--wards adv. aufaufwärts. wärts; u. of mehr als.

urg-e v. brängen [a thing, auf w. acc.] -ency s. Dringlichkeit f. -ent a. bringenb.

urn 8. Urne f.

us-age s. Gebrauch m I b*. -e s. Gebrauch m I b*; make u. of Gebrauch machen von; be of u. nütlich fein, nüten, belfen; be of little u. wenig nüten, helfen; of what u. is it? was hilft es? -v. gebrauchen; = treat, behandeln; be -d to it baran gemöhnt sein; I -d to go there often ich pflegte oft borthin au geben, ich ging früher oft borthin. -eful a. nütslich. -efulness s. Nütlichkeit f. -eless a. unnüt. -elessness &. Nutslofiafeit f. -ual a. gewöhnlich. -urer s. Wucherer m I a. -ury s. Wucher m I. usurp v. an fich reifen, fich (dat.) an-maken. -ation s. Anmakung f.

utensil s. Gerat, Werfzeug n I b. util-ity s. Nütlichkeit f. -ize v. benuten.

ut-most a. äußerst; höchst. -ter a. äußerst; = complete, vollständig. — v. äußern; = enunciate, au%= sprechen; (forcibly) aus-stoßen; aus-rufen.

V.

vac-ancy s. Seere f; (position) Bafang f. -ant a. leer; vatant. -ate v. erlebigen. -ation 8. Ferien f. pl.

vaccinate v. impfen.

vacillat-e v. schwanken. -ion 8. Bankelmut m I.

vag-abond 8. Lanbstreicher m I a. -ue a. unbestimmt.

vain a. eitel; = unsuccessful, per= geblich; in v. vergeblich, vergebeus.

vale s. That n I c.

valet s. Rammerdiener m I a.

val-iant 8. tapfer. -or 8. Tapferfeit f. -uable a. wertvoll. 8. Wert m I b. - v. ichaten.

valise 8. Reisetaiche f.

valley s. That n I c.

van, -guard s. Borhut f.

vanish v. verschwinden.

vanity s. Eitelfeit f.

vanquish v. befiegen.

vapor s. Dampf, Dunft m I b*.

var-iable a. veranderlich. -iance s. Berschiedenheit f; = contra-

diction, Wiberspruch m I b*;

be at v. nicht überein-stimmen. -iation s. Unterschied m I b*; = change, Beränderung f. -ied a. verfciedentlich; mannigfaltig. -iegated a. bunt. -iety a. Mannigfaltigkeit f; a v. of allerlei; =species, Abart f. -ious a. verschieben. -y v. [fich] veranbern; = be different, verschieben fein, ab-weichen.

varnish s. Lad m I. - v. ladieren. vassal s. Bajall m II.

vast a. groß*, weit. -ly adv. viel, bedeutend. -ness s. Größe, Beite f.

vault s. Gewölbe n I a. - v. wölben. vaunt v. rühmen.

veal s. Ralbfleifth n I; roast v. Ralbsbraten m I a.

veget-able a. vegetabilisch. - s. Bflanze f ; (to eat) Gemufe n I a. -ate v. vegetieren. -ation 8. Begetation f.

vehemen-ce s. Heftigkeit f. -t a. beftia.

vehicle s. Fuhrwerf n I b.

veil s. Schleier m I a. - v. berschleiern.

vein s. Aber f.

velvet s. Sammt m I.

vend v. verkaufen. -er s. Berkaufer m I a.

vener-able a. chrwürbig. -ate v. verehren. -ation 8. Berehrung f.

vengeance s. Rache f.

venison s. Wilb n I.

vent s. Öffnung f; fig. freier Lauf. - v. aus-laffen.

ventilate v. lüften; fig. erörtern. venture s. Wagnis n I b := undertaking, Unternehmen n I a. -v. magen. -some a. bermegen. verb s. Berbum n I, pl. -a; Beitwort n I c. -al a. wörtlich. -atim adv. Wort für Wort. verdict 8. Urteilsspruch m I b*. verge s. Rand m I c .- v. grengen [an w. acc.] ver-ify v. prufen; = affirm, beftätigen. -itable a. mahr, mahrhaftig. -ity s. Wahrheit f. -y adv. fehr. vermin s. Ungeziefer n I. vers-atile a. vielseitig. -atility s. Bielfeitigfeitf. -e s. Bers m Ib; = poetry, Poesie, Dichtung f. -ed a. erfahren. -ification s. Bersbau m I. -ion s. Berfion f := translation, Übersetung f. vertical a. vertifal, fentrecht. vessel s. Gefäß n I b; = ship, Schiff n I b. vest s. Weste f. - v. befleiben. -ment s. Gewand n I c. -ry s.

vestibule s. Borhalle f.
vestige s. Spur f.
veteran a. alt.—s. Beteran, Invalide m II.
veterinary a. tierärztlich; v. surgeon Tierarzt m I b*.
vex v. plagen; = anger, ärgern.
-ation s. Plage f; Ärger m I.
-atious a. drückend; unangenehm.
-ed a. verdrießlich [with, at, über w. acc.]

Safriftei f.

via prep. über [acc.], via. -duct s. Biadutt m I b. viands s. pl. Speisen f. pl. vibrat-e v. schwingen. -ion & Schwingung f. vice 8. Laster n I a; Fehler m I a. vice s. (tool) Schraubstock m I b*. vice- pref. Bice .. vicinity 8. Nachbarschaft, Umgegenb f. vicissitude s. Wechsel m I a. victim s. Opfer n I a. victor s. Sieger m I a. -ious a. fiegreich; be v. fiegen. -y s. Sieg m I b [win, bavon-tragen]. victuals s. pl. Lebensmittel n I a. vie v. wetteifern. view v. an-feben, betrachten; in Augenschein nehmen. — 8. Ausficht f; = intention, Abficht f; with this in v. mit diefer Abficht: = opinion, Ansicht f. vigil-ance s. Wachsamkeit f. a. wachjam. vigor s. Araft f I b*. -ous a. fräftig. vile a. ichlecht; mertlos; gemein. vill-a s. Landhaus n I c; Billa f, pl. -en. -age s. Dorf n I c. -ager 8. Dorib wohner m I a. -ain s. Schurte m II; Bofewicht m I b. -ainous a. schurfisch. -ainy 8. Schurkerei f. vindic-ate v. rechtfertigen. -ation 8. Rechtfertigung f. -tive a. rachsüchtig. —tiveness s. Rachsucht f.

vine s. Rante f; grape-v. [Wein-]

Rebe f. -gar s. Essig m I b. -yard s. Weinberg m I b. viol-ate v. verleten; = desecrate, entweihen; (a law) übertreten. -ation s. Berlegung; Entweihung; Übertretung f. -ence 8. Gewalt f; = vehemence, Heftigfeit f, Ungestüm m I; deed of v. Gewaltthat f. -ent a. gewaltthatig; heftig, ungeftum; = passionate, leidenschaftlich. violet s. Beilchen n I a .- a. vio= lett, veilchenblau. violin 8. Bioline, Beige f. -ist 8. Biolinist m II, Geiger m I a. virgin 8. Jungfrau f. virtu-al a. thatsächlich. -e s. Tugenb f; by v. of traft [gen.] -ous a. tugendhaft. vis-ible a. sichtbar. -ion s. Gesicht n I b. -it v. besuchen. -- s. Besuch m I b [pay, machen]. visor s. Bifier n I b. vital a. Lebens . - ity s. Lebens traft f. viv-acious a. lebhaft. -acity s. Lebhaftigfeit f. -id a. lebhaft. -idness 8. Lebhastigkeit f. voc-abulary s. Botabular n I b. -al a. Bofal-. vogue s. in v. im Schwange. voice s. Stimme f. void a. leer. — s. Leere f. volcano s. Bultan m I b. volley s. Salve f. volu-ble a. geläufig. -me s. Band m ī b*. -minous a. vielbandig. volunt-ary a. freiwillig. -eer s.

Freiwilliger a. s. - v. fich anbieten. volupt-uary s. Wüstling m I b. -uous a. wollüftig. voraci-ous a. gefräßig. -ty s. Gefräßigkeit f. vote s. Stimme f. - v. ftimmen; = resolve, beschließen. -r e. Stimmgeber m I a. vouch v. bezeugen; v. for burgen für. vow v. geloben. - s. Gelübde n I a. vowel s. Votal m I b. voyage s. Reife f. - v. reifen. vulgar a. gemein; = common, gewöhnlich. -ism s. gemeiner Ausbrud m I b*. -ity 8. Gemeinheit f. -ize v. gemein machen. vulnerable a. vermundbar. vulture s. Geier m I a.

W.

wabble v. wadeln. waddle v. watscheln. wade v. maten. wag v. webeln. — s. Spafvogel $m I a^*$. wage v. w. war Krieg führen. s. pl. Lohn m I b*. -r s. Wette f [for a, um bie]. - v. wetten. wagon s. Wagen m I a. -er s. Fuhrmann m I c, pl. -leute. wail s. Wehtlage f. - v. wehtlagen. waist s. Taille f. -coat s. Befte f. wait v. warten [for, auf]; w. on, upon auf-warten [dat.] - s. Aufenthalt m I b; lie in w. for auf-lauern [dat.] -er, -ress 8

Rellner m I a, -in f. -ing-room s. Wartezimmer n I a. -ingwoman s. Kammerfrau f.

waive v. verzichten auf [acc.]
wake, -n v. intr. wachen; w. up,
erwachen. tr. weden; w. up auf-

weden. walk v. gehen; = march, marschieren; (for pleasure) spazieren [gehen]. — s. Gang; Spa-

ziergang m I b* [take, machen].

-er s. Spaziergänger m I a.

wall s. Mauer f; (inside) Banb f I b*; = rampart, Ball m I b*. -paper s. Tapete f.

walnut s. Walnuß f I b*.

waltz s. Walzer m I a. — v. walzen. wane v. ab-nehmen.

wand s. Rute f; magic w. Zaus berstab m I b*.

wander v. wandern. -er s. Wanberer m I a.

want v. = need, nötig haben, bebürsen; = lack, ermangeln [gen.]; = wish, wünschen, woslen.—s. Bebürsnis n I b; Mangel m I a*; for w. of, aus Mangel an; = wish, Wunsch m I b*.
wanton a. mutwillig. —ness s. Mutwille m II, gen.—ens.

war s. Krieg m I b [at, im; wage, führen]; comps. Kriegss. -like a. friegerisch. -rior s. Krieger m I a. -steed s. Schlachtroß n I b.

warble v. trillern.

ward v. w. off ab-wehren. - s.

Mündel n I a. -en, -er s. Hüter m I a. -robe s. Garberobe f. -ward suffix -warts.

ware s. Ware f. -house s. Warenlager n I a.

warm a. warm*; = zealous, eifs rig; = fervent, innig.—v. tr. wärmen. intr. fid) erwärmen. -th s. Wärme f.

warn v. warnen; = exhort, ermahnen. -ing s. Warnung; Ermahnung f.

warrant s. Bollmacht f. — v. garantieren; — authorize, bevollmächtigen.

wary a. vorsichtig.

wash v. [fich] waschen.— s. Wäsche f. —basin s. Waschschuftelf. —erwoman s. Waschschuft f. —ing s. Wäsche f. —stand s. Waschtich m I b.

wasp 8. Welpe f.

waste v. tr. verwüsten; = squander, verschwenden. intr. w. away hin-schwinden. — a. wüst. — s. Berwüstung; Berschwendung f. —ful a. verschwenderisch.

watch v. = be awake, wachen; = guard, bewachen; = oversee, beauffichtigen; = take care of, Acht geben auf [acc.]; = observe, beobachten.—s. Wachef; = attention, Acht f; (time-piece) Uhr f. —ful a. wachsam.—man s. Wächter m I a. —word s. Losung f.

water s. Wasser n I a, pl. collect.

Gemäffer n I a. - r. maffern. -y a. mäfferig. wave s. Welle f; (large) Boge f.

- v. weben; ichwingen. -r v. idmanten.

wax s. Wachs n I.

wax v. madfen; = grow, werben. way s. Weg m I b; = distance,

Stredef; = direction, Richtung $f_i = \text{manner}, \text{Beise } f_i =$ means, Mittel n I a; the w. there (thither) Sinweg; the w. here (hither) herweg; the w. back Rüdweg; the w. out Ausweg; this w., that w., hierhin, borthin; a long w. eine lange Strede; a long w.off weit entfernt; in this w. auf biefe Beise. -side s. by the w. am Bege.

weak a. schwach*. -en v. schwächen. -ling s. Schwächling m I b. -ly a. schwächlich. -ness Sowache f.

weal s. Wohl n I. -th s Reichtum n I c. -thy a. wohlhabenb. weapon s. Waffe f.

wear v. tragen; an-haben; = last. halten; w. out [fich] ab-tragen; [fich] ab-nuten; fig ericopfen: worn out with ericopft von.

wear-iness s. Mübigfeit f. -isome ermübenb. -y a. ermübet. mube [with, von]. - v. ermuben.

weather s. Better n I a.

weave v. weben. -r s. Weber m I a. | what (35) interr. and rel. pron. web s. Gewebe n I a.

wed v. heiraten [to, mit, an w.

acc.] -ding s. Hochzeit f, comps. Dochzeits. -ding-ceremony в. Hochzeitsfeier f. -ding-ring s. Trauring m I b.

wedge v. Reil m I b.

Wednesday s. Mittwoch m I b.

weed s. Unfraut n I c .- v. jaten. week s. Bochef; comps. Bochen -. -ly a. wochentlich, Wochen-.

weep v. meinen [for, um; at, over, über].

weigh v. wiegen; (anchor) lichten. -t s. Gewicht n I b. -tiness s. Bichtigfeit f. -y a. wichtig.

weird a. geheimnisvoll; unbeimlich. welcome a. willfommen. — s. Willfommen m I a. - v. bewillfommnen.

well s. Brunnen m I a.

well (204) adv. wohl; with emphasis, [recht, fehr] gut, wohl; as w. as forohl als aud; comps. wohl-, gut-. - a. wohl; gefund; all is w. alles fteht gut. - interj. nun, mobian. -behaved a. artig. -bred a. mohlerzogen. -doing, -to-do a. wohlhabend.

West s. Westen m I; [toward the] W. nach Beften. -, -erly, -ern a. westlich, Weft-. -ward adv. mestmärts.

wet a. naß. — s. Näffe f. — v. naß machen; naffen. -ness 8. Raffef. whale s. Walfisch m I b.

wharf s. Werft n I b.

mas. interr. a. welcher; = what kind of, was für ein. -ever a. welcher nur immer.

wheat s. Weizen m I.

wheel s. Rab n I c .- v. rollen; fahren. -barrow s. Schubfarren m I a.

when (205) adv. mann. conj. al8; = whenever, wenn. -ce interr. and rel. adv. woher; = wherefore, weshalb.

where (206) adv. wo; = whither, mohin; from where moher. -about[s] adv. wo [herum]. -s. Aufenthaltsort m I b. -as conj. = since, ba, weil; = while on the other hand, währent, mobingegen. Comp. advs. -at mobei, worüber. -ver wo nur immer. -in worin. -of wovon. -on woran; worauf. -to wozu. -upon worauf. -with womit.

whet v. wegen. -stone s. Betstein.m I b.

whether conj. ob.

which interr. pron. and a. (35) melder rel. pron. (34) ber, melder. - rel. a. melder. -ever (165, 3) welcher nur immer.

whil-e s. Weile f; a little (long) wh. ago vor Rurgem, vor langer Beit; for a wh. eine Beit lang; once in a wh. bann und wann. -e, -st conj. (207) indem, währenb.

whim s. Grille f. -sical a. grillen= haft.

whine v. winfeln,

whip s. Beitiche f. - v. peitiden.

(165, 3) pron. was nur immer. | whirl v. wirbeln. — s. Wirbel m I a--pool s. Strudel m I a.

> whisper v. flüstern. - s. collect. Geflüfter n I; in a wh. im Flüfterton.

whist s. Whist n I.

whistle v. pfeifen. - s. Pfeife f.

whit s. Jota n I.

whit-e a. weiß. — s. Weiß n I. -en v. weißen. -sunday 8. Bfingftsonntag m I b. -suntide s. Bfingften pl., Pfingftzeit f.

whither adv. wohin.

whittle v. schnißeln.

whiz v. schwirren.

who (35) interr. and rel. pron. wer, welcher. -ever (165, 3) pron. wer nur immer.

whol-e a. ganz; = sound, gefunb*; -ly adv. ganzlich, burchaus. - s. bas Ganze a. s. -esome a. gefund*. -esale s. Grogvertauf m I; Groß-: = universal, allgemein. why adv. warum, weshalb.

wick s. Docht m I b.

wicked a. boje; fündhaft. -ness 8. Bosheit; Gundhaftigfeit f.

wicker a. geflochten. -work s. Klechtwerk n I.

wid-e a. weit; breit. -en v. er= weitern. -th s. Weite; Breitef. widow s. Wittme f. -er s. Witt-

wield v. handhaben, führen.

wife s. Frauf; Weib n I c; Gattin f.

wig s. Perrüce f.

mer m I a.

wight s. Wicht m I b.

wild a. wild. -erness s. Wilbnis f I b. -ness s. Wildheit f. wil-e s. List f. -v a. listia. wilful a. eigenwillig. Eigenwille m II, gen. -ens. will o' the wisp s. Irrlicht n I c. will r. wollen (105). - s. Wille m II, gen. -ens. -ing a. bereit; willens. -ingly adv. bereitwillig, gern. -ingness s. Bereitwillig= teit f. willow s. Beidef; comps. Beiden .. win v. gewinnen. -ning a. fig. einnehmenb. wind s. Wind m I b. -ow s. Kenster n I a. -ow-sill s. Kenfterbant f I b*. -y a. windig. wind v. [fich] winden; = turn, [fich] wenden; w. up auf-winden; (watch) auf-ziehen. wine s. Wein m I b. wing s. Flügel m I a. -ed a. geflügelt. wink v. blingeln. wint-er s. Winter m I a [in, im].

-ry a. winterlich. wipe v. mifchen. wire v. Draht m I b*. wis-dom s. Beisheit f. -e a. weise. wise s. Beise, Art f, fin, auf w. acc.] wish v. wünschen; w. for sich (dat.) wünschen [acc.] - s. Wunich m I b*. wit s. With m I; = intelligence, Verstand m I; = witty person, Wittopf m I b*. -ty a. witig. -tingly adv. wiffentli .

witch s. Sere f. -craft, ery s. Bererei f. with (209) prep. mit; come w. me fommt mit; (cause) vor w. dai.: = in spite of, trop. -draw v. [fich] jurud-gieben. -hold v. jurud-halten. -in (210) adv. innen, brinnen; (direction) nach innen, hinein, herein. - prep. -out (211) adv. innerhalb. aufen. braufen: (direction) nach außen, hinaus, heraus. prep. = not within, außerhalb; = not with, ohne: a verbal noun in -ing to be rendered by the infinitive with au. -stand v. widerftehen [dat.] wither v. verwelfen; vertrodnen. witness s. Beuge m II; = testimony, Zeugnis n I b. - v. mit an-sehen; w. to bezeugen [acc.] wizard s. Bauberer m I a. woe s. Weh, Leid n I, pl. II. -ful a. jammervoll. wolf s. Wolf m I b*, Wölfin f. woman 8. Frau f, Beib n I c. -hood 8. Beiblichfeit f. -ish a. weibisch. -kind s. das weibliche Geschlecht I. -liness 8. Weiblichfeit f. -ly a. weiblich. wond-er s. Wunder n I ; = astonishment, Bermu berung f [at, über w. acc.] - v. fich munbern; I w. if ich mochte miffen ob. -erful, -rous a. munbervoll; = amazing, wunderbar. wont a. gewohnt. - s. Gewohnheit f. -ed a. gewohnt, gewöhnlich.

*** werben, freien [um]. -er | . Berber, Freier m I a.

wood s. Holz n I c; = forest, Wald m I c; in the -s im Walde. -cutter s. Holzhaier m I a; = splitter, Holzhaiter m I a. -ed a. bewaldet. -en a. hölzern. -y a. holzig; waldig.

wool s. Wolle f. —len a. wollen, Woll-. —ly a. wollig.

word s. Wort n I; pl. = individual words, Wörter; = connected words, thoughts, Worte; sing. = information, Nachricht f. - v. aus-brücken.

work v. arbeiten; = act, wirken.

— s. Arbeit f; Werk n I b; at
w. an ber Arbeit; to w. an bie
Arbeit, an's Werk. —er, —man
s. Arbeiter m I a. —ing-day s.
Werktag m I b. —shop s. Werkfatt f, pl. -ftätten.

world s. Welt f. —liness s. Weltlichkeit f. —ly a. weltlich. —wide a. weltweit; Welt-.

worm s. Wurm m I c.

worry v. qualen. — s. Qual f.

wors-e, -t comp., superl. See bad. worship s. Berehrung f. — v. verehren; — adore, an-beten.

worth a. wert [acc.; 79, 1].

-iness s. Würdigkeit f. -y a.

würdig, wer. [gen.]; = noble,
ebel.

wound s. Wunde f.—v. verrounben; — offend, verletzen, beleibigen.

wrap v. wideln; w. up ein-wideln.

-per s. Umschlag m I b^* . -ping-paper s. Pactpapier n I b.

wrath s. Born m I. -ful s. zornig. wreath s. Aranz m I b*.

wreck s. Wrad'n I b; shipwreck Schiffbruch m I b*. — v. zertrümmern; bo –ed scheitern, stranben, Schiffbruch leiben.

wrench s. Ruck m I b; (tool) Schraubenschlüssel m I a. — v. winden; w. krom entreißen [dat.] wrest v. reißen. —le v. ringen. —ler s. Ringkämpser m I a.

wretch s. Elender a. s. -ed a. elend. -edness & Elend n I.

wring v. ringen.

wrinkle s. Rungel f. - v. rungeln.

wrist s. Handgeleuf n I b.

writ s. Schrift f. — s. schreiben [in, in w. acc.; on, an, auf w. acc.] — er s. Schreiber m I a; — author, Schriftfeller m I a; (of a given work) Berfasser m I a. — ing s. (act) Schreiben n I a; (product) Schrift f; in w. schriftlich; comps. Schreib.

writhe v. sich winden.

wrong a. unrecht; = incorrect, unrichtig, falsch; you are w. bu hast Unrecht. — s. Unrecht n I; = injustice, Ungerechtigseit f. — v. Unrecht thun [dut.] — doing s. Übelthat f. — ful a. unrecht. — fully a. ungerechterweise, wry a. schief.

Y.

yacht s. Nacht f. vard s. (measure) Elle f. yard s. (court) Sof m I b*. varn s. Garn n I b. yawn v. gahnen. yea adv. ja. — s. Ja n I, pl. -s. year s. Jahr n I b. -ly a. jährlich. yearn v. fich fehnen [for, nach]. -ing 8. Sehnsucht f. yeast 8. Sefe f. yell v. gellen; = shout, ichreien. -s. Schrei n I b; pl. collect. Beidrei n I. vellow a. gelb - s. Gelb n I. yes adv. ja. — s. Ja n I, pl. -8. yesterday adv. gestern; day before y. vorgestern; only y. erst gestern. yet adv. noch; not y. noch nicht; as y. bis jett. - conj. boch, bennoch. yield v. ein-bringen; = produce, hervor-bringen; = give up, aufgeben; = give in, nach-geben; = recede, weichen, -ing a. nachaiebia. yoke s. Soch n I b. yolk s. Dotter n I a.

yonder pron. a. jener. — adv. borr [brüben]. you pron. (27) bu; ihr; Sie. -r poss. a. bein; euer; 3hr. -rs poss. pron. bein, beinig; euer, eurig; 3hr, 3hrig (81, 2); y. truly 3hr ergebenfter. refl. dich; euch; sich; emphatic [du] felbft; [ibr] felbft; [Gie] felbft (30). you-ng a. jung*; y. man junger Mann m I c, Jüngling m I b. -ngster s. Junge m II. -th s. Jugend f : = young man, Jüngling m I b. -thful a. jugenblich. -thfulness e. Jugendfriiche f.

Z.

zeal s. Eifer m I. —ous a. eifrig.
zero s. Mull f.
zest s. Wilrze f.
zigzag s. Zidzad n I. — adv. tm Zidzad.
zinc s. Zint n I.
zone s. Zone f.
zoolog-ical a. zoologijch. —ist s.
Zoolog m II. —y s. Zoologie f.

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